# The New-Orleans Bee.

VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO 1539

No 92. VOL VI.—NEW SERIES. NEW-ORLEANS. MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1844.


## STEAM PACKETS

FOR SAINT LOUIS— The steamer ECLIPSE, Capt. W. Gale, will leave as above on the first trip Tuesday, 11th May, at 6 o'clock P M. A plan of the cabin may be seen and State Rooms secured on application JOHN K. SEAW & Co, Agents, 56 Poydras

FOR ST. MARTINSVILLE, Atchafalaya—The fast running and regular packet steamer PAUL TUCKER, HENRY R. DUVAL, master, will leave for the above and intermediate landings, on Tuesday, 30th inst, at 10 a m. For freight or passage, apply on board or to J. PAVY & Co, 75 Poydras st.

FOR MASHIE ISLAND—The well known fast running steamer LEXINGTON, WILLIAM GRAY, master, is now ready to receive freight at the foot of Bienville street, will leave on Monday, 29th inst at 10 o'clock. For freight and passage apply on board, or to Messrs. Lobdell, Cote Blanche, Belle Isle, Berwick's Bay, Bayou Boeuf, Patterson, Harrisonburg, Alexandria, Natchitoches and intermediate landings, or for further particulars, apply on board, or to JOHN HALL, 1 Front Levee.

PREMIER SULTANA FOR LOUISVILLE. On Tuesday, the 30th instant, the regular packet SULTANA, Robert Shaw, master, will leave for Louisville and all intermediate landings at 10 o'clock a m, punctually. For freight or passage, apply on board, at the Long Wharf, or to L W HUBBARD & Co, 93 Tchoupitoulas

FOR ST. LOUIS— The splendid fast running passenger steamer CAPITAL, Capt. R. Pennington, will leave as the regular packet for above and intermediate ports on Saturday, the 11th May at 6 o'clock P M. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to J. R. SHAW & Co, Agents, 24 Poydras

UNITED STATES MAIL. SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET. For the Coast, Dauphin Island, Pascagoula, Biloxi, Mobile, Port Hudson, Washington and Bayou Sara. The splendid British built copper fastened MILLIANT, Capt Mary Taylor, leaves New Orleans every Wednesday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock A M, and Bayou Sara every Monday and Friday, at 10 o'clock A M, and returning to Bayou Sara and New Orleans on the following days, will go to Point Coupee and Natchez, as usual. The fine Passenger Packet Flamingo is the same as charged by all the Packets running thereat. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to WM AVERY, Agent.

Cy—The attention of the public is called to this fast and safe conveyance, as it is the only one in New-Orleans. Patent Safety Valves to prevent explosions, and a Fire Engine and Hose, ready for immediate use, are on board, and are always with her. Passengers will find her cabins and state rooms unsurpassed, and her table will be supplied with the best the markets afford. Her officers are all experienced, and the engineers have the assurance of her being at all times safe and in good order. Her hull is strong, and she will carry forty tuns of freight on a light draught of water. Her engines are of the best description, and her boilers are of the best iron. The fine cabin of the Flamingo, with her state rooms, will be found equal to any on the Mississippi. Her commodious hold will be found to be well adapted for the stowage of cotton, and she will be promptly and carefully attended to.

N. B. Her accommodations are such as to enable her to carry a number of cattle, and she will be provided with a competent number of hands for the purpose.

NOTICE. REGULAR PACKET BETWEEN NEW-ORLEANS, BALIZE and intermediate landings. The fine boat FRANZ, Jean Baptiste Martin, master, having undergone her thorough repairs, will recommence her regular trips as above, on Tuesday, 30th inst, at 10 a m. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to Messrs. Lobdell, Cote Blanche, Belle Isle, Berwick's Bay, Bayou Boeuf, Patterson, Harrisburg, Alexandria, Natchitoches and intermediate landings, or for further particulars, apply on board, or to JOHN HALL, 1 Front Levee.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

# HENRY CLAY.

*NEW-ORLEANS:*
MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1844.

### CLAY CLUB.

A meeting of the members of the Clay Club will be held at their room (No. 25 Exchange Place) this evening, at seven o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested.

RC OUSSEAU,
AC. WILLIAMS,
J. R. VILNAI. } Secretaries.

### JAMAICA.

Capt. Veasy, of the brig *Comet*, which arrived yesterday from Jamaica, which he left on the 20th, states that about 1,000 colored persons from Hayti had arrived in that island to seek the protection of the authorities, having been driven from Hayti by the blacks, who had obtained absolute supremacy.

At the departure of Capt. Veasy, the rumor prevailed that Jacmel had been pillaged, and burnt. This statement was contradicted by other reports, relating to nothing more than a simple insurrection. It was further rumored that General Hérard had lost two thousand men in a skirmish with the Spanish. All these rumors are so vague and contradictory, that they must be received with great circumspection.

HAYTI.—Since writing the above we have conversed with one of the passengers by the brig *Comet*, who has politely furnished us with more detailed information in regard to the disturbances in the Black Republic.

It appears that the government of Hayti is singularly unfortunate. Besides the two thousand men killed in an encounter with the Spaniards, three thousand more have gone over to the enemy, leaving the Government troops utterly powerless. This is not all. The blacks seem to cherish a most vindictive hatred to the mulattoes, and the latter are persecuted, assassinated and burnt wherever they are found. Numbers of them had fled to Jamaica, and when the *Comet* left more than 1200 had already reached that Island.

It is positively affirmed that Riviere Herard has resigned his office as President of the Republic—an office which under present circumstances, seems altogether above his capacity.

HAVANA.

By the steamer *Alabama*, Capt. Windle, which arrived on Saturday, we have news from Havana, to the 23d inst. The authorities were still busily engaged in ferreting out the authors and abettors of the recent insurrection. The Captain General has been severely blamed for the severity displayed by him in suppressing these revolts, and that the contemplated insurrection was not a partial outbreak, but was to have extended over the whole colony. Already more than 200 ringleaders have been executed, and there are still three or four hundred in prison, who will doubtless have the same fate. Among those implicated are several Englishmen. Six of them were to be hung the day when the *Alabama* left. The English Consul have claimed their persons, the Captain General replied that he would not have this slightest objections *after justice had been done.*

Nothing further has transpired relative to the affair, in which an American sailor was killed by one of the sentinels on the shore, acting under the orders of the Corporal.

Among the Passengers of the *Alabama* are Messrs. Robb and Rogers, who have made a contract with the authorities of Havana to light the city with gas.

Our correspondent writes as follows:

HAVANA, 23d April, 1844.

Since my last letter, nothing has transpired worthy of mention, except the arrest and execution of those suspected of having participated in the recent negro insurrection.

With respect to Sugars the market daily improves in activity, and the principal articles of importation are scarce and dear. Rice sells at $8, and flour at $17 per barrel. Freights are firm, though the further he crow off with shipping.

Sugar 4 to 10 rains; coffee 6½ a 8½.

J. C. W.

### CONGRESS.

The proceedings of the two houses on the 18th inst. offer little of interest. In the Senate, after the presentation of memorials, Mr. Merrick, from the Post Office Committee, reported a bill for the relief of Wm. Dubuisson, late post master at New Orleans.

CAMP CHASE or WASHINGTON.—This relic of revolutionary war relations was brought in from the other House, and the joint resolution respecting it was put upon its passage, which Mr Pearce of Maryland, accorded the resolution in a few eloquent remarks. After repeating the history of this relic, and dwelling lovingly upon the merits of the donor, Mr. P. said the relics of our past history were less and scanty. The national mind was too prone to pass by objects of antiquity which it ought to be found across the Atlantic. We had no iron crown—no towers of Palmyra—no cast-blated cloaks—no tinkling shadows upon our broad rivers, and telling how incolence and pride have fooled it over ignorance. We have never been enslaved, and there are no vestiges upon our soil of past degradation.

Our national history is that of freedom full grown, sweet, and unshackled.

This relic was associated with incidents of a different nature than those which were awakened by the presentation of the sword of Washington; this relic is not laid out in matchless processions, of suffering, want, and starvation. It was in the camp of Washington throughout the revolutionary war; with him when he crossed the Jersey—inspiring the dreary winter at Valley Forge—at Monmouth, and at the crowning glory of Yorktown.

The joint resolution was unanimously adopted.

The tariff bill was then taken up, and Mr Wright made a long speech in which he said he was pledged to go for the modification of the present tariff. Before he had concluded discussion the Senate adjourned.

In the House the business was of a much more and of a more important character. Several private bills were passed. The House then took up the Western Rivers bill, on a motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill had been rejected. The vote was reconsidered, yeas 120, nays 49. The bill being again before the House, an animated discussion arose as to several of its provisions, in the course of which the policy of the government, General Jackson's opinions, internal improvement, &c., were the staple subjects of debate. The House adjourned without taking the question.

### CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CRIMINAL COURT.—On Saturday Judge Canon passed sentence upon the following persons:

Luther Jordan and George Ley, found guilty of burglary, two years imprisonment at hard labor in the penitentiary at Baton Rouge.

Ernest Albrect, larceny, 1 month in the parish prison.

Louis Morris, larceny, 48 hours in the parish prison.

Elzindge Perry, larceny, 48 hours in the parish prison.

Andre Napoleon, assault and battery, 3 months in the parish prison.

John Myers, assault and battery, 1 month in the parish prison.

Eugene, f. m. c., assault and battery, 15 days in the parish prison.

Jose Domingo, assault and battery, 15 days in the parish prison.

The case of John Mullens, charged with using inviting language towards the Judges and threatening to break the ballot box at the polls of the Fourth Ward, Second Municipality, at the late municipal election, was called. The jurors were sworn, and the case postponed until this morning.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.—The attention of the Court on Saturday was occupied in hearing the argument on the appeal from the U. S. District Court, in the case of the owners of the steamboat Linda vs. the owners of the steamboat De Soto. In the lower court a verdict for $12,000 was given in favor of the Linda, for the loss and damages, which it was alleged she sustained in coming in contact with the De Soto. The argument will be continued this morning.

Judge McKinley will give his "written" opinion this morning, on the motion to set aside the indictments in case of John M. Breedlove.

☞ William Nunn *alias* Wilson was sentenced by Recorder Baldwin on Saturday last to six months imprisonment in the workhouse.

☞ A deaf and dumb boy about 12 years of age, who has been engaged in selling watches in the streets, was yesterday brought before Recorder Baldwin charged with attempting to set on fire the cotton press of Mr Taylor, at the corner of Magazine and Lafayette streets. It appeared the young rascal was amusing himself by igniting a box of matches at a time and throwing them at a negro boy of Mr Taylor who was seated in the door of the press, which falling amongst the loose cotton on the pavement, endangered the safety of the building. The Recorder ordered him to be locked up for a few days, as a warning to him for the future.

REMARKABLY QUICK TRIP.—The ship *Raristen*, Capt. ——, left the Balize on the 22d February last, and arrived at Havre on the 14th of the succeeding month, making the passage in the extraordinary short time of *twenty one days.* This is the fastest passage on record.

The ships *Nashville* and *Narragansett* which left for Havre five days before, made the voyage in 26 days.

☞ We are indebted to steamer *Belle of Arkansas* for late river papers.

### LATER FROM EUROPE.

Since our last publication there have been several arrivals from Europe—one direct, the *Eleanor*, from Liverpool, being three days later advices—and two at New York, viz: the *Cambridge*—which left Liverpool on the 17th ult, and the *St. Nicholas*, from Havre, with dates to the 18th. We glean the following items of intelligence from these arrivals:

In the House of Commons, Mr. Colden's motion for a select committee to inquire into the effects of protective duties on exports upon the interests of the tenant farmers and landholders of the country, was rejected by a vote of 179 to 224. Majority against the motion, 91.

It was rumored that the Emperor of Russia intended to visit Great Britain. The papers were discussing the propriety of his receiving a national reception. It was conjectured that his object might be to attempt a reconciliation with France.

In the House of Commons, on the 11th, Mr. Cochrane asked for the diplomatic documents relative to the affairs in Greece. Sir Robert Peel replied that he was willing to produce some of those documents, but that there were others of them which he could not at present make known.

*London, March* 17.—There is now no doubt that the plan of the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the reduction of the interest upon the 3½ per cents, will be easily carried out.

The British mercantile markets have been firm the past week and the deliveries for home consumption have rather increased.

The public securities have varied but little. If any thing, the Bull party have had the advantage.

*Saturday evening, March* 16.—The quotations for Consols were 93¼ a ¾. Bank stock 193 a 198; Exchequer bills 72 a 75 premium. Railway shares are not in request just now.

*Paris of the Queen to Prussia*.—We have received the following from a correspondent, dated Berlin, March 12:

"Unless altered circumstances and direct obstacles intervene, Her Majesty the Queen of England, accompanied by her consort, will arrive at Berlin on the 15th of May. But a week is said to have been expressed in London, that the visit, like that to Louis Philippe, may have gone over to the energy, leaving the Government troops utterly powerless. This is not all. The blacks seem to cherish a most vindictive hatred to the mulattoes, and the latter are persecuted, assassinated and burnt wherever they are found. Numbers of them had fled to Jamaica, and when the *Comet* left more than 1200 had already reached that Island.

It is positively affirmed that Riviere Herard has resigned his office as President of the Republic—an office which under present circumstances, seems altogether above his capacity.

The *National Intelligencer* of the 20th, contains the following piece of news, which is confirmatory of inferences of the purposes of the administration, drawn from divers givings out in the *Madisonian*:

When we yesterday spoke hypothetically of the possibility of an attempt (in case of the rejection by the Senate of the "Treaty of Annexation") to annex the Territory of Texas to the United States by "a joint resolution," we had no idea that an event so near the fact as we find ourselves to have been. In the Philadelphia Public Ledger received yesterday, we find the following astounding development by its Washington correspondent—a man much to be relied upon for a knowledge of the views of the Administration as if he were the President himself—of the ulterior plan of the Texas party (claiming as the reader will perceive, to be the dominant party) in the Government:

"I write you some time, to-day, that *in case the Senate rejects the Treaty, the question will come before both Houses in the shape of a joint resolution;* Texas claiming to be originally a Territory of the United States, and possessed of the requisite population to form a State—*In that event, it is certain that the Annexation can be carried;* There being a sufficient number of Democratic votes in both Houses, who will go for Texas as a party measure, with a sufficient number of Southern Whigs, who joined the Democrats, will make the requisite majority."

In reference to the probable conduct of Mexico, in case of Texas being annexed, it is understood that General Almonte, the Mexican Minister in this place, pretends to care very little about it, and that he has received advices that Buenavista preserves a very dignified silence on the subject. No diplomatic correspondence on that point issued or is expected; but the friends of Texas are confident that Mexico will march her troops into the disputed territory before the Treaty Annexation will be ratified, and that, therefore, General Almonte's instructions (if he has any) will be to remain neutral and making full that with a certain prospect of continuing to do so for the year.

Our market yesterday was not influenced by these news, and only a moderate business was done, as operators preferred holding off for the Steamer's news which is now due. The transactions comprised 2,500 bales at steady prices.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fine and Middling | | | Fair | | |
| Fine | d | d | Fair | d | d |
| Middling Fine | | | Middling Fair | | |
| Fine | d | d | Fair | d | d |
| Fine Ordinary | | | Middling | | |
| Fine | d | d | Fair | d | d |
| Ordinary | | | Ordinary | | |
| Fine | d | d | Fair | d | d |
| Good Middling | | | Good Ordinary | | |
| Fine | d | d | Fair | d | d |
| Middling | | | Ordinary | | |
| Fine | d | d | Fair | d | d |

The bull market is firm and the demand continues active. We quote London, 60 a 90 d cent. from—Paris, 4 3/8 a 5 3/8—New York, 60 a 90 d 1 a 1½ cent. discount—Checks, 1½ cent prem.

### DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, April 19.

The operations at the Board of Brokers this morning were a fair extent. Pennsylvania Nine-tenths sold at 77 cent. Farmers' Loan, 51. Canton, 71. Harlem Railroad, 17. Mississippi Railroad, 11. Norwich and Worcester, 11. Western Railroad, 1 cent. Ohio bonds declined 1 and Missouri bonds 2 cent.

The demand for Foreign Exchange has improved, and the rate has fallen a little.

| | |
|---|---|
| London 1s at | 109@109½ |
| Paris | 5 7/16@5 3/8 |
| Amsterdam | 39@40 |
| Hamburg | 34@35 |
| Bremen | 79@79½ |

Money is in demand. Discounts are made at 6 a 6½ per cent for prime names, and 8 a 10 for others.

### NEW YORK COTTON MARKET—April 19

Private letters from Liverpool to the 17, and Havre to the 16th ult, state that the cotton market at the former was more active, and prices had advanced ¼ d, in consequence of the news at the increased crop in America, at the latter market there was more firmness. The sales at Liverpool on the 15th had been anticipated. For holders had expected full ¼ d, and had put their cotton down, prepared to meet a lower market, but the sales of the week had been larger than expected, and the demand for the steamer, now hourly expected, is looked for with great interest, as she will bring at least 10 days later.

### FOREIGN MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET—March 15, 1844.

The demand this week was gradually improving up to the close of We nesday, when prices of the lower qualities of American rose up to fair, but advances generally ¼ d. upon the quotations of Friday, and the sales of the week amounted to the 20th ult, received that night, had a certain tendency to the improvement in the demand, and prices had improved with comparative firmness yesterday, the demand for biding and purchase coming unusually active, and the sales of the week amounted to 30,000 bales, of which 2,000 were on speculation, and 1,500 for export, and the market closed yesterday at the advance of ¼ d, on the lower qualities, and ¼ d on the higher qualities, and ¼ d on the lower qualities, and ¼ d on the higher qualities, and ¼ d on the lower qualities, and ¼ d on the higher qualities, and ¼ d