THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
JEROME BAYON,
STATE PRINTER.
"THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 12, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR:

J. B. DAWSON.

We are requested to announce as candidates for the office of Brigadier General, the following gentlemen:

Col. JUSTAMOND,
Col. G. W. BOYD, and
Col. WILLIAM T. THOMPSON.

Lieutenant general Milhaud, a member of the national convention, one of those who voted the death of the XVIth Louis, died at Aurillac, in the beginning of the year, in the 68th year of his age. Tarlton, the British commander, in our revolutionary war, died near Liverpool.

"If, as the Sciences hath taught, there be
A land of shadows, unexplored by man;"

Strange must be the meetings and recriminations of that realm of hopeless inhabitants. The events of the latter half of the eighteenth, and beginning of the nineteenth centuries, are entitled to the genius of some modern Dante; and the *maledette bolge* of the infernal regions of modern days, demand a new delineation.

Mr. D'Hemergue, who, from time to time, under the patronage of the venerable PETER DUPONCEAU, presented memorials to congress on the growth of silk, has undertaken to fabricate bank note paper from unwove silk of this country's produce. Large quantities, if we mistake not, of foreign silk handkerchiefs, had hitherto been employed for this purpose. This will be an additional improvement, for which we shall be indebted to Mr. D'Hemergue's persevering zeal.

The several messages of the president, drawing the attention of congress to the resources of the United States, and suggesting the necessity of devising some efficacious means of preserving the live oak timber owned by the nation, have elicited a report, presented by the navy secretary, to congress during the recent session. The report is too voluminous for insertion; but the measures, devised for the better security of this valuable material, seems to us the most apposite that could have been determined upon. The secretary recommends that provision be made by law, that all masters of vessels having live oak on board, on private account, before they shall have been admitted to clearance, must show evidence that the timber was obtained from private lands. This very simple resort, will supersede the necessity of foresters, and obviate the expense of thousands of dollars appropriated for the preventive service. The suggestion has been adopted by congress, and embodied in the act providing for the gradual improvement of the navy. The supply of timber on the domains, is valued at eight millions cubic feet, at a medium calculation of fifty feet a tree.

We received yesterday, some fifty or sixty papers, by the mails conveyed through Major MOUNTFORT's politeness. They furnish New York dates of the 26th, Washington of the 29th, and Charleston of the 30th of March. We have by mere chance, alighted on the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, the only paper of the 26th, supplying Liverpool dates of the 24th, and London of the 22d, received by the packet ship Roscoe, Rogers. The intelligence extracted, will be found below.

London, Feb. 22d—Friday evening, half past 7 o'clock.—We have received the following letter from our private correspondent at Paris, dated 20th inst.

We have accounts to-day from Madrid to the 10th inst. The new institution established for the purpose of defending the government against the combinations of the carlists, which is in imitation of the national guards of this country, was becoming exceedingly popular. Every person of note, who is attached to the government, and partial to the liberal policy which it has latterly shown a disposition to adhere to, had enlisted under its banner. Up to the 10th, this corps of patriotic volunteers already amounted to 10,000 men.

On the other hand, the disarmament of the royalist volunteers was going on. The captain general of Old Castille, after disarming the volunteers of Leon, who had taken part in the affair of the 14th and 15th of January, had published an ordinance by which the entire body was dissolved, and measures were prescribed by which it was intended that every trace of their existence should be made to disappear. The very mustachos which the volunteers were in the habit of shaving in their full growth, are condemned by this ordinance, to the execution of the razor. Almost all the captains-general of the provinces, and other principal delegates of authority, have been changed. The list of those who have recently appointed, exhibits the names of persons whose attachment to the king's person, and enmity to the apostolical faction, are well known. Sir Stratford Canning's communications with Lisbon, were still extremely frequent, and it was generally understood that the negotiations regarding the affairs of Portugal, were still going on. Nothing at all, however, is said in the letters that I have seen, of any treaty having yet been signed by Sir Stratford and the Spanish minister, which a Bordeaux paper lately stated, on the authority of a private letter from Madrid.—One of sir Stratford Canning's messengers, coming from Lisbon, had lately been attacked and robbed on the high road, about thirty leagues distant from Madrid.

There are letters here from Alexandria of the 10th January. Up to that date, the pacha had not received information of the armistice agreed to by his son, and he was busy in preparing a large naval expedition, the object of which, was to take possession of the city of Smyrna. A considerable corps of troops, was to be taken on board, and the pacha felt quite confident that he would become master of that rich and important city without difficulty, provided it was defended by none but Turks. But he seems to have entertained some fear that the English and French ships of war, which are always on that station, might interfere, with the view of preventing any attack being made upon that place. It was a similar fear that prevented the Greeks in 1823, in attacking Smyrna, as they long had a strong desire to do. The pacha of Egypt himself, recommended at that time, that the protection of the foreign naval squadrons on the station, should be requested, on the grounds that all the powers of Europe were interested in its being considered and treated by the Greeks, as a neutral place.

The results of Monday's proceedings in the Chamber of Peers, relative to the state of the siege has given rise to a belief in many quarters, that an understanding exists between Ministers and the Members of the committee to set it gradually aside. The understanding is said to have taken place in consequence of its having become apparent that the bill has no chance of being ultimately carried in the Chamber of Peers. It is therefore preferred that it should be consigned to oblivion, and by that means left to die a national death, instead of being thrown out and thereby endangering the stability of the cabinet, or so mutilated by amendments as to be rendered nugatory. But all this however does not appear to me quite sure, and I cannot help thinking that Ministers continue to be confident of a majority in favor of the bill as modified by the committee.

Nothing important has occurred at the Bourse to-day, besides a decline of 50 centimes in the funds.

It is mentioned in some of the best private accounts from Holland, by the mail of this morning, that the acknowledgement of the neutrality of Belgium, which was proposed by Lord Palmerston as a corrective for the renewal of the embargo in the English ports, has been refused by the Dutch government. This is unaccompanied in general with any further explanatism on the subject, but one of the letters from a good source, states that the Dutch government merely desired to attach another condition to such acknowledgment, beyond the raising of the embargo—which is, that Belgium should immediately commence the payment of the one-half of the 8,000,000 guilders, assigned under the treaty as her portion of the public debt of both countries. It does not appear to be expected, on this exchange, that Lord Palmerston, or M. de Talleyrand, will assent to this new proposition, because it deprives them of one of their best resources for urging on the signature of the definitive treaty. Still, the urging of the negociation to points like these, has created on the whole a feeling rather more favorable in the city to a rational termination of it.

The money market has assumed more activity, and prices in almost all descriptions of government securities have advanced on the prices of yesterday. Consols left off at 87⅞ to ⅞ for the account, and Exchequer bills at 48 to 50 premium.

Belgian stock has risen nearly 2 per cent; not, however, from any causes of a political nature, but in consequence of the new financial plan for raising money.

ENGLAND.

THIRD REPORCEMENT BILL PASSED.

On the 21st February, lord Shaftesbury, in the house of lords, brought up the report on the bill, for the suppressing of disturbances in Ireland (contained in another column of this paper) and the same, with its amendments, after some desultory conversation, was agreed to. One of the amendments that had been inserted was moved by earl Grey for the prevention of signals by bonfires, &c.

Mr. Stanley introduced a bill into the house of commons on the 19th, on the subject of grand juries, which was approved on all sides of the house—and some parts of it even by Mr. O'Connell himself. Its object is to correct an evil of no ordinary magnitude, for it was stated to be a fact that the sums levied, brought, and private laborers paid, from the grand juries, by the Acolites imparted to the secret and irresponsible servans of the grand jurymen. By this bill they are only allowed to discuss and dispose of nearly a month annually in secret conclave. The necessary provisions of the bill are equally deserving of approval. They are as follows:—that public works shall be taken by fair and open competition—that the rate-payers assess themselves, and not public officers—that special sessions, for the purpose of inspecting them—that special sessions, like the English, shall negative their presentment to the grand jury, if obnoxious or objectionable; and that the undertaking of the public works shall be checked by the necessity of having a competent surveyor to warrant their commencement, and superintend their progress. It also provides that the county cess shall be levied, not as heretofore on the tenant, but on the landlord, which will have the effect to repress speculative improvements in erecting public works.

American Stocks.—On the 21st of Feb. U.S. Bank shares 22 10 a 15. Ohio sixes, for 1930 $114. Louisiana 104 a 5.

IRELAND.

Great agitation was manifested at Dublin on the 20th, in consequence of the suppression of the Trades and the Volunteers had suspended their political operations to deliberate on their personal security. A great general meeting was to take place the next day. A run had been made upon the bank of Ireland for gold, but not to a great extent.

Mr. O'Connell.—The following letter from Mr. O'Connell, relative to the coercive measures proposed by Earl Grey, has been received by one of his friends in Dublin—

14, Albemarle street, London, Saturday.

I proposed to myself to send you for publication, on Monday, an address to the Irish people, on the present truly awful crisis of public affairs, but I have been occupied with conferences all day, with Irish and British members of the commons—and I derive much consolation from being able to tell you, that not only are the popular Irish members firm and unanimous, but that there are a greater number far than I could possibly expect of the British members, determined to resist the atrocious tyranny with which Earl Grey has the unheard of audacity to dare to threaten Ireland.—Talk of an union, indeed, between the countries, after presuming to attempt to outlaw the inhabitants of one great portion of the empire!!

But the extreme despotism of the proposed measures has a tendency to disgust every friend of liberty, and in England we shall certainly get support out of doors.

In the meantime, pray use my name to conjure the people, first, to be perfectly peaceable—no outbreak—no violence; on the contrary, prove the absolute madness of doing the business of our enemies, by any species of violation of the law. Secondly, get the clergy, if possible, and the laity, unanimously to petition. Petition—petition—petition against these measures. Let us have firm respectful, strong petitions from every part of Ireland.

"Let there be no despair—the constitutional battle for Irish liberty is not yet lost—neither shall it be, with the blessing of God. I repeat, let no man despair; on the contrary, call on the friends of freedom to insist that their representatives shall do their duty.

"I have not time this day to write more. Let peace, order and constitutional exertion be our motto.

"Believe me, &c. DANIEL O'CONNELL."

A formal complaint against the Baron Von Zuylen, the Dutch Minister at the Court of St. James, was sent to the house on Friday, the 15th of February, by Lord Palmerston and Prince Talleyrand.

An Antwerp paper of the 16th says—"We received from Flushing a letter dated the 14th, which, while it confirms the details that we have published respecting the establishment of a toll on the Scheldt, and the obligation imposed on the Prince Metternich to give security, announces the agreeable intelligence that orders were given on the 13th, provisionally to suspend the payment of toll and no longer to require security from ships entering or leaving the Scheldt. Thus the navigation of the river is not subjected to any obstacles, and ships can be dispatched as before.

This is deemed to derive additional confirmation from the circumstance that there are numerous furloughs granted in the Dutch and Belgian armies, which are hailed as signs of peace.

Immense damage has been done at Antwerp, and on the Scheldt, by high tides and impetuous western winds that have swept over them. The dyke of Stabroek gave way, and twenty houses were undersmitter. All the troops of the garrison were employed on the dykes, under the command of general Langerman.

FRANCE.—M. de Montbel, one of the ministers of Charles X., who signed the ordonnance of July, 1830, has been condemned to a fine of 400,000 francs or 116,000, as his share of the damages caused to the [illegible] of Paris during the revolution.

SPAIN.—Intelligence has been received from Madrid, but containing nothing of importance except the appointment of some new officers, all of whom are said to be of a more liberal cast than their predecessors, and that they are warmly attached to the cause of the Queen and her young daughter.

Don Juan Alvonet, has been appointed captain general of the Balearic Islands. Gen. Freyne to remain as captain general of New Castille; and intendants have been appointed by the minister of finance, Don Encinas Piedra, over the provinces of Aragon; Grenada, Leon, Jaen, Segovia, Asturias, Carthagena, Zamora, and Guadalajara.

Mr. Livingston.—We learn that amid the many and pressing duties which devolve upon the secretary of state, he has long been engaged in perfecting a very important statistical document, which will exhibit at a glance, the different modes and quota of taxation of the several states and territories of the United States. This work is one of high practical utility, independently of the consideration that it had become necessary in order to enable the friends of free institutions to vindicate them from the charge of profuse expenditures of the public money. It will afford to the different state governments an opportunity to improve their several modes of taxation, adopted by each. The comparative cheapness of monarchial and republican governments, is a subject which has occupied much public attention in Europe. The author of the "Revue Britannique" of French Quarterly Review, with the "Revue Britannique" of France, have boldly challenged a comparison; and, indeed, it has been affirmed in the chamber of deputies, that the people of the United States paid a heavier tax than those of France.

The relative expense of the different governments is not so important a matter as the advantages which the people derive from them. It is not to be questioned, however, that all wise governments should consult economy in the administration of their affairs. "There are but two kinds of government," says a distinguished writer, "the good, which has never been discovered, and the bad, the only object of which is to draw money from the pockets of the governed into those of the governors." Mr. Livingston will, in a little time be able to show the world that the "good government has, at length been discovered; if economy of the people's money be taken as the test. It is probable that the result of Mr. Livingston's inquiries on this subject will be communicated to congress at the beginning of the next session. Whenever the document is published, we feel confident that our European brethren, whatever may be their present opinions; will be convinced by it that our citizens of the United States enjoy the benefits of free government, at less individual expense than is borne by the subjects of any government in Europe. The returns will embrace a wide field for information, useful to political economists of both hemispheres.—*New York Journal of Commerce.*

FROM THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

We have been furnished with the following extracts from letters recently received from these Islands via Manilla:—

George Marini and fifteen Sandwich Islanders, were massacred at Wallis' Island last year—they had gained a little brief authority there, and began to oppress the natives, who rose upon them and put them all to death.

Kaahumanu, the queen regent of Sandwich Islands, died at Mano, (Island of Oahu) on the 5th of June last, of a bowel complaint. She died as she had lived, (of late years) a christian. Kinau succeeds Kaahumanu as regent, and all things went on quietly and well down to October last.

The English cutter William Little, of Liverpool, which was cruising on the coast of California, with a crew consisting of captain Carter, and six Sandwich Islanders, who rose upon the captain and threw him overboard. They then steered away before the wind, not knowing where they were going, when they fell in with Fannin's Island—one of them knew the Island, and they concluded to land—took all the money on board and a few articles of moveables, into the small boat, drove a hole through the cutters bottom with a crow bar, and then landed. From Fanning's they got to Oahu, where one of the number turned king's evidence. The two principals, Bowling and Kahinian were taken up by the Island authorities, and on examination they confessed the fact and particulars. They were tried before Kuakini, (John Adams,) governor of Oahu, and Bowling and Kahinian were condemned, and were to be hung on the 18th of June. This is the first case of piracy and murder ever known to have been committed by Sandwich Islanders.—Boston Centinel.

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 23.—*Cotton.*—Sales of the week 14400 bales, (500 on speculation;) of which were 350 Sea Island 11½d a 16d; 10 Stained 7½; 4450 Upland 6¾ a 7½; 12 a 8d; 2720 Orleans 6¾ a 8¼—17 a 9d; 950 Alabam 6¾ a 7¾d.

The business done in Ashes has been small. 100 barrels Montreal Pots have been sold at 25s a 25s 6d, and 100 barrel Pearl at 27s to 27s 6d per cwt. 60 bbls. of Tar at 14s 6d per bbl. There has been some little fluctuation in our Corn Market, but prices remain pretty near the same point at which they stood some days ago. We quote United States as before—Sweet, in bond, at 21s to 26s, and Sour do at 16s to 17s per bbl.

The sale of Cotton this day, about 2500 bales, no change in prices.

LIBERIAN COLONIZATION.—A general meeting of the citizens of New Orleans, and of others who may choose to attend, will be held, in reference to the subject in the church of the Rev Mr Clapp, at 4 o'clock of the afternoon of Sunday next. A more than usual interest it is expected, will be given to the subject, as several gentlemen of this city have consented to deliver addresses at the meeting. a 12

NEW BOOKS.—Just received, and for sale by the subscribers, Stand Works of the Rev. Wm. Jay, of Argyle Chapel, Bath; comprising all his works known in this country and others, from a copy furnished by the authors to the publishers: Legends of the Library at Lilly, by the Lord and Lady there. Sense and Sensibility, a new novel by Miss Austin. The American Jest Book, by the author of the American Chesterfield. E. JOHNS & CO, No. 118 Chartres street, and corner of Gaiety and Common streets.

STOLEN.—During the night, between Tuesday and Wednesday, a Mar-wood trunkey, with eleven brass buys, and ivory mounted. Gold instrument was in a green leather bag. A reward of ten dollars will be given to whoever will deliver it to the door-keeper of the Orleans theatre and no questions asked. [a 11] VALLIERE.

(*By authority.*)

AN ACT

Supplementary to the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Clinton and Port Hudson rail road company, and for other purposes."

SECT. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,* That it shall be the duty of the chief engineer to survey and make plans and estimates of the cost of the Clinton and Port Hudson Rail Road, and make report thereof to the governor as soon as practicable.

SECT. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.* That the Board of Public Works may subscribe on behalf of the State for two hundred shares of the capital stock of the Clinton and Port Hudson Rail Road Company, a like number of shares to the Alexandria and Chenyville Rail Road Company, also to subscribe for one hundred shares in the New-Orleans and Carrollton Rail Road Company, conformably to the provisions, restrictions and limitations of the eleventh section of the act entitled "An act to incorporate a Board of Public Works and to create a fund for Internal Improvement."

SECT. 3. *Be it further enacted, &c.* That so much of the seventh section of the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Clinton and Port Hudson Rail Road Company, as grants to said Company the exclusive privilege of constructing and using a Rail Road or Rail Way, between Port Hudson and Clinton, and so much of the ninth section of the same act as reserves to any future legislature, the right of regulating the rates of tolls fixed by said Company, for the transportation of passengers, goods, wares and merchandise, be and the same are hereby repealed. And the said Company shall have the power and right to begin and terminate the said Rail Road or Rail Way at or near Clinton and Port Hudson, and shall not be obliged to begin or terminate the same within the limits of either of said places.

SECT. 4. *And be it further enacted, &c.* That said Company shall have the power of constructing a lateral Rail Road to any point in the direction of Jackson, in the parish of East Feliciana, they may deem expedient.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

Approved March 26, 1833.
A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED,

Ship Berwick, Moody, Liverpool, Martineau, Cruzer & co
Brig Ottawa, Clark, Baltimore, D Marston
Brig Blackstone, Frink, New York, L H Gale
Brig Phœnix, Allen, Baltimore, M Fisk
Schr American, Arnaud, Matamoras, Palmermer & Southmayd
Schr Eliza Williams, Brown, Mobile, Master
Schr Itamal, Martinez, Havana, Tufts & Clarke
Schr Edward O'Brien, Davis, Baltimore, L H Gale
Schr Mary, Pratt, New York, Harrod & Quarles
Schr Empress, Spiers, Apalachicola, J Armington
Schr Hannah & Elizabeth, Chan, Apalachicola, Wilcox & Fearn

ARRIVED,

Steamboat Pocahontas, Hobbie,—having towed to sea brigs Pandora and Catherine; and passed a Mentore—hen't up from sea ships Talahassee and Florida. Reports 6 sail a night off S W bar—passed in the river ship citizen, and several sail, names not known.

Ship Talahassee, Glover, 43 days from Liverpool, to L H Gale, with assorted cargo, to B Booth & co; Martineau, Cruger & co; V David; A & J Dennistoun & co; Vance and Miller; York, Macalester & co; Taylor, Grimshaw and Stone; J C Thaing—*Passengers*, the celebrated authoress Catharine Hyde, Marchioness Broglia, M Solaroe and J Graham, 2 in the steerage. *Memoranda*, The ship George packet of the —— from Liverpool, was ashore off Sand Island, lost her rudder, having been on shore in the late gale; the Wm Penn of Philadelphia, had sunk on Hoyle, in 5 fathoms water, part of her cargo would be saved in a damaged state; several reported to have gone ashore on the coast of Texas. March 3d, spoke in the channel, ship Samuel Knight of Portsmouth, which left Liverpool on the 17th Feb. she had springing a leak and had thrown part of her cargo, salt, overboard, and was making considerable water at the time.

Packet ship Florida, 18 days from N York, Tracy, master, to P Laidlow—assorted cargo to Thomson & Grant; M Walter; H Bonnafs; capt Tracy; Yorke, Macalester & co; Morgan & co; P Furst; Brander, M'Keana & Lee; Foster & Hutton; Stetson & Avery; Vance & Miller; Reynolds, Byrne & co; Hatchkiss & co; R R Springer; J Gilles; Dart & co; J Gallagher; Tourne & Beckwith; White & co; Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; J S Playford; Field & co; J Dunlap; Agurncy; W & J Montgomery; Merle & co; Newton & co; Psech & Bien; J Minturn; and order—*Passengers* 260 U S troops, destined for Missouri, under the command of lieut. J Leomas, 1st regt, lieut. M Nute, 6th regt and Dr P Minis, of 6th regt.

Ship Gloscester, Lane, from Boston, to the master; consigned to Andrews & brothers; Bridge & Vose; W G Howes; all the master

Ship Home, Mitchell, from Greenock, to Holmes & M'Dowell—in ballast.

Steamboat Columbia, Laurent, from Bayou Sarah, cargo cotton, sugar, &c to Reynolds, Byrne & co; A Lacoux; J Linton; M White; J Hagan & co; A Fisk, Watson; Quartier & Boutin; J B Plauche & co; B Lacoste; Dennistoun; Rogers & Slocomb, B Green—70 pass.

Steamboat Powhaton, Young, 7 days from Louisville, cargo, flour, whiskey, tobacco, hams, beans, &c to Stout, Byrne; M & P Maher; R R Springer; Ryan & Cassin; A L M Damarin; Tufts & Clark; Bogart & Hawthorn; Crebare; Stetson & Avery; Wilcox & Fearn; Sledge & M'Kenzie; Brander, M'Kenna & Lee; Martin, Pleasant and co; and others—9 pass.

MEMORANDA.

Hence at Marseilles, 9th Feb, the Delight, Story.

Cleared at New York for this port, 26th March, Lotus, Watts; Ship Saratoga, for this port, put to sea the same day.

The Citizen and the Tacitus were taken in at Liverpool for this port on the 22d Feb.

Hence at Clyde, 12th Feb, the Jane, Kitchie.

The Henry Lee, which left Havre for this port, on her way in distress at Cowes on the 17th Feb., having her rudder head broke.

Hence at Providence, March 24th, brig Corinthian, Ryburn; brig Rome, Dyer.

Free School Lottery

TENTH CLASS—DRAWS ON SATURDAY

MANAGERS' OFFICE.

No. 71, Common street, opposite Bishop's hotel.

63 NO. LOTTERY—10 DRAWN BALLS.

SCHEME.

1	of $[illegible]	is	$15,000
1	[illegible]		5,000
1	2,000		2,000
1	2,000		2,000
1	1,614		1,614
5	1,000		5,000
10	600		6,000
100	200		20,000
53	80		4,240
53	40		2,120
106	20		2,120
106	20		2,120
2,027	10		20,270
12,780	5		63,900

16,695 Prizes, Amounting to $165,844

PIECE OF TICKETS—Whole tickets, $2,50 quarters $1,25. Packages of 21 tickets, comprising the numbers, $105, warranted to draw not less than 3 and may draw the three highest capitals. Packages of halves and quarters in the same proportion.

april 9 LAWTON & MEAD, Managers.

TO be sold amicably, the following slaves, to wit: A negro man aged 24, a good cartman, and very used on a plantation; Mat, aged 30 years, a field negro; Cesar, aged 25 years, field negro and very intelligent carter; Lindsay, aged 24 years, field negro; Rita, house and nursery servant, aged 27 years; Major, negro boy, aged 7 years, all of whom are acclimated, having been 4 years in the country. Apply at 144, Burgundy st, between Conti and Bienville streets, St Louis. Terms—1 year's credit in approved endorsed paper, with mortgage until final payment. Those who are not amicably disposed of, are to be sold on Wednesday the 17th inst they will on that day be exposed for public sale at the Exchange, at 12 o'clock, by Dutillet, a

TOBACCO.—75 hogsheads de la Vuelta de Abajo, St. Domingo, 150 do Cuba, and a large assortment of Spanish and other Cigars. Apply to

april 1 W. H. TAYLOR, No 16, St. Louis st.

MR. WALLACK'S SECOND NIGHT.

THIS EVENING, APRIL 12,

Will be presented the popular comedy of

THE HUNCHBACK.

Master Walter : : : : : : : Mr Wallack
Sir Thomas Clifford : : : : : : Mr Caldwell
Modish : : : : : : : : Mr Thorne
Julia : : : : : : : : Miss Placide
Helen : : : : : : : : Mrs Rowe.

After which, the interesting farce of

THE THREE HUNCHBACKS.

Chartres-street, No. 43, between Bienville and Custom-house, in the upper part of the Globe Coffee-House.

TEMPLE OF ILLUSIONS OR TRAVELLING COSMORAMA EXHIBITION.—The following views can be seen:

The eruption of Mount Vesuvius in 1779;
The ancient city of Athenes;
London and Bridge of Black Briar on the Thames;
The Square House at Nimes;
The port of Rochefort, Bordeaux, &c.
And several others.

The Cosmorama is open every day from 10 o'clock in the morning, till 10 o'clock in the evening, the days when the sun shines. Admittance 50 cents. ma2

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.—On Tuesday the 9th inst, in the afternoon, an individual by the name of Joseph Dunlevy, came to hire a horse at our establishment, for one hour, for the purpose of going to the rail road; since that time neither he nor the horse has been heard from. From information, which we have taken, it seems that said James Dunlevy is known under the alias of Dr Mead, according to circumstances.

Pyramus, the horse, is 6 years old, dark sorrel and fifteen hands high. Ten dollars will be paid to whoever will bring back the horse, and $50 for the arrest of said Joseph Dunlevy alias Dr Mead. It is supposed that he may have gone to Baton Rouge, or across the lake.

a 12-3t J. L. RARASSA & Co.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans. Present the honorable Charles Maurian, Judge. No. 6839—Jean Bertus, vs. his creditors, for respite. Upon reading and filing the petition and other documents in this case, it is ordered by the court, that a meeting of the petitioners creditors take place at the office of Hughes Pedesclaux, Esq. Notary Public, on Monday, the 22d day of April inst. then and there to deliberate on the affairs of the petitioners; and in the mean time, all proceedings against his person and property are stayed. By orde of the court:

Clerk's Office, April 11th, 1833.

ap 12 F. BUISSON, deputy clerk.

A SITUATION wanted by a young man as salesman in a dry goods store, who has a knowledge of the business and would be willing to remain through the summer Satisfactory references as to character can be given. A line addressed to G S, and left at this office, will be attended to. a 12—3t

HAS been brought to the subscriber's a brown cow with her calf; she has no brand on her, her belly is white. The owner is requested to take her back and conform to the law. If 10 days after publication of this notice, said animals are not claimed, they will be sold at auction, for the account of whom it may concern.

JEAN BAPTISTE ELOI,
a 12 Corner of Analous and Clio sts, faubourg Soulet.

NOTICE.—The copartnership heretofore existing between Charles Durand and Pierre Laurond, being dissolved by the death of the latter. All persons having claims against said firm, are requested to present their amounts to the subscriber for settlement.

CHARLES DURAND,
a 12 Faubourg Saulet.

COURT OF PROBATE.—State of Louisiana, Parish of Plaquemines—Whereas Jacques Bachemin of the city of New Orleans, has petitioned the court to be appointed administrator of the succession of the late Mrs Henriette Lessard, deceased wife of the late Jacques Bachemin: Notice is therefore given to all whom it may concern, to shew cause within ten days why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

G. LEONARD, Judge.
Parish of Plaquemines, April 11, 1833. a 12

W. T. Thompson vs. Joseph Titus, the State of Louisiana vs the same; E. J. McMahon vs the same.

BY virtue of three writs of fieri facias, directed to me, by the honorable G Pierrat, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Wednesday, the 15th of may next, at 12 o'clock noon, at Hewlett's coffee house, corner of St Louis and Chartres sts, the negro woman named Julie, aged about 35 years, and her child named Harriet, seized in the above suit.

a 12 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

L. C. Hucanison, tutor of Thos. Kernan, vs. James Hanahan.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, by the honorable P Smith, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Wednesday, the 24th of April, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, in Bourbon street, No. 366, 1 bedstead, 1 table, 1 bureau, and 6 straw chairs, seized in the above suit.

ap 12 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

Inner Exis vs. Steamboat Waverly, captain and owners—Dugan Brothers vs. the same—A. L. M. Damarin vs. the same.

By virtue of three writs of fieri facias, to me directed, by the judge of the [illegible] I shall expose for sale on Tuesday, the 14th of May, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's coffee house, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, the steamboat Waverly, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, seized in the above suits.

april 12 L. DAUNOY, Marshal.

COURT OF PROBATE.—Sale by the Register of wills.—On Tuesday, the fourteenth day of May, 1833, at noon, I will expose for sale at Hewlett's coffee house, for account of the succession of John Jackson, deceased, the two slaves hereinafter described, viz: a negro woman named Charlotte, aged 20 years; and a negro woman, named Polly, aged about 21 years.

Terms of Sale—six and twelve months credit, for good endorsed notes with mortgage until final payment.

By order of the court.

W. F. C. DUPLESSIS,
Register of wills.

N. B. The acts of sale to be passed before Wm. Y. Lewis esq. notary public, at the expense of the purchasers. a 12

COURT OF PROBATES—Sale by the Register of wills.—On Tuesday, the fourteenth day of May, 1833, at noon, I will expose for sale at Hewlett's coffee house, for account of the succession of Jean Baptiste Fregey, deceased, the two slaves hereinafter described, viz:

A negro man named Jean Baptiste, aged about 35 years; and negro woman named Celine, aged 25 years.

Terms of sale—one third cash, and the balance at 6 and 12 months credit, in approved endorsed notes with special mortgage. By order of the court.

W. F. C. DUPLESSIS, R. of wills.

N. B. The acts of sale to be passed before Felix de Armas, esq. notary public, at the expense of the purchasers.

ESTATE OF THE LATE DAVID MULLONY.—By an order of the honorable the court of Probates in and for the parish of Jefferson, dated 10th April inst., will be exposed for sale, for cash, on the premises occupied by the late David Mulloy, in faubourg Lafayette, on Monday 22d instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M. the following articles, to wit:—The household furniture, the articles composing a grocery store, the dry goods and other effects, and all the ferry boats. Also, 20,000 shingles and 1100 cieb boards, and an iron chest.

a 11-2t J. M. HARANG, judge.

THE undersigned will expose for sale on Saturday next, the 13th inst, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Exchange, a house servant negress, named Nancy; she is one of the most laborious ever known in the country: can do as much work in the house as two women; she is 20 years of age, speaks English and French, she is pretty good cook and can make pastry and ice creams. She is warranted against all diseases, not against vices. Terms—6 and 12 months credit, in approved endorsed paper, and mortgage until final payment.

a 13 A. LACOUTURE.

John Dunn vs. Ellen Turbes.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, by the hon. Wm Grivot, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose for sale on Monday, the 22d of April, at 4 o'clock, p m, at the principal, six windsor chairs, one bedstead, &c, seized in the above suit.

a 11 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE OF THE CITIZENS BANK OF LOUISIANA.

BY virtue of the powers with which the undersigned are invested by an act to incorporate the Citizens Bank of Louisiana: Notice is hereby given, that the books for the subscription to the stock, will be opened on Tuesday the 30th instant, at Mr. John B. Lafontaut's house, in Royal street, No. 175, between Toulouse and St Peter streets, and remain open every day (Sundays excepted) from 10 o'clock, A. M., until 3 o'clock P. M., for the period of four months, ending on Friday the 30th day of August.

By the 3d section of the charter, it is declared "that it shall be competent to all persons who shall be in good faith the owners and possessors of real property within this state, and to all bodies corporate and politic authorized and empowered thereto in law, to become subscribers to the capital stock of said bank."

And by the seventh section of said charter, it is provided that "no person shall be permitted to subscribe, who shall exhibit to, and place in the hands of the managers, commissioners, or directors, as the case may be, or the person employed by them to receive subscriptions, a public and authentic act of sale, a patent, concession, or certificate of confirmation of title, from the land office of the United States, or of partition or judicial sale of property legalized, or other good and sufficient proof of title to the property offers as the basis of his subscription, to be adjudged of by the said managers, commissioners, or directors, and to their satisfaction."

M. G. CUCULLU,
JOSEPH LEPRETRE,
P. MARICOU,
A. PETROS,
GEO. CHAHEY,
HENRY PERRET,
CH. LERSEPS.

BY F. DUTILLET.

ON Tuesday, 23d instant, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the premises, corner of Bourbon and Orleans streets, will be sold the furniture, liquors, &c., of a coffee and eating house, for account of the creditors of Paul Vidal: Terms at sale. a 12

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Monday, 15th instant, at 4 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, will be sold the contents of the Commerce Coffee House, Conti street, opposite Richardson's hotel, consisting of counters, shelves, tables, a good billiard table, (with cushions of mahogany,) &c. Terms at sale. a 12

BY H J DOMINGON.

WILL be sold on Monday, 15th inst, at 10 o'clock in the morning, at the Furniture warehouse in Camp No 18, under Bishop's Hotel, the remainder of the furniture consisting of sofas, bureaus, chairs, &c &c. Conditions at sale. a 12

BY L. LEVY.

SALE OF HATS, SHOES AND CLOTHING. At store, No. 98, Canal street, will be sold on Monday, the 15th instant, without reserve, the stock of store, consisting of a well assorted stock of the above articles, of which are fine cloth coats, frock coats, pantaloons, vests, &c., well adapted to the season, made expressly for this market. The articles can be examined at any time previous to the sale. Terms—All sums under $100, cash, over $100, 60 days credit, for satisfactory endorsed notes. a 12

BY JACOB LEVY.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS ON THE RAILROAD, NEAR THE RIVER.

ON Saturday, the 20th inst. will be sold at Hewlett's Exchange, 5 valuable building lots, viz: No. 1, measures 22 feet 10 inches 7 lines, fronting the corner on the railroad, by 100 feet on Casa Calvo street. No. 2, measures 22 feet 10 inches 7 lines, fronting the railroad by 100 feet deep. No. 3 and 4, same dimensions as No. 1 and 2. No. 5, measures 23 feet on Casa Calvo street, by 91 feet 7 inches 6 lines in depth. Behind lot No. 4, is 4 feet 10 inches 7 lines measurement, fronting Casa Calvo streets, and is reserved for the joint use of lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

The buildings will be sold seperately after the adjudication of the lots, and are to be removed before the 1st day of May next. Terms liberal, and will be made known at the time of sale. Acts of sale to be passed before C. Pollock, Esq. Notary Public, at the expense of the purchasers. a 12

BY JACOB LEVY.

LARGE CLOTHING SALE. On Tuesday next, 16th instant, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at No. 17, Custom House street, the entire stock of ready made clothing of that establishment, as the owner is about leaving this city, for the north. The stock consists of about 300 dozen of assorted Marseilles, Valencia, silk satin and a variety of other vests, 100 dozen drilling Cottonade, jean, Rouen and Merino Cassimere pantaloons, 1000 roundabout jackets of white and colored drilling, flemish, white linen, &c., summer frock and dress coats of merino, jean, linen, &c.; duck pantaloons and shirts, cottonade and fustin negro clothing; about 150 pair superior cord pantaloons, and a variety of other goods, which have been received per latest arrivals from New York, and will be sold without reserve.

Country merchants are respectfully invited to attend, as a great part of the goods are adapted to the country trade.

Terms—All sums under $100, cash, from $100 to 300, 60 days credit over $300 4 months, for satisfactory endorsed notes. a 12

John F. Miller and William Gormley vs. Constantine Kepter.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By an order of seizure, to me directed, by the honorable, the first judicial district court will be sold for cash at the parish court in the faubourg Lafayette, at 10 o'clock, p m, on the 11th day of May next, the following 4 lots of ground, situated in the Religieuse faubourg designated as follows, to wit: 1st. A lot of ground No 70, in square No 7, measuring 30 feet front on Hercules Quay, by 120 feet deep between parallel lines, English measure, bounded on one side by lot No 71, on the other side by the lot No 79, and in the rear by parts of lots Nos 74 and 75, together with all the improvements, rights and privileges, thereto belonging. 2d. A lot of ground No 71, situated in the same square as the lot first above mentioned, fronting on Hercules Quay, having the same measurement as said first mentioned lot, bounded on each side by lots No