NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

BY BULLITT, BULLEN & MAGNE.
At No. 91 Conti street.

"TRUTH IS OMNIPOTENT AND PUBLIC JUSTICE CERTAIN."

NEW-ORLEANS:
TUESDAY MORNING MAY 14, 1839.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

HENRY CLAY.

OF KENTUCKY.

Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

THE TIMES—LOCOFOCOS.

It is at crises like the present, that the people are made to feel the effects of financial tinkering—when they are rendered sensible of the deep obligation they owe to the great experimenter, who put his hoof upon the money system, under which the commerce and productive labor of the United States attained to unexampled prosperity, and crushed it. The currency during the existence of the United States Bank, was not sufficiently uniform and stable for the [illegible] dreamers on finance, who then held possession of the government. A bank note circulation redeemable in silver dollars from Cape Sable to the St. John, was deemed defective, and a system of leagued state banks [illegible] a cordon of corporations around the Union, was set up by these wise-acres, as a great panacea for all the evils which had befallen commerce, or could possibly befall it. The exchanges which were then conducted upon a most economical and satisfactory plan were to be regulated and improved. The whole machinery of banking and finance was to be remodified to render such small skill necessary in the management of money institutions, that trade in all its ramifications would be invigorated and extended, without the chance of reverse from local irregularities or embarrassments. What glowing and brilliant promises did not the Globe and kindred prints put forth upon the demise of the monster—Shouting at the tyrant prostrate in the dust, and "commerce again is free," they went forth with songs of rejoicing, swelling the anthem until the land reverberated with repetition of the joyful event. The poor man was told that dollars would be as plenty as blackberries. The sources of wealth would be opened, and the land inundated with money; and many a deluded democrat, in his hut upon the Mississippi, in his dreams, mistook his hard pillow for money bags and the singing of musquitoes for the jingling of gold.

It will be recollected that, during the session of congress, when the U. S. Bank was vetoed and this state bank system was recommended by the last administration, the whig senators comprising some of the ablest men of this or any age, predicted the utter confusion which would overwhelm the currency, and as a consequence commerce; they foretold the very state of things that has happened with a clearness and emphasis of prediction that brought down upon their heads the [illegible] scurrility of the party press. They were denounced as panic-mongers, and false prophets—to be stoned; and when the veto was sustained, by the senate, the locofocos made the welkin ring with shouts of acclamation as if the kingdom of heaven were at hand.

For two or three years after the demolition of the national bank, the consequent multiplication of state institutions gave to every branch of business an unnatural and extraordinary impetus. This seeming prosperity was seized upon by the locofocos as proof irrefragable of the wisdom and foresight of the administration which had overwhelmed the monster. Mr. Calhoun was scoffed at, for stating in the senate that he had no confidence in the inflated condition of trade which preceded the blow up in '37. Soon afterwards when a slight jar in the monetary system, revealed the fact that some of the wheels of the machine were out of gear, the party did not even then abandon their bantling, but said that the ghost of the murdered U. S. Bank had burst the cerements of the grave and frightened some of the local institutions from their propriety. The explosion at length came; these very men immediately set up an outcry against the very system they themselves had forced upon the country, and made a loud lament over the perfidy of the whigs because they were not able to prevent a catastrophe which was foreseen and foretold, and which was brought about by the reckless and unpatriotic measures of the party in power. They have attempted to make the whigs responsible for their own misdeeds, and have sought to fasten the opprobrium of the president's blunders upon those who did all in their power to prevent them. The same thing would occur should Mr. Van Buren, by any hook or crook, succeed in establishing the sub-treasury; upon any disaster happening to that scheme, the party would cut the same fantastic capers they do now, and the whigs would be charged with the crime of ruining the country, as they were upon the general suspension of '37.

Who are responsible for the acts of government, but those who have the control of the government? Who but the administration are answerable for the misdeeds of the administration? Have not the jacks in possession of the treasury, war, navy, post office and state departments, and are they not accountable for the derangements of finance, the mismanagement of the Florida war, the ignoble defalcation of the navy (see Globe 1st August,) the deficiency of the post office department, and the general feebleness with which our affairs with foreign powers have been conducted? Did the whigs put Woodbury or Swartwout in office? No. How then are they blameable [illegible] whilst the other party [illegible] the treasury? The loco focos are responsible for all the evils which have been experienced for the last ten years, for they only have had dominion for that length of time—they have had the power of appointment and removal from office—over the finances, army, &c. of the nation; let them stand forth and be judged by the manner in which they have used that power.

Where stand the whigs now? Where they have ever stood, battling for the established institutions of the general and state governments. They now rally around the state banks as they did around the U. S. Bank. The same insane policy which put down the latter is menacing the former, and the whigs are rallying to avert their destruction, as they strove, though in vain, to avert that of the national bank. What though the state banks may not be able in every respect to supply the place of the U. S. bank, is that a reason why they should be abandoned to the tender mercies of an agrarian mobocracy? Not so. Though the whigs can not enforce a policy of their own, they may stay the tide of desolation for a season, and give a breathing time for the country to come to the rescue. It does not devolve on the whigs to devise a policy for national relief; for they are not in power. They can do nothing whilst the present incumbent occupies the presidential chair, but check the chief magistrate in his purposes of mischief. They may guard and protect such institutions as have escaped the general havoc, but beyond that they can not go. It is not for the whigs to suggest this or that system of finance until they have power to carry their suggestions into effect. When they are in the ascendant, theirs will be the duty to act, and theirs the responsibility.

FROM MEXICO.

By the arrival of the schooner Lone Star, from Tampico which place she left on the 6th inst. we have been put in possession of interesting intelligence in relation to the contest between the government and the federal party. It seems that a prohibition of all intercourse with Tampico has been declared. The port is now closed to commerce. A copy of the decree had been sent to each of the different foreign consuls in the town. What course the latter would pursue was not known.

A letter in the Courier of last evening dated the 3d instant, states that general Mejia was on his march to Puebla and Mexico, and that the government army under Bustamente, had taken up its march from Victoria for Tampico. Their arrival was looked for in 10 or 15 days. The federal force at Tampico was inconsiderable, and the troops destitute of money and resources.

The same letter mentions, likewise, that general Inclain and 1000 troops had been stationed by the government at Perote, and general Vasquez with 2000 men at Huachinango, for the purpose of intercepting general Mejia, should he attempt to ascend the table lands of Mexico.

A conflict between the troops of the two parties is therefore evidently at hand, and the next arrivals may be looked for with interest, as they will probably bring important information in relation to existing hostilities. We shall soon ascertain the real strength of the federalists, and how far they will be enabled to resist the power, influence, and force of the central government.

☞ The loco foco caucus in Baltimore have been grievously disappointed in the result of their secret mission to Washington, to obtain the removal of Mr. Frick, the collector, who had incurred the displeasure of this irresponsible clique, because he had the manliness to refuse unconditional obedience to their behests. It appears that the worthies composing this junto had ordered Mr. Frick to dismiss sundry of his clerks, whose democracy did not seem to them to be [illegible] necessary. The collector having [illegible] they went to the secretary of the treasury, requiring the removal of Mr. Frick, as well as his subordinates. They were, however, very coolly received, and Mr. Woodbury being on a visit to Baltimore a day or two after, called at the custom house, examined the books, &c. and pronounced himself perfectly satisfied, to the utter confusion of the democratic committee, and the infinite rejoicings of the gentlemen of the "party" of which latter the Baltimore Post is the organ, while the Republican declares the enumeration represents the opinions of what it terms the "true grit," which translated, means the veritable "out and out loco-focos. So, for once the "gentlemen" have triumphed.

Steamboat lost.—The Little Rock Times of the 22d ult says: "The steamers Bee and Indian are both sunk in the river above this place—the Bee a short distance below Fort Gibson, and the Indian a high [illegible] Fort Smith. It is thought both will be lost."

The steamboat Astoria, on her passage down the Missouri, ran foul of a snag about 15 miles below Liberty, and immediately sunk in about six feet water; and the sand washing from under one part of her, she broke in the centre. She had on about 100 barrels of flour, and a quantity of bale rope partly insured.—The Astoria was insured to nearly her value.

☞ The controversy between the Louisville postmaster and his clerks still continues. In the "Journal" of the 7th, Mr. H. Ball, one of the clerks, has published a communication; the others are engaged in collecting materials for an exposition, to appear in a day or two, which, it is said, will create no inconsiderable sensation. From what we can gather of this affair, we should say that Mr. Campbell's defence is rather a lame one. But nous verrons.

ALABAMA.

Though the election for governor and members of congress in this state does not take place until August, we already perceive omens of an active and stirring contest. The canvass has been opened in the fifth congressional district in Mobile, and general Murphy, the administration candidate, has to address the citizens in defence of his principles on Saturday last.—There are three candidates in the field in that district—a regularly nominated whig [illegible] democratic candidate, and the late incumbent, Mr. Lyon, whose political opinions are of so intangible and doubtful a character, that he has been affected by both parties, but is nevertheless determined to run upon his own hook. The issue in this district is uncertain—the [illegible] success.

There are four other districts in the state, in one of which—that represented at the last session by Mr Crabb, elected to fill the vacancy [illegible] death of Mr. Lewis—the election of a whig candidate is rendered nearly certain. Crabb beat Ellis, the administration candidate at the special election, several hundred votes. In the other districts, the Van Buren candidates stand the best chance. It is not improbable that the delegation will be divided, as in the last congress, although we perceive, that the locofocos in their calculations of party strength in the 26th congress, usually set down Alabama as good for 4 Van Buren men to 1 whig. The state has hitherto been tolerably attached to the administration, and we have no reason to believe that she has changed her faith.

HOMICIDE.

The Opelousas Gazette of the 4th, states that Harris McNew, of the Atchafalaya, was shot a few days since, on the Courtableau by John De Priest, and died instantly. McNew was intoxicated, and proceeded towards the bayou with the avowed intention of killing De Priest and his brother, who were on their way home in a skiff. He overtook them at Caswell's on the bayou, where they had landed. A conflict ensued. While McNew was in the act of drawing, or after he had drawn a pistol, John De Priest who stood near fired with his rifle, and McNew fell dead. De Priest gave himself up, and has been committed to await his examination.

The Attakapas Gazette proposes Alexander Mouton, as a candidate for governor in 1842. The whigs, we fancy, will have a word to say to that nomination.

Another attempt at murder and robbery.—A Mr. Yeizer of Clinton, Miss., started from Jackson, a few evenings since, with $4000—about a mile from Jackson, he was fired at by two men; but missed. He was then pursued by the scoundrels, who, at one time came so near him as to cut the pocket book in Mr. Y.'s pocket in two, and to cut through his coat. He succeeded in leaving them behind, after running his horse about two miles.

FOURTEEN PERSONS BLOWN UP.

The Hagerstown Torchlight of the 2d inst. has a [illegible] announcing that the store of Daniel Roth, in Hancock, Md. was blown up on the night of the 1st, and that fourteen persons, who were in the store, were either killed or dreadfully wounded. It is said that two open kegs of powder had been left standing by the counter, into one of which the snuff of a candle was accidentally thrown. The names of the unfortunate inmates of the store at the time of the explosion are not given. Six persons were dangerously wounded, some with arms, others with legs broken, and all with their faces mangled in the most dreadful manner. Several of the sufferers are not expected to live.

Gentleman's Monthly Magazine.—Grenville Mellen and Wm. Cutter, Esqrs. are about publishing in New York a monthly periodical bearing the above title, the first number to make its appearance on or about the 1st June. The editors are men of well known talent, and they have already engaged the contributions of able pens.

Madame Nelli, an excellent singer, and a lively and accomplished actress, who has long been a favorite on the French boards, takes her benefit this evening. Her bill is highly attractive, comprising, among other entertainments, Auber's beautiful opera "the Bronze Horse."

COUNCIL OF THE MUNICIPALITY No. 1.

Session of Monday, 13th May.

Mr. Canon was called to the chair by an almost unanimous vote.

Mr. D. Augustin was then re-elected secretary for the ensuing year.

A message from the mayor was read, the first paragraph of which is relative to the opening of Barracks street. The mayor is of opinion, that this measure will cost too large a sum in the present situation of finances, inasmuch as a certain number of the owners of the land crossed by this street, will abandon their property to the city, at the assessment price. He also transmits the opinion of one of the attorneys of the municipality, Mr. Canon, whose advice is, that all proceedings be discontinued.

This article was referred to a special committee composed of Messrs. Buisson, J. Duel, and F. Leisle.

The council then proceed to the election of the officers of the municipality.

A motion to sit with closed doors was negatived by a large majority.

The first nomination was that of treasurer. Mr. Francis Duplessis was elected by 17 votes, against 7 gained by the present incumbent, Mr. F. Guesnon.

Mr. Guirot was elected comptroller by 25 votes.

For the office of surveyor two candidates share the votes, Messrs. Pourgeroit and Frederick Wilkinson. Two ballots taking place without any result, the election was, on motion of Mr. Amitage, postponed till the next meeting.

Two ballots took place for the election of printer.—At the second, Mr. Bayon, of the Louisianian, was elected by a majority of 13 votes against 10 given to Mr. St. Romes, of the Courier.

The election of the attorneys of the municipality excited a short discussion. A motion was offered to suppress one of these offices and to elect one attorney only [illegible]. A second motion to adjourn the election until the council be decided on [illegible]; after the yeas and nays [illegible] majority [illegible] 9.

Collector of the poll duties, Mr. Marié, 18 votes.

Collector of the duties on drays, hawkers, pedlars, &c. W. D. Lambert, 20 votes.

Collectors of the duties on cabarets, hotels, boarding houses, &c. Mr. E. Lindsay, 23 votes.

Commissary of the Vegetable market, M. Biego Manchon, 21 votes.

Commissary of the Meat market, Mr. Joseph Prados, 22 votes.

Constables (these officers are to take the place of the commissaries of police, by virtue of a recent ordinance.)

Messrs. St. Vilme,	19	votes.
" Marie,	18	"
" Wiotte,	17	"
" Kuass,	16	"
" G. Meynie,	15	"

For the office of Jail-physician, three successive ballots gave no result between Messrs. Harris, Mough and Guesnard. The election is postponed until the meeting of next Monday.

Captain of the Guard,	Mr. Jacob Hart,	19	votes
1st Lieutenant	" Delery,	24	"
2d "	" Flores,	23	"

The council before proceeding to the election of Wharfinger, adjourned till Monday next, 20th inst.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The arrival of the South America, at New-York from Liverpool, furnishes European intelligence seven days later than our last. The dates from Liverpool are to the 8th April. The political news is not of great importance. We lay before our readers the most interesting items.

The Susannah Dennings, from Liverpool at Boston, brought London papers to the 5th ult., containing Paris dates to the third. All the information they contain is comprised in the news brought by the South America.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival of the South America, Capt. Barstow, on Saturday evening, we received Liverpool papers of the 6th and London of the 6th of April. The sales of cotton at Liverpool for the week ending the 5th, were unusually light, amounting to only 7,660 bales, at a decline of 1/4d. to 3/8d. per lb. on American descriptions. Flour was larger barrel higher. —*New York Gazette.*

London, April 5th.—Sales of stock continue to be made for the account of the Bank of England, and no doubt whatever now exists that the operation is intended to draw in the circulation of notes. With the knowledge and opportunities possessed by the directors, it is thought in the city that they might have borrowed a hint from the Scotch banks, who seem to have had a suspicion near three months ago of what was coming on; and disposed then of the greater part of their investments in government securities. The bank directors, whether justly or not, evidently apprehend some crisis to be near at hand, and it is expected that after the payment of the dividends, they will increase their efforts for the contraction of the currency. Notwithstanding the enormous amount of bullion lately sent out of the country, no perceptible influence is produced on the exchanges, and the large importations of corn are so far from having affected the market, that the price is again rising, and the expectation is that there must be in the [illegible] the whole, one of the largest importations of grain this country has ever known. That [illegible] to circulation is very injurious to the spring trade of the country [illegible] enterprise, for the customers who have [illegible] large transactions until they [illegible] and our manufacturers, as a necessary consequence, too suffer.—*Times.*

London, April 6.—Evening.—The only feature worth attention during the course of the morning, [illegible] Consols appeared [illegible] further improvement [illegible]; same for the account. This may be attributed to the report of the banks contributing to [illegible] three-a-half per cents. Exchequer bills lower [illegible].

It is stated that the city of Mobile, which had lately [illegible] bonds [illegible] to bear interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, [illegible] ten years, and the interest to be paid half yearly [illegible] last August's dividends had only been [illegible] in part, and the February dividend [illegible] unpaid; this has caused great inconvenience to the holders of the bonds, and the nature of those here [illegible] the future [illegible] the people of America [illegible] foresee that their securities in Europe will be [illegible] by no means the highest estimation, and command the highest prices, that they do at present.

We this day publish the revenue accounts for the quarter. It will be seen that the revenue continues to increase. On the year ended 5th April 1839, as compared with the year ended 5th April, 1838, there was an increase of £2,132,866. On the quarter ended 5th April, 1839, as compared with the quarter ended 5th April, 1838, an increase of £6[illegible],343. On the customs, the increase for the year is £1,053,479, for the quarter £310,800. On the excise, the increase for the year is £134,034, for the quarter £135,6[illegible]8. On the stamps the increase for the year is £148,101. On all the branches there has been an increase for the year, and a decrease for the quarter of only £7,841 on the stamps, and £22,000 on the crown lands. —*Morning Chronicle.*

Bank of England.—Quarterly average of the Weekly liabilities and assets of the Bank of England, from the 8th of January, 1839, to the 2d April, 1839, both inclusive, published pursuant to act 3 and 4 William IV., cap. 98.

Liabilities.		Assets.	
Circulation,	£18,171,000	Securities,	£22,967,000
Deposits,	8,998,000	Bullion,	7,073,000
	£27,369,000		£30,080,000

Downing street, April 5, 1839.

This return shows an increase of 73,000l in the amount of the circulation, and of 999,000l in that of the securities, while the deposits have been diminished 666,000l, and the amount of bullion is 1,038,000l lower.

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION.

It is evident from the tone of the London ministerial papers that the British government have commenced in earnest sincerity to settle the boundary question without further delay. It is not improbable that the present arrival has brought important dispatches on the boundary question to the British minister at Washington. They were to have been forwarded either by this packet or the Liverpool.

The following exposition of the boundary question is from the London government organ of April 4th:

Boundary question.—It has been stated that Her Majesty's government and the American representatives at this court had agreed upon the basis of an arrangement of the north-eastern boundary line, which had been forwarded for the consideration of the American government. The fact, however, is not so. The state of the case at present is this:

In 1831 the king of the Netherlands gave his award. This was accepted by Great Britain. To an application to the government of Washington for their acceptance of the award, the reply was, that as the state of Maine rejected it, the central government could not accept it. At a subsequent period the matter was pressed upon the government at Washington, but still without effect. A proposal was then made by the British government, that the disputed territory should be equally divided between the state of Maine and the province of New Brunswick. This offer was also rejected, the state of Maine declaring positively that it would accept of no conventional line. That state required that the territory should be surveyed, and the boundary line struck according to the treaty of 1783. To this, of course, the British government can have no objection, however much they might have preferred less dilatory mode of arrangement.

It would, however, be manifestly useless to appoint a commission without a clear preliminary understanding between the two governments as to the principles by which the inquiry is to be regulated. The proposition of the British government will be forwarded to the United States by the next packet.

From other official statements, we gather the belief that the British ministry intend to abandon entirely all attempts to define the boundary [illegible] of the treaty of 1783, and to take up the question *de novo*. It also appears that this plan was proposed by Mr. Stevenson to Lord Palmerston several months ago, but that the latter never told it to his colleagues till the late outbreak. The dispatches just arrived, or about to arrive in a day, will contain the above propositions from Lord Palmerston, with the view to look at the state of the frontier, to consider what is necessary to preserve peace, and to remove any cause of further collision. To effect this, the British government deem it desirable to make an interchange of territory, or pay a sum to be fixed as the value of that tract which the British government want, as soon as America can substantiate her claim to it by equitable proof. The London "Times" violently denounces this arrangement of fresh surveys, and new commissioners, re-asserts the claim to exclusive jurisdiction, and says that if the new survey establishes England's right to the territory, the woodsmen and sympathisers will organize a war, *pro aris et focis*, against England, within her own territorial boundary, and that the feeble government of Mr. Van Buren or his successor will tacitly suffer this which they are too imbecile to prevent.

France.—Louis Philippe has at length ushered a new batch of ministers into the political world, and this he has most ingeniously done, without putting an end to the ministerial crisis. Finding it impossible to form a cabinet, agreeable to himself and capable of carrying on the business of the country, he has patched up a sort of make-shift administration, which can command neither respect nor confidence from any party; its existence being confessedly of a mere temporary character, and not at all likely to extend beyond a very few weeks, perhaps not beyond a few days.

The following is the personnel of this new administration, which, on its appearance, was immediately saluted by the Paris wits with the endearing sobriquet of the *April fool ministry*.

M. Gasparin, peer of France, minister secretary of state for the interior.

M. Girod (de l'Ain) peer of France, keeper of the seals, minister of justice and ecclesiastical affairs.

The duke of Montebello, peer of France, minister of foreign affairs.

Lieutenant-general Despans Cubieres, minister of war.

Baron Tupinier, (a deputy) minister of marine and of the colonies.

M. Parant, (a deputy,) minister of public instruction.

M. Gautier, peer of France, minister of France.

M. Gasparin, (a former minister of the interior) minister *ad interim* of public works, commerce and agriculture.

The Moniteur accompanies the announcement of this list of illustrious obscurities by the following apologetic appeal—"The negotiations, commenced for some days past, for the formation of a ministry, have not, as yet, produced any result. We have every ground for belief, that the obstacles will not be of long duration. However, such a state of affairs could not be prolonged without compromising seriously the moral and material interests of the country. It was necessary that the session should open, and that the chamber should be constituted. The ministers who have resigned could not longer act. It was necessary, then, that a temporary ministry, (*ministère de transition*) should provide for the most urgent exigencies and for the despatch of business. Men known for their patriotism, for their self denial, and their honorable services have accepted, from the king, this mission of confidence and of devotedness. They have only accepted it on the express condition that their functions should cease as soon as a definite ministry should be formed, taking upon themselves, however, the full responsibility of all their acts. They entertain the conviction, that the motives of their determination will be appreciated by the chambers and by the country."

It was at one time contemplated by the King to open the session without any ministry at all, but simply to have appointed four royal commissioners, to open the Chambers in the King's name. The gentlemen selected for so dangerous an office were—General Jacqueminot, M. Parant, M. Girod (de l'Ain,) and M. d'Audiffret. The ordinance making three appointments are said to have been even drawn up and signed, but some prudently retreated late on Sunday evening. These Royal Commissioners were to have divided the several portfolios between them.

The session of the French chambers was opened on Thursday, the 4th April, by commission. In the Chamber of peers, the commissioners were the Duke de Montebello, Girod de l'Ain, and Parant. Gasparin, as Minister of the Interior, read the royal ordinance in the Chamber of Deputies. M. Gras Preville, the senior deputy, took the chair. The left and left centre benches were crowded, but on the right, occupied by the late Ministerialists and king's friends, there were many vacancies. Preville, according to custom, drew forth the names of members to form the [illegible] bureaux. These committees proceeded to elect presidents—with the following results—four were old Ministerialists, four opposition, and four neuter. The Doctrinaires had agreed to vote for the old member in each bureau for president, [illegible] the election of one [illegible] and their neutrality was [illegible] though accidentally, evinced. But, it is said, no conclusion as to the strength of parties can be drawn from elections in bureaus.

[illegible] and angry people beset the chamber, and the usual number of military and police showed [illegible] fear of disturbance, but none took place. The Times' correspondent says, "The air and attitude of the popular assemblage were truly alarming."

Soult had recommenced his endeavors to form a ministry. He is said to have been completely gained over, with his son, by the King. Odilon Barrot is the candidate of the Left and the Left Centre for the presidency of the chamber of deputies: the old ministerials are divided between Duchatel and Cunin Gridaine.

Half past Three—The opening of the chambers to-day has of course given rise to rumors, but those at theatre respecting the proceedings of the chamber of deputies are in general false. For the account the Three per cents opened at 80f 45c declined at 80f 20c and closed at 80f 30c, a fall of 15c from [illegible] of yesterday. The five per cents from 109f 75c, fell to 109f 55c, and closed at 109f 55c, being 20c lower than yesterday. For money the three per cents have declined 5c and the five per cents 20c. The Bank of France shares have not varied, neither have the Lafitte bank shares. The Belgian five and three per cents have not been quoted for money. For the account the three per cents are 71f. 30c, a fall of 5c.

Letters from Constantinople of the 19th ult., announce that the Porte is carrying on warlike preparations, evidently destined to be employed against the Viceroy of Egypt. The Turkish Rear-Admiral Ahmet Bey, having failed to obtain an interview with Mahomet Ali, who refused to meet him at Cairo [illegible] September, when he would have concluded his journey to and from the Abyssinian frontier; the Sultan indignant displeasure ordered his recal from Egypt, and commanded preparations to be set on foot for carrying fire and sword into the territory of his powerful vassal. In consequence of these commands the batteries on the Dardanelles have been strengthened, the arsenals are filled with workmen, and nothing is talked of but the prospect of speedily unfurling the standard of the Prophet.

With the exception of captain Walker, who is a great favorite with the Captain Pasha, none of the British naval officers whose services have been offered to the Porte have been accepted. They are waiting at Constantinople the arrival of instruction from the British government.

We observe that the Turkish commercial treaty is not comprehensible by the Turkish custom house officers. Their blunders and perverseness are the occasion of much annoyance to British merchants.

The St Petersburg correspondent of the Paris paper Le Commerce, writes under date of the 16th March, that the emperor has not only revoked the promise made by his government to grant certain immunities to the Russian settlers in the colonies of Circassia, but forbids his subjects, under the most severe penalties, to form any kind of establishment in the country to send thither their slaves. These two measures are generally considered as a certain indication that the czar has relinquished all hope of subjugating the Circassians, and that what he is now doing has no other object than that of injuring them as much as possible, and thereby deterring other Caucasian tribes from following their example.

SALES AT AUCTION—THIS DAY.

By H. J. Domingon, at his auction store, at 10 o'clk, a. m.—clothing.

By the same, at same time and place—shirts.

By Fernandez & Whiting, on the Levee, at 4 o'clock, p. m.—wine and prunes.

By J. B. Blache, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Dauphine street—furniture.

By Fernandez & Whiting, corner of Ursuline and Old Levee, at 10 o'clock a. m.—stock of a variety store.

By L. Lecarpentier, at 10 o'clock, at his auction store,—sundries.

By J. A. Beard, at half past 10 o'clock, on Canal street near the Levee—groceries.

By M. Barnett, sen. at 12 o'clock, m. at the City Exchange—Insurance stock.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Republican, Wilson, Havre. [illegible]

ARRIVED.

[illegible]

MEMORANDA.

New York, May 5—Arr. ship [illegible] [illegible]

FOREIGN PORTS.

[illegible]

SPOKEN.

[illegible]

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

NEW-ORLEANS, May 14, 1839.

COTTON—By yesterday morning's express mail we received intelligence of the arrival at New-York of the packet ship South America, bringing advices from Liverpool to the 6th ult., and London to the 5th. [illegible]

TOBACCO—We note the sales of [illegible] hhds [illegible] prices have been fully sustained. The following quotations [illegible] and the current prices. [illegible]

BAGGING and ROPE—We continue the quotations of [illegible] for bagging and [illegible] for rope, at which prices the market [illegible] rather inactive.

PROVISIONS—Remain as last reported [illegible]

FLOUR—With [illegible] yesterday, [illegible] which price was obtained for 300 barrels, in the morning. During the afternoon we heard sales reported at [illegible] for a few hundred barrels.

CORN—The market was rather inactive, and prices lower, some [illegible]. There were offers at [illegible] but buyers showed a disposition to hold back at that price, consequently the transactions were not heavy.

OATS—Sales of oats, in sacks, were made at [illegible] which is the highest market price.

EXPORTS.

Havre—Per ship Republican—1,6[illegible] bales cotton.

Liverpool—Per ship [illegible]—[illegible] bales cotton.

New York—Per brig Choctaw—57 hhds hams, 194 tubs 1250 kegs lard, 181 bbls pork, 100 sacks corn.

Boston—Per brig Alfred Tyler—5 hhds sugar, 90 bbls pork, [illegible]

Apalachicola—Per schr Tahma—30 bbls [illegible], 40 bbls [illegible], 10 do flour, 50 do whiskey, 5 hhds sugar, and [illegible] shot and soap.

Galveston—Per sloop Russell—8 bbls [illegible], [illegible] bbls hams, 150 do bacon, 10 [illegible] 2 bbls whiskey.

IMPORTS.

New York—Per brig Leonora—7226 [illegible] 137 bales hay, 118 [illegible], 20 bbls cider and small [illegible]

Tampico—Per schr Lone—131 bbls. 15 tons [illegible], 5 bags beans, 18 do peppers, 80 [illegible] silver bullion, and $10,226 specie [illegible]

Baracoa—Per [illegible] Minerva—166 bbls sugar, 10 bbls [illegible] 17 bbls molasses.

[illegible]

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

[illegible]

CONSIGNEES.

[illegible]

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK MARKET, May 6—Cotton—This market has been quiet since our last report. The news from Europe by the South America had the effect of depressing the spirit of buyers, and although the transactions are limited, holders, however, continue firm.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON MARKET, April 6.—Sugar—The quantity [illegible] last week, was [illegible], there were taken for home consumption [illegible] hhds [illegible] tierces. The stock is [illegible] Hemp—Clean is at £44 [illegible]

LONDON CORN EXCHANGE, April 6.—[illegible]

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, April 6—The demand for Cotton has been unusually small throughout this week [illegible]

LIVERPOOL TOBACCO MARKET, April 6—[illegible]

LIVERPOOL TOBACCO, April 6—[illegible]

MANCHESTER, April 5.—State of Trade—The demand [illegible]

PARIS, April 4.—[illegible]

LATEST DATES.

New York	May 5	Mexico	[illegible]
Boston	May [illegible]	Liverpool	April 6
Philadelphia	May [illegible]	London	April 5
Washington	May [illegible]	Havre	April [illegible]
Baltimore	May [illegible]	Paris	April 4
Charleston	May [illegible]	[illegible]	April [illegible]
Vera Cruz	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tampico	May [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

PASSENGERS.

[illegible]

NEW ORLEANS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR 1839.

President,	S. J. Peters, Esq.
First Vice President,	W. L. Hodge, Esq.
Second "	Jno. A. Merle, Esq.

Committee of Appeals, for 1839.

James Dick,	Jas. H. Leverich,
H. C. Cammack,	Alijah Fisk,
P. O. Sorbe,	Saml Thompson,

Committee of Arbitration for the month of April.

J. B. Hullen,	A. Hodge, jr.
J. N. Hawthorn,	S. Hermann, jr.
H. W. Hills,	G. O. Hall,
Wm. Holmes.	CHAS. BRIGGS, Secy.

☞ NOTICE—The owners of drays Nos. 2013 and 192, are notified that unless the receipts taken from barque B. MEZICK are returned to No. 16 Customhouse street, before 12 o'clock, Wednesday, (to-morrow,) they will be immediately arrested. (Signed,) J D DENEGRE, m14 16 Customhouse st.

☞ DRAYS 90, 2009, 399, 1866 and 1025, are notified that unless the receipts for goods taken to Price, Johnson & Co., from barque B. MEZICK, are returned before 12 o'clock to-morrow, they will be immediately arrested. Signed, J D DENEGRE, m14 16 Customhouse st.

☞ The ship SIDNEY, capt. Robt. Cawes, for Liverpool, will leave the levee positively at 6 a. m. at which time passengers are respectfully requested to be on board. m14 L H GALE, 93 Common st.

THE public is requested not to negotiate any note signed by a planter named Le Capt, to the order of Albert Pierme, bearing his usual mark. The subscriber likewise informs the public that from the present date, all notes signed or endorsed by him, shall be accompanied by the signature of his son, A. R. Pierme, as witness. All notes not drawn conformably to the preceding, will not be acknowledged by him. New Orleans, May 13, 1839.—m14 3t

PLAYING CARDS—The New Orleans Stationers' warehouse is constantly supplied with a full and complete assortment of playing cards of every description and quality. NORMAN STEEL & Co. m14 14 Camp street. N. B. City and country dealers supplied on liberal terms.

ROMAN CEMENT—The subscribers have in store, and will constantly keep on hand a supply of Roman cement, of the celebrated manufactory of Messrs. J. B. White & Son, of London. A specimen of the article which has been in use can be seen at their office. W F VIGERS & Co, m14 30 Bienville st.

TO RENT—A house situated in Rampart street, between Bayou and Ursuline streets. Apply to m14 R BRUGIER.

TO RENT—A house situated in St. Anne street, between Rampart and Burgundy. Apply to m14 R BRUGIER.

TO BE LET—A convenient dwelling house, No. 286 Gravier street. For terms apply to No. 75 Canal street; immediate possession given. m13

TEN DOLLARS REWARD—Ran away on Monday 6th inst. the negro woman SOPHIE, aged about 27 years, 5 or 6 months gone with child, having a blemish on her left eye, and the mark of a scar on each side of her neck, [illegible] strongly built, is accustomed to [illegible] herself in the upper faubourg. The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge her in jail or return her to JEAN DUPIOT, m14 Marais street, between Marigny & Mandeville.

A CARD—Charges emanating from the treasury department of the United States, against its citizens of every walk in public or private life, have become so commonplace that the undersigned would have put up with his share of wrongs and injuries without a murmur, if duty to the United States [illegible] when he was one of its agents to disburse its moneys [illegible]. Having however now been arraigned on the charge of defalcation [illegible] by the government, before the tribunal of his COUNTRYMEN. United States vs. A. Drane.

The defendant, a disbursing officer of the government, left the army in the year [illegible]; he has been summoned to answer [illegible] accessory with himself. [illegible] to the refutation of the charge. He [illegible] ready to answer [illegible]—the case is summoned—allegations, cause opened by the district attorney, and the pleadings began—the prosecution takes exceptions to his answer—the court rules the exceptions valid—join issue—and result—a motion to discontinue on the part of the United States. Now, what is the effect of the motion so far as the defendant is concerned? [illegible] The defendant has employed gentlemen to defend [illegible] United States finds itself about to be taken in the act, and rather than suffer the disgrace attendant upon an open exposure, in an open court, [illegible] takes refuge behind [illegible], to appeal its own dishonor, and attempt to [illegible] the 14,000,000 of people represented in this country—and thus depriving the defendant of an opportunity sought by the government to settle his case, [illegible] the government retaining the right to [illegible] the defendant, [illegible] perhaps to harass him for the balance of his life.

I have only to add that the gauntlet was thrown—I have picked it up, and I hurl defiance at him who dare take it from me.

A. DRANE, late Asst. Q. M. U. S. A.

N. B. For the truth of what is here briefly stated, I refer to the records of the court.

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, &c.—The subscribers have in store, for sale:
350 casks Boston Nails, assorted sizes,
10 casks Cincinnati canvassed hams,
58 casks and bbls winter and summer sperm oil,
2 pipes, 9 half pipes, 77 qr casks, and [illegible] Sicily Madeira wine, brands of Ingham, Lizza & Co.'s,
[illegible] half pipes and 5 qr casks champagne and cognac brandy, all entitled to debenture.
200 boxes tobacco, various brands, pound and small lumps;
20 boxes hyson tea;
900 boxes spermacandles, New Bedford and other brands;
12 boxes Jullis' patent sperm candles;
150 boxes tallow candles, Jackson & Trowbridge's brand;
90 boxes and 56 half boxes extra No 1 soap;
540 boxes No 1 soap;
55 boxes imitation No 1 soap, brands of Jackson & Trowbridge, James Gould, J H Morton and Thomas Houghton;
28,500 Principe cigars;
250 coils bale rope, of superior quality;
25,000 gunny bags, in bales and bundles, small medium and extra sizes;
130 cases umbrellas and parasols of various qualities;
4 cases satinets, black, steel and blue mixtures and drab;
50 bales and 8 cases jeans, kerseys and linseys for negro clothing;
10 bales Angola flannels;
80 bales 7-8 and 4-4 Lowell cottons;
5 bales Lowell cottonades;
7 bales brown cotton drilling;
100 bales 30 inch heavy brown shirtings;
[illegible] cases fine white Thorndike chambrays;
[illegible] cases French and American prints, superfine and common qualities;
160 bales 4-4 heavy brown sheetings;
20 cases bleached sheetings;
5 cases fancy striped buckskins;
3 cases Mexican mixtures;
1 case pongee silk handkerchiefs;
46 bales Russia sheetings, adapted to the Mexican market.
90 cases drab Russia for hats;
330 cases boots, shoes, brogans, slippers &c for men, boys children and negroes;
100 cases seasonable clothing, of fine, medium and common qualities, embracing a great variety of jackets, pantaloons, vests, shirts, frocks &c.;
36 boxes paste blacking;
3 cases eagle playing cards;
17 sets Stephen's patent balances, iron and brass beams.
m14 ISAAC BRIDGE & Co, 134 Magazine st.

3, 19, 65, 11, 23, 66, 77, 5, 36, 63, 35, 51, 39, 31, Are the drawn numbers of the Free School Lottery, Class 65.

TO-MORROW,
In the Arcade, at half past 6 o'clock in the evening.
CAPITAL PRIZE—$10,000!
$4,000, $2,500 and 15 prizes of 1,000.
Tickets only $4 00
FREE SCHOOL LOTTERY.
(Class 66.)
Will be drawn on Wednesday, May 15th, 1839, at half past 6 o'clock, P. M. in Banks' Arcade, Magazine street,
J. K. MEAD, MANAGER,
D. BLAIR & J. BEARDSLEE, AGENTS.
84 numbers—14 drawn ballots.
SCHEME.

1	Prize of	$10,000	$10,000
1	"	4,000	4,000
1	"	2,500	2,500
1	"	2,000	2,000
1	"	1,500	1,500
15	"	1,000	[illegible]

[illegible] Prizes, amounting to [illegible]
Tickets $4 00, halves $2 00 quarters $1 00
Packages of 84 full tickets cost $119, warranted to draw $60 50. Shares in proportion.
Tickets single or by the package, for sale at the Manager's, No. 6, Arcade.

Drawing of the Grand State Lottery, Class 39, for 1839.
27, 25, 61, 57, 39, 28, 63, 65, 46, 31, 6, 78.

THIS DAY.
12,000 DOLLARS CAPITAL PRIZE.
TICKETS ONLY $3 00.
GRAND STATE LOTTERY.
Class No. 37, Extra.
Authorized by the Legislature of the State.
To be drawn Tuesday, May 14th, 1839, at 6 o'clock P. M., at Bishop's Hotel, Common st.
G. DAVIS & Co., Managers.
78 Numbers—12 Drawn Ballots.
SCHEME.

1	prize of	$12,000	$12,000
1	do	3,000	3,000
1	do	2,160	2,160
1	do	1,500	1,500
1	do	1,200	1,200
6	do	1,000	6,000
8	do	500	4,000
10	do	300	3,000

[illegible] Prizes, amounting to $185,760
Whole Tickets $3 00—Halves $1 50—Quarters 75 cents.
Packages of 25 Whole Tickets for $75 warranted to draw at least $33 60. Shares in proportion.
For packages or single tickets, apply at the Manager's office, 16 Chartres street, and at the corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets.

TO DR. MAGNIN, inventor of the "Lucina cordial, or Elixir of Love."—Respected and honored sir—We have, in a variety of cases, tested the remarkable effects of your great discovery, and have assembled for the purpose of bearing evidence to the facts, and tendering you the honor which is your due. The "Lucina cordial" is, in our opinion, an infallible remedy for the prostration of the reproductive functions, and artificial barrenness; [illegible] We can also bear evidence, that there is nothing [illegible] of a mercurial or deleterious nature [illegible] at any age.

With feelings of admiration and respect, we remain, dear sir, your obedient servants,
ANSELIN BOSSUIT,
BRISMOND DE LA MARTINE,
ADRIEN DECRAND,
OCTAVE NICOLS,
JEAN BLANC,
ROBERT STEVENSON,
LOUIS ONISEAU,
PIERRE BUFFON.

"LE CORDIAL DE LUCINE," or, in English, Lucina cordial, is a general invigorator of the human frame. In all the various forms of languor, lassitude, and debilitation, it is an unfailing remedy; as it is equally an impetus to impart [illegible] decision to the mind, as health and vigor to the body. [illegible] peculiar virtue on which its celebrity is based, is the facility and certainty with which it restores the virile powers, when they have been destroyed by diseases, age, [illegible], or any of the numerous [illegible] which terminate in the prostration of these functions.

In common with the generally received good medicines, this cordial contains nothing of a mercurial or deleterious nature, amongst the ingredients of which it [illegible] but most of the same [illegible] efficacious, that while it can renovate the prostrated energies of a giant, an infant may use it with impunity, but with advantage.

The [illegible] of society are, unfortunately such, that, notwithstanding the benefits which would be sure to result from it, we cannot enter into an analysis of this inestimable cordial here, or publish many of the documents which have been received by us as vouchers of the blessings it has conferred on numbers of desponding individuals. But this we cannot forbear remarking—that it has been demonstrated that there is scarcely [illegible], if any such thing at all, as natural barrenness, [illegible] natural imbecility of the generative functions; and [illegible] therefore, that those evils are the effects of artificial causes, and may be speedily subdued and removed by the use of "Le Cordial de Lucine."

The Lucina cordial is also an indubitable cure for the gleet, and for the fluor albus, obstructed, difficult, or painful menstruation, also for the incontinence of urine, or the involuntary discharge thereof. It is likewise an invaluable and unrivalled medicine in cases of chronic eruptions of the skin, and in the [illegible] of fluxions of the blood.

For sale wholesale or retail, at 65 Poydras street. Price $4 per bottle. m14 6m

FRESH ORANGES and lemons for sale, now landing from the ship Wm. Tell, from Messina. Apply to ANDREW S BARKER, m14 3t corner Camp and Canal sts.

COFFEE—900 bags green Havana, landing from schooner Marquis 150 bags Laguayra in store and for sale by SCHMIDT, WERNER & Co. m14 38 Bienville st.

LESTADOS of pure [illegible] and superior quality suitable for home consumption, for sale by SCHMIDT, WERNER & Co, 38 Bienville st.

BROWN STOUT of Abbott's, London in quarts and pints, for sale by m14 SCHMIDT, WERNER & Co. 38 Bienville st.

ST. DOMINGO COFFEE—1000 bags, just received and for sale by MUMFORD PERKS, m14 cor Poydras and Tchoupitoulas sts.

MUSIC PAPER—English and American, for sale at the New Orleans stationers' warehouse by m14 NORMAN, STEEL & Co, 14 Camp st.

TACON REGALIA SEGARS—10,000 now landing ex schr Marquis and for sale by m14 W. F. VIGERS & Co.

SALT—4000 sacks coarse and Liverpool salt landing and for sale in lots to suit purchasers, apply to [m14] A PARK, 65 Common st.

GOSHEN BUTTER—A fresh supply just received and for sale by MUNFORD PERKS, corner Poydras and Tchoupitoulas.

TO STEAMBOATS—150 barrels rosin suitable for steamboats, at $1 25 per barrel, for sale by m14 W E & R MURPHY, 132 Old Basin.

HAY—207 trusses of best English hay landing ex ship St. James, for sale by m14 H C CAMMACK & Co. Bank Place.

ALABAMA FUNDS Purchased by ANDREWS & BROTHERS, m14 50 Camp street.

RULED, CAP, and LETTER PAPER—Just received 400 reams of blue and white wove letter paper, ruled on three sides; also 120 reams blue and white wove ruled cap, some low priced, suitable for schools, for sale by DAVID FELT & Co, m14 New York Stationers' Hall, 24 Chartres st.

INK! INK!! INK!!!—Just received 12 gross of very superior black ink, packed in one dozen boxes, for sales by the dozen or gross, by DAVID FELT & Co, m14 New York Stationers' Hall, 24 Chartres st.

LOAF SUGAR—16 barrels loaf sugar No. 2, 20 do do No. 3, 25 do do No. 4, just received and for sale by ALLAIN & THEMOULET, m14 11 Conti street.

CAMP STREET THEATRE.

Open every evening under the direction of MR. GEO. HOLLAND.

The performances will consist of DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENTS AND A GRAND EXHIBITION. [illegible] OPTICAL ILLUSIONS.

For particulars see bills of day.

Doors open at half-past 7—Performance to commence at 8 o'clock—Parquette seats $1—Boxes 75cts.

[illegible] MUSEUM.

LOVE, an unrivalled Dramatic Polyphonist, for a very few nights longer.

This Evening, THE PERAMBULATIONS of a POLYPHONIST; After which, LOVE'S LABOUR'S LOST. In which Mr. L. will personate 8 different characters. Admittance 50 cts. m13 1w

THE EXHIBITION OF THE TWO SUBLIME & MORAL PAINTINGS OF ADAM AND EVE, *After Dubufe*, Is now open at No. 72 Chartres, three doors below Bienville street. The great celebrity which these paintings have acquired both in this country and Europe render any comments upon them superfluous and unnecessary.

Hours of admission from 8 in the morning until 10 in the evening.

Admittance 50 cents—Season Tickets $1. m11

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION.
HANINGTON'S GRAND MOVING DIORAMAS,
And Italian Fantoccini.

Forming one of the most rational, moral and splendid Exhibitions ever produced in America, will open this evening at the Orleans Ball Room, next the French Theatre. Doors open at 7; to commence at eight o'clock.

Tickets One Dollar—Children Half Price.

HANINGTON respectfully announces to the residents of New Orleans, the arrival and opening of the above extremely popular exhibition, which has been got up regardless of expense, having cost in painting and complicated machinery alone upwards of fifteen thousand dollars, and he feels no hesitation from the universal satisfaction it has invariably given, in introducing it as the largest, most valuable and best arranged Exhibition ever presented to the public, combining novelty and splendor with rational amusement.

Order of the First Set of Pieces.

ITALIAN LANDSCAPE—Grand Moving Figures, Vessels, &c. &c.

VIEW NEAR SINGAPORE—Jones. Moving processions [illegible] &c. &c.

RUINS BY MOONLIGHT—Jones. Rising Moon—Funeral Procession, &c.

THE POLAR REGIONS—Bonguard. Snow Storm, Icebergs, Indian Huts, &c.

VIEW IN SPAIN, THE BELVIDERA—Lehr.

SPLENDID FAIRY GROTTO—Hanington.

The dazzling beauty of this scene far exceeds any thing of the kind ever presented to the public. An immense range of basaltic columns, composed of the most brilliant colored glass and precious stones, rests on the waters of the fairy lake, on which are seen fairies drawn by swans amidst the tumbling of innumerable birds of the richest plumage.

DROP SCENE—BRIDE OF ABYDOS—Jones.

MOONLIGHT—SEA VIEW—STORM AND SHIPWRECK—[illegible].

In this very interesting scene, the rolling of the surf is distinctly heard, vessels are seen tacking from side to side, in a [illegible] sail before the wind. In the course of the representation a storm arises—the sea becomes agitated—deep reverberations of thunders are heard accompanied with lightning and torrents of rain. A vessel appears as if beating off a lee shore—fires signals of distress, and is answered from the fort from which a life boat is sent to her assistance. The crew is saved, but the vessel is lost.

The evening's entertainment to conclude with the much admired ITALIAN FANTOCCINI, With the [illegible], the Graceful Chair Balancer, the Sailor, and Comical Joey, the Clown. m11

SALT—Fork's Island salt for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Apply to ALEX. PARK, m14 65 Common street.

FRESH SALMON—A small lot, in 2, 3 and [illegible] cans, for sale low, to close an invoice, by m14 HOLMES & MILLS, Bank place.

LARD—700 kegs [illegible], for sale by ADAMS & HARTWELL, m14 31, Poydras st.

MESS PORK—[illegible] bbls for sale by m14 ADAMS & HARTWELL.

BEEF—A few [illegible] extra mess beef, also canvassed [illegible] beef tongues. m14 ADAMS & HARTWELL.

WHISKEY—300 bbls Cincinnati rectified whiskey, for sale by m14 ADAMS & HARTWELL.

SUGAR TOBACCO—30 kegs superior article for sale by CARMAN & McMAHON, m14 41 and 43 Poydras st.

LEMONS—100 boxes Sicily lemons, for sale by CARMAN & McMAHON, m14 41 and 43 Poydras st.

GIN—10 pipes Holland gin, for sale by CARMAN & McMAHON, m14 41 and 43 Poydras st.

COFFEE—[illegible] bags prime Havana, for sale by m14 ROGERS, GRAY & Co, 84 Canal st.

OIL VITRIOL—30 carboys oil vitriol, for sale by m14 J B PREVOST, 39 Camp st.

WINE &c.—100 baskets [illegible], 100 boxes [illegible] wine, 6 casks fishing lines, 6 boxes hair brooms; received and for sale by F HENRY & LACRANS, 36 Old Levee.

EXCHANGE on England and New York for sale by F DE LIZARDI & Co, 149 Royal st.

ALABAMA MONEY—Notes or certificates of deposit of any of the Alabama banks wanted by ANDREWS & BROTHERS, 50 Camp st.

CHANDELIERS—One pair of large size and splendid workmanship, suitable for a drawing room or public hall, in store, for sale by m14 R H GALWAY, 6 Conti st.

INDIANA MONEY—$15,000, for sale by m14 ROBINSON & Co, 60 Camp st.

BANK NOTES, or certificates of deposit of any of the banks in Alabama, purchased by m13 ANDREWS & BROTHERS, 50 Camp st.

TOBACCO—30 hhds superior cigar leaf Tobacco just received and for sale by CARMAN & McMAHON, m14 41 and 43 Poydras st.

HAVANA COFFEE—50 bags prime green Havana coffee, now landing from schooner [illegible], and for sale by JOSEPH COCKAYNE, m13 25 Gravier st.

BUCKNER & FOUTE, *Attorneys at Law, Clinton, Mississippi.*
References—Alexander Grant, Henderson & Gaines, Smith & [illegible], Armstead & [illegible], George Burgess, } N. Orleans. m8

WHISKEY—100 bbls rectified whiskey, in store and for sale by W C TOMPKINS & Co, m13 91 Common st.

PICKLES—50 cases pickles, in gallon and half gallon jars, for sale low, to close a consignment, by W M C TOMPKINS & Co, m13 91 Common st.

PITCH—200 bbls Burgundy pitch strained, for sale by J B. PREVOST, m13 39 Camp st.

A Fresh and complete assortment of Carpenter's preparations wholesale by J B PREVOST, m13 39 Camp st.

MANTAS—50 bales 4-4 brown cottons, of the [illegible] Indian Head and Great Falls fabrics, for sale by FROST & Co, m13 8 Customhouse st.

TOBACCO—50 half boxes Myer's first quality pound lump tobacco, for sale by m13 FROST & Co, 8 Customhouse st.

WRAPPING PAPER—2000 reams superior size wrapping paper, for sale by m13 FROST & Co, 8 Customhouse st.

FLOUR—1000 bbls for sale by m13 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

WHISKEY—150 bbls for sale by m13 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

CORN BROOMS—200 doz for sale by m13 G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.

GUM TICKETS for labelling dry goods, clothing, &c. put up in boxes, for sale by m14 NORMAN, STEEL & Co, 14 Camp st.

HIDES—50 bales [illegible], for sale by LAMBERT, BERCIER & Co, m13 9 Front Levee.

SPERM CANDLES—100 boxes sperm candles, New Bedford brands, assorted sizes, in store and for sale by LAMBERT, BERCIER & Co, m13 9 Front Levee.

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA, for sale by m13 ADAMS & HARTWELL, 36 Poydras st.

PLASTER OF PARIS, Roman and hydraulic cement, always on hand and for sale by m13 GEORGE BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st.

EXCHANGE on New York and Boston, for sale by m13 GEORGE BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st.

SUGAR—[illegible] hhds of sugar, landing from schooner [illegible], opposite St. Peters street, for sale by FOLLAIN BELLOCQ & DEGELOS, m13 72 St. Louis st.

SUGAR—100 hhds of sugar in store, for sale by FOLLAIN BELLOCQ & DEGELOS, m13 72 St. Louis st.

PARISH COURT—In the suit of Wm. E. Turner, [illegible] being No. 11288 on the Docket of said court—By virtue of an alias writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable parish court of the parish and city of New Orleans, and by the consent of parties, will be sold at the City Exchange, in St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets in this city, on Tuesday the 14th May inst. at one o'clock P. M.

1st. Three lots of ground, situated in suburb Franklin, designated as Nos. 4, 6 and 6 of square No 62 on a plan deposited in the office of [illegible] notary, in No. [illegible] of the book of plans; said lots of ground having each (American measure) 30 feet [illegible] front on Mandeville street, by [illegible] feet in depth. No. 4 being the corner of Mandeville and [illegible] street.

2d. Five lots of ground, situated in suburb Washington, designated as Nos. 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29 of square No. 59, comprised within [illegible] and Gordon streets; and [illegible] des Flandres, which lots adjoin each other and measure each 31 feet, 4 inches front on Gordon street, between de Flandres street and the promenade des Flandres, by 126 feet [illegible] in depth, agreeably to a plan drawn by [illegible], the 1st March, 1837, deposited in the office of Joseph Cuvillier, notary.

3d. A lot of ground situated in the rear of this city, designated as No. 5 on a plan drawn by L. Bringier surveyor general, the 20th July, 1836, deposited in the office of Louis T. Caire, notary [illegible] measuring (French measure) 30 feet front on the bayou road, [illegible] in depth on the line separating it from lot No. 6 and [illegible] 117 feet [illegible] the line separating it from lot No. 4, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, and all the rights, dependencies, &c. thereunto belonging.

4th. A certain negro woman slave, named Hyacinthe, alias Fanny, aged about 27 years. [illegible] Seized in the above suit.

Terms—CASH. C P MOREY, Sheriff. m12 3t

HOLLAND GIN.—The subscriber has now landing from brig Malaga, direct from Amsterdam, 300 pipes Holland Gin of the well known [illegible] brand, warranted of superior quality, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, and on accommodating terms. HUGO C GILDEMEESTER, m13 25 Bienville st.

MESS PORK—100 barrels, for sale by m8 HENRY O. AMES, 48 Camp street.

Office of the Commercial Insurance Co.
New Orleans, May 11, 1839.

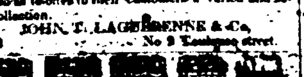
THE biennial meeting of the stockholders of this institution, will be held at its office No. 46 Magazine street, (Exchange Arcade) on Wednesday next the 15th inst, at 11 o'clock A. M.
m13 ANDW. C. ARMSTRONG, Sec.

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND SPANISH INSTITUTION.—Mr. Fallo has the honor to inform those who desire acquiring a perfect knowledge of the above mentioned languages, that he has opened his establishment for the reception of pupils at 256 Rampart street, corner of [illegible].

The novel and succinct method of teaching the modern languages adopted by Mr. F. has obtained for him the utmost esteem, both in Europe and America. m13 1w

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY—The Rev. J. Van Assche will leave this city for St. Louis on the 15th May, and will take care of children or other property, if confided to him. Apply to the subscriber, 25 Conde street. P. HUCHET KERNION. m14

DEPOT OF PAPER HANGINGS.—The hangings of various colored grounds, with satin, colored Chintz patterns, colored patterns, crimson do, with satin ground, patterns 25 inches wide, do with white and vermillion grounds. Borders, 9 inches on a ground of varnished wood, velvet grounds, velvet flowered do, with ornaments do, fine velvet do, colored velvet do [illegible]. Wainscoting, on various satin grounds, varnished wood, hydrofuge &c. Ceilings and round work of various [illegible]. The subscribers are agents for one of the first manufacturers of France, have received their samples of new patterns by late arrivals; they invite those persons who have retail establishments and others who use these articles in [illegible] to examine, and take notice of their goods, which they believe they can put as low as might be obtained by the purchaser going to France. They will receive every year a complete assortment of the different patterns so as to offer to their customers a varied and select collection.
JOHN T. LAGERENNE & Co, m13 No 9 Toulouse street.



NEW ORLEANS AND CARROLLTON RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE WEEK DAYS.

From Carrollton.				From New Orleans.			
Horse car at	4	o'clk	A.M.	Horse car at	5	o'clk	A.M.
Locomotive	6	"	"	Locomotive	7	"	A.M.
"	8	"	"	"	9	"	"
"	10	"	"	"	11	"	"
"	12	"	M	"	1	"	P.M.
"	2	"	P.M.	"	3	"	"
"	4	"	"	"	5	"	"
"	6 1/2	"	"	"	7 1/2	"	"
"	8	"	"	"	9	"	"

After 10 o'clock P. M. a horse car can be obtained by paying 5 dollars for the trip.

ARRANGEMENT FOR SUNDAYS.

The cars will leave at the same hours as in the week days until 1 o'clock, P. M., when a Locomotive will leave Carrollton every hour, until 8 o'clock, P. M. and New Orleans every hour, until 7 o'clock P. M.

For the accommodation of persons visiting Carrollton, in the 5 o'clock car, and who may not wish to remain there until 8 o'clock, the car that has heretofore left Carrollton at 6 o'clock, will remain until 6 1/2 o'clock, thereby allowing them one hour to enjoy the pleasant walks of one of the most beautiful Gardens in the United States.

Persons going by the steam car, must provide themselves with tickets; as the conductor has positive directions not to receive money in this [illegible].

THE JACKSON AND LACOURSE STREET CARS

Leave the head of Jackson street, at 6 o'clock A. M., Canal street at 6 1/2 o'clock, and runs hourly. At 8 o'clock they will commence to leave each end, every half hour, until 6 o'clock P. M., from Jackson street, and 9 o'clock from Canal street, excepting at 8 1/2 o'clock, P. M. from Canal street.

It is particularly requested that Gentlemen will not put their feet upon the cushions, or smoke in the cars, when Ladies are present.

Office New Orleans and Carrollton Rail Road Company, May 1st, 1839. JOHN HAMPSON, m11 Chf Engr N O & C R R.

DELIGHTFUL SUMMER QUARTERS.
East Pascagoula House.

THE undersigned has pleasure in announcing that he has taken the above named favorite, and delightful resort, which will be opened for the accommodation of the public on 15th of May.

This spacious establishment, eligibly situated on Pascagoula bay, is peculiarly adapted for a fashionable summer retreat, combining every requisite for health and amusement, has been refitted in a style calculated to give every sort of enjoyment to the coming summer. Fishing nets, tackle and seins have been procured for visitors to recreate themselves with upon the bay, and billiard tables, ten-pin alleys and other amusements provided within doors. The ball room, with an attendant musician, will always be in readiness [illegible] throughout the season.

Mr. Chas. W. Edwards, well known to the citizens of New Orleans and Mobile, is engaged to superintend, and the lake steamboats will daily leave and touch at the wharf in their passages between those cities. Professed cooks of acknowledged superiority are attached to the Hotel, and an unlimited supply of fish and oysters, and other like delicacies will be always on hand. The ice house now erecting will be kept constantly filled with this delightful luxury. The table will be unsurpassed in excellence or variety, by that of any Hotel in city or watering place, and the wines and liquors will be selected with great care by competent judges. For the healthy and luxurious enjoyment of bathing, no place on the lake can equal East Pascagoula, as the water is salter and purer than at any other spot—and being determined to conduct the establishment in first rate style, the proprietor confidently looks forward to a liberal encouragement. m11-1j S C FISHER.

WANTED—A situation, by a young man, who can speak and write the English, French and German languages, as out-door clerk, or at any business, so as to make himself useful, either in the city or in the country. The best of references can be given. A line addressed to G M, and left at this office, will be attended to. m11 3t

SCHUYLER FOR EVER!!
(First blood drawn.)
The high prize sold in Mead's Lottery at last.
Blanks can be had only where prizes at Schuyler's. Drawn numbers of the Free School Lottery class 64, drawn last evening
49, 20, 28, 81, 55, 86, 78, 7, 21, 69, 74, 5, 43, 39.
The quarter ticket No. 26, 38, 49, being in package No 357, and entitled to the capital prize of $10,000,
Was sold at Schuyler's Palace of Fortune, No. 19 Camp st. (splendid sign on the door.)
Gregory's Lottery drawn to-day
Tickets only 50c.
The holder of the above prize is requested to present the same at Schuyler's for payment. m11 3t

FOR SALE by the undersigned—
30,000 English fire bricks,
20,000 [illegible]
500 bbls Thomaston lime,
300 do shell do
300 do hydraulic cement,
200 do plaster of Paris,
1,000 do charcoal,
7,000 do white and brown sand,
100 sheets of light wood,
100 bales hay, [illegible]
1,000 bbls green shells.
L DANSAC, m11 130 Old Levee.

SOMETIME ago a bull dog took refuge in a house, No. 200 Rampart street, at Mr. Martinique, where the owner is requested to claim his, Mr. M. being ready to start for France. m11 3t

HERAN & LEES,
DEALERS IN BAGGING AND ROPE, WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS.
David Heran, James [illegible], *Louisville, Kentucky.*
☞ They will make liberal advances on goods consigned to their address.
Refer to—Messrs. A. N. Wallace & Co, [illegible], Fordall, [illegible] & Co, Ogden & Southgate. May 11-10m

FOR SALE—A creole negress, aged about 29 or 30 years, with her three children, one of six years and two twins of 4 years. She is a good washer, ironer and cook, and is guaranteed against the vices and maladies prescribed by law. If she is not sold by Tuesday, 14th inst, at private sale, she will be sold at auction on that day at noon, at the Exchange, by Mr J. B. Blache, auctioneer. For terms and price, apply at No. 45, Toulouse st. m11-8t

LEECHES—10,000 choice Hungarian, Spanish and French LEECHES, for sale from 6 1-4 cents to 25 cents each; at the general depot, No. 36 Barracks street, between Conde and Levee streets.
The depot is constantly provided, and the prices are very [illegible].
Manufactory of syrups, cordials, and fine wines of all countries. m11

COOKING STOVES—E. LOCKE & Co have just received a supply of new and improved cooking stoves, suitable for steamboats and boarding houses of the following patterns, viz:
Pittsburgh sheet iron, 10 boilers each, suitable to cook for 500 persons.
Coleman's Louisville patterns, said to be the best, ever invented for steamboats.
Gleason's patent steam kitchens.
Wilson's do do for families.
James' do do
Conant's premium do, &c. &c. m10 12

NOTICE—I request the public to believe, that when Aubré denied my statement of the 10th inst, inserted in the Bee, he was perfectly well aware that he would only have to reply to a woman, his answer would otherwise have been concluded in different terms. Being compelled to devote my time to my store, and unable to employ it in refuting the falsehoods or rather the nonsense displayed by him in his reply, I can only assure the public that I can prove by documents in my possession what I have advanced in my first advertisement, which I request the public to refer to, i. e. not to credit this individual in any manner under the firm of Aubré & Salve. m13-3t

CROCKERY—200 crates assorted ware, for the Mexican market
90 dozen French fluted tumblers
20 do plain conique
10 do white china plates
500 water jars No. 1 to 5,
For sale by VT. ACARD, m9 [illegible] Old Levee.

Office of the Louisiana M. & F. Insurance Co.
New Orleans, 8th May, 1839.
AT a meeting of the board this day, a dividend of five dollars a share was declared, to be carried to the credit of capital stock. JOHN K. WEST, President. m9

Office of the Louisiana M. & F. Insurance Co.
New Orleans, 7th May, 1839.
AT a meeting of the stockholders, held at this office on Monday the 6th inst. the following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year:
John K. West, Alexander Gordon,
John A. Merle, Ingram [illegible],
H. C. Cammack, Samuel Field,
Placide Forstall.
And at a meeting of the board held this day, John K. West was unanimously re-elected president, Chas. W. Hornor, secretary; James [illegible], inspector, and Charles N. Conrad, attorney. m9-5t

MESSRS. [illegible] & BROTHERS, corner of Royal and Toulouse, having received by the Monument and Lagrange, a large assortment of fancy goods, have the honor to inform the ladies and the public in general, that they now have in store a large and very choice selection of printed muslins and cottons, organdi, worked shawls, gauze scarfs and collars, (new articles,) ladies gauze and organdi corsets, [illegible] silk shawls with long bordered and fringes, crape shawls with border, colored and white; kid, worked, silk and cotton gloves for gentlemen and ladies—new style stockings, &c.

PRESERVES, FRUIT, &c. &c. from the manufacture of Joseph Colin, at Nantes, No. 9 Salorge street. By his letter of the 10th March, Mr. Joseph Colin, No. 9 Salorge street, Nantes, appointed the sole agent for his preserves in New Orleans, P. A. Casenave, who has constituted Messrs. Blanchard, [illegible] & co, No. 35 Bienville street, New Orleans, his depository, this day, May 9th, 1839.

It is important not to confound the preserves, fruits, &c. &c. of Joseph Colin above mentioned, with the preserves of Messrs. Colin & Deffe's, who by a decree of the royal court of Rennes, the 21st July, 1838, were condemned to place on the labels of their preserves the name of Deffe's only, or joined to that of JULIEN JOSEPH MARIE COLIN.

FOR RENT until the 1st November, 1839 a commodious house for a small family, situated in Main street, between Dauphin and Burgundy. For terms apply at No. 14 Hospital street m8

FOR GALVESTON AND VELASCO, Texas, regular packet for Wednesday, 15th May. The splendid new low pressure steam ship NEW YORK, John T. Wright, master, will positively sail as above. This vessel is only one year old, coppered and copper fastened, and has accommodations, both for cabin and steerage passengers not to be surpassed by any packet in the United States. A steamboat will always be in readiness on the arrival of the New-York at Galveston, to convey passengers or freight to Houston. Freight taken only to Galveston. For freight or passage, apply on board, at the foot of Conti street or to BOGERT & HAWTHORN, m11 63 Gravier st.

The notes of the banks of the city of New Orleans [illegible] taken in payment of freight or passage. No freight will be received on the day of departure.

FOR ST. MARTINSVILLE (Attakapas) [illegible] Franklin, and all intermediate landings.—The new steamboat A. PORTER, R. O. Dorsey, master, will leave for the above ports on Wednesday the 15th inst. at 4 o'clock p. m. For freight or passage apply on board, opposite Bienville street, or to J. HALL & A B BIEN, 75 New Levee.

FOR ALEXANDRIA, Natchitoches, and all intermediate landings, via Cane and [illegible]. The regular Red river packet TECHE, [illegible] Chauvin, master, will positively leave as above, on Wednesday evening, May 15, at 5 o'clock. For freight or passage apply on board, foot of Bienville street, or to m14 L LECARPENTIER.

FOR ST. LOUIS, ALTON, and all intermediate landings.—The staunch and fast running steamboat MADISON, captain Swift, having a large portion of her cargo on board, will have despatch for the above port on Wednesday, 15th inst, at 4 o'clock, p. m. For balance of freight, or passage, apply on board foot of Poydras street, or to GODFREY, LAWRIE & SMALL, m14 28 Old Levee.

FOR MOBILE, via Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Biloxi, and the Pascagoulas—The ISABELLA, Whitaker, master, will leave the lake end of the railroad this day after the arrival of the 11 o'clock cars. The Isabella leaves at [illegible] order to land passengers by day light at the intermediate landings. For freight or passage apply to m14 A M HOLBROOK, No 36 New Levee.

FOR CINCINNATI—The superior well known steamer ADRIATIC, S Penny master, is now ready to receive freight for the above and intermediate ports, and will depart on Thursday the 16th inst. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply on board at Gravier st wharf, or to m14 J LANDIS & Co, 14 Poydras st.

FOR FORT SMITH, Little Rock, and all intermediate landings in Arkansas—The [illegible] steamboat DEKALB, G P Lemmon master, will depart as above on Saturday, 18th inst, at 10 o'clock a. m. For freight or passage apply on board at Common street wharf, or to m14 J U LAVILLEBEUVRE, 17 Magazine st.

STEAMBOAT FOR SALE. A substantial light draught side-wheel boat, now in port, will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to J U LAVILLEBEUVRE, m14-3t 17 Magazine st.

FISHING AND HUNTING EXCURSION TO THE CHANDELEUR ISLANDS.—The steamboat ISABELLA, proposes leaving the lake end of the railroad on Saturday, 18th inst, after the arrival of the five o'clock cars, P. M. to go on this healthy and invigorating excursion, and will return so that passengers can take the 7 o'clock car for the city on Monday morning.

It will be necessary for thirty persons to agree to this arrangement before the boat can leave. Those wishing to do so will please call on m11 A. M. HOLBROOK, 36 New Levee.

FOR ALEXANDRIA and Natchitoches, and all intermediate landings—The well known steamer JOHN LINTON, P. F. Kimball, master, will leave as above on Tuesday the 14th inst at 4 o'clock p. m. For freight or passage apply on board opposite Customhouse street, or to BLAIR & SATTERFIELD, m13 37 Magazine st.

FOR SALE—The well known low pressure steamer GIRAFFE, 13 months old, built in New [illegible], of the best materials; copper and copper fastened; of 337 tons; 140 feet keel, 27 feet beam, and 9 feet hold.

She is well adapted to the river or lake trade, being of light draught; as a passenger boat upon the river, she cannot be surpassed; she can carry [illegible] bales cotton under deck.

She is offered for sale with her furniture, &c, and if not disposed of at private sale, prior to 1st June, next she will on that day be offered at auction, at the St. Louis City Exchange.

For terms, which will be made liberal, apply to [illegible], Exchange Hotel or to REYNOLDS, BYRNE & Co., m10 1j 46 Canal st.

FOR BOSTON—The superior and fast sailing A 1 brig ALMENA, [illegible] will sail positively, on the 14th inst. Has balance of freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to J. A. RUSSELL & Co, m14 61 Common st.

FOR MOBILE—Regular line—The fine fast sailing schr. PERSEVERANCE, Hoffman, master, having a part of her cargo engaged, will have despatch. For freight or passage, apply on board, at New Basin, or to m14 J M ASHBRIDGE, 65 Common st.

FOR RIO GRANDE—The schr GUIMANCHE, captain Lafitte, under engagement to sail on the 18th inst. needs the bulk of 150 barrels, and can accommodate a few passengers. Apply to the captain on board, or to JOHN T. LAGERENNE & Co, m14 9 Toulouse st.

FOR GREENOCK—The well known fast sailing ship MARS, captain Castle, can comfortably accommodate a few cabin passengers. Apply on board, three tiers below the Railroad, or to HOLMES & MILLS, Bank Place. m14

FOR PHILADELPHIA—Hand's Line. To sail on Wednesday the 15th inst.—The packet barque B. MEZICK, capt Garlin, having been unavoidably detained will positively sail as above. For passage only having handsome accommodations, apply on board opposite the vegetable market, or to JAS. D. DENEGRE, m13 16 Customhouse st.

FOR SALE—The fast sailing light draft schooner WM. [illegible] LESTER, built of white oak, at Milford, Delaware, in 1835, is first rate order and with a full and complete inventory, can go to sea without extra expense, [illegible] and draws but 8 feet of water deeply loaded. For terms apply to GEORGE BEDFORD, m13 22 Bienville st.

FOR BOSTON—The A 1 fast sailing brig RAYMOND, captain Miller, having part of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage apply to GEORGE BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st.

FOR LIVERPOOL—Passage only—The new and splendid ship ISAAC ALLERTON, captain Torrey, will have immediate despatch. For passage only apply to m13 LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st.

FOR HAVANA—On Wednesday 15th inst.—The good coppered schooner WILLIAM FRANCIS, Shaw, master, will positively sail as above, and will take the bulk of 300 barrels at a low rate, apply on board at Picayune Tier. WOOD & SIMMONS, m13 80 Magazine street.

FOR LIVERPOOL—The A 1 and very fast sailing ship MARYLAND, Capt Berry, will receive immediate despatch. For freight or passage, (having handsome accommodations for all [illegible] passengers) apply to L H GALE, m14 93 Common st.

FOR MARSEILLES—The ship [illegible], capt. Sullivan, wants 300 bales cotton to complete her cargo. For freight or passage, apply to J B [illegible], m11 11 Bienville st.

FOR BOSTON—The fast sailing, copper fastened brig MARY AVERILL, having three fourths of her cargo engaged, will have all possible despatch. For freight or passage apply to GEORGE BEDFORD, m14 22 Bienville st.

FOR GIBRALTAR—The fine fast sailing brig [illegible], capt. Beals, will sail by the 20th inst. For freight of a [illegible] quantity of staves or passage, apply to m14 KIDDER & HEAD, 84 Poydras st.

FOR LIVERPOOL—The ship TALLAHASSEE, Crosby, master, can take 300 bales on freight, and can accommodate a few [illegible] passengers. For terms, apply to m11 H C CAMMACK & Co.

FREIGHT OR CHARTER—The fast sailing A 1 ship AUSTERLITZ, captain Hammond, just arrived, is ready to take a cargo for any port, and would have immediate despatch. Apply on board, below the lower steam cotton press, or to m10 F. PERRET, 59 Toulouse st.

FOR BALTIMORE—The first class fast sailing schooner CURLEW, captain Lincomb, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will sail in a few days. For balance of freight or passage apply KIDDER & HEAD, m9 84 Poydras st.

NEW ORLEANS AND BALTIMORE line of packets—The A 1 fast sailing barque MARY, captain Nickerson, having part of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having elegant furnished accommodations, apply to GEORGE BEDFORD, 22 Bienville st. m10

FOR PHILADELPHIA—Louisiana and Pennsylvania line—The A 1 packet ship ST. LOUIS, Wm. Watson, master, is now receiving freight for the above port, and will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, having very superior accommodations, apply to captain W. on board, one tier above the mint, or to N F COMLY & Co, 97 Camp st. Charges advanced on freight by this line when required.

FOR SALE—The cargo of ship William Tell, capt. Coffin, from Malta and Messina consisting of 15 [illegible] Jennies and 12 Maltese Jacks of the largest size ever imported into the United States, [illegible], 2,750 boxes Messina Lemons, 750 boxes Messina Oranges. A S BARKER, corner of Camp and Canal sts.

To the Editors of the Bee.

GENTLEMEN—Permit me to reply to an infamous calumny which appeared against me in yesterday's Bee, signed B. SALVEE. Nothing is more false than the declaration of that woman, who hired with me first as a domestic, when I kept my grocery store at the corner of Customhouse and Bourbon streets, and as my partner (verbally) after the fire which destroyed the house in which I lived, and when we took a store in St. Philip street, No. 22. She pretends I was only her clerk, and that she discharged me, being dissatisfied with my conduct, which language I attribute to [illegible]. If this were true I should not have now in my hands, a paper [illegible] in which she gave security not to leave the state before paying me the sum of $876, which she [illegible] on the amount furnished by me in the business, and other sums for goods brought to the store when I was her partner [illegible].

As I place much value on my reputation, and fear that the public should form a rash opinion regarding me, from the assertions of this woman, I request you, Mr. Editor, to insert this article, in doing which, you will oblige, your servant, AUBRE, 15 St. Philip st.

SECURITY—I the subscriber obligate myself to Mr. Aubré, that Madame Mathilde Salvee will not leave the state of Louisiana before liquidating the obligations she may have contracted towards him—as well as those for which she is responsible, conjointly with said Aubré. The present security, though not given in the same form as those furnished to the sheriff, in these affairs, is equally good and valid. Signed, P. MICHEL. New-Orleans, April 4th, 1839. m11-3t

TO RENT—On a lease or by the month a store, very suitable for any kind of business. Apply at No. 15, St. Louis street. m8 B LAUDUMEY.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY J. A. BEARD.
Sale of Groceries at auction.
THIS Morning at half past 10 o'clock, on Canal street, near the Levee.
Also—Two counting room desks.
Merchants having goods for sale will send before 10 o'clock. m14

BY T. MOSSY & GARIDEL.
TUESDAY, 14th instant, will be sold at 10 o'clock, at the auction store, No. 50 Toulouse street,—
Striped red towels, cotton shirting, English cottonade, tissues, Arabian striped and checked ginghams, [illegible] &c. &c.

BY M. BARNETT, Sen.
WILL be sold, to-day, Tuesday, 14th inst, at 12 o'clock at the City Exchange, St. Louis street, five shares of Orleans Theatre Insurance company, paid in full. Conditions—Cash. m14

BY J. B. BLACHE.
WILL be sold on Wednesday, the 15th inst, at 10 o'clock, a. m. on Canal street, between Magazine and Tchoupitoulas—
40 barrels [illegible] vinegar;
[illegible] barrel butter;
10 large Goshen [illegible];
5 [illegible] brandy;
20 [illegible];
[illegible] brandy;
[illegible] Sicily [illegible], &c. &c. m14

BY GUINAULT & DELAROUE.
WILL be sold on Thursday, 16th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely, at the City Exchange, St. Louis street,
28 lots of ground, comprising the whole square No. 35, situated on the high ridge of Gentilly. The locality and elevation of the ground renders that property the most suitable for the establishing of a beautiful garden, or a cowhouse. The above square will be sold to suit purchasers, either in whole or in lots.
Terms—One-fourth cash, balance at 3 and 6 months, in notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendors. m14

BY GUINAULT & DELAROUE.
Valuable Lots sold, to effect a division.
WILL be sold Thursday next 16th inst, at 12 o'clock, precisely, at the City Exchange St Louis street,
Four valuable contiguous lots of GROUND, at the corner of Levee and Post streets.
For further information, see the plan now posted up at the City Exchange.
Terms—One-third cash, 1-3 at 6 months, and 1-3 at twelve months credit for notes to the satisfaction of the vendors. m14

BY M. BARNETT, SENR.
WILL be sold on Thursday the 16th inst, at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St. Louis st.
A LOT OF GROUND, situated in suburb Marigny, in Enghien street between Craps and Good Children, measuring 61 feet front on said Enghien street by a depth of 63 feet and measuring in the rear 58 feet, according to the plan now deposited at the Exchange.
On said lot is a new house the facade [illegible], consisting of four apartments, painted in oil, 2 closets, gallery and cellar. Also, a kitchen with 4 rooms, [illegible] well paved with [illegible].
Terms—$2000 payable on the 15th day of July 1839 and the balance cash.
Act of sale before Edward Barnett, Sr. notary public, at the expense of the purchaser. m13

Postponed sale of real estate.
BY JOSEPH A. BEARD.
Valuable Real Estate.
WILL be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at the St Louis Exchange, on Saturday, the 18th inst, at 12 o'clock m.
A valuable square of GROUND, being No 41 in suburb Livaudais, containing twenty-two lots. Said square lies between Seventh and Eighth and Laurel and Jersey streets.
The plan is now exposed at the St Louis Exchange.
Terms—One-fourth cash, the balance in three equal instalments of 1, 2 and 3 years, in notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor, with mortgage until final payment, and interest at 10 per cent per annum, if not paid, at maturity. The privilege of allowing the notes to lay over at the option of the vendor.
The situation of this piece of ground is very advantageous, being only the fourth square from the river, fine high land, and surrounded by improved property.
The act of sale to be passed before Wm Christy, Esq., notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.
Also, several valuable lots of land at Pass Christian and Biloxi. m14.

BY BACH & CALHOUN.
Syndic's sale.
WILL be sold on Wednesday, 12th June, 1839, at 12 o'clock at the City Exchange, in St. Louis street, by virtue of an order of the honorable the 2nd judicial district court of the state of Louisiana, under the direction of Frederick Frey, esq., syndic of the creditors of Edward Salmann, the following property surrendered by the insolvent to his creditors, viz:—
Lots of ground, in the town of Carrollton, parish of Jefferson, designated by the numbers 45, 46, 47, 51, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, on a plan drawn by F. Jacob Reidemann, deputy surveyor general, bearing date the 8th November, 1836.
Lots No. 45, 46, 46, 48, measuring each 30 feet front on [illegible] street, by 157 feet, 5 inches, 4 lines in depth.
Lots No. 51, 62, 63, 64, 65, [illegible] each other and measure each 30 feet front on Monroe street, by 157 feet, 5 inches, 4 lines in depth.
Lot No. 66 forms the corner of Monroe and Levee street, and measures 28 feet, 2 inches, 2 lines front on Levee street, by 126 feet in depth and front on Monroe street, 139 feet, 7 inches in depth on the side next to No. 66, and 22 feet, 5 1/2 inches in width in the rear.
Lot No. 66 measures 28 feet, 2 inches, 2 lines front on Levee street, 139 feet, 7 inches in depth on the side next to No. 65, 151 feet, 3 inches on the side next to No. 67, and 22 feet, 5 1/2 inches width in the rear.
Lot No. 67 measures 28 feet, 2 inches, 2 lines front on Levee street, 151 feet, 3 inches depth on the side next to No. 66, 162 feet, 9 inches depth on the side next to No. 68, and 22 feet, 5 1/2 inches width in the rear.
Lot No. 68 measures 28 feet, 2 inches, 2 lines front on Levee street, 162 feet, 9 inches depth on the side next to No. 67, 174 feet, 4 inches, 1 line on the side next to No. 69, and 22 feet, 5 1/2 inches width in the rear.
Lot No. 69 measures 28 feet, 2 inches, 2 lines front on Levee street, 174 feet, 4 inches, 1 line depth on the side next to No. 68, 186 feet, 11 inches depth on the side next to No. 70, and 22 feet 5 1/2 inches width in the rear.
Lot No. 70 measures 28 feet, 2 inches, 2 lines front on Levee street, 186 feet, 11 inches depth on the side of No. 69, 197 feet, 6 inches, 2 lines depth next to No. 71, and 22 feet, 5 1/2 inches width in the rear.
Which lots make part of the batture, fronting square No. 24, on the original plan of said town.
Terms of sale: One-fourth cash, and the balance at one, two and three years, in approved endorsed notes, secured by mortgage on the property.
2 LOTS OF GROUND situated in the suburb Lafayette, parish of Jefferson, designated by numbers 22 and 23 of square No. 31, on a plan drawn by L. Bringier, surveyor general of this state, bearing date 15th April 1831, deposited in the office of L. T. Caire, notary public. Said lots, adjoining each other, measure, American measure, 30 feet front each on Magazine street, by 150 feet, 2 inches deep, between parallel lines.
Terms of sale: One-fourth cash, and the balance at one, two and three years, for approved endorsed notes, secured by mortgage on the property.
2 LOTS OF GROUND, together with all the improvements thereon, situated in the suburb Lafayette, parish of Jefferson, and designated by the No. 1 and 16, contiguous to each other, in square No. 38, on the original plan of said suburb, made by Joseph Pilié, city surveyor, on the 2d March, 1806.
Said lot No. 1, measures 60 feet front on Jackson street, by 120 feet in depth, fronting on Plaquemines street, of which it forms the corner, bounded on the lower side by lot No. 2, and in the rear by lot No. 3.
Said lot No. 16, measures 60 feet front on Jackson street, 120 feet in depth, bounded on the upper side by lot No. 1, on the lower side by lot No. 15, and in the rear by lot No. 2.
Terms of sale: $2,000, with interest on $2,000 from 15th October, 1837, and on $1,000, from 13th October, 1838, [illegible] cash, the balance in one, two and three years, in approved notes, secured by mortgage on the property.
Acts of sale before Felix Grima, esq. notary public, at the expense of the purchaser. m14-3t-j19

BY J B BLACHE.
WILL be sold on Tuesday, the 14th instant at half-past four o'clock, p. m. in Dauphine street, near the corner of Conti street.
A fine assortment of household and kitchen furniture. m11

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.
Sale of the stock of a variety store.
ON Tuesday, the 14th instant, at 10 o'clock a. m. will be sold at the corner of Ursuline street and Old Levee. The stock of said store consisting of wood and willow ware, hardware, Britannia ware and a variety of other articles.
Also a large assortment of bird cages, and the fixtures of said store. m13

BY H. J. DOMINGON.
WILL be sold on Tuesday May 14th at 10 o'clock a. m. at his auction store, and to close a concern, 100 dozen French shirts, colored, vests, suspenders, &c.—Conditions at the sale. m13

BY H. J. DOMINGON.
WILL be sold on Tuesday 14th May, at 10 o'clock, a. m. at his auction store, a general assortment of SUMMER CLOTHING.
The whole will be sold without reserve. m13-3t

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.
Sale positive.
ON Tuesday the 14th inst will be sold on the levee at 4 o'clock p. m. landing from the ship Groton, from Bordeaux, and entitled to debenture.
90 cases claret medoc,
prunes in jars and half jars.
Terms at sale. m13

BY M. BARNETT, Sen.
WILL be sold on Thursday the 16th inst., at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St Louis street,
That NEW BRICK HOUSE, 3 stories high, situated on Toulouse street, between Bourbon and Dauphin, measuring 30 feet 4 1/2 inches front on Toulouse, by 150 feet in depth, with the kitchen, also three stories high, belonging to the same.
This building is not surpassed by any in the city for solidity in the construction, or for commodiousness and elegance of arrangements, and is so central in position as may be desired.
Terms—6, 12, 18, 24 and 30 months credit, notes drawn and endorsed to the satisfaction of the vendor, and special mortgage retained until final payment.
Act of sale to be before E. Barnett, not. pub. at the expense of the purchaser.
N. B. The vendor reserves to himself the privilege of retaining the notes endorsed without giving the [illegible]. m11

AUCTION NOTICE AND REMOVAL—The subscribers have removed their auction store to No. 107 Chartres street, between Conti and St. Louis streets. Regular days of sale for merchandise, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Also, attend to sales of real estate, slaves, and sales out of doors every day; and solicit the continuance of the patronage of their friends and the public. Advances will be made on goods sent for sale. m10 FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

FOR SALE, by the subscriber, black and colored marines, for summer frock coats, white, striped, and colored drills, superior qualities; 1 case ladies half boots, 1 case parasols and umbrellas, and other articles for the season.
As the subscriber leaves for France on the 15th inst. he requests all persons indebted to him to come forward and settle their accounts. He likewise offers his services to all persons wishing to forward orders, which he will execute with the greatest care. m6 VICTOR DECAUX, 75 Royal st.

FOR SALE—The undivided half, or the whole if desired, of a SAW MILL, suitable for mahogany and other wood, in excellent condition, with the following appurtenances, a circular saw, a turning machine, and a forge for the use of the establishment, situated at the corner of Enghien and Morales streets.
For further information apply to FAVRE, m10 6t watchmaker, 157 Chartres st.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish of Jefferson—Court of Probates—Whereas James Walsh has petitioned the Court of Probates in and for the parish of Jefferson for letters of curatorship to the vacant succession of James Burden, deceased, intestate, notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days from the date hereof, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.
New-Orleans, April 4th, 1839. m11 P. [illegible], Judge.