The New-Orleans Bee

No 190. VOL VI.—NEW SERIES. NEW-ORLEANS SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1844. VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO 1563

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO., NO. 94 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State.

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, tri-weekly, one year in advance, 10

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one; any alteration from the original advertisement will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN lines, charged as a square.

ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Merchants and Traders, in French and English, $60;
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do, 50
Banks, insurance office, public institutions, 50
To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, and plantation sales, houses or lots of ground to let lease or sell, rents, by slaves, stray animals, &c. &c. will be charged for separately and at the ordinary rates.

NOTICES of ARTICLES of a personal nature, when admitted, will pay two dollars per square, in advance.

Theatres and other places of amusement, advertising daily for the season, to be charged 100 dollars either French or English only, and 150 dollars for both languages.

MARRIAGES AND OBITUARY NOTICES.—Articles calling the attention of the public to sales of property, cards, of passengers, lectures, &c. &c. will be charged one dollar per square, for the first insertion, in each language.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—No advertisements of bankruptcies will be published in any case, unless paid for in advance.

All announcement of Candidates for political offices shall be charged double the price of other advertisements.

BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.

☞ REMOVED.—SHULTZ, BADDEN & LEACH have removed to 77 Tchepitoulas street. 14

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BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.

STEAM PACKETS

Passenger Packet, ALEXANDER MOTT, for ST. LOUIS on Sunday the 16th inst, this at 10 o'clock A. M.—This elegant fast running steamer, Capt J C Swon, is now receiving freight and will positively leave above. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board, or to JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents, 84 Poydras 14

Passenger packet ECLIPSE for ST. LOUIS, on Saturday, 15th inst.—This elegant, fast running steamer, Capt G W Gordon, is now receiving freight and will leave as above. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board or to JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents, 84 Poydras st

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.
The public are hereby notified that the days of departure and arrival of the Dates Range Packet BALEN, James H Ure, master, will be changed on, and upon the 25th inst. as follows: She will leave New Orleans every Tuesday at 10 o'clock A M, and return on every Saturday.
Arrangements having been made with Messrs. F. N. Burke and Schlotter of Pequamine to form a direct line to Baton Rouge, which will be in connection with the steamer Alabama during low water, in connection with the steamer Dahlia, shippers can rely on their goods being carried through with despatch and at the lowest rates.
The Balen will also receive freight for Lafourche during low water, and reship per steamer Otway.
For freight or passage apply on board. 119 1m

FOR CINCINNATI & CINCINNATI—The new splendid swift running steamer QUEEN OF THE WEST, Capt. Samuel Mitchell, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on Sunday the 16 instant at 10 o'clock A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. HARTWELL, RIDDER & CARMAN, 44 Poydras

SPLENDID PASSENGER PACKET.
FOR ST LOUIS—The splendid new and fast running steamer JAS. M. WHITE, Capt. Jas. M. Chevis, master, will wave on her next trip for the above and intermediate ports as usual, on Sunday, the 23d inst at 10 o'clock a m. This boat's accommodations are unsurpassed by any boat on the western waters. A plan of her cabin may be seen and state rooms secured on application to J. S SHAW & Co. Agts. 21 Poydras st 30

Steamer SULTANA FOR LOUISVILLE—This splendid fast running steamer SULTANA, R Pease master, will leave for Louisville, on her next trip, Tuesday, the 18 inst. Her capability and accommodations are well known to need any recommendation. The Brilliant, Capt Hart, will continue her regular trips to Natchitoches twice a week until the arrangement taken place. Apply on board, or 119 W H AVERY, 88 Gravier

AMUSEMENTS
TO THE PUBLIC.
GRAND PANORAMA—THIRD EXHIBITION.
Grand Panorama, or Theatre of the Universe

MR RAGUSA, proprietor of this establishment, informs the public that his collection of Views of Paintings in one of the finest and choicest, painted by some of the first Professors of Italy and France, and that he will divide it so as to present a new entertainment every night.

THIRD EXHIBITION—CHANGE OF PICTURES.
The Arsenal of Toulon.
Street Cascade, near Jerkapink, Siberia.
Palace of Barbarossa.
Naval Battle of Navarin.
Imperial Palace of Petrowski, Russia.
Strait of Gibraltar.
Ruins of the Trappist Church, Pacaly.
Passage of St Bernard, with a view of Constantinople
Square of the Innocent, Paris.
Stockholm, Capital of Sweden.
Lorient, a Sea Port in France.
Interior View of the Prison, Madrid.
Grand Cathedral of Milan, Italy.
Fairy Gardens of Armide, from the XV & XVI. Centuries.
Ruins of Palmyra in Delivered by Tasso.
Shipwreck of the French Frigate Medusa, 1816.

The proprietor hopes that gentlemen amateurs and connoisseurs, will visit his Panorama, they will be satisfied. Exhibition open from 10 o'clock A. M. till 10 o'clock, P. M. at No. 46 Royal street between Customhouse and Bienville.
Price of Admission, 25 cents—Children half price. 118

CARROLLTON GARDENS.
SOCIETY BALLS.
THE subscribers to the Carrollton Balls are informed that the 8th ball will take place on Saturday, the 15th June, and are requested, together, with invited guests, to notice the above date.
There will be for the Poydras street Depot at half past 4, and Carrollton at half past 8 o'clock
M BELLY, P LIVAUDAIS,
C P YOUNG R J ARMISTEAD,
THOS. DAVILY, E B HARRIS.
Commissioners. 116—2d

EXPERIMENTS IN
MESMERISM
DR. DE BONNEVILLE
Respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of New Orleans, that he will entertain Evening,
MONDAY, June 10, 1844.
Continue the Course of Lectures and Experiments on the subject of MAGNETISM (begun in the Armory) at the
AMERICAN THEATRE.
The Lecture this week will be delivered on
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY,
the 10th, 12th and 14th June, 1844
☞ The Experiments will be performed upon persons well known in this city, and will be made to demonstrate the phenomena of the SOMNAMBULIC STATE, as well as the power over the WILL OF MAN.
The Course will be delivered in English.
☞ To commence at 8 o'clock precisely—Doors open at half past 7.
☞ Tickets of Admission, 50 cents. 110—6t

TREATMENT OF DISEASES
BY
MAGNETISM
☞ Prof. DE BONNEVILLE respectfully informs the citizens of New-Orleans, that a has opened his office for CONSULTATION at the St LOUIS EXCHANGE, "Le Salon Bleu."
☞ OFFICE HOURS—*For Ladies, only*—From 9 to 11 o'clock, A. M. *For Gentlemen, only*—From 1 to 4 o'clock P. M. 110—6t

SMITH BRYAN,
IMPORTER OF BRITISH GOODS,
AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 20 CUSTOMHOUSE STREET.
Liverpool—Benjamin Bury, Esq } New Orleans.
Liverpool—Alexander Bury, Esq } New Orleans.
Messrs Fish, Grinnell, Minturn & Co } New York.
John Mullen & Co
James Aspinwall & Co, Liverpool, England.
James & Thomas Kennedy Belfast Ireland.
James Thompson Bryan, Esq, Magherafelt, do.
CHS. C. CIFRED,
MEDICAL DOCTOR,
No. 70 LA-SALLE STREET.
Between Royal and Chartres streets
☞ NOTICE—The ship OREGON, from Liverpool is now discharging opposite the Bad Pavement, in consequence of the weather, she will only be requested to take out their permits within five days, otherwise their goods will be sent to the public stores. LEVI HALL, 59 Common
☞ CARD—The elegant fast running passenger steamer PACKET ECLIPSE, Capt. W. A. Walker, will leave for St Louis and intermediate ports To-Day at 4 o'clock P M., at which hour passengers are requested to be on board. JOHN R SHAW & Co. Agents.
☞ CARD—The elegant fast running passenger packet steamer ALEX. MOTT, Capt Jas C Swon, will leave for St Louis and intermediate ports To-morrow at 10 o'clock A M, at which hour passengers are requested to be on board. JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents.
☞ NOTICE—The ship COLUMBUS, Capt. Meyer, from Bremen, is discharging opposite the lower pier; consignees will please enter their goods, as all goods not entered within 6 days will be sent to the public stores. SCHMIDT & Co 114
THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of Tooele & Barrere is this day dissolved by its limitation. The liquidation of the firm will be made by either of us, and the signature of the firm signed in liquidation.
WM. R. TOOLE,
CHARLES A. BARRIERE.
New Orleans, June 1st, 1844.
NOTICE—The subscriber will continue the business of the late firm, at the old stand.
CHARLES A. BARRIERE.
11 20 Chartres st
DURING our absence from the city, Mr JULES TARDOS holds our power of attorney.
TOOLE & BARRIERE.
11 in Liquidation.
DURING my absence, Mr JULES TARDOS holds my power of attorney.
CHARLES A. BARRIERE.
11
MANUFACTURE OF SELTZER WATER.
RENAUD PETITHEN having added to his establishment in Barrack street, a manufactory of Seltzer Water, inform the public that he will furnish during the heavy and sultry weather, flavored with pine apple, lemon and raspberry.
He will have these articles sent to private residences at the following prices:
Seltzer Water, per dozen, $1 00
Gaseous Lemonade, assorted flavors, do 1 00
Glasses not included.
11 No. 68 Barrack street, near the Mint.
BOSTON REFINED SUGAR—300 pkgs double refined loaf, crushed and powdered;
Coffee—100 bags Old Government Java;
Teas—1000 pkgs gunpowder, imperial, young hyson and pouchong;
Candies—400 boxes New Bedford sperm;
Soap—500 bxs Boston and Cincinnati;
Mustard—50 cases assorted;
Starch—100 bxs do do;
Salerat—50 cases Boston, first quality;
Mackerel—500 pkgs (No 1 and 2);
Molasses—100 kits No 1;
Codfish—50 drums fresh;
Gin—50 pipes Genuine Holland;
Chocolate—100 box 8;
Sugars—50 hhds unrefined Cuba;
50 bags Cocoa, 50 barrels whole oil.
Olive Oil—100 flasks. For sale by
NORCROSS & FONDICK, 40 Gravier
The undersigned offers for sale the following goods received by late arrivals:
8 cases Martinique brandy; 10 pipes do do;
150 casks red wine; and cases do; 100 do white Sauternes wine; 30 kits vinegar; 100 cases assorted cordials; 100 boxes sardines; 50 boxes fruits in brandy; 50 do do apricots.
EDOUARD LAMBOUDE.
☞ We are hedged to the chest of the cutaway of the late Louisville and Nashville pump.

NEW ORLEANS BEE

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:
HENRY CLAY
FOR VICE PRESIDENT.
THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN,

FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT:

First District	JACQUES TOUTANT.
Second District	ZENON DAVLIER.
Third District	GEORGE S. GUION.
Fourth District	LAFAYETTE SAUNDERS.
Fifth District	JACQUES DUPRE.
Sixth District	EDWARD SPARROW.

FOR CONGRESS.
SECOND DISTRICT.
BANNON G. THIBODAUX.
FOURTH DISTRICT.
LOUIS BORDELON.

NEW-ORLEANS:
SATURDAY MORNING JUNE 15, 1844.

☞ The sum and substance of the *Herald's* leading article yesterday, is, that if the nullifiers have the privilege of defeating the laws, they will not nullify, and that if disunionists are conceded the right to do what they will with the Union, they will cease to be rebellious. But should the twenty-five States in the Union yield to the demands of South Carolina, a bond should be taken of that State that she would not nullify the laws of her own division, as the very measure that are now denounced as oppressive and tyrannical were once favorite ones with her, and if we mistake not, were forced upon the north by southern votes.

It is somewhat remarkable that South Carolina doctrines should be so well received by the democracy, when it is considered that they originate with the most aristocratic and exclusive clique in the United States. To such absurd lengths did they carry their aristocratic notions, that it was regarded at one time, and that not very remote, as beneath the dignity of a gentleman to engage in mercantile and other respectable callings.—This prejudice was so strongly rooted in the minds of the great elaborators of democratic doctrines" that Governor McDuffie, if we mistake not, suggested the propriety of allowing the public schools to grant diplomas to persons who were not learned in the dead languages, so that individuals having commercial educations only might be considered fit associates for the hereditary aristocracy of democracy! Great guardians of the peoples' rights were they! If some violation from on high, or from below either, were to smite the rich valleys of the south with sterility, so that South Carolina cotton and rice would fetch fortunes in the markets, there would be no rebellious resolutions from Beaufort.

☞ A rumor has been industriously circulated throughout the country, that an angry correspondence was pending between Mr Tyler and Mr President Polk. The *National Intelligencer*, of the 7th instant, remarking upon this report, says:—"We learn with great satisfaction from good authority, that, as we had hoped, the rumor of "an angry correspondence" going on between the Secretary of State and the British Minister is entirely without foundation, and that there exists a perfect good understanding between those functionaries. We are glad that we noticed the rumor, because by doing so we are afforded the opportunity to contradict a report in circulation before it can have had a wide circulation, and especially before it can have been transmitted across the Atlantic."

MORE THREATS OF DISUNION.

The South Carolinian, a newspaper published at Columbia in the State of South Carolina, offers a series of remarks on the probable chance of the Texas treaty before the Senate proposes, in the event of its failure, the following:—

1. To call upon our delegations in Congress, if in session, or our Senators, if they be at the seat of government, to wait on the Texas Minister, and demand of him that an final any negotiation with other powers, until the Southern States shall have had a reasonable time to decide upon their course.

2. The objects being ascertained, a convention of the people of each State should be promptly called, to deliberate and decide upon the action to be taken by the State Stores on the question of Annexation, and to appoint delegates to a Convention of the Slave States, with instructions to carry into effect the behests of the people.

3. That Convention should assemble, and after resolutions from each, appointed as aforesaid, should be called to meet at some central position, to take into consideration the question of annexation. They will, if the Union, or what remains of it, will not do, if the Union will not accept it, then of annexing Texas to the Southern States.

4. That the President of the United States be requested by the General Convention of the Slave States, to call Congress together immediately; when the final issue shall be made up, and the Slave States shall have decided to secede to the free States, either to admit Texas into the Union, or to proceed peacefully and calmly, to arrange the terms of the dissolution of the Union.

If anything were needed to give unanimity to the disgust produced by the perusal of the disgraceful correspondence, accompanying the treaty of Annexation, it might be found in the abominable and treasonable threats that have been thrown out, in certain quarters, to frighten Senators into an approval of a treaty, negotiated in the manner in which that was before them.—"Texas or disunion" "Texas in or out of the Union" are watch-words that should produce quite a different effect than that contemplated. If the disunionists make this a party question, it will not help it much.

DELAWARE STATE CONVENTION.—The gallant whigs of Delaware, held their State Convention at Dover, on the 6th instant, to place in nomination State Officers, and to select Presidential Electors. The gathering was very large and the proceedings harmonious and enthusiastic.

The following ticket was unanimously selected:—

For Governor.
THOMAS STOCKTON, of New Castle.
For Congress.
J. W. HOUSTON, of Sussex.
Presidential Electors:
ALFRED DUPONT, of New Castle,
JOHN WILLIS, of Kent,
THOMAS DAVIS, of Sussex.

The Convention was addressed by Messrs Ridgeley Hildreth and others. After the nominations were announced, a procession was formed, which preceded by the National Prize Banner, the glory of the "Blue Hen's Chickens" and the Big Ball from Allegheny county, paraded through the principal streets, and finally adjourned with the most enthusiastic evidences that all was O. K. in little Delaware.

MEXICO—Accounts from Tampico received yesterday, by the schooner *Atlantic*, make mention of a revolutionary movement that had broken out in the so them part of Mexico, but we have no particulars in relation to the outbreak.

The following letter from a correspondent, in Vera Cruz, was received yesterday by way of Mobile, having been brought to that place by the *Poinsett*. We publish it simply as confirmation of advices previously given:—

VERA CRUZ, June 3d, 1844.

I have only a moment to write to you by this vessel (the *Poinsett*) that Col. Thompson returns in her, having been disappointed in all his efforts to make arrangements with the Mexican Government, relative to the Annexation of Texas; Mexico will listen to no proposition whatever on the subject.

In haste, your's truly,

* * *

HAVANA.—By the brig *Uncas*, from Havana, arrived yesterday, we have received papers to the 5th instant inclusive. They are totally barren of news. The island is quite tranquil and all excitement in relation to the conspiracy, appears to have completely subsided.

The N. Y. *Courier* of the 6th, says:—"Among the passengers by the Caledonia, was the Hon. C. M. Conrad, late a Senator from Louisiana, who has been travelling in Europe for the last eight months. He is now spending a few days in this city, and his fellow citizens will greet his return at this time, as a fortunate event in the political campaign just opened. There are few abler or more ardent whigs in the country, and not one more devoted to the cause of HENRY CLAY and the Constitution."

MAINE.—A State Convention of the whigs of Maine has been called to meet at Augusta, on Wednesday, the 26th instant, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor, and two candidates for Electors at large of President and Vice President; and adopt such measures as the interests of the party may demand, preparatory to entering the Presidential campaign. A Mass Meeting of the whigs of Maine, is to be held the same day and at the same place, for the purpose of responding to the State and National nominations.

☞ The New Bedford *Mercury*, commenting upon the fact that Col. YOUNG, of New York, in the Baltimore Convention, refused to desert his friend Van Buren, but while every other member of the New York delegation voted for Polk, deposited a blank ticket in the ballot box, observes, that Col. Y. not only voted like a true man, but voted for the better ticket. There is, says the *Mercury*, very little to choose between Polk and Black but of the two, we think — rather the most available;

THE RIGHT OF BUFFRAGE.—The Connecticut House of Representatives, by a vote of 128 to 18, have passed a resolution for the amendment of the Constitution extending the right of voting to every white male citizen 21 years of age, who shall have resided in the State one year next preceding the election, and to any such six months, but

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]
DOTTINGS FROM THE DOME.
Washington, June 6, 1844.

Gentlemen:—

The Senate went into Executive Session soon after meeting this morning and proceeded to the consideration of the Treaty. Before doing so, a memorial was presented by Mr White, of Indiana, from the Yearly Meeting of Friends, from Indiana and Illinois, remonstrating against the ratification of the Texas Treaty.

In the House, the reports of the majority and minority of the Committee of Elections, in the case of the seat of Speaker Jones, contested by Mr Botts were presented. A resolution having been adopted allowing Mr B. to be heard in support of his claim, a question arose which called forth an hour's debate, whether the one hour rule applied to Mr B. The temporary occupant of the chair, Mr Weller, decided that it did. An appeal was taken and the chair sustained by a party vote. Mr Botts then addressed the House, and was followed by Mr Jones, and by Mr Elmer, chairman of the committee, to whom I could not perceive a single member listening. The vote was then taken, and Mr Jones declared by the House to be entitled to the seat. It must be remarked that both the majority and minority of the committee award the seat to him; the first by 153, the last by 13.

The House then took up the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill, and proceeded to vote upon the amendments offered in Committee of the Whole, none of them being of any great importance or involving a principle. The call was not gone through with at 5 o'clock, when the House adjourned.

I mentioned in my letter last night that Mr Jernagin of Tennessee, addressed the Senate yesterday in opposition to the Treaty. Mr J. is writing out his speech for publication; from it I send you the following extract, remarking, that he has referred down the language in reference to Mr Hor benson, whom, in the Senate, he had presented in so indicious a light as to cause him tears *perceptible*, and beg off. Speaking of the nefarious manner in which this annexation question has been got up," Mr Jernagin said:

"The truth is, this whole business is a fraud, humbug, with which John Tyler intends, if he can, to humbug the American people in the approaching Presidential election. Sir, scenes lower than hell things often presented in this body, contemptuous tones never were applicable to anything of such grave consequence, can alone convey to their truth those miserable pretences. They are hardly describable but as trumpery and humbug. The district, not of affairs of State, but of the gaming table, and race course, can alone shadow them forth in their turpitude, their nefariousness. The conspirators who conceived them could not well have talked of them, but as the slaves in Hoyle and the text book speak of the plans by which pocket books are to be emptied or purses taken. The metaphors, and the vocabulary of such people could alone illustrate, or elucidate the purposes to be accomplished, or the means to be employed. We must even the assistance of what we hear, we know how the chief player in the game of spoils, and his confederates are told his confederates of his expectations. Their common organ, the sporting calendar here of this fraternity, has talked of the thing till it has become a stale, and nauseous one. The phrase which was appropriate to it. From it we could collect the cutting, stuffing, the stocking of the pack that was going on. Thus we have heard of the "Texas pocket" being the place of annexation as an ace of trumps, that was, in the phrase of the day to gain him the game, and sweep the board. At time, however, as the fairness of the game the government papers are often not a little mixed, and glide into the lofiest style of the camp and the field of glory, the trump card becomes a bower that was out of order in falling from the sleeve of the forces of our adversary, or a mine that was to blow the assaulting legions of another into the air. Now it was to come down upon the foe like Harney's fire, and now to burst beneath Clay's feet, knocking one into the earth, and the other into the air. Presently, again, relapsing into some specific phrase, the bower, or the mine, has been all unprofited stored, bestowing which the President was to distance in the race of popularity such mere jockeys as were rode by others. There stood, booted and spurred, in blue jacket, red cap, and yellow breeches, the Executive, John Jones holding his bottle, attendant servants his whip and stirrup, the Postmaster General by his side, ready, while the trumpet sounds, the Sixth Department, stood prepared to light him into the saddle. Meantime, as the Baltimore Convention drew nigh, abandoning their usual and accustomed vocabulary, the venerable Indian slayer of the West, his military rival of the Lakes, and the gallant "old Ironsides" of Pennsylvania. All looked with longing eyes at the Bottle. All were glad to be kept into it, but for John Jones and the stable boys, who loudly announced that justice demanded that the owner alone of this property should attend the bottle; when the Convention appears with a candidate of their own. Thus thrust by trainers and all, seats Polk in the saddle, slaps the horse upon the rump to start him, and leaves the rider and mule be bobbles off, the dismounted Executive stands aghast, and exclaims, is not that my horse that Polk is on? The Secretaries are thrown into a fever. John and the stable boys protest in vain that it is the President's own horse, and that there is cheating going on."

The rumor of a *coalition* between Tyler and the Polk party, is generally credited. It is understood to be true, and the negotiations are privately named. The latter are making great efforts to rally their forces, and put on the appearance of strength. Polk's free trade doctrines, and violent hostility to the tariff of '42 will be made up, and the Democratic advocates of annexation will not remain the Executive in its efforts for annexation, let them not concure the whigs for following their footsteps."

Thus discourseth the *Mediocrian*—who knows but truthfully. It would appear, that if Texas is to be the great question of the day, the individual that brought it upon the tapis, should have been chosen to conclude that which was begun by him.

THE U. S. SHIP COLUMBUS.—A correspondent of the New York *American* says:

"We had the curiosity to visit this ship just returned from her cruise, and very much gratified we were. Never have we seen a more efficient ship of war or a crew more contented and better disciplined. The Columbus mounts 50 guns in all—78 32's and 8 Paixhans. Her quarter roll shows 540, mostly native, and nearly all young men.

"The efficiency of this ship's crew can be estimated from the following statement in farling cells:—From the time the order was given to lay aloft to the order to lay in, the sails being furled, was one minute; and on another occasion, the time was two minutes. Instances are on record where the men have furled a topsail in 1 minute and 30 seconds, and in quarters until three