LATEST DATES.

New York	do 3	Liverpool	do 28
Charleston	do 3	Havre	do 23
Mobile	do 3	Paris	do 23
Louisville	do 3	Bordeaux	nov 24
Cincinnati	do 3	Madrid	dec 5
Nashville	do 3	Cadiz	dec 15
Natchez	do 30	Havana	dec 15
Vicksburg	do 30	Matanzas	dec 16

COMMERCIAL.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Sales of Stocks.

NEW YORK, Feb 3.

50 shares U S Bank ..... 13 do 103
50 do ..... 30 do 103
Stocks—Half dollars 32 a 4 premium.
Treasury Notes—991 a 100—sales of $3000 at latter rate, for 8 per cent notes par was offered.

NEW YORK, Feb 3.

Cotton—In the early part of the week, the market was active and prices fully supported. For the last three days the demand has been quiet—sales 4800 bales of these days the market was quiet—sales 4800 bales of which 1000 were Upland at 9¼ a 11¼, a little at 12; 1000 Florida, at 9¾ a 11½; 1000 Mobile at 10 a 12¼, a little at 13; 500 N Orleans at 9¾ a 12½.

CINCINNATI, Feb 7.

The cold weather during the past week having suspended navigation on the Canal, and the large quantities of ice moving in the river for the last two or three days, has had an effect upon the markets, but prices have not advanced as consequence, but on a small lower in some articles of produce—some less report.

Flour was sold yesterday at the river at $5, from Warehouses, 51

Whiskey—Sales have been made at 20½ across Monday.

Pork—The season of killing having closed, sales are made of Packers and Mess, which find buyers at a slight advance over last week's prices.

Hulk meats sandy sales from wagons at 3½ and 3¾ bacon—Barrel Pork is held, after 4th, at 14,50.

Prime 10,50, but few sales are made at that rate.

Smoked Hams, 7½ to 8c.

Groceries continue without any variation, and sales during the past week light.

Exchange, Sight—1 per cent on N York, 3 per at Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore—no late loan in market.

Freights are plenty at $1 for Flour, 1,25 Pork, and 1,50 for Whiskey, to N Orleans

BOSTON, Feb 3.

Cotton—The market sustains last week's prices, with a moderate demand. The sales embrace about 350 bales, New Orleans 12 a 12c, and Florida and Upland at quotations.

Montreal—Trade has been nothing doing in distillery operations this week, distillers having a full supply on hand of their recent purchases, and no disposition to operate. The stock of provisions is small, but sufficient to meet the present demand. Sales of pork about 100 bbls Thursday at new mess, sold at 18 a 19; do prime, 16 a 17; and wooden buildings in the 5th in more scarcity, to night, otherwise, have been a moderate one enquiring.—Georgian.

AUGUSTA, Feb 7.

Cotton—On Thursday, Friday and Saturday last, there was a good demand for Cotton in this market and prices improved from about ½ to ¾ on all descriptions within the last week or ten days; however, the demand has slackened, and prices may now be said to range at the rates noticed in our weekly review, viz. from 8 to 11c. The receipts this week have been rather light for the season, owing no doubt to the bad state of the roads, which, we understand, are in a very wretched condition, or expected by the rains of the past week, to be during the week, previous; but of late received very little has gone into store, as most of it was sold in the streets, from wagons, at prices ranging as given below. The sales from warehouses have been light amounting to 2100 bales, the principal part of which was disposed of previous to Sunday last, at the following prices, viz: 5 bales at 8¼, 7¼ a 9, 73 at 9½, 1dat 9¾, 248 at 10, 19 at 10½, 229 at 10¾, 385 at 10½, 467 at 10¾, 75 at 10¾, 210 at 10¾, 79 at 10½, 160 at 11, 107 at 11½, and 29 at 11¾. We continue to quote extreme at 8 a 11c—remarking, however, that it is hard or scarcely prime even at the latter, it might commend something else—but as far as we can learn, there is no Cotton of this class at present on the market.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Louisville, Palmer, New York, Bent & Cohen
Brig Cossack, Clark, Boston, S & J P Whitney
Brig Providence, Pagen, Barcelona, J Kuffaris & co
Brig Commerce, Fowler, Boston, J A Merritt
Brig E. Driscoll, Tampico, J W Zacharie & co
Sch Wm Henry, Jamesson, Baltimore, G Bedford
Sch Delaware, Bogart, Nantucket, Master
Sch Businessman, Bourne, Havana, Master
Sloop Harvest, Hinds, Boston, Master

ARRIVED.

Ship Hudson, Linnell, from the Passes, towed to anchorage ... sch Rescue, Bell, brig Boredom, Symonton, brig Massasoit, Smith, and brig Cyane, Raymond and Exchange, and sch Wm & Mary and Tuscarora, left the pass on the 11th, no report.

Ship Mile, Thompson, 30 days from Portsmouth, to master.

Brig O C Raymond, Pool, from Apalachicola, to Kinder & Hone.

Brig Gazelle, Glover, from Wilmington, N C, to master.

Brig Export, Merrill, from Havana.

Brig Thorn, Fowers, 8 days from Havana, to master.

Brig Massasoit, Lockie, 30 days from Tenerriffe, to master.

Sch Tuscarella, Lamb, 27 days from New York, to master.

Sch William & Mary, Hernandez, 27 days, from New York, to master.

Steamboat Swan, Day, from Mobile, to A W & R M Haines.

Steamboat Brilliant, Clark, from Bayou Sara.

Steamboat Fulton, Pearce, from Natchez.

Steamboat Hail Columbia, Grice, from Manchester.

Steamboat Swan, Dorsey, from Atakapas.

Steamboat Semaphore, Heygood, from Opelousas

Steamboat Miles Kirkman, Garner, from Nashville

EXPORT.

For Louisville—570 bales cotton, 27 hhds tobacco, 1250 bbls pork, 1052 lb lard and dry goods

Per brig Cossack—246 bales cotton, 84 bbls pork and 50 kegs lard.

Per brig Z—— and cargo, &c.

Per brig Presidente—150 bales cotton, 2002 staves and 4200 hides.

Per brig Commerce—bacon, pork, lard and sundries

Per sch Wm Henry—148 bales cotton, 45 bales moss, 260 bbls pork, 30 bbls molasses and 500 kegs lard.

Per sch Peterine—175 bbls pork, 200 do flour, 100 casks molasses.

Per sch Sustainine—1194 kegs lard and 200 bbls flour.

Per sloop Harvest—provisions.

IMPORTS.

Per ship Mile—lard and sundries.

Per brig Massasoit—520 quarter casks wine and sundries.

Per brig Thorn—666 bags coffee, 70 boxes sugar, segars, fruit, &c.

Per brig Gazelle—lumber.

Per sch Tuscarella—paving stone.

Per sch Wm & Mary—paving stones.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamboat Swan—285 bales cotton and 260 hhds sugar.

Per steamboat Semaphore—469 bales cotton 60 molasses, 41 bbls and 1 cask pickles.

Per steamboat Hail Columbia—1133 bales cotton, 274 sacks cotton seed and 8 coil rope.

Per steamboat Fulton—625 bales cotton and 151 bbls pork.

Per steamboat Miles Kirkman—cotton, tobacco, pork, lard, sedue, &c.

Per steamboat Brilliant—cotton, molasses, sugar, and sundry sedue.

Per steamboat Swan—cotton.

MEMORANDA

Cleared at Boston for this port, Feb 31, ship Columbus, Barker; brig Pandora; 1st Feb barks Burlington and Faxo.

Hence at Baltimore, Feb 5, ship Elise.

Ship Governor, Balls, hence for Boston, was spoken Jan 16, lat 27 30, long 81; brig Tamolem, hence for New York, Jan 16, lat 22, long 81.

Up at Boston for this port, February 2, ship Lagoda, Trueman, to sail next day; ship Charleston, Eldredge to sail on the 10th.

Cleared at Charleston for this port, 8th Feb, bark Roger Williams, Alden.

Ship Constellation, from New Orleans, bound to Baltimore, was in Hampton Roads on the 1st Feb.

Arrived at Havana 1st February, sloop Teaser, Mays, Savannah; schooner Mercy, Blanchard, Mobile; brig Georgian, Bakman, New York; brig Cayo, Hapbridg; 3d packet ship Havana, Ellis, New York; brig Howell, Kruse, Charleston; brig Olive Chamberland, Hayes, Boston; brig Plato, Allen, Bath; brig M Kelley, Larrabee, Bath; polacre Mimi, Castro, Tampico; 2d sch Pilot, Clark, Boston; ship Wallace, Thayer, Boston.

Sailed from Havana Feb 1st, brig Lucy Ann, Chase, Portland; brig Tremont, Silvester, Mobile; sch Rapid, Curtis, Mobile; sch Orient, French, Boston; 2d brig Elizabeth, Chesis, Boston; brig General Bolivar, Noonan, New Orleans; ship Christopher Columbus, Smith New York; brig Narcisa, Gardin, British brig Paleolina, Philbrook, Boston; brig Antioch, Carnes, Mobile; brig George William, Park, Boston; brig Edward, Mitchel, Boston; brig Baltic, Deavin, Boston; brig Pauline, Snow, Boston; sch Sun, Landers, New York; sch Alejandro, Granados, Campeachy; brig Amistad, Ferrande, Cadiz 3d brig Charles, Reever, Boston; polacre Rosario, Maig, Charleston; sch Diligencia, Bell, New Orleans.

Loading at Havana, Feb 3, for New Orleans; brig Cazeaux, Covey, to sail soon; brig Castil, Doughty, to sail on the 6th Feb; brig Delia, and polacra San Sebastian.

FLOUR—500 Bbls. for sale by
feb 13 JOS LANDIS & Co, 16 Poydras st

BOLOGNE SAUSAGES—10 bls received and for sale by 704 LANDIS & Co,
feb 13 14 Poydras st

BACON—Hams, sides and shoulders, Cincinnati cured, for sale by JOS LANDIS & Co,
feb 13 14 Poydras st

SALT—1250 sacks fine salt in bleached sacks,
500 do coarse do do
250 do do do brown salt,
On board ship Princess Victoria, and for sale by
LEVI H. GALE,
feb 13 32 Gravier st.

NOTICE—The Undersigned offer for sale, landing per schr Tigris, from St Jago de Cuba,
40 Barrels Coffee 31 boxes white Sugar
150 bags do 25 bales Leaf Tobacco
10,000 Segars, and 200 sticks Lignumvitæ.
KOHN, DARON & CO.
feb 13 85 Bienville st.

DOUBLOONS—100 Mexican Doubloons, for sale by KOHN, DARON & CO,
feb 13 85 Bienville st

THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY J. HAYON, Printer of the State, General Council, and of the Pirates and Third Municipalities.

NEW ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1835.

FOR GOVERNOR, A. B. ROMAN.

Representative, 1st District, to Congress, JOHN SLIDELL.

Extract from the Journal of the Senate of the 6th Feb 1835.

Resolved, That the Senate of the State of Louisiana do express of the general assembly of the State of Louisiana do express of the late governor, A. B. Roman, their high sense of the services rendered by him to the state, and the grateful remembrance of the members of that body.

Resolved, That the President of the Senate be requested to send a copy of the resolution to Mr. Roman.

Extract from the Journal of the House, of the 7th Feb, 1835.

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the state of Louisiana, That the administration of the government of the state, by the late governor, A. B. Roman, has been marked by wisdom, firmness, and devotion, and has been crowned with success in the public service, and unwearied zeal for the public welfare, that in the execution of the laws, he has exhibited fidelity, and in the numerous and important appointments it has fallen to his lot to make, he has manifested a single regard for the true interests of the state, and that he retires with the full and entire approbation of the House for his official conduct, and with their personal regards and respect.

Resolved, That the Speaker of this House transmit to the late Governor Roman a copy of these resolutions.

Appointment by the Governor.

Upon the advice and consent of the Senate

Mr. P. E. TRIOU—Director of the Bank of Louisiana.

Mutual Mortgage Fund

What a pity it is that all the businesses, millions and millions of the great capitalists, are continuously from the human brain are not carried into practical operations! Doubtless, if the monstrous and ridiculous schemes that the inventive genius of man concocts merely with the disinterested and generous intention of benefiting his fellow creatures could be entirely realized, the world would soon display a maturity of wisdom, a perfection of knowledge and an abundance of resources that would put to shame our present scanty proficiency. Palaupity, however, the consciousness would still persist in refusing to acknowledge the excellences of these comprehensive designs, and pertinaciously close its eyes to them among the baseless illusions of those human spunk mathematicians who ever and anon boast of engineering the quadrature of the circle, and the squaring of perpetual motion.

Gifted and humanized to perfect as being obliged to admit that another gigantic plan of public utility has recently shared a similar fate, and that is announcing for the first time on the English side of the Pay, the experience of the Mutual Mortgage Fund, and now compels us to acknowledge in the same paragraph, that its birth and death were alike of annihilation.

The Mutual Mortgage Fund was to have accomplished wonderful things—it was to have executed all the enterprising poor on the continent was to have drawn bank notes and promises to pay from the mint at par, and to have showered upon Louisiana a perfect flood of five and twenty franc pieces—it was to have enjoyed all the advantages of bank or legislature without the pains and labor of soliciting a Charter from one legislature—it was to have been a perpetual mine, where gold and silver ready coined would have been obtained in handfuls by all who chose to dip therein. Such were the prodigious, the unheard of advantages which were presented to the public by two adventurous speculators, one of whom, the fertility of whose intellect amply compensated for his small tale, was to have been the immortal founder of this marvellous institution. Never was the regeneration of mankind so completely displayed as on the present occasion. Bold, reasonable *Orleanois*, how could you refuse to favor a speculation which would have made an El Dorado of your already charming city. But lamentation is now useless, and we will therefore proceed briefly to recount the sad catastrophe that has terminated the incipient career of the Mutual Mortgage Fund.

The projectors of this panacea for poverty, after having for many weeks circulated their broad bills, industriously seeking to persuade the people of the efficacy and excellence of their scheme, and having collected together a few staunch adherents, at length assembled their forces, and proceeded to the election of a president. Our worthy and respected Judge Watts having been selected, took the liberty of recommending of the two associates their means of carrying into execution their gracious promises. Mr A Reid replied, that two effectual plans existed—he would develope the first and leave the other to the examination of his able *confrere*. His object was simply the issue of a large amount of paper, with which our cotton and sugar would be purchased, despatched to Europe, converted into gold and silver, and thus form the solid capital of the company. The president determined somewhat at this comprehensive scheme—found it all sufficient in theory but questioned its success—had some little doubt about the acceptance and currency of the paper to be issued, and finally proposed that the partner of Mr Reid should describe his plan. This was stated to be one of those vast financial mysteries which, however certain of perfect success, could not be revealed until it had been practiced. Our president, not exactly comprehending this proceeding, and having by this time in the mind the very significant and wholly English term Humbug, quietly arose and having prefaced the action by a few appropriate observations expressive of belief in the profound abilities of the associates, but stating that one of the plans was impracticable and the other incomprehensible, offered his resignation, abandoned the council chamber, followed by the entire board of direction, leaving the associate financiers in a glorious minority of two.

We will not fill our columns with jeremiade over the premature fate of the Mortgage Fund, because we have a distant hope that the great energies of its founders will yet enable them to triumph over calamity, and re-establish their project in all the splendor of monetary munificence. As soon as we perceive the remotest probability of such a felicitous consummation, we promise our readers to give them early intelligence of the same—we will then present them with a complete analysis of the affair, as far as its accomplishment can be penetrated by any other understanding than those of its gifted projectors.

The Georgian under the title of *Cheering Prospect*, extracts a paragraph from the Tallahassee Floridian, which says that fifty Indians in the present state of the country might attack the seat of government, decapitate the Legislative Council and Court of Appeals, fire the city, and escape with impunity." Cheering indeed!!

☞ The Gas light works in our city are certainly not productive of all the benefit that might be anticipated. Whether the fault be in the source material employed for its manufacture, in the imperfect purification of the gas, or in the fine lamps in which it is allowed to escape we know not, but that some radical defect exists is indubitable. The lights in our offices invariably burn dimly until a very late hour, and are not infrequently extinguished two or three times in the course of the evening. The circumstances occasion considerable delay in the labors of our workmen. The active period in an establishment like ours is between six o'clock in the evening and midnight; and the frequent interruptions which our compositors experience during the first half of this interval seriously embarrass and delay the progress of the paper.

Washington.

The Mississippi election question has at length been decided, and Messrs Prentiss and Wood are sure entitled to their seats in Congress. The vote on the question was exceedingly close, being 117 ayes to 117 noes—the speaker's vote decided that the demands of the new claimants were not valid. A detailed account of the proceedings of both houses on the 5th instant, will be found in our columns. We extract from the correspondence of the Baltimore Commercial Transcript.

Canadian Affairs.

We have little that is new or important on this subject. The Quebec papers announced the intention of Lord Gosford to relinquish the administration of the government to Sir John Colborne, and to depart without delay to England The recall of this functionary is in accordance with his own suggestion, he having consented to superintend the government of Canada with a view to the pursuance of a conciliatory policy. As measures of this character are no longer deemed expedient he resigns his office.

The Detroit papers state that the excitement on the subject of the Canadian contest is rapidly subsiding. No further collection of men on the frontier is anticipated, and some of the forces have already disbanded.

From Havana.

We have received yesterday our files of that city, up to the 3d instant inclusive, nothing new from Spain. Under the memoranda head will be found the list of vessels arrived and cleared for the last three days, also those loading for this place. We have not been able to obtain any commercial news

SENATE OF LOUISIANA.

MR. JOHNSON, President.

Sitting of the 12th February, 1835.

Mr. Penn presented a petition from the inhabitants of the parish of Washington, praying for the incorporation of a church—referred to a special committee, composed of Messrs. Penn, Perche, and Armant.

On motion of the same member, the senate took in consideration the bill to amend the act of incorporation of the boarding school for young ladies at Covington. This bill underwent a second and third reading and passed.

Mr. Hoa presented a petition from the Notaries of New Orleans, complaining that a law just passed was oppressive upon them, and praying that amendments might be made to it. On motion of Mr. Hoa, the petition was referred to the judiciary committee.

BANK BILL.

The clerk of the house of representatives transmitted this bill to the senate, and informed him that several amendments had been made to it.

Mr. Penn proposed, likewise that a special committee of five members should be appointed for the purpose of examining the amendments. By adopting this mode of proceedure, it was possible that the opinion of both houses might be conciliated.

These two propositions were adopted,

Messrs. Wing, Hoa, Bunor, Gates, and Scott were appointed to compose said committee.

The senate proceeded to the second reading of the following bills and resolutions; to wit:

An act to incorporate a Roman Catholic Church in the parish of St. Stanislas (Attakapas)

Which was ordered to be read a third reading and passed.

Resolved, That the Senate of the state