The New-Orleans Bee.

No 192. VOL VI.—NEW SERIES. NEW-ORLEANS FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 30, 1844. VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO 4645

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO., NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State.

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, - 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or for the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

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ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

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Merchants and Traders, in French and English, $60
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do, 50
Banks, insurance office, public institutions, 30
To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, and plantation sales, houses or lots of ground to let lease or sell, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c. will be charged for separately and at the ordinary rates.

NOTICES OF ARTICLES of a personal nature, when admitted, will pay two dollars per square, in advance.

Theatres and other places of amusements, advertising daily for the season, to be charged 100 dollars either French or English only, and 150 dollars for both languages.

MARRIAGES AND OBITUARY NOTICES.—Articles calling the attention of the public to sales of property, cards, of passengers, hospitals, &c. &c. will be charged one dollar per square, for the first insertion in each language.

BANKRUPTCIES.—No advertisements of bankruptcies will be published in any case, unless paid for in advance.

All announcement of Candidates for political offices shall be charged double the price of other advertisements. BULLITT, MAGNE & Co.

NOTICE.—Tufts & Hobart having admitted Mr. W H Tufts into copartnership, will from this date, transact Commission Business under the firm of TUFTS, HOBART & Co.

☞ REMOVED.—SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH have removed to 77 Tchoupitoulas street. 14

SHULTZ HADDEN & LEACH,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants
77 Tchoupitoulas street, New Orleans.
Christian Shultz, David Hadden, Joseph Leach
Maysville, Ky. New Orleans. New Orleans

ISAAC BRIDGE,
MISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
AND AGENT FOR THE SALE OF
Rich's Improved Patent Salamander Iron Safes,
and Stevens' Patent Balances,
76 Magazine street

H. DE GOER & RIFFLARD,
Importers of French, English, & German Dry Goods,
AND DEALERS IN
DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES
NO. 62 CONDE STREET.
NEGRO WOOLENS AND COTTONS,
For Plantations,
H. De Goer, Paris. J. Riffard, New Orleans.

SAMUEL TOBY,
Commission Merchant.
New York. 196

CLARET WINE—In casks and boxes, various brands, for sale by FIELD & CO, 30 Old Levee

COGNIAC—10 pipes Pierre Castillon for sale by FIELD & Co. 30 Old Levee

MANILLA INDIGO—8 cases for sale by FIELD & Co. 30 Old Levee

OLIVE OIL—100 baskets for sale by FIELD & Co. 30 Old Levee

RHENISH WINE—100 baskets for sale by FIELD & Co. 30 Old Levee

GROUND GINGER—18 kegs for sale by FIELD & Co. 30 Old Levee

COVERED HATS—200 cases for sale by FRONT & Co. 10 Magazine

MANILLA CORDAGE, 12 to 20 thread, for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 92 Gravier

RIO COFFEE—1,500 bags, for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 92 Gravier

SOAP—No 1 yellow soap, for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 92 Gravier

RYE—Kentucky Kegs and Bagging, for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 92 Gravier

EXCHANGE on Boston, for sale by J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp

WHITE OIL—18.0 gallons in casks and barrels, for sale by W M PROST & Co, 30 Old Levee

CORN & OATS—300 sacks for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

VINEGAR—25 bbls cider vinegar for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

CIDER—50 bbls sweet and pure Newark cider, for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

VERMICHELLI—1 bbl coral vermicelli for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

PAPER—94 reams Bunkes & Goodwin's letter paper for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

SODA—10 boxes—30 cases first quality for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Magazine

MACARONI AND VERMICELLI—6 boxes for sale by T TOBY & BOGERT, 70 Camp

VINEGAR—8 bbls wine vinegar, for sale by T TOBY & BOGERT, 70 Camp

HAY—100 bales superior quality, in store, and for sale by T TOBY & BOGERT, 70 Camp

BRANDY—10 qr pipes Bagnolle, in store, and for sale by T TOBY & BOGERT, 70 Camp

SHOES—White and brown Havana in store for sale by J M CABALLERO, 32 Old Levee

EXCHANGE on Boston, for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

PORK—20 bbls clear pork, for sale by WORSLEY & FORMAN, 77 Tchoupitoulas

HAM—100 kegs superior quality, for sale by WORSLEY & FORMAN, 77 Tchoupitoulas

BAGGING—500 pieces in store and for sale by G & R CHANAN & Co, 62 Tchoupitoulas.

ALMONDS—50 cases fresh and shelled almonds for sale by TUFTS HOBART & Co, 20 Gravier

BROWN COTTONS—20 cases 4-4 brown cottons for sale by TUFTS, HOBART & Co, 20 Gravier

EXCHANGE on Havana, for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SPANISH DOUBLOONS—For sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

OIL—100 bbls Schuylkill coal oil, more, for sale by JAMES CHEEVER, 67 Levee

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA in large amounts for sale by JOSEPH PRATS, 27 Toulouse

LEMONS—A few boxes for sale by B & A SOULIE, 48 Conti st—up stairs

BLANKETS—3 point Pyrenees blankets, for sale by SCHMIDT & Co, 90 Bienville st

WINDOW GLASS—Fifty boxes window glass, for sale by SCHMIDT & Co, 90 Bienville st

FRENCH LOCKS—Assorted number constantly on hand and for sale by T ALBERT, 22 St Louis

MADEIRA WINE, in bottles and casks, for sale by T ALBERT, 22 St Louis

PRIME BEEF, for sale by R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

LARD—101 bbls and 1000 kegs prime new, for sale by R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

OATS—10.0 bushels in bulk, for sale by R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

PORK—30 bbls soft meat and 30 bbls chime, for sale by R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

FRENCH CALF SKINS, for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

HAVANA COFFEE, and Yellow Sugar, for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

HOLLAND GIN, for sale by D MISSEGAES, 24 Old Levee

GERMAN BAGGING, for sale by D MISSEGAES, 24 Old Levee

SAIL CLOTH, for sale by D MISSEGAES, 24 Old Levee

DEMIJOHNS, of 5 gallon, for sale by D MISSEGAES, 24 Old Levee

BOOTS & SHOES—4 cases Ladies and Gentlemen's, for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

EXCHANGE on Havana at short days sight, for sale by JOSEPH PRATS, 27 Toulouse

WHITE WINES, for sale by D MISSEGAES, 24 Old Levee

MADEIRA WINE, for sale by D MISSEGAES, 24 Old Levee

BEEF—At the inspection, for sale by L V HUBBARD & Co, 96 Tchoupitoulas

CORN—300 bags, a splendid article, for sale by L V HUBBARD & Co, 96 Tchoupitoulas

PACKING YARN—In reels for sale by L V HUBBARD & Co, 96 Tchoupitoulas

SUGAR—80 cases white for sale by J M LAFEVRE, 99 St Louis

SEGARS—Regalia, Imperiales and La Norma, for sale by J M LAFEVRE, 99 St Louis

COFFEE—200 bags choice Havana for sale by J M LAFEVRE, 99 St Louis

CANNON OIL—50 bbls No 1 cannon oil, for sale by MARVIS & ANDREWS, 98 Common st

OLIVE OIL—5 bbls for sale by J F WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp st

STEAM PACKETS

UNITED STATES MAIL.
BAYOU SARA, FORT HUDSON AND FORT ADAMS PACKET—The splendid and fast running steamer ALEX SCOTT, Captain John C. Swon, has arrived and takes her place as a Regular Weekly Packet in the trade and will leave on her next trip on Sunday, 1st September, at 10 o'clock A. M. For freight or passage to the above and intermediate places, apply on board, or to WM H AVERY, 86 Gravier

Passenger steamer CONGRESS, Captain Wm H Glasgow, for ST LOUIS—This fine light draught and fast running boat, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on Saturday the 31st instant, at 8 o'clock P M. For freight or passage having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board, or to JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents, 34 Poydras

FOR LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI—The good light draught fast running passenger steamer NARRAGANSET, Capt John Pierce, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Friday the 30th instant at 4 o'clock P M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN, 44 Poydras

SECOND MUNICIPALITY STEAM FERRY. *First Wharf above Common street.*
Families wishing to pass the afternoon for a change of air with their children on board the First and Second Municipality steam ferry boats, can do so by paying ten cents each, crossing as long as they please during the afternoon without any further charge.
a14—1m ROBERT MURPHY.

FOR SALE.—The substantial steamboat OSCEOLA, with her engines, boiler and furniture, as she now lies on the opposite side of the river
For terms, which will be liberal, apply to
a8 L V HUBBARD & Co, 96 Tchoupitoulas

Weekly Packet.
FOR VICKSBURG, WARRENTON, Grand Gulf, Rodney and Natchez—The new and fast running steamboat J. M. WHITE, Conway master, will ply as a regular packet in the above and intermediate ports, commencing her trips about the 20th of September next. She will leave New Orleans every Wednesday evening at 4 o'clock, and arrive at Vicksburg early on Friday morning, and on her down trips, will leave Vicksburg every Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.
JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents,
jy26 34 Poydras

UNITED STATES—MAIL—SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET LINE—Full and Winter Arrangement for the Coast, Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Waterloo, and Bayou Sarah.
The splendid steamers BRILLIANT and ALEX SCOTT, under the command of Capt James Hart and Wm Conway, will form a regular line of packets between New Orleans and the above named places, commencing their trips on the 1st September next, and continue throughout the season. These boats are not surpassed in accommodations, and the commanders are gentlemen well known to need any recommendations.
The Brilliant, Capt Hart, will continue her regular trips as heretofore twice a week until the arrangement takes place. Apply on board, or to
WM H AVERY, 86 Gravier
m15

☞ The office of the New Orleans INSURANCE COMPANY, has been removed from Royal street to No 80 Canal st Musson's Buildings. 1y18—1m

☞ During the temporary absence from the city Messrs J W ARTHUR & Co. will attend to our business
J. S. BROADWELL & Co,
S. M. DARBY & THEODULE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 21 Old Levee, New Orleans.

SMITH BRYAN,
IMPORTER OF BRITISH DRY GOODS,
AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 20 Upperline street, near Tchartres street,
New Orleans.
References—Benjamin Story, Esq. John Hagan, Jr. Esq. } New Orleans.
Alexander Grant, Esq. }
Messrs. Grinnell, Minturn & co. John Mallin & co. } New York
Isaac Low & son, Liverpool, England.
James & Thomas Kennedy, Belfast, Ireland.
James Thompson Bryan, Esq. Magherafelt, do.
j14—tf

CHS. C. CIFREO,
MEDICAL DOCTOR,
No 1 Chartres street,
Between Royal and Condé streets
William Davidson, } John Parsons
WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
No. 81 Canal street. nl

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of Tooth & Barrow is this day dissolved by its limitation. The liquidation of the firm will be made by the retiring partner, and the solvent of the firm upon its liquidation only.
WM S TOOLE
CHARLES A BARRIERE.
New Orleans, June 1st, 1844.

NOTICE—The subscriber will continue the business of the late firm, at the old stand.
CHARLES A BARRIERE,
30 Carondelet st

DURING our absence from the city, Mr JULES TARDO holds our power of attorney.
TOOLE & BARRIERE,
In Liquidation.

DURING my absence, Mr JULES TARDOS holds my power of attorney.
CHARLES A. BARRIERE.

NOTICE—During my absence from the city, Mr. FRED FURST has my power of attorney.
☞ Persons having business with the Russian Consul, will apply to him, at the counting room of the undersigned.
E JOHNS, No 30 Gravier. j18

NOTICE—The business heretofore conducted in the name of DITTRICH & CO, will from this day be carried on under the firm of Dittrich & Shannon, at No. 28 Poydras street.
(Signed) R DITTRICH,
F C SHANNON.
New Orleans, June 1st, 1844.

RECEIVED by the undersigned, and for sale at the lowest cash rates—Received by ship Levant, from Havre. Plain red and fancy cotton handkerchiefs, no. 10, new styles, cotton and colored bareges, black lasting, silk gloves; black crape.
By the Mississippi, from New York—36 cases light colored prints, jaconets, 3-4 and 7-8, English mourning alpacas, spun silk, low priced Madras handkerchiefs, and Irish linens, single and double width, bleached and unbleached cotton, Lowell cottons, No 1 and 2, mattrass ticking, Sepia cottonades, Hamilton do, white muslins, plain and checked, black lasting, needles, hooks and eyes, red and black and blue thread, &c.
Expected from Havre and Liverpool, soon—10 cases jonette, new styles, 6 do woolen beaverteens, 4 do cotton do, 2 do black alpaccas, 2 do stripe alpaccas, 4 do very fine linen checks, 6 bales bleached and unbleached brin.
m2 FORCADE & Co, 13 Canal.

THE undersigned offers for sale the following goods received by late arrivals:
6 cases fine old champagne brandy, 10 cognac brandy, 10 cases red wine, 1 case claret, 500 do Malaga, 50 do Sauterne wine, 30 brin vinegar, 100 cases assorted cordials, 300 boxes fine amisette, 50 boxes fruits in brandy, for sale by ship.
EDOUARD LARRONDE.

BACON HAMS & SIDES—25 casks Cincinnati sides, 50 barrels sugar cured family hams, canvassed and uncanvassed, for sale by
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN.

HAVANA MOLASSES, About—70 hhds, 30 tierces and 4 ox bols Havana molasses, cargo schr Mary Washington, for sale by
GEORGE BEDFORD, 62 Common st

CAPERS, OLIVES, PICKLES, &c—A large assortment Under Bill's tomato, walnut and mushroom Catsup, olives, capers, and mustard, Burgundy and Malaga pennee pepper, lemon syrup, &c, landing and in store, for sale by TUFTS, HOBART & Co, 20 Gravier jy1

SOAP—30 boxes Winchester's No 1 full brand soap; 300 do Steamboat brand landing ex ship Birmingham in store. 1,000 boxes Jackson's, Goodwin's, Morton's and Fuller's extra and common qualities, for sale by
jy1 TUFTS, HOBART & Co, 20 Gravier

PAINTS AND VARNISH—10 cases paints consisting of chrome green, dark yellow, light yellow, & 4 lbs coral varnish, New Jersey manufactory, for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

LARD OIL—5 bbls and 1 half bbl landing from steamer Hinsdale, for sale by
CLYMER, THOMPSON & Co,
a1 46 Tchoupitoulas

RUSSET BROGANS—A fair assortment of men's and boys' oak and hemlock tanned russet brogans suitable for plantation use, for sale by
FROST & Co, 10 Magazine

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—41 cases landing from ship Rochingham, for sale by
a3 FROST & Co, 10 Magazine

PER ROCKINGHAM—Ladies' tied brogans, men's black and russet shippers, boys and youths' seal brogans, for sale by
a3 FROST & Co, 10 Magazine

LEAD—1851 pigs lead landing from steamboat Champion, for sale by
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN.

SHOT—100 kegs drop shot landing from steamboat Alert, for sale by
MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 34 Old Levee

BAGGING—100 pieces, and for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

BARLEY WHISKEY—30 kegs, for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 34 Poydras

SUGAR—Prime quality, for sale by
jy25 A GORDON, WYLIE & Co, 85 Bienville

SUGARHOUSE MOLASSES, for sale by
jy23 A GORDON, WYLIE & Co, 85 Bienville

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA, at sight, for sale by
jy22 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

ROPE—300 coils Mo. rope, in store, and for sale by
jy19 HUBIN & SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

CANDLES—30 barrels Havana starch, in store, for sale by
jy17 E TROISGROS, 28 Old Levee

COCOA—30 kegs Guyaquil cocoa, in store, for sale by
jy16 E TROISGROS, 28 Old Levee

INDIGO—10 cerons Guatemala, in store, for sale by
jy17 E TROISGROS, 28 Old Levee

MINTS—18 assoc prints, various style, for sale by
jy19 ISAAC BRIDGE, 76 Magazine

BRANDY—J J Dupuy Cognac, 4th proof, and Champagne Cognac, for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SEGARS—An assortment of the best brands of Havana and Principe segars, for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

CORDIALS—Abyssin in cases and anisette and chamboyne in bottles, for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

BRANDY CHERRIES—30 cases brandy cherries, just received per schooner Hannah from Bordeaux, for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SEGARS—20,000 Havana segars, landing from brig Union, for sale by
J M CABALLERO,
32 Old Levee

NAILS—1000 kegs first quality nails, assorted sizes, for sale by
TUFTS, HOBART & Co,
20 Gravier

JAVA COFFEE—49 bags Old Government Java coffee, landing from ship Orleans from New York, for sale by
E TROISGROS, 28 Old Levee

HAY—Superior Northern hay, in lots to suit purchasers, for sale by
DITTRICH & SHANNON, 28 Poydras

PORK—Mess, M. O, soft meat, prime and P O, at inspection and for sale by
L V HUBBARD & Co,
96 Tchoupitoulas

ALMONDS—100 bales Malaga shelled almonds, landing ex ship Mississippi from New York, for sale by
E TROISGROS, 28 Old Levee

HAY—100 bales prime North River hay, landing ex ship Mississippi, from New York, and for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp

PORK—Fifty prime pork, a very superior article, for sale by
DITTRICH & SHANNON, 28 Poydras

WANTED—A white nurse. Apply at 109 Burgundy street.

NEW ORLEANS BEE

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
HENRY CLAY,
FOR VICE PRESIDENT
THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN

FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT
First District.....JACQUES TOUTANT.
Second District.....ZENON CAVEROT.
Third District.....GEORGE A. GUION
Fourth District.....LAFAYETTE SAUNDERS.
Fifth District.....JACQUES DUPRE.
Sixth District.....EDWARD SPARROW.

NEW-ORLEANS
FRIDAY MORNING AUGUST 30, 1844.

CLAY CLUB.

NEW ORLEANS, 29th August, 1844.

A meeting of the members of the Clay Club, will be held at their room (No. 25 Exchange Place) this evening, 30th instant, at half-past 7 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested.

C. C. WILLIAMS, }
JULES DAVID, } Secretaries.
ALF. ROUSSEAU, }

☞ At a meeting of the Whigs of the First Ward of Municipality No. 1, held on Wednesday evening last, GEO. K. ROGERS, Esq., was nominated as the sole candidate for Alderman of the First Ward, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr John Davis.

A. D. CROSSMAN,
M. MUSSON.
On behalf of the Committee of Nomination.

☞ The Northern Mail failed yesterday from beyond Charleston.

THE CONVENTION.

The list of yeas and nays on the question of adjourning the Convention, which the *Republican* publishes, is, we are assured, incorrect, and the Journal of that body will prove it. But even admitting its correctness, the *Republican* commits an egregious blunder in stating that all the whigs in the Convention, except four, voted for adjourning, for by its own showing Messrs. Burton, Crime, Culbertson, Dixon, Gambrill, Lanier, Saunders and Stephens voted against the proposition. These eight gentlemen we know to be whigs. Among the yeas we perceive the names of Messrs. Beatty, Cenas, Couvillion, Eustis, Grymes, Porter, Prescott of Avoyelles, Shield, Trist, Voorhies, Walsworth, Wikoff—12 good and true democrats. Now with this statement before the public, it is not a little too ridiculous to charge upon the whig party the exclusive paternity and sole responsibility of the measure, more especially when, if locofoco organs are to be believed, the whigs had but 28 members in the Convention, which would give the locofocos twenty one majority. What! With twenty one majority in the Convention, the locofocos attempt to attach to the whigs the blame, if there be, of having carried the adjournment! The idea is utterly preposterous. No reasonable, no reflecting man, but will penetrate at once this flimsy device to cast odium upon the whigs.

As to the insinuation that the Clay Club advised the adjournment, or was connected in the most remote or indirect manner with the action of the Convention, we pronounce it an unmitigated calumny. It is the fashion among our opponents to saddle every thing which displeases them upon the Clay Club. They had better try something more manly, more generous. Such unreasonable, baseless imputations are silly in bad taste, but give locofocoism an unenviable reputation for fabricating wholesale charges which are deficient of truth.

So much for the vote on the proposition to adjourn.—In regard to the expediency of the measure, a correspondent of the *Republican* in the very number of the paper which reiterates its censure of the whigs for sanctioning the proposition, offers a number of powerful, if not conclusive arguments, in its behalf. The writer properly and pertinently alleges the total want of proper books, works of reference, statistics, maps and other sources of information absolutely indispensable to the Convention. This objection was forcibly and fully urged by Mr. SOULE, in his speech upon adjourning.—Again, it was well known at the time that a number of members of the Convention had resolved to leave Jackson, as well on account of the sickness here prevalent as because their own health and that of their families were suffering. Hence, had the Convention persisted in remaining, it would soon have been unavailable to continue its sittings for want of a quorum.

There remains, however, a still stronger argument in favor of adjournment, which has not been adverted to by writers upon the subject. At an early stage of the proceedings of the Convention, a large number of committees were appointed to examine and report upon the several articles of the Constitution. *But the labors of a few weeks, these committees submitted long and elaborate reports, where we naturally fear diversity of opinion among them, and as a consequence, from every committee there were at least two reports—and four the majority and one from the minority.* In some instances even the minority were subdivided, and three or four reports emanated from a single committee. So that there could not have been fewer than 200 to 250 reports before the Convention. Every one of these documents had to be printed, and every one of them had to be read and re-read, conned and carefully scrutinized by the members of the Convention, before that body could take them up to order and act upon them. Was this the work of a day, or a week, or a month? The Constitutions to be made and modelled with the promptitude and despatch of a special ordinance by a Common Council, or the resolutions of a political meeting!

Having accomplished the important preliminary business of creating the committees and receiving the reports—having settled satisfactorily the vexed question of the contested election, what remained for the Convention to do? Were the members to sit idle and unoccupied, with folded arms, and absolutely no business before them while the printing of the reports was going on? Were they to remain at Jackson, assembling every morning *pro forma*, and adjourning immediately, until the reports were published and the members had all studied in detail those voluminous documents—a labor which it was estimated would have required fully two months to accomplish? And, above all, was the State to be burthened during this interval of ease and idleness with the *per diem* of 77 members, a secretary, two reporters and a large number of clerks—a disbursement of some $500 daily. We put the question to those immaculate defenders of economy—those zealous friends of retrenchment and reform, the locofoco party. We seek them, if they had rather that the State should have paid $500 a day for two months—THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, to members of the Convention for doing nothing whatever but remaining in a sickly village, than that the Convention should have adjourned to a more propitious season, and to a place where they will at least be enabled to obtain all desirable data for the completion of their labors, and where they may re-assemble after due examination of the important projects submitted to the Convention and therefore prepared to act upon them with no unnecessary delay, or tedious consumption of time?

PROSPECTS IN THE KEY STONE STATE.—A gentleman of great intelligence and thoroughly conversant with the people of Pennsylvania, writes to us from Philadelphia, that the State is considered certain for the whigs at the Presidential election. In reference to the contest for Governor, he informs us that Mr MERLEE-NEKO's decease has rather strengthened than weakened the locofoco party in Pennsylvania, as there was great opposition to him among the partisans of Mr SHUNK—his competitor for the nomination. As the latter will now be elected, it will rally the party around him. Mr SHUNK is a lawyer of talent and reputation. Like Mr MARKLE, he comes from the West, being a resident of the Allegheny County. Our correspondent thinks the contest between SHUNK and MARKLE will be close and the result doubtful; but at the Presidential election the influence of the Tariff question will undoubtedly carry the State for CLAY. These are his opinions, and we give them as the calm conclusion of one of the most sagacious and cool headed politicians in Pennsylvania.

☞ Since the Locofocos are so monstrously savage, so truculently disposed towards all who had part or lot in the adjournment of the Convention, we marvel they do not call upon Messrs. Soulé, Eustis, Grymes and Cenas, to resign their seats. If these gentlemen misrepresent the democracy, they should give place to better and more vigilent sentinels. As some of the Locofoco presses seem exceedingly anxious to impress upon Messrs. Roselius, Claiborne, Culbertson and Mazureau (whose seats are not contested) the necessity of resigning, we think it would be well enough to look at home, and to inform their recreant representatives that the "Democracy" are very angry with them for adjourning, and that they would do well to replace with the people the trusts which they (the Locofocos) think have been abused.

☞ The Vicksburg *Constitutionalist* of the 24th, says that the river is falling rapidly; the banks are again visible on the Louisiana shore, and the display of mud on that side is quite extensive. It advises the citizens to be careful—to use sanitary lime freely, and keep off sickness, if possible.

☞ The Nashville papers are literally filled with the programme for the Monmouth Whig Convention of the 21st instant. It must, beyond all doubt, have been the most splendid and multitudinous gathering ever witnessed in the South West.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

☞ Recorder Genois yesterday, sent John Bradford alias Fagan, to the workhouse for thirty days, as a dangerous and suspicious character. Adolphe Hinde, found lying drunk, was sent down for three months and Jean Bonnet, f. m. c., found lying in Circus Square, was sent down for one month.

☞ The colored boy Edward, who is charged with setting fire to Banks' Arcade, was sent before the Criminal Court, by acting Recorder Caldwell yesterday.

☞ The Charleston *Patriot* states that the health of that city is unimpeared by any epidemic visitation.

TWO ABOLITION ORACLES.

One DANIEL KELLOGG is the locofoco candidate in Vermont for Governor. He is a most notorious and ultra abolitionist, and will doubtless receive most of the "Third Party" votes. One HENRY D. BARKER was the locofoco candidate for Lieutenant Governor of the same State a year or two ago. This fellow is now a not itinerant abolitionist, and he goes about spouting in antipole, fanatic style, abusing Mr CLAY and the whigs, and advising the abolitionists to vote against them, because they are pro-slavery advocates. We doubt not they will heed his counsel.

THE POLK AND DALLAS PARTY had a very passable glorification at Nashville on the 18th. Considering the miserable failures which usually follow the attempts of three gentry to get up mass meetings such as those which are in every part of the country the spontaneous offspring of whig enthusiasm, the Nashville festival might be considered a decided hit. There were 3,000 men in the grand procession, according to several newspaper accounts, and the number at the place of meeting exceeded ten thousand and probably reached even thirteen thousand. A gentleman who does not care a doit for either political party, informed us that thirteen thousand was the highest estimate of several close observers. This will do very well, and will give the locofoco some slender basis for building their usual extravagant stories. We perceive they have already claimed 50,000 as the number present, and we feel pretty well convinced that by the time the estimate reaches New York the numbers will be fully doubled.

Gen. CASS made a speech which began with a very common, but a very silly locofoco falsehood—the imputation to the whigs as a party, of the "Assumption of State Debts." We expected better things from Gen. Cass, but he has touched pitch and been defiled." His speech, we learn, was rather an improvement upon that of Louisville, for which Prentice scored him so mercilessly and keenly.

THE HUNKER COUNTY.—Under this head the St Louis *New Era* relates that Thomas J. Turk or Benton counties, was shot and killed on the 5th of August. He was riding in a prairie and was shot by some persons concealed in a thicket. This is the third member of that family who has been thus assassinated, the father and two sons! and several other murders have been perpetrated, arising out of bitter feuds of long standing.—A young man named from Hobbs, has been arrested charged with the murder.

VIRGINIA.—A correspondent of the Baltimore *American*, who passed some time in the northern part of the Old Dominion, and who has attended various meetings of the people, furnishes the following cheering intelligence of the prospect, that Virginia will, in November, return to the faith of her fathers, the Whig Patriots and Statesmen of '76.

"I think, gentlemen, that we may congratulate old Virginia upon her disenthralment from the base bondage prejudices that have kept her so long in error, and upon her having shaken from her bosom the mists of Locofocoism, and the cobwebs of political vision for so many years. She is, you may depend upon it, getting right, and is preparing to give her distinguished and long absent son a cordial welcome to her bosom and heartly benediction in November next. God grant that I may not be mistaken. The demonstrations all around me induce me to believe that the spirit of the Whigs are full of fire and patriotic zeal, while the Locofocos are depressed and desponding. Their cause is on the decline and will expire in November.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Thursday night, between 9 and 10 o'clock, whilst the *Cinderella*, one of the Schuylkill's Island packets, was returning from Morris' Island to the city, having been employed on a party of pleasure, and when near Drunken Dick Shoal, whilst they were racking, the beam of the boat swinging round gave Mrs. Bowegan, one of the passengers, a violent blow on the head, by which accident she was knocked over and drowned, although the greatest exertions were used to save her. The body had not been found when our paper went to press.

We understand that Mrs Bowegan was both industrious and respectable, having a large and young family to lament over her sudden death.—*Phila. Pub. Ledg.*

FIRE.—A fire broke out last night, about 11 o'clock, in the Steam Flour Mill, in the lower part of the city, which entirely consumed the Mill, together with the Cotton Press and three dwelling houses adjoining. The Mill, we learn, had made such preparations before the flames got on the spot that it was impossible to save any of the buildings destroyed. We did not learn how it originated or the estimated loss.—*Vicksburg Whig, 24th.*

☞ We copy the following from the St. Louis *New Era*, of the 24th:—

JOHN O'FALLON.—The passengers and clerk of the steamer John O'Fallon reached this port last evening in the Hannibal. They left the O'Fallon about one hundred miles below here in a disabled condition on Sunday last. She burst the cylinder near of her engine and lost her starboard wheel. She will not be able to come up for three or four days. This is the second accident which has happened to her machinery since she left this port.

From the Nashville Whig of the 20th.
THE GATHERING.

At an early hour yesterday morning, it was ascertained that the Louisiana and Mississippi delegations were on board the steamer Burkeville, at the lower landing, the former headed by Randal Hunt, Esq., of New Orleans, the latter by S. S. Prentiss, Esq. of Mississippi. The word passed rapidly around—

PRENTISS IS HERE!

And at 9 o'clock, this distinguished son of the South and his colleagues were warmly and enthusiastically received by the *Straight Outs* and a large number of citizens at the upper wharf, the boat having run up, according to previous arrangement.

If the greeting was cordial at the steamboat landing, the scene at the City Hotel, to which our guests were conducted, was truly enthusiastic. Mr. Prentiss and Mr Hunt were both loudly called for by the crowd, after they had alighted from their carriage, and spoke up, through pressing, in a pleasant and eloquent manner, and from the steps of the Hotel, concluding with a return of the warmest thanks of the Louisiana and Mississippi delegations, for their most hearty reception by the whigs of Nashville. Gov. Polk, Gen. Cass, Mr. Bell, S. Brown and Mr Fine of Arkansas, who were seen mingling in the company, were then successively and successfully called to keep up the ball which, from the commencement of the Convention week, had been enkindled by the arrival of our distinguished Southern friends.

Several Alabama delegations arrived soon afterward, and were cordially received and provided for. There came with the Louisiana and Mississippi delegations, a number of Whigs, good and true, from the river counties of the Western District, and these, too, met a suitable welcome.

THE QUESTION TAKEN, ON HIGH GROUNDS.

A few days since, a party of twelve gentlemen from different and distant parts of the country, ascended Mount Washington in New Hampshire. When they were upon the highest peak, among other diversions, it was agreed to take a vote on the Presidential question, which stood as follows:

Clay	10
Polk	2

This was a decision well worthy the proud eminence on which the voters stood, and of the noble theme to which it bears. It is an omen of no small significance to the minority.—*Portland Adv.*

THE NEW TACK.—There seems to be a general effort made of late to throw wet blankets over the fiery materials upon the other side of the Savannah. It has been found that the blusterings and bravadoes of Messrs. Rhett & Co., have not the effect to encourage the hearts of the democratic party in the Union and defeat the election of Mr Polk. It has therefore been thought desirable to change the tactics of the opposition. In the latter spirit we cut the following extract from the letter of General Hamilton, to the Bluffton Committee, as one of the few evidences lately given of an anxiety to defer action for the present, with a hope of securing the *sympathies* of the democracy in case of Mr Clay's election. Gen. H. says:—

"Although I have not much hope of any relief from this source, yet I think we are bound *to defer to the wishes of our friends in the other Southern States*, and await the issue of the Presidential election. In other words, *we ought to take no course calculated to embarrass our democratic friends throughout the Union or to deprive us of their sympathy.* Let us, in one word, without one cry of disunion, bring forth our co-horts to the field, and battle valiantly for the nominations at Baltimore. If victorious, we shall entitle ourselves to the gratitude of our allies, *and all may be safe;* and if defeated our ranks will remain unbroken, our principle of confederation inviolate, and the most powerful and talented opposition this country has ever seen, organized for efficient action."

Similar sentiments are contained in a late number of the Charleston Mercury, in very well written extracts of Major A. P. Aldrich, of Barnwell District, which (footing some of it to heroics,) contains more real good sense and patriotic sentiment than any we have seen on that subject, not even excepting the manifesto of Mr Rhett himself.

Another writer in the Mercury thinks the election of Clay would be most fortunate for the *disunionists*, because it would throw on the disunionists) into open, avowed and necessary opposition to the tyranny of the Capitolian Hill, and would secure for us the *co-operation of the democratic party* in other sections of the Union."

So it seems that the wishes of our "friends" in other States must have been expressed—there must have been some understanding, some proposition, something that is to be delivered in exchange for the election. What is it? What are we to understand from the above? Is this *cry* for help merely an evidence of conscious weakness, or is it only a public proclamation of a bargain which has already been struck between the two disunionting portion of Great and Little Gateway? Disunionism is very long drawn, and the bait—in the mean time let it be understood by all parties, has unmistakably shown itself through the two disunionting portions of the Union. Disunionism is very much concerned in the result of the election. Disunionism is very much concerned in the result of the election. Disunionism is very much concerned in the result of the election.

THE NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

We publish with great pleasure the following prayer delivered by the Rev. Mr. DE LACEY, at the adjournment of the Convention:

Thou awful and eternal God, before thee should all flesh come, and in thy presence every living thing bow. Thou holdest the destiny of the universe in thine own hand, and will eventually manifest thy supremacy over all the creatures thou hast made. Thou speakest, and it is done; thou commandest, and it stands fast for ever. It is our consolation to know that thou rulest, and over rulest all things. And the supreme choice of the universe, thou sittest upon the circle of the heavens and directest all events and all circumstances to the advancement of thine own glory and the good of thy chosen ones. Thou stillest the raging of the waves, and to the angry tempest, thou saysest be still, and there is a great calm. Even amidst the sorrows, afflictions and disappointments of life, we are supported in the ventures, it affords us comfort to know that we are in thy hands. We therefore resign ourselves, and all that we have, and are, and hope to be, absolutely and entirely to thy will for time and for eternity.

Soon in the order of thy providence, we shall separate, and peradventure, in some instances, shall separate ever. Never till the morning of the resurrection; till summoned by the trumpet of God to the judgment seat, shall we all again appear in the same assembly. We go to our homes, to