LATEST DATES.

New York	Dec. 31	Liverpool	Nov 29
Boston	Jan. 2	Havre	Dec 31
Philadelphia	Jan 2	Bordeaux	Dec 15
Baltimore	Jan 2	Hamburg	Dec 15
Washington	Dec 30	Amsterdam	Dec 15
Charleston	Jan. 3	Rotterdam	Dec 9
Pensacola	Dec 31	Antwerp	Dec 9
Mobile	Jan 3	Gibraltar	Dec 16
Vera Cruz	Dec 31	Mediterranean	Dec 16

COMMERCIAL.

SALES YESTERDAY.

640 bales	Mississippi	22½
361 do	do & Louisiana	20½
651 do	W Theresa	20½
202 do	do	22½
202 do	do	22½
40 do	do	19
2149		

REMARKS.

Business continues dull. Stocks are but little accumulated in the market, this may be attributed to two causes: there has much rain fallen during the week, and the weather unsettled, has been unfavorable for the commencement of business, and there probably is no difficulty to navigation in the Rivers, either from sea or, a low stage of water, for steam boats has arrived from St Louis during the week and the various accounts received, both from the Upper Mississippi, and the Ohio, were, that there was much ice running.

Since our last weekly report commercial advices of the 25th Nov. have been received from Liverpool, which represent the market in a more favorable light as to regard to cotton, than at the date of the previous accounts, more particularly as regards the finer qualities, the common, and ordinary shipping not to be much sought after, there does not however appear to be any variation from former prices.

We have nothing later from Havre this week in relation to the ranges.

We understand that money has again become scarce and that there is some pressure on the market, we cha- ... ffect of stocks in which there is but little do-

Cotton.—We find the sales of this week, so far as ... known to our knowledge exceed those of the pre... week by 681 in the market. The transactions ... it has come to our knowledge amount to 1,911 ... bales. It is generally considered that there is no decline in prices for the various qualities under the fair, of from 1 a ½ per lb, for all which there has been a good demand; and particularly by Northern manufacturers, at an advance of full ½ per lb advance over the prices of last week. Good fair will readily command 13c and 20c has been refused for selected, choice marks. We have made our quotations to correspond with the views we entertain of the current prices, from the best information.

The sales have been as follows viz: 94 bales Mississippi at the 20 a 104; 30 a 12½; 93 a 13; 70 a 13c 687 a 13½ 384 a 13c 263 a 14c, 1124 a 14; 400 a 14½; 473 a 14½; 219 a 14 649 a 13c; 260 Miss & Louisiana a 104; 160 Miss. & Ala a 13c, 1050 Mississippi at prices not transpired; 25 Louisiana at 13; 604 a 13½; 134 a 14½; 184 a 14½; 93 a 14; 28 a 13c; 1200 price not transpired; 41 Tennessee a 14, 337 a 13¾; 500 N Alabama price not transpired, 365 W Darien at 13½; 87 a 13¾; 662 a 13¾; 964 a 13½; 148 a 13. 1300 at prices not transpired.

The receipts of the week inclusive to 22298 bales, exports 14,654 leaving a stock on hand on shipboard not cleared of 131,946 bales. The receipts of this week to Jan. ... exceed the receipts. The total amount received since 1st Oct 160,647 bales.

Freights.—There is scarcely any thing doing in this article, and the stock accumulating, we do not hear of any transactions, expiring this week but 234 hhds

Sugar.—There is a good demand for sugar of the best quality, and some parcels have been sold as high ... Dy, but we do not make out any general advance over ol, there is but little enquiry for inferior. Price on plantation 6 a 6¾c.

Molasses.—There has been a fair demand for this article during the week, and there has been an advance in price of 1c, we now quote it at 32 a 33c, and on plantation 21 a 22c.

Flour.—We note a decline in the price of this article in accordance with our last weekly report of 25c per bbl. we now quote it at 10 de per bbl.

Corn.—A fair demand continues, but at reduced from last weeks prices, we now quote it as 93c to 1 de per Bushel.

Coal.—Our quotation for western, is at the retail price, not being able to obtain that by the cargo, this being about half what it sold at about six weeks since.

Freights.—There has been a farther decline in the rates; we quote nominal for cotton 1d per lb, to Havre ¾ c.a. Certificates of the United States, cotton per lb. 1 a 1¼ cts; sugar, from the coast, ⅝ 50 a ¾ from the city, 66 a 7. They have been generally dull during the week, even at the reduction, and it is the opinion that they may be a further decline; but from the quantity of cotton still to go forward, it is thought by others that present rates will be maintained for some time to come.

STATEMENT OF COTTON

Stock on hand Oct 1	1836	22296
Receipts this week		8544
Previously sinc. Oct	1836	160647
		84315
		291706
Cleared this week		16654
Previously since Oct 1	1836	115890
		160647
		131226

EXPORTS

Of Cotton and Tobacco.

Exported to	Cotton	Tobacco
New York	1,873	47,501
Philadelphia	1,443	72,774
Boston	1,373	4692
Providence	1,373	4692
Portland	1,373	4692
Charleston	1,373	4692
Savannah	1,373	4692
Mobile	1,373	4692
Pensacola	1,373	4692
Apalachicola	1,373	4692
Key West	1,373	4692
Galveston	1,373	4692
Texas	1,373	4692
Other ports U S	1,373	4692
Total	1,373	4692

Exported to	Flour	Corn	Pork	Beef	Lard	Tallow	Rice	Hides	Staves	Shingles	Boards	Scantling	Sugar	Molasses	Coffee	Specie
New York	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Philadelphia	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Boston	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Providence	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Portland	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Charleston	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Savannah	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Mobile	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Pensacola	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Apalachicola	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Key West	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Galveston	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Texas	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Other ports U S	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Total	2,000	1,000	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

NEW ORLEANS PRICES CURRENT.

Cotton.—Good & Fine	per lb	0 19	0 20
Good Fair	do	0 17½	0 18 00
Fair	do	0 15½	0 16
Middling	do	0 14	0 15
Ordinary	do	0 12	0 13
Tobacco.—First quality	lb	0 4½	0 5
Second	do	0 3½	4
Crosse&b	do	0	
Leaf	do	0 2½	0 30
Sugar.—New Orleans	do	0 6	0 6¼
Cuba—white	do	0 7	0 11c
brown	do	0 7	0 7¼
Molasses.—Sugar	per gal	0 28	0 29
Bagging.—Western	per yd	0 20	0 25
Dundee	do	0 20	0 22
Bale Rope	do	0 9½	0 11c
Coal.—Western	per bbl		
Liverpool	do	8 00	
Scotch	do		
Candles.—Sperm, NBedford	per lb	0 25	0 25½
Nantucket do	do	0 25	0 00
Tallow	do	0 00	0 00
Coffee.—Cuba	per lb	0 11	0 12½
Brazil	do	0 12	0 13
St Domingo	do	0 11	0 12
Flour	per bbl	10 00	10 25
Fruit.—Raisins	per box	2 50	3 664
	half box		
	quarter		
Almonds, soft shell	per lb	0 10	0 13
hard do	do	0 07	
Figs	do	0 07	0 00
Filberts	do	0 06	0 00
Muscatel	per box	0 00	0 00
Muscatel, No 1	per bbl	11 50	11 75
No 2	do	10 50	10 75
No 3	do	9 50	9 75
Grain.—Corn in ear	per bbl	1 37½	0 00
shelled	per bushel	0 95	1 00
Oats—per bush		0 56	0 62½
Beans	per bbl	5	5 50
Hay	per 100 lb	1 37½	1 50
Hides—L. & Miss	per lb	0 9	0 10
Mexican	do	0 11	0 11½
Lead—Pig	per lb	6 00	0 7½
Bar	per lb		
Lime—Western	per bbl	2 00	2 25
Thomastown	do		
Provisions			
Beef—Mess	per bbl	15	00 0
Prime	do	11 50	12 00
Pork—Clear	do		
Mess	do	21½	22½
Prime	do	16 00	18½
Hog round	do	0	0
Bacon—Hams	per lb	0 13	0 13
Canvassed	do	0 13	0 14
Sides	do	0 12	0 13
Shoulders	do	0 9	0 9
Hog round	do	0 11	0 11½
Lard	do	0 12	0 12½
Butter.—Northern	do	0 30	0 35
Western & do	do	0 20	0 20
Rice—Carolina	per 100 lb	4	4 25
Rice—cleaned	per bag	2 12½	
Soap No. 1	per lb	0 8	0 8
Salt—Liverpool blown	per sack	3 75	
ground	do	2 25	
Turks Island	per bush	0 25	28
Spirits:			
Brandy.—French, 4th pr	per gal	1 25	1 624
Cognac, 1st proof	do	0 50	0 55
Rum—New Orleans, 1st proof	do	0 50	
Jamaica	do		
Northern	do	0 44	0 46
Gin—Holland	do		1 25
American	do	0 35	0 40
Whiskey—Common sort	do	0 45	0 47
Rectified	do	0 55	0 60

STOCKS

As corrected by Thomas Fellows, Exchange Broker, No. 3, Camp-street.

Banks.

Louisiana State Bank	none offered	
Bank of Orleans	none offered	
Bank of Louisiana	125	asked
U. S. Canal and Banking Co	none offered	
City Bank	104	asked
Union Bank of Louisiana	104	asked
Exchange Bank	110	asked
Mechanics' and Trad. Bank	100	asked
Citizens' Bank	per share	
Canal and Banking Co	per share	
Carrollton Railroad Bank	per share	
Gas Light Co	per share	
Orleans Navigation Co	per share	
Mechanics and Banking Co	35	for 50 paid
Insurance Companies.		
Louisiana Ins. Co	40	for 25 paid
Louisiana Ins. Co	0	165 for 100 paid
Louisiana Ins. Co		
Louisiana Marine and Fire Ins. Co	60	for 50 paid
Commercial Ins. Co	20	asked
Eagle Ins. Co		

Various

Orleans Navigation Co	13	prem asked
Mississippi Railroad Co		per share
Atlantic, Mar. and Fire Ins Co		per share
Ocean Ins Co		at 47½ asked
Commercial Ins. Co		at 50 asked
Eagle Ins Co		

Various

Orleans Navigation Co	13	prem asked
Mississippi Railroad Co		per share
Atlantic, Mar. and Fire Ins Co		per share
Ocean Ins Co		at 47½ asked
Commercial Ins. Co		at 50 asked
Eagle Ins Co		
Citizens' Fire Ins Co	0	50 asked
Mechanics' Fire Ins Co		per share
Mississippi Fire Ins Co		per share
Mutual Assurance Co of 1835		per share
Arcadian Stock of 5th District		none offered

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool, cotton per lb

Cowes and a Market, do do	
Northern ports U S, cotton, per lb	... to 1¼
Sugar—per hhds from the coast	6¼ a ⅝
from the city	6 a 7

EXCHANGE.

Exchange out Drafts	
On London 9 a 91 per cent premium	
" Paris 5,20 a 5,17 ½	
" New York a 90 days 11 per cent discount	

THE BEE.

PRINTED BY J. BAYON,

Printer of the State, General Council, and of the First and Third Municipalities.

NEW-ORLEANS:

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1837.

☞ For new List of Letters, see first page.

Appointments by the Governor and Senate.

Directors of the Bank of Louisiana on the part of the State:

Messrs. E. L. Bernard,	James Rechesy,
James Collen,	Emile Sajnet,
Thomas Lockart,	James Denegre.

Directors of the Union Bank on the part of the State:

James H. Shepherd,	Geo. B. Milligen,
L. A. Ducros,	James P. Freret,
Christopher Adams, jr.	Geo. Legendre.

Our venerable friend of the Courier, if he will have the kindness to refer to his own columns, will discover who made the mistake respecting the arrival of a steam boat.

The Political Tocsin.

The governor's message has been the innocent cause of sinister remarks, and a strained interpretation of expressions dictated by zeal for the public welfare, has been rendered a real political tocsin. A grave question, presented with moderation, has become a text for culpable declamation, and because one of our most important interests is not regarded by the northern states in as strong a light as it deserves, it has been concluded that we are in imminent danger of perishing, or at least that there is no other result to be anticipated but the ruin of the south by the north, or that of the north by the south. Thus, in our opinion, is not a very efficacious mode of serving the interests of Louisiana, than cherishing and blowing into a flame the evil passions. The interests of the south indeed! Most assuredly we are not inimical to those interests, and will go further to defend and protect them should they ever be assailed, than many of those frothy declaimers, who mean the interest of their own ambition or the interests of some foreign nation, when they talk of serving the interests of the south by making a crusade against the union of the States. Dissolution would bring on a general scene of contention and devastation, unaccompanied by any possible means of again combining the divided and hostile elements that would be left. The line of separation has not been duly considered—the line we mean, that is to divide the south from the north. The courses of rivers, now so useful as means of internal communication, would become a subject for contention and discord, and our noble Mississippi, which renders all its branches tributary to the commerce of New Orleans, would bring us to none but the produce of states immediately adjacent. The production of all the region above the Cumberland would go across the mountains, and the same region would receive all its supplies of foreign merchandize from the Atlantic cities. What would be the effect of such a deplorable defalcation in the commerce of New Orleans?

Relying on the importance of the rich productions of the south, some may have thought it a very easy thing to exclude all trade with the north, and establish immediate connections with Europe. But have they reflected on the consequences of such a step? Do they not perceive that it would bring down certain ruin on the States that would be blind enough to adopt it? The most important consideration of that nature against the idea of separation is the public safety. At present we are protected by the ægis of a constitution, under which all the other states would willingly fly to our succour in time of danger. Under a separate and hostile compact, what would be the condition of the south? If we dread the detested schemes of an ambitious portion of the northern population, what would be the extent of our danger from the open hostility of the whole? We have witnessed the exertions of the great body of the northern people to suppress these schemes, and the authors of them flying like hunted deer, from the indignation of their fellow citizens and we are advised to convert those zealous and efficient friends, who are willing to shed their blood in our defence against all enemies, into relentless foes; to break down that constitution which is the surest, the only guarantee of our rights. It is the interest of Louisiana, more than most of the states, to preserve the constitution inviolate and the union entire. The people of the north afford the only market for our sugar, the staple produce of our soil. Cut us off from this market by a separation, which would oblige them to place our sugar on a level with that of the West Indies in reference to tariff regulations, and who would con ume it? Who would purchase it from the planters? But even this is a petty consideration, compared with the safety, the tranquility, the existence of the nation, of each state, and every family, which would be compromitted by the remedy indicated as a cure for an evil, which, if not imaginary, has never been realized.

We regard it as a crime of deep die thus to preach up doctrines which are subversive of our national and per l interests, wholly tend to undermine the foundations of our country's power and the peace and happiness of every individual citizen. It is our nation stands at present, she has resolved a question which was formerly deemed chimerical—the ability of a nearly people to govern themselves and to rise to the highest pitch of power and prosperity under a system modelled by their own will and administered by agents chosen among and by themselves. From the foundation of the government to this day our prosperity has continued to increase with unheard of rapidity, and any man, however confined his views may be, must perceive, that while the people of each state are at liberty to govern them elves as they please, the federal union is only felt as a blessing, as it securing against all assaults their laws, their liberty and their safety.

But we apprehend not the slightest danger of this union. Every man is identified with it, every man knows that it is his interest and his duty to preserve it. The acts of our enemies must be without effect against such a vast, pallant force. We look upon our federation as the most durable system of government in the world, and it will endure we trust through countless ages, receiving increased energy from every attempt at nullification from abroad to subvert it.

STATE LEGISLATURE—SENATE.

JANUARY 13, 1837.

Mr Hoa, having obtained a dispensation of the rules introduced a resolution to appoint a joint committee of both houses on the subject of finance. He said that he had examined the list of permanent committees, and found none of finance. On account of the important matters on which the legislature would have to deliberate, it was necessary that this committee should be appointed promptly, in order that the senate might respond to the communications that seem from the house of representatives.

The president appointed Messrs Hoa, Brownson and Garcia, members of this committee.

Mr. Bossier, from the special committee, to whom was referred the petition of sundry inhabitants of the parish of Natchitoches, praying the legislature to order a survey of Bayou Pierre, offered a resolution requiring the state engineer, under the direction of the board of public works to proceed to the execution of said work, and to report on the practicability of rendering said Bayou navigable, the report to be made to the legislature at its next session.

Mr Labauve, agreeably to notice, introduced a bill to amend an act authorising district courts to appoint a notary.

Mr. Winn informed the Senate that Mr. Kee, one of the translating clerks, absent at the time of his appointment, was now arrived and ready to fulfil his duties. Imperious circumstances had hindered the clerk from being at his post. He hoped the senate would consider the circumstances which had compelled Mr Ker to be absent and permit him to occupy his place.

Mr. Penn introduced a resolution authorising Mr Ker to occupy the office of translator, notwithstanding the resolution of — January 1837.

Mr Brownson gave notice that he would shortly introduce a bill to incorporate the Catholic Church of St. Martin.

The Senate proceeded to the order of the day on the bill to incorporate a company to establish a rail road from Covington to Madisonville, of which the first two sections were passed yesterday.

The 15 remaining sections were adopted with a mendments.

Mr. Hoa asked a reconsideration of the 17th section, which gives the company the right to cause to be incorporated by the supervisors appointed by the Governor, the land over which the road may pass, if they will not the consent thereto in writing required by law. He was opposed to the principle of granting the authority to the private corporations of the country to take possession of the property of individuals, without their consent, in cases where nothing should or could be required for them, without receiving previously such a sum. Mr. Hoa was opposed to the principle of granting the authority to any individual corporation, by which they may be enabled to take possession of the property of individuals for the private purposes of the corporation. He was opposed to that principle, and would vote against it. If the members would permit, he would introduce the following proviso, which would answer to the end proposed.

Provided that every person who shall believe the

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Thirteenth Legislature—First Session.

JOURNAL OF THE SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, January 11, 1837.

The Senate met agreeably to adjournment.

Members present—Messrs. Claiborne (president), Allen, Bossier, Brownson, Bruslé, Garcia, Degoi, Garcia, Hoa, Johnson, Labauve, Lewis, Penn, Scott, Tebo and Winn.

MESSAGE TO THE HOUSE.

"Resolution relative to the public properties."

Resolution relative to the criminal law of the State and Livingston's Penal Code.

Resolution directing the survey of the mouth of Bayou Lafourche.

Mr Bossier gave notice that he would introduce a bill entitled "an act to incorporate the Marine and Fire Insurance Company of Plaquemines."

Mr. Winn gave notice that he would introduce the following bills:

"An act to amend an act entitled an act for the further assistance of tribe 10 witnesses at Judicial sales, approved March 10, 1831."

"An act amendatory of the acts in relation to the Montpelier Academy and College of Alexandria."

Mr. Scott gave notice that he would introduce an act to amend the laws in relation to roads and levees.

Mr. Labauve obtained leave to introduce a resolution appointing a joint committee to report resolutions expressive of the feelings of the Legislature on the death of the honorable George Mathews.

The rules were dispensed with, the resolution passed and the president appointed Messrs Labauve, Brownson and Johnson on the part of the Senate.

The resolution was reported to the House for their concurrence.

Mr Carrigher, clerk of the House, informed the Senate that the House had concurred in the above resolution and that Messrs Canon, Hatle, Rogers, Wadsworth and Andrus, were appointed on the part of the House.

Mr Penn agreeably to previous notice introduced a resolution relative to the sale of public lands.

Mr Johnson agreeably to previous notice introduced the bill entitled

An act to enlarge the prison bounds of the Parish of Jefferson.

Mr Labauve gave notice that he would introduce a bill entitled,

An act to amend the code of practice.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

SECOND READING.

An act to grant a corporation to jurors in the parish of Claiborne.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Iberville Rail Road Company." Rules disposed with and the bill read a second time.

Resolution appointing a joint committee on the Customs' Bank.

An act in relation to the eligibility of judges to office.

Made the special order of the day for Wednesday, 18th inst.

Resolution directing a survey of the Taschipao.

An act supervising the justices of the peace may administer certain oaths.

After some debate, the second reading of the bill was postponed to to-morrow.

Mr Carrigher, Clerk of the House, informed the Senate that the House had concurred in the resolution relative to the survey of Bayou Lafourche.

Also in the resolution relative to the election of a state printer, he further informed the Senate that the House were now ready to receive the Senate in their hall, to execute same.

The Senate repaired to the hall of the House for the purpose of electing a state printer.

Twelve votes given, viz: 7 for Benjamin, and, 47 Representatives.

62 Total.

Messrs Bossier, on the part of the Senate, and Duncan on the part of the House, were appointed tellers.

On counting the votes, it appeared that

Mr Benjamin had received	40 votes.
Mr Gerard	15
Mr S. Roman	1
Mr Allen	3
Mr Gibson	3
	62

Mr Bayon was proclaimed duly elected state printer for the year 1837.

The Senate then adjourned to the Senate Chamber.

On motion, the Senate adjourned to to-morrow, 10 o'clock, A. M.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Thirteenth Legislature—First Session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, January 10, 1837.

The House met agreeably to adjournment.

On motion of Mr Kenner, ordered, that leave of absence for a few days be granted to Mr Lanneau.

Mr Pierce presented the petition of sundry inhabitants from Baton Rouge, praying for an appropriation.

On motion, ordered, that the same be referred to the committee on public education.

Mr Kenner presented the petition of James Corbett, praying for relief.

On motion of the same member, ordered, that said petition be referred to the committee on pay-rolls and grievances.

Mr Lawless laid before the House, as required by law, the annual report of the clerk of the District Court of the 3d Judicial District.

The same member laid before the House the annual report of the grand jury of the parish of East Feliciana.

On motion, ordered, that the same be referred to the committee on public education.

Mr Hinks, on behalf of the committee of elections, reported the following report:

The Committee of Elections report the following gentlemen as duly and legally elected members of this House, and qualified to act as such—to wit:

Ad Lafon,	St Charles
Adrain H Andrus,	St Landry
Daniel Avery,	East Baton Rouge
Alexander Barrow,	West Feliciana
F E Bodkin,	Washington
Sylvestre Bossier,	Natchitoches
Mathurin Bourg,	Lafourche Interior
Wm Boyle,	Lafourche Interior
Walter Brashear,	St Mary
J P Briant,	St Martin
B B Brunelle,	Natchitoches & Claiborne
Wm L A Bruslé	Livingston
Robert Collins,	La Fayette
E A Canon,	New Orleans
Eugene Casilly,	St Jean Baptiste
Charles Carroll,	Lafourche Interior
Pierre Conveigne,	Avoyelles
F A Duncan,	St Bernard
Jas Dunlap,	West Feliciana
F J Farrell,	New Orleans
J Fortier,	New Orleans
Julien Gaillard,	St James
J B Grymes,	New Orleans

Wm Hails,	Jefferson
Leroy Hodge,	Ouachita
Leroy Hunnicutt,	Rapides
Lewis Hunt,	Plaquemines
Jas Hutchinson,	St Tammany
Jas Irwin,	Rapides
Wm Kendall,	Feliciana
Jas Kennedy,	Lafourche Interior
Thos Lanneau,	Terrebonne
Jas Lawless,	Rapides
Wm Linton,	St James
A B Longstreth,	Ascension
A B Thibodeaux,	Assumption
H C Thibodeaux,	Terrebonne
J Wadsworth,	Rapides
F M Wadsworth,	Plaquemines
B B Webber,	St James
T J Wells,	Rapides
B A Williams,	Claiborne

ROBT. HALLE, Chairman
Of the Committee of Elections.

On motion, ordered, that the said report be adopted.

Agreeably to previous notice, Mr Canon introduced the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Mandeville and Pearl River Road Company," which was read for the first time, and the House having, on motion, dispensed with their rules, was read for a second time, and ordered for a 3d reading on to-morrow.

Mr Lanneau gave notice that, on some future day, he will introduce a bill entitled "An act supplemental to an act entitled an act to determine the limits of the parish of Point Coupee, and for other purposes."

Agreeably to previous notice, Mr Pierce introduced the bill entitled "An act to amend the 53d article of the Code of Practice."

On motion, ordered that the same be referred to the Judiciary committee.

The speaker laid before the House the annual report of the administrators of the public schools in the parish of Livingston.

On motion, ordered, that the same be referred to the committee on public education.

Mr Ducros gave notice that, on some future day, he will introduce a bill entitled

"An act creating two additional notarial offices in the parish of Gentilly, and for other purposes."

"An act to incorporate the Vidalia and Harrisonburg Railroad Company," and

"An act granting a privilege to constables."

By a message from the Senate, by Mr Davis, their secretary, the concurrences of the House in requester in a resolution requesting the Governor to deliver the papers of Mr Soniat Degrange, late notary public, elected to the office of sheriff of the parish of Orleans, to the Senate of the United States.

Also, the following bills, viz: An act to incorporate the Louisiana and Mississippi Railroad and Banking Company.

"An act to amend an act entitled an act relative to the ordinary mode of proceeding as well for the collection of the debts due the estate, as for other purposes—approved February 20th, 1817."

"An act to amend and explain the 1031, 1035, 1038, 1027, 1033 and 1059th articles of the Louisiana Code, in reference to the appointment of administrator and for other purposes."

An act to amend the time of prescription in relation to the acts of sheriffs."

"An act to amend the laws on the trial by jury in civil causes, and for other purposes."

"An act to modify the community of acquests and gains, as now established by law."

"An act to amend an act approved 13th February 1813, entitled an act to determine the time of holding the District Courts in the several parishes of the 2, 5th, 6th and 9th Judicial Districts."

An act providing for the authentication of foreign documents before the courts of the State of Louisiana."

"An act to amend the 2d and 3d sections of an act approved March, 9th 1836, entitled an act to declare the powers and duties of the Recorder of Mortgages, and for other purposes"—were read for a 1st and 2d reading on to-morrow.

The bill entitled "an act further to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Clinton and Port Hudson Railroad Company, approved 7th February, 1835, and for other purposes," was read for a 3d time, and the question, must the same pass? was decided in the affirmative.

The House took into consideration the 3d entitled "An act to increase to five the number of judges of the Supreme Court."

On motion for the adoption of the 1st section of said bill, which reads as follows:

"Section 1. Be it enacted, &c. That from and after the passage of this act, the Supreme Court of the state of Louisiana shall consist of as many as five judges, learned in the law."

Mr Hyde gave notice that, in some future day, he will introduce a bill entitled "An act to amend the 1st section of the act entitled an act to determine the number of the judges of the Supreme Court."

On motion, ordered that the same be referred to the committee on the judiciary.

Mr Hyde gave notice that, in some future day, he will introduce a bill entitled "An act to amend the 53d article of the Code of Practice."

On motion, ordered that the same be referred to the committee on the judiciary.

The House took into consideration the 1st entitled "An act to incorporate the Marine and Fire Insurance Company of Plaquemines."

And that Messrs. Andrus, Barrow, Bruslé, Bodkin, Boyle, Bossier, Brashear, Canon, Conveigne, Duncan, Eason, Gaillard, Gaysery, Kennedy, Kenner, Lanneau, Perin, Poydras, Slocum, Walker, Wilson and Winston be joined to the negative—21 nays.

And the question having been put—said section was consequently rejected.

On motion, ordered, that the 2d section was read a 2d time.

On motion, the House adjourned until to-morrow, 10 o'clock, A. M.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED

Ship Manchester, Pattison, Liverpool, Bailey & Abbot
Ship Elizabeth Bruce, Rogers, Liverpool, L H Gai
Ship Carolina Jackson, Peabody, Liverpool, L H Gai
Brig Tweed, Bodfish, Marseilles, L H Gale
Brig Caspian, Davis, Savannah, J A Bartels & co
Schr Orbit, Winsmore, Mobile, Forbush & Stetson

ARRIVED

Steamboat Chief Justice Marshall, Wright, from Columbia, to the master.

Steamboat Augusta, Williams, from Vicksburg, to the master.

Steamboat Ellen Douglas, Riley, from Vicksburg, to Buckner, Stanton & co.

EXPORTS.

LIVERPOOL—Ship Elizabeth Bruce: 2984 bales cotton
——Ship Manchester: 3503 do do.
——Ship Carolina: 3520 do do.
MARSEILLES—Brig Tweed: 733 do do.
SAVANNAH—Brig Caspian: 1157 sacks cotton seed, 1 box glass, 1 cask hardware, 1 keg lard, 10 bales tobacco, 4 bags flour, 2 bbls sugar.
MOBILE—Schr Orbit: Assorted cargo of groceries.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamboat Chief Justice Marshall—48 bales cotton, Buckner, Stanton & co; 409 do Bullitt, Shipp & co; 195 do Barker, Watt & co; 6 do Robeson, Woodside & co; 55 do Whyte & co; 24 do N & E Ford & co; 337 do Hermann, Bragg & co.

Per steamboat Augusta—32 bales cotton, flour & corn, Buckner, Stanton & co; 66 do N & E Ford & co; 91 do T Barrett & co; 10 do Lambert & Dempsey; 36 do Bender, McKenzie & Wright; 140 do Buckner, Stanton & co; 10 do Kelly, Stanton & co; 130 do N & E Ford & co; 30 do Hall & Hagen; 94 do Bullitt, Shipp & co; 214 do Bullitt, Shipp & co; 118 do Martin, Pleasants & co; 80 bags cotton seed, Wilcox, Anderson & co; 2 bbls brandy, Peters & Millard; 1 do oil, Yerger, Chaffin & co.

Per steamboat Ellen Douglas—14 bales cotton, N & E Ford & co; 728 do Buckner, Stanton & co; 312 do Bullitt, Shipp & co; 59 do Bullitt, Shipp & co; 95 do Lambeth & Thompson; 25 do Peyroux, Arcueil & co; 23 do Kelly, Stanton & co; 20 do Herrman, Bragg & co; 8 do A H Walker & co, 14 boxes indigo, D R Allen.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamboat Chief Justice Marshall—J Hanne, W Henderson, T R Paxton, H V M Leibeetz, J Ledbetter, J Galloway, J Galloway, J Donnohu, J W Keene, W W McCauly, G Gallaher, W Wohl, C Baber, C C Bowers, W W Sarah, Mrs Sarah, Mrs Brick, Mrs Bryant.

Per steamboat Augusta—Maj Stockton and lady, W Spain, Ralston and lady, J A Walker and lady, Smith, Keller, Garey, Covington, Wyatt, Nichol, York, Lazarus, Davis, Barnes, Williams, Bowles, Sumner, Kegler, M Montgomery, J Lee, Paine.

Per steamboat Ellen Douglas—Messrs Holbridge Davis, Lindsey, Bishop, Dunlap, Gwynn, Warner Hudson, Perry, Ryman, Lacoste, Moss, Garrison, Whiting and family, Mrs Roundtree.

In order to prevent at the masquerade ensuing masks to be admitted, the editors of the Courier and the Bee will be performed, the fashionable opera of

THE UNFINISHED GENTLEMAN.

Mr Downey, Mr Barton
Mrs Russell, Mrs Prudence

To conclude with the laughable farce of

LOAN OF A LOVER.

Peter Spyk, Mr Hill
Gertrude, with songs, Miss Kinsley

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

Monday 23d January 1837, for the benefit of Mr S Bertus,

GRAND FRENCH BALL,

Preceded by

A CHILDREN'S BALL,

Which will begin at 5 in the afternoon and will terminate at 9 o'clock.

Admission for grown persons $1—children 50 cts. ja 14

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

Saturday next, 14th January, 1837,

Grand Vocal and Instrumental CONCERT.

Followed by a

GRAND DRESS BALL,

By the artists of the Orleans Theatre

Doors opened at 7 o'clock, P M.

Admittance for Gentlemen $1, Children half price.

The programs of the concert will be given in the hand bills. ja 13

MAELZEL'S EXHIBITION of the Automaton Chess-player, Trumpeter, Musical Instrum. &c.

Takes place every evening (Sundays excepted) corner of Camp and Poydras sts, (entrance in Poydras st.)

Performance to commence at 7 1-2 o'clock precisely

Admittance, $1—Children, half price. j 11

A Card to Distillers and Liquorists.

A Young man having been employed for several years in a well known store in New Orleans, would be desirous to find a situation as a workmen or clerk. He can furnish the best recommendation as to his probity and capacity.

Inquire at No. 150 Gross street, near the Rail Road, or at the office. ja 13

TO BOARDING HOUSES, HOTELS, &c.

Oak and ash wood constantly on hand: boarding houses, hotels, &c supplied through from the year on the most reasonable terms.

Inquire at No. 150 Gross street, near the Rail Road. ja 13

THE undersigned have received per late arrivals, 25 bales do

10 puncheons choice W Indies rum in half and quarter casks.

10 hogsheads do

20 half pipes Cognac brandy

20 do fine Champagne do

60 boxes red Burgundy wine

25 boxes pink Champagne wine

500 bags Champagne wines of various brands

1000 boxes claret wine

100 boxes fine old and newest warranted genuine

100 do Assyn