THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.

Office 73 Chartres street. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 11, 1865 Vol. XXVII—New Series. Vol. XVII—Whole No. 13.405.

NEW ORLEANS:
TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 11.

On our second page will be found sheriff's and auction sales, bank notices and various miscellaneous advertisements.

The sale of books, &c., in the matter of the succession of M. M. Reynolds, by E. M. Jacobs, auctioneer, will be resumed this day, at 4½ o'clock, P. M., at No. 30 Exchange Alley.

VARIETIES THEATRE—*A Benefit Bail.*—A joint benefit will be given to-night to Mr. and Mrs. Meimer of the Varieties company, when a varied bill will be performed, comprising the interesting drama of the Black Hand of Death, and John Brougham's famous burlesque and extravaganza of Pocahontas. Miss Dora Shaw will make her second appearance on Wednesday night.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The week opens here with a bill sparkling with all the popular features of the variety combination, in forms of rare fun and startling novelty. In includes, in the way of ballet, the Venitian Festival, and in the way of pantomime Robert Macaire.

Mails for the North and the West, via Cairo will close at the Post-office at 5 o'clock this P. M., and on Thursday the 13th at 4 o'clock P. M. A mail will also close on Saturday the 15th at 6 o'clock A. M. to go to New York direct by sea.

IMPORTANT ADDRESS FROM THE SPECIAL COMMISSION TO THE PEOPLE OF NEW ORLEANS.—In another column may be read a highly important address to the people of this city from the Special Commission, composed of Major-General W. F. Smith and James T. Brady, Esq., charged to investigate the military and civil administration of this Department.

The public is informed that one of the chief objects of the Commission is to ascertain whether any person within the Department has been cheated, oppressed, or injured by any individual acting or claiming to act under the authority of the United States.

It also seeks to put an end to the practice of those who have retarded the restoration of commerce by using money or influence to defeat free and equal competition, and to punish all who have been connected with the system.

The community are earnestly invited to assist the Commission in its efforts by imparting facts to the subjects of investigation. Those refusing who have such information to communicate are requested to call upon Nicholas Bowen, Lieutenant-Colonel, A. A. G., Judge Advocate, with the assurance that nothing which they may truly state will be used against them.

BY TELEGRAPH,

One Day Later from the North.

BY THE U. S. HOSPITAL TRANSPORT AT BATON ROUGE

The Continued Retreat of Lee's Army by Sheridan with Hope of Capturing Him.

REPORTED CAPTURE OF RALEIGH BY SHERMAN.

Buildings Destroyed by Fire in Richmond—How and Why it was Accomplished—The Post Office Occupied by a U. S. Agent—Gen. Lee's Family Remaining.

Gold in New York on the 6th 153 1-2. Cotton 37.

(To the New Orleans Bee.)

Baton Rouge, April 10—12 15 P. M.

By the arrival here of the U. S. hospital transport, we have received a *Missouri Democrat* of the 7th, with New York dates of the 6th.

New York, April 6—The stock market still shows a strong speculative feeling. The transactions this morning are large and generally at an advance. The gold market was weak during the morning by the report that Sherman had captured Raleigh and also that Sheridan was likely to bag Lee. It gained strength as the day drew to a close and the decline of the morning nearly recovered, gold standing 150½, and sixteen, rather more steady, at 35c for middling.

New York, April 6—The *World* has a letter from Richmond, dated the 4th inst. It says there is no military news. The general testimony is that all the important archives of the State were sent away several weeks since, either to Lynchburg or Danville, probably to the latter place. The ladies of Lee's family and of Gov. Smith's still remain in the city, and of course, will be well and courteously treated.

Washington, April 6—Secretary Seward's condition is much improved to-day from what it was last night, and he is now as comfortable as can be expected. He was thrown from his carriage and had his arm broken.

New York, April 6—The *Times* army of the Potomac special, dated the 3d, says that after Longstreet's troops were driven back by Sheridan and Warren to the right flank of Lee's army, they turned Gen. Humphrey led the Second corps to the attack and simultaneously no assault was made along the entire lines of the Appomattox, near Point of Rocks they are entirely successful, breaking through the enemy's works, capturing every thing. The strongest works of that position and of the line were insufficient to withstand the shock struck by the Second Corps, which sustained its hard-earned reputation. The Twenty-fifth Corps had only a Division and part of another engaged.

The *World's* special from Richmond says that the buildings burned were mostly on the lower part of Main street. The tobacco warehouses, storehouses, the old Bank of Virginia building and newspaper offices were destroyed. Higher up on Main street many of the best shops were in flames. Lower down the river, a good deal of mischief was done during Sunday

Washington, April 6—Hon. G. W. McClellan Second Assistant Postmaster General, received the following dispatch:

Richmond, April 1.—I have taken possession of the Richmond Post-office in the name of the Post-Office Department of the United States. I found a large quantity of United States property, pouches, locks, &c. The mails that should have left the city to day are here ready. I have not yet had an opportunity to confer with the military authorities, but the Provost Marshal has kindly placed a guard over the buildings and effects.

D. B. PARKER, Special Agent.

New York, April 6.—The *Herald's* correspondent from the late mansion of Jeff Davis at Richmond says the evacuation of that city was seriously contemplated several days before it took place but the decision was not arrived at until Saturday afternoon last when Lee telegraphed Davis that Grant had rendered the holding of the city by him impossible. The telegram was read in the churches and the departure of the leading rebels commenced at once and was continued through the night. Jeff. Davis left at 8 P. M. for Danville and it is understood that the Government archives were sent to that place and Milton, N. C. The city was fired by Gen. Ewell, and although Gen. Weitzel and Gen. Shipley, with other officers of Mobile, by assault, was received as military headquarters yesterday. A large number of prisoners, and a quantity of munitions and stores were included in the capture.

Southern News Via Mobile.

(From the Times, last evening.)

Headquarters Army and M. D. W. Miss, In the Field, April 7, 1865.

To the Editor of the N. O. Times:

We have some Mobile papers in camp. Being unable to send you one I send you the extract of interest. From the *Tribune*, of March 31st, we take the following:

LOUISIANIANS KILLED BEFORE MOBILE.

From the Surgeon General's clerk, we learn that the total casualties on our side, up to 8 o'clock last night, was 22 killed and 114 wounded.

The following is the list of Louisianians killed and wounded up to the 31st ult:

Samuel H Rangin, 25th La; Conrad Weil 16th La; Daniel Lord, 25th La; Corp. W D Hudson, 4th La battalion; Sergt J M Blow, 4th La; J G Graves, 4th La battalion; F M Flynn, do; F M Flynn, do; D W Lidwell, 19th La; Thos Kehoe, Washington Artillery; G W Reed, 19th La; A Langrocher, 1st La; Sergt W S Christian, 25th La; J C Randolph, Austin's La Bat; M Cook, 25th La; A Lavergne, Austin's La Bat; S Andrus, 22d La; W S Felton, do; Leonard Harris, Austin's La Bat; John Kenny, 16th La, in the shoulder; Sergt Martin Freitman, 25th La, in the right shoulder; C W Alexander, 25th La, foot amputated; Nat Tisdale, 25th La, head; Fred Wigman, 13th La, neck; N Barker, 16th La, hip; Chas Smith, 16th La, thigh; Jas McGuire, 25th La, hand; Sergt, H D Lemunyan, 4th La, left thigh; Joseph Lord, 16th La, hand; Jesse Tengler, 22d La, right arm broken; John Brewer, 25th La; Joseph Simpson, 1st La, side; J Garrach, 22d La, contusion; J Grove, 25th La; T N Pollen, 4th La, left arm; J N Grear, 13th La, left arm.

SKIRMISHING WITH GEN. WILSON'S ADVANCE NEAR SELMA—DESTRUCTION OF IRON WORKS AND COAL MINES—CONVERSATION WITH A YANKEE TELEGRAPH OPERATOR UP A TREE.

In the *Selma Reb*. of April 1st we have the following:

The report from up the road yesterday were exciting. When the train left Randolph last evening, skirmishing was going on only three miles distant.

Col. Curry passed to the rear of the enemy night before last, with the view of ascertaining the exact force, which we learn is now estimated at about 1000.

Gen Adams had some pretty sharp encounters with the enemy yesterday, and was pressing them back steadily, when a large force appeared upon his flank, when he was compelled to fall back in turn.

We presume there will be a big rattling among the dry bones to-day. A big fight or a foot race is confidently expected.

The day of trial for the portion of Alabama has come. The enemy in force is in our vicinity, and is now engaged in the work of devastating the country above, and destroying some of the most important interests upon which the prosperity of Selma depends. Already we have information of the destruction of valuable iron works and coal mines, the loss of which will be severely felt, and it is certain that they will continue their devastation until every iron work in that section is destroyed, if they are not driven off, and that they will finally attack the city of Montgomery, or both.

On Wednesday night last, Mr. Nettles, the chief operator here was called to his instrument by some one up the Tennessee and Alabama road. The operator up the road desired information, and from the character of his inquiries, Mr. Nettles was soon satisfied that a Yank had tapped the wire. He did not, however, give him any information of his discovery but let him talk.

The stranger desired information as to the number of the forces and supplies at Coosa Bridge. Mr. Nettles told him he did not know, but that he had sent down to Gen Adams to inquire.

Task made a good many inquiries, but failing to get any information as to the location or strength of our forces, came to the conclusion that Mr. Nettles "smoke a nice, and attempted no further concealment. In reply to Nettle's question he said his name was J. O. Jamison, an operator attached to the raid, and that he was up a tree with his instrument, near Montticello, in the 3-dest rain he ever saw. He said the expedition was commanded by Gen. Wilson, who had under his command 2,000 men, and that they would be in Selma by Friday night.

Yank then asked permission to send dispatches to some friends in the south. Permission being given, he sent a dispatch to a young lady in Mobile, and another to Barney Hughes, telegraphing telling him he loved him as much as before the War. After some other conversation, the Yank clambered down, mounted his horse and decamped.

CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CAPTURE OF SELMA—PARTICULARS OF PARTIES WORKED IN AN ENGINE THEY AND PROPOSITE

From the Mobile *Clarion* of the 8th in stant, we take this item

THE CAPTURE OF SELMA.

The news from Alabama is of a very unfavorable character. The column of raiders which Forrest hoped to check and defeat north of Selma, have, we fear, succeeded in capturing and destroying that place, its fine foundries, arsenals and other Government works. The disaster is not attributed to a want of men—Enough were sent in pursuit of the raiders to count a division of twenty thousand men. There has been want of co-operation, some of Forrest's officers did not come to time, and some of his men deserted themselves. This is the account we hear. The Yankees may yet be whipped, but the property cannot be restored. It is said the raiders entered Selma on Sunday evening, and at a positive character is known about them. We hear that Jackson's Division badly whipped a portion of the raiders on Sunday, near Marion.

In a fight near Plantersville, Plantersville, we lost a battery and some prisoners. Forrest, Lofland and Adams separated from the bucket of the raid and were badly bruised by Yankee sabres. General Taylor left Selma on Sunday forenoon. Seventeen pieces of artillery and 1000 men in the trenches.* It is said that the enemy forced their way in about six in the evening, and Forrest, with Armstrong's brigade and his own scout company got out through them in safety. By this time Forrest may have found all his men. If so, the enemy are doomed. Time only can say how some parties are, and will then guide to the camps which have made good their escape.

The *Reb*. says in relation to Selma.

We suppose it is useless to conceal that a Yankee raiding party has dashed into Selma before Forrest, but it is doubtful whether they will hold it. The result is nothing except the loss of the Government works at that point.

CAPTURE OF MONTGOMERY—DEFEAT OF JOHNSTON BY SHERMAN, WITH LOSS OF 10,000 PRISONERS.

From despatches I have just been informed by Capt. Eaton, of the Signal Corps, it has been ascertained that Montgomery, the capital, has fallen, and is in our hands. It is supposed that it was taken by the same party that captured Selma.

Mobile papers of the morning admit the whipping of Johnston by Sherman, and the loss of 10,000 prisoners, Sherman is now marching through Virginia. Fighting heavily, but

Signally yours, C.

Capture of Fort Blakely near Mobile 5000 Prisoners, Ordnance Stores, etc.

(From the N. O. *Times*, last evening.)

Ship Island, April 10, A. M.

Headquarters Engineer Forces, Army and Division of West Mississippi, April 9th, 1865.

To the Editors of the New Orleans *Times*—Since my last communication to you, Spanish Fort and the fort at Blakeley have been captured. The former this A. M. about 2 o'clock, and the latter intelligence has just this moment been read here by telegraph. Blakeley was taken by assault, and over 5000 prisoners captured, besides a large amount of ordnance stores. A steamer is just leaving, or I might have had time for a few more items.

Yours, M.

Additional from the North via the River.

By the steamers Commonwealth and Mollie Able we received last night Western papers of the 6th and Cairo dates to P. M. of the 6th, from which we take some additional items.

GEN. SHIPLEY, MILITARY GOVERNOR OF RICHMOND.

The *Tribune's* Richmond special of the 31 says:

Gen Weitzel issued an order making Gen. Shipley Military Governor, who issued an order calling upon the citizens to aid in putting out the fire, and referring them to the President's proclamation for a disposition of their rights and duties.

JEFF. DAVIS'S DEPARTURE FROM RICHMOND.

New York, April 5—The *World's* special says: Jeff. Davis was attending divine service at St. Paul's church, when he received a telegram from Lee, stating Petersburg and Richmond must be given up. Jeff. Davis, with his family, left for Danville in the afternoon, carrying with him, according to rumor, $300,000 in specie.

The *Tribune's* special says:

Jeff. Davis remained in the city till dark Sunday night, having sent his family to Charlotte, N. C., some time during the preceding week.

RICHMOND MEN BEFORE CONGRESS AND EDITORS

Most of the officers fled and especially John Mitchell. The *Whig* appeared yesterday as a Union paper, with the name of the former proprietor at its head.

The theatre opened here to-night.

Gen. Weitzel describes the reception of the President yesterday as enthusiastic.

A BALTIMORE STEAMER CAPTURED BY REBELS.

New York, April 5—3:30 P. M.—The Merchants' Exchange of this city furnishes the following important announcement:

The steamer Harriet DeFord, of Baltimore, was captured by a party of rebels at Fair Haven, Patuxent river, Tuesday afternoon. She started down Chesapeake Bay, and it is feared will destroy many vessels.

FROM MEXICO VIA SANTA FE.

New York, April 5—The *Tribune's* Santa Fe special of that date says: Gen. Ortega, Commander-in-Chief of the Mexican Liberal forces, has arrived with his staff at Santa Fe, on route to Washington, where it is presumed he will confer with our Government in regard to the salvation and destiny of Mexico. Juarez is offering very liberal bounties to American volunteers.

GOLD AND COTTON IN NEW YORK ON THE 5TH

(Night dispatch)

New York, April 5.—The gold room was more animated to-day, with a steady upward turn in prices. The capture of President Lincoln by Confederate bushwhackers is among the stories of the gold room.

The abundance of money increases

Sterling exchange is dull, and business limited.

The first Government sale of cotton will take place next Tuesday, when 3,000 bales will be offered and sold for gold.

GALLAGHER'S EVENING EXCHANGE.

Gold 153¾ Gold and stocks active.

New York, April 5—Cotton dull and lower, at 34 to 34 for middling.

Latest St. Louis Markets.

St Louis, April 5, P. M.—Flour—The market has been more active for a day or two past, with a downward tendency and sales reported to-day were 350 bbls super good to choice in spected, at from $6 25 to $6 50, 250 bbls choice city do at $6 75, 1150 bbls single extra at $7 12½, inspected, double lined and delivered, 500 and 500 double extra, inspected double head lined and delivered, at $7 30, and 200 bbls choice family double extra at $8 per bbl.

Provisions—The market still remains very quiet, with sales of 35 and 25 bbls mess pork at $27 50, and 900 lbs clear bacon sides, packed, at 18½c per lb.

Lard—Sale of 60 to 70 packages head lard at 12c. Choice is held at 17 to 17½c in tierces and barrels.

Bran—Sale of 22 bbls at $1 50, 6 do at $1 60, and 8 do at $1 80 per bushel, packing included.

Dried Apples—Sale of 6 packages at $2 25 per bushel.

Butter—Supply of finer qualities is small, and prices have ranged higher, say from 25 to 30 and 32c per lb for choice country, store and dairy packed. Lower grades are dull at from 20 to 25c per lb.

Eggs—Sales have ranged at 22 to 24c per dozen, shipper's count. Sale to-day of 23 packages at 24c per dozen.

Potatoes—Lower and extremely dull for all grades below prime. Sales include fair northern mixed at $1 25, prime and choice nesham-nock pinkeyes and peach-blows from $1 37 1-2 $1 40 to $1 65 per bushel, with the bags, and some qualities in bbls from $1 to $1 50 per bbl, inclusive.

Hay—Sales to-day of 110 and 100 bales tight pressed timothy at $28, and 45 and 50 bales prairie at $21 per ton.

Whisky—Not a sale has been reported for several days until to-day, when 15 bbls were reported at $1 10 per gallon

Tobacco—To-day the market was dull and in favor of buyers, with small sales. 13 hhds prestfogs at from $4 10 to 5, factory logs at $6 and 7 50, planters do at $7 90 and 8 10, common shipping leaf at $8 50 and 9, medium do at $10 and 10 50, common manufacturing at $18 25.

Beef Cattle—The market is firm with a moderate demand, and fully equaling the supply, sales ranging from 14c to 6½c, gross.

Hogs—Market lower—from 7¼ to 10½c gross.

Sheep—Market lower for all grades.

CITY INTELLIGENCE

United States District Court—*Judge Duer.*—In the interest of justice in the case of the U S vs. the condemned portion of batture, the parties to the suit are to be notified that the motion for a new trial will be argued this day.

In the intervention in the case concerning the condemned five cases of cavalry boots the hearing was fixed for Wednesday next.

The case relative to 17 lots of ground, the property of H. St. Paul, was continued indefinitely.

The libel against four lots of ground, seized as the property of Th. Murray, was taken by confesso, excepting in regard to the lot No 15, fourth corner of Dryades and Erato streets, claimed by Thierry Dufourgeay. This intervention is fixed for a hearing on the merits to come off on the 18th inst.

First District Court — Judge Abell.—The following parties were arraigned: James Slack, charged with having stolen two mules, valued at $150; James Duane, on two charges, one of having robbed Mr Pauline on the 7th of March of jewelry, plate, etc., and the other for false imprisonment in keeping Mr Pauline confined until he paid $12. Accused plead not guilty.

More Robberies.—The hat store of Mr. R Mackard, No 301 Royal street, was entered by the back way on Sunday evening between 7 and 9 o'clock, and an open faced gold watch with silver chain worth $50 and six hats, worth $20, stolen therefrom.

On Saturday evening, gold and silver plate, jewelry and other valuables, were stolen from the safe of Mr. Montamat, the Clerk of the First District Court, by some one during fallow them in safety. By this time Forrest may have found all his men. If so, the enemy are doomed. Time only can say how some parties are, and will then guide to the camps which have made good their escape.

Recorders' Courts—The colored man Sam Leonard had entered the premises No. 231 Tonton Walk, and was surprised by the proprietor at about 9 o'clock a. m. yesterday, in her room, the armor open and the contents on the floor, accused having a 25 cents piece in silver taken from the armor, and when arrested he attempted to swallow a five cents piece.

The case was sent before the First District Court. Bail $500.

M Reiff and Fr. Wolfe, charged with having made noise in a public house on Sunday, were fined $5 each.

Oscar Salom, who committed an assault and battery on Louisa Meyer, on the corner of St. Ann and Priest streets, was sent before the First District Court. Bail $500.

We are indebted to Messrs Lloyd and Brown, clerks of the Commonwealth, for esteemed newspaper favors.

The officers of the Mollie Able have our thanks for polite attentions.

FROM OUR TESTERDAY EVENING EDITION.

Father Agapios Honchavenko, of the Greek church, arrived by the Cromwell on a visit to Greek and Russian residents of New Orleans attached to the religion of that church.

SURRENDER OF FORT SPANISH ON THE 9th INSTANT WITH 700 PRISONERS.

—MOBILE SUPPOSED TO BE EVACUATED.

(TELEGRAPH TO MILITARY HEADQUARTERS)

Office U. S. Military Telegraph, 10 A. M. April 10, 1865.

The following dispatch reporting the capture of Fort Spanish was received this morning:

To Major General Hurlbut:

Ship Island, April 10th.—GENERAL—I have the honor to inform you of the surrender of Spanish Fort, Mobile Bay on Sunday about noon and I was informed at the Admiral's Ship that the fort surrendered at 1 30 A. M. of the 9th inst, with about 700 prisoners. The fort was bombarded by the land batteries at five o'clock on the P. M., of the 8th. The tugs and boats were all day yesterday digging for torpedoes and had taken up about 20 during the day.

The Blakely river appears to be full of them. As I left one of the wooden gunboats was moving up towards the city, and as long as I could see with my glass, I could not discover any notice taken of her by the rebels. I could not see any steamer at Mobile City. The supposition was that the city had been evacuated. The troops after they took possession of Fort Spanish opened on the batteries across the river, but there was no reply.

JOHN E. JEAQUE,
1st Lieut., &c.

LITERARY AND PICTORIAL PAPERS.—We have received from the well known establishment of Mr. Helle, 61 Exchange Alley, the latest literary and pictorial publications, including Harper's *Weekly*, April 8; Frank Leslie's *Newspaper*, April 8; *Budget of Fun*, May; *New York Ledger*, April 8; *Metropolitan Record* and *Yankee Notions*.

PAID FIRE DEPARTMENT IN NEW YORK CITY.—The New State Legislature has passed a bill for organizing a paid fire department for New York and Brooklyn. Considerable excitement and agitation have been manifested in consequence among the volunteer fire organizations in New York city. It was proposed at meetings of some of the companies to cease duty at once, but the majority were for continuing service and sticking to their machines until the inauguration of the new system, and the transfer of the fire apparatus. So proper and sensible a conclusion goes far to refute the charge of violence and lawless spirit urged against the volunteer firemen by the advocates of a paid fire department.

More About the Late Conference on the River Queen—Remarks of Sherman and Grant on the North Carolina Operations—Alleged Opinion of Gen. Lee.

Gen Grant had been appraised by telegraph from the latter place of his being on the way, and he was warmly greeted on touching the wharf by a large number of Gen Grant's staff. The *Herald* correspondent says:

Recognizing a naval officer in the company, General Sherman advanced to shake hands his countenance beaming with delight, exclaiming, "That wasn't fair, old fellow—that was my game—Wilmington was my meat. However, I am glad you took it, glad on Terry's account, glad on your account, glad on account of all concerned, and for many reasons almost innumerable, glad on the country's account." "Hut! *New York*, April 5—Cotton dull and lower, at 34 to 34 for middling.

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Hogs—Market lower—from 7¼ to 10½c gross.

Sheep—Market lower for all grades.

What the London Times Thought all Along.

The London *Times*, denying the charge of Mr. Bright that late triumphs of Union arms had caused it to recant its belief of Southern invincibility, asserts that from the first it expected those triumphs, and was only surprised that they did not sooner occur. In the words of the *Times*.

We thought that the Southern line would have been speedily broken through, that the principal cities of the Confederacy would probably fall into the hands of the invaders and that Northern armies would have been able to traverse almost at will the territories which supply the materials of rebellion. These things are now beginning to come to pass, only they have come to pass, much later and in a much less degree than we had anticipated, but then we thought, and still think that the real dangers and difficulties of the contest will begin. These territories are too vast to be occupied, and the elements of rebellion they contain are too rife to be left to themselves. They may be penetrated in every direction, but we do not see how they are to be held or subdued. It remains to be seen whether we are wrong in these anticipations. When we are shown to be so, it will be time to taunt us with our mistakes, and, considering the confident assurances of immediate victory which have been uttered by the so called friends of the North ever since the beginning of a war which has already lasted four years, we do not see why we should not be the first to make the admission. At any rate, we are not yet convinced of our error, and need something more than Mr Bright's anecdote to induce us to prove it.

The Draft in New Orleans.

DRAFT IN THE THIRD DISTRICT.

MONDAY, APRIL 11TH—SIXTEENTH DAY.

At 10 o'clock this morning the draft in the Third District of New Orleans was resumed at No. 1, Carondelet street. The following names were drawn:

Jos Amos Hudon, 226 Columbus, drayman
Dick Ritter Joseph, Milneburg, S B Brennan.
1064 Rops Joseph, 201 Mandeville, laborer.
1065 J T O Hara, 119 Elysian Fields, laborer
1066 Manuel Fernandez, 96 Love, merchant
1067 Pear Reschard, 203 Casacalva, driver.
1068 Peter Bassel, Marant and Gentilhomme, mason
1069 Louis K Cheveland, 100 Craps, clerk.
1070 Andrew P McClintock, steamer Clyde
1071 Jean Cajdecaux Abadie and Dupuis, laborer
1072 Benjam Zadie, D. Music, carpenter.
1073 Thomas Shelley, colored, 21 Rampart, laborer.
1074 Aug Reuter, Spain and Levee, laborer.
1075 A J Gunlory, Chalmette Cemetery laborer.
1076 Peter Schuler, 67 Elysian Fields, barber.
1077 Louis Gramer, 832 Gentilhomme, laborer.
1078 Henry Hulgrane, Craps between Port and Kingdom, cook
1079 Jean Lebaube, 10 Moreau, gardener
1080 John S Benedict, Claret, and Greatmen, clerk
1081 Wm Stanton, Greatmen and Laughlen, laborer
1082 Benjamin Candie, 8 Bernard, painter.
1083 Nicholas Sullivan, Milneburg laborer
1084 Edward Sogier, Prosper and Spain, laborer
1085 Jos Kuner, 30 Moreau, coffee house.
1086 Wm Lee, Gentilly road and Cotton Press, Q M D
1087 Philip Mannon, corner Morena and Louisa, laborer
1088 George Saunders, 123 Victory, laborer.
1089 Lee C Whitney, 108 Montegut, pilot.
1090 Lucien Dejoubert, 367 Rampart, clerk.
1091 Leon Lotaste, Grimes and Frenchmen, milk man.
1092 Wm L Forester, Marigny and Victory, laborer
1093 James Kelly, 242 Roman, policeman.
1094 Alfred Salle, 57 Derbigny, laborer
1095 Edmond Bernard, Fort bet Casacalva and Greatmen, sailor.
1096 John Lebaube, 182 Urquhart, laborer.
1097 Gustave Bauer, 7 Frenchmen, merchant.
1098 [illegible], Esplanade and Pincur, [illegible]
1099 [illegible], 99 Esplanade, broker.
1100 [illegible], 11 Marigny, laborer.
1101 [illegible], 127 Front Levee, baker.
1102 [illegible], 21 Craps, clerk
1103 M [illegible]ero, 11 Marigny, clerk.
1104 [illegible]ge, 119 Piety, laborer.
1105 [illegible], 416 Front Levee, laborer
1106 Benjamin Hall, 30 Barthelemy, presser
1107 Peter R Olivo, Aubrey between White and Gentilly road, policeman.
1108 Patrick Gibney, Spain between Love and Gentilly road, policeman.
1109 Wm Lee, 108 Marigny, laborer.
1110 Robert Washington, 85 Front Levee, seaman.
1111 Geo Pasperbing, 87 Mandeville, barber
1112 John Buck, Chartres and Lyons Foside, blacksmith.
1113 Richard Cannon, 57 Piety, engineer.
1114 Jos Bernard, 30 Craps, carpenter
1115 John Kendall, 19 Lesseps, laborer.
1116 Peter Gist, 26 Maitory, laborer.
1117 John Hanson, 34 Mandeville, engineer.
1118 John Tierney, Marigny, laborer.
1119 Theophile Salon, 85 Love, mason, cold.
1120 Joseph Kuenet, St Bernard and Girod, [illegible]
1121 Leon N Olivier, 28 Esplanade, clerk.
1122 Swagert Willidiu, Claret near Claiborne [illegible]
1123 Edward Brown, steamboat Clyde, laborer
1124 Joseph Curdray, Music and Claiborne, laborer.
1125 Jno Vallar, 12, St Bernard, cigarmaker.
1126 Guard Buenaud, 149 Goodchildren, laborer.
1127 Dennis Nelson, 39 Elysian Fields, laborer, colored
1128 Charles Marks, 22 Bagatelle, shoemaker.
1129 Thomas Mally, 30 Craps, mate.
1130 Henry Nelson, 11 Independence, seaman.
1131 John Meaux, 202 Casacalva, farmer.
1132 Gavin Saunitz, 818 Greatmen, laborer.
1133 Jacques Lafaye, 15 Music, policeman.
1134 William Pattee, Milneburg, fisherman.
1135 George Hutchinson, 9 Goodchildren, [illegible]
1136 Andrew Hill, 286 Mandeville, laborer.
1137 Louis Bilder, 179 Bagatelle, coffeehouse-keeper.
1138 Henry Foster, Barracks, barber, colored
1139 Jac G Sutter, Gentilly Road and Union, gardener.
1140 Joseph Santiag, 154 France, laborer.
1141 Jacques Barbier, Prosper near Spain milk man.
1142 Louis Lelapin, 13 Barthelmy, clerk
1143 Wintall Hauck, Bagatelle near Prosper, laborer.
1144 John Rose, Casacalva bet Eugenia and Poet, ship joiner.
1145 Manual De la Rosa, 162 Goodchildren, clerk.
1146 Pierre Lefrancois, 552 Casacalva cigar maker.
1147 John Mitchell, Steam Cotton Press Levee, Q M employee.

There were small sales at 25c per dollar for Merchants' 25 for New Orleans, 32 for Bank of Louisiana, 35 and 37 for Louisiana State, 50 for Crescent City, and 52½ for Union. Merchants are quoted at 25@27½, Bank of New Orleans at 30@32½, Bank of Louisiana at 32@35, Louisiana State at 35@37½, Crescent City at 50@52, and Union at 50½@60 for the larger notes, the free being redeemed at the counter of the Bank with City Treasury Notes. The inside figures are those given by dealers to concurrent money for the small amounts offered at their counters. Our quotations are predicated on payment in Legal Tender notes, which command a premium of 66@67 cent over city Treasury notes, while the latter are still the general medium of exchange in our local trade and received for both State and City taxes.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE,
Monday Evening, April 10, 1865.

COTTON—The market continued unsettled under the news, but still there was some enquiry at a heavy reduction in prices, and a lot of 50 bales middling sold at 36c. This is all that was reported, but there may have been other transactions as another party was looking about willing to pay the above figures, and we heard of another by whom they would have been accepted.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS—There was no settled market for any description of produce to-day. Holders are very anxious to sell, but buyers will not operate—they are awaiting later Northern accounts and their effect on prices. In Sugar and Molasses, retail sales cannot be made even at greatly reduced prices. Of Western produce the only sales were 500 sacks prime and mixed Corn in lots at $1 20@ bushel 1,000 sacks Oats in one lot, at 70c. bushel, 300 bales Hay in lots at $16 @ 20 bbls fine Flour at $9, and 50 bbls fair extra at $10 @ bbl. Mess Pork is retaining at $26 @ $26 50 bbl, and Green Shoulders are retaining to hold at 16c. Bacon Sides are selling on the landing at 18c. Sugar at 20c. Eggs at $2 50@3 bbl. White Beans at $3 @ $4 bbl. Cucumbers at $12 dozen, Geese at $1c, and Turkeys at $10.

RECEIPTS—Mail steamers for New York have been taking Cotton at Cuxhaven. Sailing vessels for New York and Boston are taking Flour at 50c. bbl.

Cattle Market.

OFFICE OF THE BEE, April 10, 1865.

Number of arrivals yesterday. Amount of stock sold at Brown's Hogs, 7 Mules, Lowe and Wood, Stock remaining on hand 300 Beeves, 750 Hogs, Sheep and Milch Cows and Calves.

Western Beeves, 1st quality, ⅌ lb net... — @ — 11
Western Beeves, 2d quality, ⅌ lb net... — @ — 10
Western Beeves, 3d quality, ⅌ lb net... — @ — 9
Texas Beeves, 1st quality, ⅌ head... — @ — —
Texas Beeves, 2d quality, ⅌ head... — @ — —
Texas Beeves, 3d quality, ⅌ head... — @ — —
Hogs, ⅌ lb gross... — @ 8 14
Hogs, in lots, ⅌ head... 10 @ 12
Mule Lows, ⅌ head... 100 @ 150
Fat Sheep, ⅌ head... 3 00 @ 4 00
Milch Cows and Calves, ⅌ head... 40 @ 60

MARINE NEWS.

Port of New Orleans, April 11, 1865.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Brig Sarah Parker, Lord, for Cardenas, Master
Sch Ethel, Shirley, for Tampico, Master
Sch Caroline (Mexican) Abbot, for Matamoros, Master
Sch Kate (British) Brown, for Matamoros, Master

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Sch Flying Scud, Taylor, 3 days from Havana, A H
Sch Louisa Boyer, Magee, 3 days from Carlotta, A F
Sch Ada Maria Hanson, from Pensacola, to master—Ballast
Sch Roman, Miller, from Bayou Lacombe, to master—Ballast
Sch Gabriel Allen, Dodge, from St Coast, to master—LPT
Sch Estelle, Farris, from Coast, to master—LPT
Sch Lay on, Coombs, from the Lake Shore, to master—Ballast
Sch Jeanville, Levieux, from Thibdaw, to master—Ballast
Schr Tuscarora, Somerie, from Coast, to master—LPT
Sloop Louisa Napoleon, ——, from Horn Island, to master—Ballast
Sloop Belmont, ——, from Madisonville, to master—Ballast

STEAMBOATS.

Boat Dunbar, from Stone's Bluff.

BELOW, COMING UP

Bark E A Hoffman, ——, from Sagua La Grande
Bark Sunshine, ——, to master
Bark Maria, (French) Walter, from Bordeaux Jan 21st
Brig Alcy Tibbits, ——, from Cardenas
Brig Star of Peace, Hoerner, —days from Boston, to G M Coyle & Co
Brig Acacia, Cave, from Philadelphia
Brig W W Wilder, Sherman, ——, from Havana
Schr Maria, ——, from Sagua La Grande
Schr Lizzie, Coffman, from Tampico, to ballast, to master—Lumber
Schr Bitagamie, ——, from Matanzas
Schr Ariel, ——, passengers
Schr Hope, ——, from Matanzas
Schr Jesse Hale, ——, from Matamoros—Cargo 1 have cotton, and 6 passengers
Schr Alabama, from Dauphin Island

EXPORTS

CARDENAS—Per brig Sarah Parker—In ballast.
TAMPICO—Per schr Ethel—50 bbls flour, 50 kegs lard
Per schr Louisa—Ballast.
MATAMOROS—Per schr Kate—85 bbls flour, 50 bbls whiskey and 6 kegs lard.
MATAMOROS—Per schr Caroline—15 bbls flour, 10 bbls potatoes, 22 bbls whiskey and sundries

IMPORTS

HAVANA—Per schr Flying Scud—1 cask sugar, A H Demoulin—5 bbls and 10 half do paper cigars, 2 cases molasses, Burton Bros
CARDENAS—Per schr Island Belle—3 bbls sugar, 10 bbls do, 20 bbls molasses, 11 boxes oranges, Sier plus sp
TAMPICO—Per schr Louisa—Sundries.
PENSACOLA—Per schr Ada Maria—25 bbls sand 10 bbls and sundries to order

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

BAYOU LACOMBE—Per schr Roman—14 cords wood to order
GUANT—Per schr Gabriel Allen—4000 feet lumber to order
GUANT—Per schr Estelle—1000 feet lumber to order
LAKE SHORE—Per schr Louisa—30 cords wood to order
TICKFAW—Per schr Jeanville—73 bales cotton to Newmann
GUANT—Per sloop Tuscarora—218 bbls shingles order
HORN ISLAND—Per sloop Louisa Napoleon—Sundries to order
MADISONVILLE—Per barge Shamrock—18,000 feet lumber to order
BAYOU SAR