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NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 10, 1855.

THE DAILY BEE.

Thursday Morning, May 10th, 1855.

THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates.

THE GAME OF WAR.

War is an expensive luxury. It cannot be indulged in save at a frightful cost. We could wish that some skillful calculator, better versed in the science of arithmetic than ourselves, would undertake to furnish an approximative estimate of the amounts actually expended by the various European powers which are involved in the present struggle. The calculation could not justly be confined to England, France, Turkey and Russia, but would necessarily include every power which, in consequence of its position, has been compelled to place its army and navy in a state of warlike preparation.—Thus for example, we have Austria with a cordonal force of half a million of bayonets in the field; Prussia with nearly half that number; and the petty States of Germany actively employed in increasing their strength: Denmark and Sweden providing in season for the anticipated strife—in brief nearly every sovereign in Europe, great and small, taking his measures to the utmost, exhausting his treasury, contracting loans and imposing fresh burdens on the people, in the anticipation, at no distant day, of being called upon to take part in the mighty conflict now impending. We wonder how many hundreds of millions of dollars would suffice to liquidate the expenditure occasioned by these vast preparations, and to what extent the weight of national indebtedness, now forming an inseparable element in the complicated system of European politics, has been increased by the outbreak of war. With a comparatively feeble foe, and in a contest which lasted barely a year, the United States expended nearly a hundred millions, and were left with a debt of $60,000,000. The proportion might be decupled with reference to the war between Russia and the Allies, and would not probably cover the gross amount.

But after all, the mere pecuniary outlay which war necessitates is the smallest of its evils. The fearful misery it inflicts—the terrible loss of life, the thousands who perish "unhonoured, unannealed"; the tens of thousands who are maimed and mutilated for life, the destruction of towns and villages; the breaking up of the quiet, industrial pursuits of peace—these constitute the real horrors of war. Money is but worthless dross compared with human life. The million which have been thrown into the greedy whirlpool count as nothing, but who shall recall the myriads of soldiers who now lie mouldering on the battle fields, or whose shattered forms shame the unruly passions of kings and potentates. The loss of life by the European war, which has not yet lasted twelve months, is stated by a competent authority to reach the enormous and almost incredible figure of 600,000 men. The writer is the Constantinople correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, and the following passages from his last letter will confirm what we have asserted:

Since the commencement of hostilities the wars of the Turks and their allies have been enormous. To the army of Roumelia, under Omer Pacha, the government have sent, altogether, 165,000 men, of whom there are scarcely remaining at present, 75,000, the rest have either been killed in battle or died from disease.—Thirty thousand are at Eupatoria, and the remainder scattered among the various fortifications along the Danube and in the Dobuja. The army of Asia is amounted to 120,000 men, but the loss in Kurdistan has been still more fearful, and now, according to accounts from Gen. Williams, who has been sent up as a military commissioner, to reorganize it, to apply the terms are, would be an abuse of words, as but thirty thousand be fatigued and illness wretches, who are dispersed in the military barracks at Kars and Erzerum, are all that remain of original number. Of the 10,000 sent to Batoum, upon the Georgian expedition, I learn from a letter written by the only surgeon with it, and who has left in disgust, that two thousand remain, and more than one half of these suffer daily. These losses which the Turks have sustained are independent of those in the Crimea, and in endeavoring to quell the insurrection in Albania and the Epirus, which would probably amount to 25,000 more.

By the statements of the English ministry, of the 54,000 soldiers Great Britain has sent to the East, 40,000 have disappeared, and I am sure from the mortality here and in the Crimea they are correct. The French, though silent, have lost the less suffered; from the most reliable sources I learn that their losses have amounted to 60,000 men, whilst the greatly increasing sickness and mortality adds daily to their ranks. These estimates do not include the losses in the Baltic or in the fleets and transports in the Black Sea, yet we have to take into account 50,000 men, without the slight est account being taken of Russian losses. Nor have the Russians suffered less in proportion, and with the commencement of active operations in the spring, I looked for the bulletins of Russia to have swelled to the enormous sum of 800,000 men.

VIRGINIA.

There is a tremendous deal of excitement just now in the Old Dominion, and it bids fair to increase until after the 24th instant. The cause of this grand political hubbub is, as most of our readers know, the canvass for State officers. The contest lies between the Democratic party and the old time Whig Americans, who—failing for Governor are Messrs. FLOURNOY and WISE. Both parties are, or seem to be entirely sanguine of victory, and the amount of bracing on either side is enormous. The Richmond *Enquirer*—Wise's organ—claims ten thousand majority, the papers advocating the American party boast that Flournoy will have a majority thousand. There is a moustrous mistake somewhere, and one or the other party will be convicted of overweening confidence, or sheer brazen lying.

We are frequently asked what we think of the result, the question thereby offering an implied compliment to our political sagacity. If the battle were fought out on paper, the field than Virginia, we should have no hesitation in predicting the triumph of the American party, but the Old Dominion is a very slippery customer. Her political prejudices have heretofore proved inveterate. The Harrison whirlwind left her homeless. Old Zack was beaten there as well as were the Whigs of the Banks Virginia. She has a way of sticking to what her leaders style Democracy, and we apprehend that it will require a conjuction of favorable circumstances as well as gigantic efforts, to effect a change in her opinions. Nevertheless, if ever Democracy is to be defeated in Virginia, this is the auspicious time. Wise is chosen idol of thousands of his own party. The Whigs detest him for his apostacy. The Know Nothings abhor him for his virulent abuse of them. His opponent is the strongest man of the opposition. The Democracy are disheartened by discomfiture elsewhere, and the unpopularity and weakness of the Administration must inspire the spirit of its friends. Nothing but the invincible force of party ties can save Mr. Wise, and we doubt whether this will avail him.

In fine, we incline to the belief that Democracy will be rowed up Salt river at the Virginia election, but we may be mistaken, and we say no harm to political infidelity, we do not advise our friends to wager on the strength of our opinion.

GLENMORA FOR SALE.—Our readers will find in another column an advertisement offering for sale the beautiful villa, known as Glenmora, on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, 35 miles north of Mobile. It is said to be one of the most elegant rural residences in the South, and we should judge from the description to which the public is referred, that as a family abode, splendidly situated in a salubrious region, it offers advantages unsurpassed anywhere. The terms, it is stated, will be made reasonable.—For further particulars, see advertisement.

THE DENTAL GRAVATOR.—We are indebted to John S. Clark, editor, for a copy of this periodical. It is intended to illustrate and expound the principles and practice of Dental Surgery, in a scientific manner, and appears to be conducted with ability and zeal.

DR. H. W. REVIEW.—Our thanks are tendered to E. JOHNSON & CO., No. 68 Camp street, for a copy of the May number of De Bowa' Commercial Review. Among its contents we note an able article, by Mr. Garnett, of Virginia, upon the South and the Union, and Mr. McCord's elaborate review of British commerce, a short paper by Dr. Scott, of California, and a very full one upon education by the Rev. Mr. Marshall, of Mississippi, in which new and striking views are presented to the South. Professor Forshey has a paper upon the railroad system of Texas, and the editor has one upon our new consular and diplomatic system.

☞ Dr. J. C. FAHST has our best thanks for a copy of his Prize Essay on the Basis of Medical Science. It has received the highest encomiums from the ablest European critics.

NEW MUSIC.—We are indebted to PH. P. WERLEIN, Nos. 5 and 7 Camp street, for the following new music:

High Venture Cloud. This magnificent aria from Haydn's oratorio of the Creation, has been admirably adapted to the piano by Wallace.

Rigoletto. This is one of the most charming melodies in Verdi's new opera, and is well arranged as a piece for the piano by the same careful and scientific writer.

The Hazel Dell by Wenzel, with brilliant variations, by Wm Jocho. A fine telling composition, but rather difficult. The variations are better than the theme.

Choice Melodies, comprising "The Last Rose of Summer," "Partant pour la Syrie," and the well known "Sovra il Sen" from the Sonnambula, arranged as compositions for the piano or flute, by L. Drover. They are all carefully adapted to these instruments, and constitute agreeable and useful studies.

The Maiden's Tribute.—A Waltz by J. A. Fowler. Pretty and expressive, and easy withal.

NEW BOOKS.—Our thanks are due the publisher, REDFIELD, through T. L. WHITE, No. 105 Canal street, for the following new works:

The Wonderful Adventures of Captain Priest, a tale of bet incidents, and no plot in particular, with other legends by the author of "A Stray Yankee in Texas." This is one of the most laughter-moving books we have ever read. It is a perfect cure for the spleen.

The Odoherty Papers, by the late Wm. Ginn, annotated by Dr. Shelton Mackenzie.—These volumes comprise various contributions made to Blackwood's Magazine by the learned, witty and lamented author. They will serve to make better known to the American reader a writer of wonderful versatility, vivid imagination, ripe scholarship and overflowing humor.

"ALONE."—By Marion Harland, of Richmond, Va., 10th edition. A. Morris, publisher. We noticed this novel on its first appearance, about a year ago. Since that time it has passed through nine American editions; ten thousand copies of a London reprint have been sold in England; and it has recently been translated into French and published in Paris. The English press, especially the London *Times*, has spoken of it in very flattering terms. "ALONE" is the first literary production of its authoress, who is a young Southern lady, a native, we believe, of Virginia. It evinces considerable descriptive power, and its portraits of strong individualities are exceedingly well drawn. It contains, also, several vivid descriptions of life in Virginia, of which the episode of "The Diggenses," a Backwoods' family, is, in many respects, the most masterly. There is rather too much didactic moral talk in it, and in some passages an absence of that art which careful practice alone imparts, is perceptible.—These faults, however, will disappear as the authoress increases her experience. ALONE is a novel which may be admitted without danger into the domestic circle.

FATHER MATHEW.—The Young Men's St. Patrick's Association of Montreal are taking measures to assist Father Mathew, who, at last accounts, was in Madeira "suffering from actual want."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Mobile papers of Tuesday contain incomplete returns of the election held on the day previous for a Judge of the Probate Court. In 14 precincts, Mr. Hitchcock, the American candidate, received 1774 votes, and Mr. Meek, his opponent, 709—majority 1065. The remaining precincts will increase Hitchcock's majority to about 1,200. The Mobilians are greatly rejoiced at the result.

Last week several respectable citizens of Goshen, N. Y., in view of the prohibitory law going into effect, decided to lay in a stock of good liquor for family use. A man in the vicinity undertook to supply them with a choice article, which he represented as having been stored away ten years. A few days after, one of the purchasers thought he would try the article, when, to his astonishment, he found he had been "sold" most unmercifully—the liquor being the vilest kind of trash, worth about forty cents a gallon. An indignation meeting was immediately called, and the unfortunate purchasers waited en masse upon the seller, whom they compelled to refund the money and collect the liquor. Not content with this, he was sentenced to swallow a pint of the trash, which sentence was immediately carried into execution. He was seized and thrown upon his back, a funnel was inserted in his mouth, and a full pint soon found its way down his throat, to the great satisfaction of those who administered the dose.

The Dunkirk Journal says the notorious barber Hall arrived in town on Saturday last, from the South, in charge of officers. An examination of his conduct resulted in sending him to Mayville Jail, to await his appearance before the Grand Jury. Mr. P. Field, the gentleman robbed by Hall of about $1400, says he will only recover about $300.

The Halifax papers state that frightful distress exists along the coast, between Meramichi and Shippigan. The people are suffering awful privations. They have no seed whatever, to sow this Spring, and their future prospects are still more gloomy than their present condition.

The Nova Scotia Parliament has been dissolved by proclamation of the Governor, and a new election has been called for the 22d of May.

A review of the Fire Department at Detroit, hail the companies disbanded in consequence of the passage of the ordinance prohibiting the running of engines on the sidewalks in Jefferson avenue. A large public meeting on the subject will be held this evening.

The Connecticut Legislature met on the 2d inst., when James P. Ellsworth, of New Haven, was chosen President of the Senate *pro tem.*—The House organized by the election of Austin Baldwin, of Middletown, Speaker. The next day the Legislature elected Wm. T. Minor, American, for Governor of the State. The vote stood: Minor 177, Ingham (Dem.) 70. All the other State Nothing candidates for State officers were elected.

Secretary McClelland has issued a circular to the Clerks in the Interior Department, prohibiting them from dealing in Bounty Land Warrants. One Clerk indignantly says he don't see what right the Secretary of the Department has to prohibit their dealing in legitimate articles out of office hours.

At the municipal election at Indianapolis on the 1st, the Know-Nothing ticket was defeated by 500 majority, but that party elected a majority of the Councilmen.

From the Mobile Register of Sunday we learn that Mr. Lockhart, of the firm of Lock Hart & Williams, contractor on the railroad, has had a narrow escape from an assassin.—Near the town of Macon he was fired upon from the woods, but blind aim in which the ball was charged whistling near him: whereupon he quickened the pace of his horses and had barely reached a stopping place when one of them fell dead, having received several of the shot. It is reasonably supposed that the attack was made with the intention of robbing, and that the man, if he had shot Mr. Lockhart, had been to Macon for the purpose of receiving money, and the supposition is strengthened by the fact that a gang of lawless persons infest the neighborhood where the attempt was made.

M. de Tocqueville, replying a few weeks ago to an invitation to attend a banquet given by Americans at Paris to the memory of Washington, wrote:—"There is no grander name in history, and if it was permitted me to choose a place among the men who have left eternal memorials, I would choose, without hesitation, the place of Washington, and I believe that all who are appreciators of beauty and are capable of being enamored of it would compete for his place. May it please God to preserve both the spirit and the works of that great man!"

On Friday week the House of Representatives of Massachusetts adopted by a large majority the proposed amendment to the Constitution of that State, providing that no person shall be eligible to office until he shall have been a resident of the United States twenty-one years. When a motion to reconsider this vote on Monday, a substitute was offered, "that no person shall be eligible to office in the Commonwealth unless he be a citizen by jurisdiction of the United States." The amendment was adopted by a majority yes and nay vote, and being put upon its final passage was lost by 153 to 69, not enough to carry it into the adoption. So it seems that one third of the members of the House are opposed to a total prohibition of foreigners from office. Many members were absent at the time, and it is presumed that another reconsideration will be moved.

A man (unrecognized) was killed on Tuesday week on the Boston and Albany Railroad, by the morning train from Boston, when three miles from Pittsfield. The victim was walking on the track ahead of the morning train. The engineer blew the whistle and supposed the man would get out of the way, but he neither attempted to do so nor even turned his head. He was struck by the locomotive and all most instantly killed.

The Prairie News says that the Know Nothing party in Mississippi are going to elect General John A. Quitman Governor of that State at the next election.

One of the Havana papers, like the London *Times*, is pleased at the Know-Nothing movement in the United States.

E. M. Spilman, Esq., has been elected Mayor of Wavertown, Va. He was on the American ticket. The vote stood, Spilman, 31; Marr, 25.

Colonel Benton is now in Washington, and is prepared to renew his labors with the pen with his accustomed assiduity. He is looking remarkably well.

On the night of the 23d ultimo, according to the Chicago *Tribune*, a respectable citizen of Beloit, Wisconsin, was awakened by the screams of his wife, who saw a man in the house. The husband, as he sprang from his bed, was fired upon by the intruder, who missed his aim. The husband then snatched up his own musket, fired, and the intruder fell dead. Both the occupants thereupon fled to the house of a neighbor, told what had occurred, and, in company with several persons returned, when the father and mother were horrified to recognize in the mangled body of the dead robber, *their own son!* It appears he had descended from his own room by means of a rope ladder and entered the room, where he was shot, through a window. The house had previously been robbed, very mysteriously, of two gold watches.

The cholera has appeared among the emigrant passengers on the Upper Mississippi. On the 23d ult. the steamer *Montana* buried seven of her passengers, victims of cholera, between Keokuk and Dubuque. There were seventeen cases on the *Royal Arch*, during her upward trip to St. Paul last week.

The Savannah Republican of the 5th says: We had a delightful rain yesterday, accompanied with a fall of hail. It was very much needed, both the animal and vegetable kingdoms have suffered for the want of it, for weeks past. The rain continued to a late hour last night.

We are glad to learn that there were fine rains on Thursday at Augusta, Macon and points beyond. The crops have been retarded in almost all portions of the state by the drought, yet good seasons at this time will soon bring them forward. It has been so dry in some of the southwestern counties that planters have found it necessary to haul their drinking water five and six miles, and to drive their cattle, in some instances, from ten to twenty miles.

The New York Tribune states that Wight died on Tuesday morning. The pistol ball was found in the brain. His widow is in a state of mind bordering on insanity, while Clark seems quite cool and self possessed.

RAIN STORM IN CHARLESTON.—The *Courier* of the 4th says:

past eleven o'clock last night, ed by one of the heaviest rain led by thunder and lightning, tinued for some time. The threatened all the afternoon, ty of Columbia a very heavy ling, which completely filled ts inundation.

By Telegraph!

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

FURTHER FOREIGN NEWS!
By the Asia.

The following despatch of the political news by the Asia at Halifax only came to hand yesterday evening, the line having been interrupted for about 24 hours:

HALIFAX, May 7th.—The Asia reports having seen the Collins steamship Baltic, from New York for Liverpool, on the 29th ult.

THE CRIMEA.—The latest accounts from Sebastopol received on the 20th, the Asia's day of sailing, are to the effect that the bombardment continued with unabated vigor.

Russian accounts, however, state that the fire of the Allies was growing feebler.

The Independance Belge had published a despatch stating that the bombardment had been discontinued, but it was from doubtful authority, and was believed to be without foundation in fact. Desperate sorties continued to be made by the Russians on the Allied troops before Sebastopol.

THE CONFERENCE.—Two supplementary meetings had been held by the Vienna Conference, but without result.

Lord John Russell had left Vienna for England.

MENSCHIKOFF NOT DEAD.—The reported death of Prince Menschikoff is again denied, and it is positively stated that he is alive.

AUSTRIA AND PRUSSIA.—It was currently reported that an approximation towards amicable relations, and a treaty of alliance, had been made between Austria and Prussia.

SARDINIA.—The Sardinian Ministry had resigned, probably owing to some difference on the question of the war.

GREAT BRITAIN.—In the British Parliament there had been energetic questioning of the Ministry in relation to the war.

THE FRENCH EXHIBITION.—The opening of the French Industrial Exhibition had been postponed until the 10th or 12th of May.

MONEY MARKET.—The London Money Market was easier than at the date of our last accounts.

The closing quotation of Consols for money was 88¾ @ 88⅞.

River Intelligence—The Ohio Rising.

LOUISVILLE, May 8.—The Ohio is now rising at this point, with seven feet water in the canal. The weather is very cold. The steamer Niagara has arrived from New Orleans.

LOUISVILLE, May 9.—The river continues rising, with 7 feet 3 inches water in the canal. The steamers Niagara and Fanny Bullitt left to-day for New Orleans.

VICKSBURG, May 9.—The steamer Hungarian passed down at 10, A. M., and the J. Landis at 5, P. M., to-day, both bound for New Orleans.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Cotton has declined in this market ¼ of a cent per pound.

Flour has advanced twenty-five cents per barrel.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—Madame Pleasterre, the accomplished prima donna of this theatre, will take a benefit to-night. Those desirous of attending it must secure seats at once, as, from the popularity of the artiste and the strength of the cast, the theatre will be filled to overflow.

PELICAN THEATRE.—We are happy to announce that a complimentary benefit to Mrs. Charles Hill will be given at this establishment on Saturday evening. Webster's amusing farce of "My Young Wife and Old Umbrella," and the thrilling drama of "Alma Mater," by Don Bourcicault, Esq., the distinguished dramatic author, which has kept possession of the stage for thirteen years, will be produced on the occasion. Several crashmen of the "black art" will personate the characters.

FOG OF NEW ORLEANS.—There were nine steamships, 121 ships, 21 barks, 11 brigs and 30 schooners in this port yesterday. All the steamships, 115 of the ships, 18 of the barks, 8 of the brigs and 18 of the schooners were American. The others were principally British.

VANNUCCHI'S MUSEUM will be opened in October next. All the figures destroyed by the late fire will be restored, and many new specimens of the proprietor's skill will be added to the collection. A wax figure of Lola Montez in the form of General Scott was mislaid in the confusion of the conflagration. Any gentleman who has found it, will confer a favor by returning it to the police office of the First District.

IMPRACTICABILITY OF THE RECORDER'S COURT.—Of Alderman Gerard, yesterday, for the purpose of investigating the charges of illegal practices, preferred by the Aldermen against Recorder Kenny, Recorder of the Second District, and Recorder Sauvesour, of the Third. Present, Aldermen Cuttbertson, Pepper, Gillmore, Ingersoll, Tompkins, Barry, Price and Place.

Messrs. Bonford and Dufour appeared for the defendants.

On motion, the reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

Messrs. Bartlett and Bonny, the Committee appointed by the Assistant Aldermen to conduct the prosecution, then stated that the Assistant Aldermen, without wish or intention to conduct the prosecution, had thought it proper to call the attention of the Board to the fact that the Recorder's Court of the Second District, and Recorder Sauvesour, of the Third, prevent Aldermen Cuttbertson, Pepper, Gillmore, Ingersoll, Tompkins, Barry, Price and Place.

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Alderman Cuttbertson then explained the next at precedency to be taken in the trial of the Jones Costa, as had been done in the last sitting, to ingersoll merits. He was of opinion that a day and hour should be fixed on which to receive the answer of the Recorder's Court.

Alderman Tompkins moved that Thursday, the 17th, at 8 P. M., be named, which was put to the vote and adopted. The Board then adjourned.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Hon. J. R. Robertson.*—Sitting in Chambers, yesterday, the following cases were disposed of: Nathaniel T. Eddins, embezzlement, *nol pros.* John T. Burnett, assault and battery, guilty, fine one dollar and costs. Jas. Ryan, assault and battery, *nol. pros.* M. Lyon, assault and battery, *nol. pros.* H. Wolfenstein, assault and battery, guilty, fine one dollar, sentence postponed till Saturday—bonds $400. In the case of David M. Mather vs. Jas. Ryan, Agent of Company—N. New York, the Court decided that the plaintiff recover the sum of $275, with legal interest from 21 April, 1852. Ill. Pitts for plaintiff; Jas. Ryan, for defendant.

His Honor ordered that an injunction be issued from the office of the Clerk of this Court in the case of Miller for the same effect.

FIRST DISTRICT

KING AND BE FAIRBAIN ACTS.—This excellent adviser—quality excellent in practice as in precept—was yesterday acted on by Mary A. Hunter, Ann Wilson, Margaret Columbus and Jane McClure, who lately appeared before Recorder Brigat as prosecutors and defendants in a complicated and bad form. Their quarrels were amicably settled. So may all differences, not only between women, but persons of opposite sexes, be settled in future! It would save both Recorders and reporters a great deal of disagreeable labor.

A WRONGFUL CHARGE.—Thomas Fitzgerald, corner of Roman and Palmyra streets, charged a neighbor of his, named Patrick Donnelly, with robbing him, without provocation, in his own premises. He states that Patrick threw several heavy weights at him, which, if they had been aimed at his head, would have sent him with all his imperfections on his head into the dominions of old Pluto or the spirits from whence that industrious gentleman hails. Andrew Jackson Davis, has derived so many amusing ideas Patrick was remanded to May 12, bonds $300.

SENT DOWN.—Ellen White, Philippa street, state that on April 20, Lizzitt Gomez, a light-designed lady, entered her house, and robbed her of the First District Court. J. Cooper, recently charged with obtaining money under false pretences, is in the Workhouse, was yesterday sent down to Judge Robertson's Court for trial.

A NEW FRAME, &c.—Hurrah! for the new police! The new force is a great moral broom! Long may it sweep our streets of their spiritual nuisances as effectually as it is doing at present. Yesterday 81 arrests were made in the First District; yesterday morning there were 67 persons in the dock of Recorder Bright's Court.

FEMALE OFFENDERS.—Eliza Brady, for being drunk, "kicking up a saint," and using bad words, who love their reputation never wish to talk, was sent to prison for 15 days. Mrs Mary Gilmore, charged with assaulting Mrs. Elizabeth Ann Ellen Harrison, when that lady was asleep, on the fourth of May, was remanded for further examination till May 16; bail $200. Leonard Gilmore, husband of Mrs. Mary Gilmore, was charged by the same person with violently knocking and dragging her about without provocation. He also remanded till May 16; bail's $300. A. J. Harrison charged Ross Bartles, of Tennessee, Grande Gaulin, a gold breast pin from his shirt bosom. Ross was arrested. The deponent did not state, sign any oath, how he persuaded Ross to remove the pin that secured but most unmentionable articles of clothing of which the fine was so attached.

FIRST EXAMINATIONS.—Leon Hunt arrested a pickpocket name d Charles Houston, whom he detected in the act of robbing the pockets of a man, who was lying asleep on a door step on Girod street, of its monetary contents. Examination fixed May 12; bonds $500. Patrick Donnelly arrested for having a box of pearl starch from the store of Phelps & Bradley, was remanded for further examination till May 16; bonds $500. Preston Hughes, f. m. c., was arrested at the instance of William Martin, f. m. c., charged with assaulting and robbing her of a gold watch. Hughes was remanded till May 18; no bail.

BREACHES OF THE PEACE AND LYING OUT.—Twenty-nine persons accused of disturbing the peace and sleeping on the pavements and in wood piles, were variously disposed of by Recorder Bright yesterday.

SECOND BRANCH OF TRUST AT THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL.—The case of Hendrickson vs. Ralph Sherwood, was yesterday dismissed by Recorder Bright. He decided that the alleged offence ought to be made the basis of a civil action, as it was not a criminal case.

SECOND DISTRICT.

SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.—John Tyler, Michael McGee, John Foran and André Honorgo were arrested by the police, as suspicious and dangerous characters, who had no honest callings and could give no account of themselves. The acting Recorder required them to give bonds to keep the peace.

Mr. Jacob Williams, the keeper of a coffee-house in St. Peter street, was arrested for selling liquor without license. Remanded for further examination. J. Smith, not on good friend Joseph Nesbit, but the keeper of an oyster cellar on Chartres street, was also remanded in a similar charge. Pepe, corner Burgundy and St. Peter streets; Nicholas Dimitry, corner Dauphin and St. Louis; Anthony Pedro, Burgundy street—all oyster cellar keepers and all charged with a similar offence, were severally remanded for further examination, and required to give $500 for their appearance. The new police seem determined to teach the spirit dealers that, although philosophers have said that license is incompatible with liberty, they think that license should always precede it and accompany it—as far, at least, as selling "the creature" is concerned.

ASSAULTS AND BATTERY.—Five cases of assault and battery, on persons unknown to fame, by individuals of equally obscure, were disposed of by Assistant Recorder Fabre. As they were cases of no earthly or even supernatural interest, we need not particularize the parties concerned in them.

A SOLDIER DROWNED.—Last Saturday five soldiers from the U. S. Barracks bathed in the Mississippi. One of them got beyond his depths and sank. His body was found yesterday morning about half a mile south of the Barracks. Of course it was perfectly stiff. The name of the unfortunate soldier is William H. O'Brien. He was 18 years of age, and a native of Elizabethtown, New Jersey. An inquest was held on his body by Assistant Coroner Mitchell, and a verdict of "accidentally drowned" returned by the jury.

THE PHILADELPHIA CITY ELECTION.—The municipal election in Philadelphia on the 1st instant, resulted somewhat adversely to the Know Nothings. Though they secured the control of the City Council, their candidates for City Treasurer and Commissioner were defeated by a very small vote. The Democratic and Whigs in many cases united on the opposition candidate to the Know-Nothings. The North American says of the results of the election:

The aggregate vote was not a full one. The results prove, moreover, that the contest was not strictly a contest between political parties, and cannot therefore be received as affording any measure of their relative strength. Thousands of citizens disregarding partisan motives and attachments, cast their suffrages for candidates in view of their personal fitness for office, without reference to the principles under which they were named, and though the popular choice did not fall in all cases on the most deserving, yet in the main it may be accepted as much less unsatisfactory than it might have been.

WHISKERS.—The editress of the Lancaster Literary Gazette says she would as soon nestle her nose in a rat's nest of springle tow, as allow a man with whiskers to kiss her.

We don't believe a word of it! The objections which some ladies pretend to have to whiskers all arise from envy. They don't have any. They would if they could, but the fact is, the cocoline fashion of the lower jaw is fatal to their growth. The ladies—God bless them!—adopt our fashion as fast as they can. Look at the depredations the dear creatures have committed on our razors within the last few years. They have appropriated our shirt bosoms, gold stads and all. They have encircled their soft necks in our standing collars and cravats—driving us men to the flatties and turn downs. Their innocent little hearts have been palpitating in the inside of our waistcoats, instead of thumping against the outside as naturally intended. They have thrust their pretty feet and ankles through our unmentionables—no whisper alias—nothing but ankles—in short, as Micawber would say, breeches.—And they are skipping along the streets in our highheeled boots. Do you hear, gentlemen? we say boots.

☞ A piquant correspondence between Mr. G. B. MATHEW, British Consul at Boston, and the President of the St. George's Society of that city, has made its appearance in the papers. Mr. MATHEW declined attending the anniversary festival of the Society, if, in the toast, "The Queen," was omitted from the programme, and he asks how public sentiment would view the conduct of a company of Americans in London who would purposely refuse to toast the "President of the United States." The President of the Society, after some complimentary remarks upon the Consul personally, replies—"That public opinion would, and ought to, condemn American citizens in England, who should omit their national toast on the celebration of their natal day, or make it give place to a toast in honor of another nation or its ruler. I submit, also, that public opinion ought to condemn American citizens of British birth who place in the first honor the incumbent of a foreign throne. It must be borne in mind that American citizens, and Englishmen who have become American citizens, or the sons of such Englishmen, only can become "members" of the Society of the Sons of St. George, established at Philadelphia, for the advice and assistance of Englishmen in distress, under a charter emanating from the State of Pennsylvania. Englishmen who are not citizens, are admitted as "associates." Mr. MATHEW considers the "charter emanating from the State of Pennsylvania" a humbug, and that it ought to be suspended.

A HUSKY CARPET BAG.—The Buffalo Express relates an amusing incident which occurred at Erie a few days since. A gentleman left Cleveland for New York at an early hour in the morning, without his breakfast, and being very hungry, upon the arrival of the train at Erie, entered the dining room, and placing his carpet bag upon a chair, sat down beside it and commenced a hearty breakfast, when the waiter placed before him. By and by the proprietor of the establishment came around to collect fares, and approaching the gentleman, called, "Dollar, sir!" "A dollar!" responded the eating man, "a dollar—thought you only charged fifty cents a meal for one man?" "That is my fare," responded the landlord, "but I count your carpet bag one, since it occupies a seat" (the table was far from being crowded). Our friend expostulated, but the landlord insisted, and the eater was reluctantly brought forth. The landlord passed on. Our friend deliberately arose and opening his carpet bag, full in the wide mouth, placed himself within it, saying, "Carpet bag, it seems you're an individual—a human individual, since you eat—at least I've paid for you, and now carry you free of charge. Come, old fellow, let's finish everything eatable within his reach, nuts, raisins, apples, cakes, pies, and amid the roars of the bystanders, the delight of the waiters, and the astonishment of the landlord, phlegmatically went and took his seat in the car. He said he had provisions enough to last him to New York, after a bountiful supply had been served out in the cars. There was at least 6" worth in the bag—upon which the landlord realized nothing in the way of profit. So much for meanness.

DAY GOODS SALE.—The attention of buyers is called to the sale of Dry Goods, at auction, place THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 10 o'clock, at H. Peychaud & Co's auction room, No. 28 Old Levee, between Bienville and Customhouse streets. Terms liberal at sale.

☞ The attention of purchasers is called to the sale at auction, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, of 1 Ice House, situated in the Levee, opposite Vegetable Market, Second District, of the cargo of bark Carmian, ex Mary Ann, from Havana, consisting of cigars, limes, oranges, lemons, olives, &c. Those wanting for the Mexican market can purchase in bonds.

☞ We are requested to call the attention of dealers in the ladies' furnishing line, to the sale of fancy and select fresh assortment of Boots, Brogans &c., which will be sold by Murphy & Navins, at No. 49 Magazine street, This Day, at 12 o'clock.

Glenmora, a delightful Summer Residence,

THE owner of the beautiful villa known as Glenmora, on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, 35 miles north of Mobile, desires to sell the property for sale on very liberal terms. It is immediately on the railroad, and is one of the most elegant rural residences, consisting of eighty acres, are varied and beautiful, with an elevation of 240 feet above tide water.

The buildings are all new, very large, and in a the best style of architecture. The grounds are tastefully improved in the country, and adorned with summer houses, tastiary and ornamental shrubbery.

Within 300 feet of the dwelling is an unfailing spring of the purest water, under a bluff 50 feet high, and renders it one of the most desirable and pleasant shower and plunge baths, milkhouse, washhouse and servants' table.

There is an excellent garden of five acres, now in the highest state of cultivation, with all necessary outbuildings, and a fine orchard of peach, pear and fine fruit trees.

The picturesque beauty of the situation, the style and elegance of all the improvements, the free water, the elevation and consequent pure atmosphere and undoubted healthfulness of the climate (no disease ever originated here) render this one of the most desirable retreats in all the South.

Everything necessary for the accommodation of the largest family is now on the premises, and the purchaser will find it ready, in every respect, for his family, at a moment's notice.

It will be sold on very reasonable terms, with or without the furniture, as may be required by purchaser.

There is not, probably, anywhere in the south so elegant a rural residence for sale, and any one desirous of purchasing a home in the south will not be disappointed either in the place itself, or the terms of sale.

Address Geo. L. Pierce, Marietta, Ga., the proprietor on the premises. may10—2w

Notice.

THE steamer MAMY BLACK has been unavoidably detained, and will leave This Day, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for Bayou Boeuf. Further particulars apply on board, or to may10 HALL, RODD & PUTNAM, 4 Front Levee.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned has taken on the 4th inst., near Bayou Bonfouca, about forty logs of planed wood. The owner is requested to call and claim it, and otherwise it will be sold.

may10—1t VICENZO SCORSA.

SEED RICE—Planter's Commercial School.

The subscriber, Commercial Teacher of Mary Street, Jefferson, respectfully gives no fee that he has taken rooms on Mary street, Jefferson, in the house opposite St. Charles Hotel, where his School will be open for a few weeks only.

The following subjection embraces fully the Science of Book-Keeping by Double Entry, Commercial Arithmetic, Penmanship, and Stylographic Copying.

BOOK KEEPING.

This branch is taught on a time-saving system; the production of the subscriber, whose experience as a Practical Book Keeper and Commission Merchant enables him to impart a knowledge of the Profession of this important Science. The system is simple, comprehensive and complete, and concentrated, as it is, from the experience and practice, it cannot fail to reach the understanding of the Student, and to fit him for the duties of the Counting House, or the charge of Books in any branch of business.

C. W. SEMMES, Jr., Principal.

A bold and rapid business hand, or any style preferred, can be acquired in a course of ten lessons.

Specimens of improvement may be seen at the rooms; also, testimonials of success from several hundred gentlemen, comprising members of the Bar, Bank Officers, Merchants, Book Keepers and Clerks.

Morning, Afternoon and Night Classes of one hour each, will be formed. Application may be made at the rooms, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 9, P. M., or at the residence, Bienville.

Terms—Book Keeping, $25; Penmanship, $10; Commercial Arithmetic, $5; Stylographic Chirography, $3; Cards written to order, $3 per pack.

References—Messrs. A. F. Cochran & Hall, and Columbus Moore, Esq., Agent Bank Chartiers.

WILLIAM M. PELOT,
Of Charleston, S. C.

may8—4t

MILLET SEED—10 barrels from Kentucky, for sale by D C LOWBER, Broker.
may9 27 Poydras street

COW PEAS—100 sacks, Carolina, imported expressly for seed, for sale by
D. C. LOWBER, Broker.
may9 tf 27 Poydras st

Wanted.

A FIRST RATE COOK, white woman, French or German (speaking English) preferred, must come well recommended, and have a good situation by applying at 58 Common street. may9 3t

Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN, familiar with the dry goods sale, speaking French and English, with good references, will find a situation at the Red Store, A. Pepin & Co.

NOTICE.

THE creditors of ARMAND BELOT and of his succession are requested to present their claims to the undersigned an account of their claims, and the persons who might be indebted unto the said succession are requested to settle within the shortest delay with the undersigned.

PIERRE DUCONGE, Administrator,
may9 tf No 281 Royal street

Notice.

THE undersigned, wishing to withdraw from business, offers for sale all his goods and distillery apparatus. He avails himself of this opportunity to inform all persons to whom he is indebted to present their bills, and those who are indebted to him to call and settle without delay.

F. ROUMIEU,
may12 tf No. 45 Old Levee street.

Succession A. Simmons.

ALL persons having claims against the above succession are hereby notified to present the same, and those indebted