THE DAILY BEE.
PUBLISHED BY
G. P. WEISSE & CO.
P. WEISSE, S. HARRY,
EDITOR. N. ARTHUR.
a year in advance)..... $15
country paper, semi-weekly,.....
a copy, a half or more will be allowed to discon-
...ANY person receiving the paper through
...or otherwise, will be considered
a subscriber, and obliged to pay, unless due no-
...is given of the fact to the office.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1859. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE NO. 11,416.

Terms of Advertising.
The Daily Bee is every where to be found on the first insertion, and $1 per square for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each insertion.
The privilege of changing advertisements is limited to yearly advertisers, and is strictly confined to the limit of their contract, and to extend to one square every other day.
No subscription taken for less than one year.
No exchanges are read, nor copies sent on exchange.
All communications on the business of the paper must be addressed to the Publisher.

THE DAILY BEE.
TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1859.

BACKING AND FILLING.

One of our cotemporaries intimated a day or two ago that our view of the inconsistency of the several positions taken by the Administration in reference to the rights of naturalized citizens returning to the country of their birth, was rather one-sided and unjust. The imputation is undeserved. Nothing can be easier than to demonstrate the principles of principle exhibited in the several manifestoes issued by the State Department within less than two months. These documents speak for themselves. All that is necessary is to extract from each of them the particular passage enunciatory of the doctrine advanced, and let the country itself compile them, if it can. Thus, for example, Mr. Cass, in the earliest of the three letters—one addressed to Mr. Le Clerc, under date June 11th, 1859—expresses the theory of Government in language which no one could fail to pronounce clear and unequivocal. He says:

"I have to state that it is understood that the French Government claims military service from all natives of France who may be found within its jurisdiction. Your naturalization in this country will not exempt you from that claim, should you voluntarily return thither."

This is the quintessence of the Le Clerc letter. It lays down in broad and explicit terms the supremacy of the municipal law of other countries within the limits of their territorial jurisdiction. According to Mr. Cass, a naturalized Frenchman is bound to render military service to France, if he goes back to his native land. There is no qualification in this stringent canon of international law. Under it Mr. Le Clerc could have no possible alternative between remaining in America and being drafted as a conscript in the army. As it, however, to clinch the matter, and settle it conclusively and irrevocably, three days afterwards the same Secretary of State indited another epistle addressed to Mr. Hicks, a Prussian by birth and naturalized in America. To his inquiries as to what course he should pursue in case he returned to Prussia, and was there claimed as a subject, Mr. Cass responds in the negatives of naturalized citizens was put forth, in the shape of a letter to the American minister at Berlin, which the doctrine laid down in the aforementioned case of a foreigner becoming naturalized, his allegiance to his native country is severed forever. He experiences a new birth. A total and impassable line of demarkation is drawn between the past and the future. He is no more responsible for any thing he may have done, after assuming his new character, than if he had been born in the United States. We are not arguing as to the correctness either of these positions, but simply extracting from the record to establish the assertion we made a few weeks have brought in the declarations of the Government on a question of extreme importance. We regret as much as possible the method of retaliation which the Administration has seen fit to adopt