The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 72. VOL VII.—NEW SERIES. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 1, 1845 VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO 4812

TERMS OF THE BEE.

SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each insertion of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one. Any alteration from the original advertisements will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN lines, charged as a square.

ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants and Traders in French and English, $80
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do 60
Banks, insurance offices, public institutions, 50
No advertising to either French or English only, a deduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business or the yearly advertisers, such as legal auction, and plantation sales, houses or lots of ground to let sean or sell, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c. will be charged for separately and at the ordinary rates.

All notices of Candidates for political offices; all notices or articles of a personal nature (when admitted) will pay $2 per square, in advance.

J. MAGNE & WEISSE.

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
LUDLOW & SMITH'S.

BENEFIT OF MR. WEAFIE.

The last night of the Italian Opera Company.
WEDNESDAY, April 2d, 1845.
Will be repeated
MARINO FALIERO,
A Grand Opera, in three acts, by Donizetti.
With new Scenery, Decorations, &c. &c.
For particulars see bills of the day.

The private Boxes reserved for respectable colored persons, can be had at the Box Office.

Complimentary Concert to WILLIAM FURST,

BY THE NEW ORLEANS SACRED MUSIC SOCIETY, assisted by the most distinguished Amateur Talent and Miscellaneous, positively for MR. FURST,
ON FRIDAY, 4th April, 1845,
AT THE REV'D TACO CLAPP'S CHURCH.

PART I.
The greater part of the "Stabat Mater," by Rossini.

PART II.
Overture to "Oberon," (Orchestra) from the
Patriotic Hymn to Washington, words by
Prayer and Hymn, Mozart
Air, words by G. Calcaterra.
The Concert will commence at 8 o'clock precisely.
Tickets at $1—to be had at the principal Music and Book Stores, in the city of Charles, St. Louis and City Hotels, and at the door.

ST. HELENA GARDEN.
SUNDAY, 30th MARCH.

GRAND BALL—ENTRANCE FREE.

The Garden will be illuminated on the occasion, and a splendid display of fireworks will be made. The fine ST. HELENA GARDEN, on the Levee, Opposite Piquemine, which has been fitted up in the most elegant style, will be open every Sunday afternoon and evening. The hopes a liberal patronage will pay him a visit.

National Gallery.

SPLENDID PAINTINGS

Now on exhibition at the National Gallery, No 13 Bank street, (upstairs.)
The Early Christians imprisoned at Rome, by Henry Pickersgill, R. A.
Do Rob discovering the Mississippi, by Rothermel.
Do Scene from Ivanhoe, by Leutze.
The Marriage of St Peter and Catherine, by Guido.
And six splendid Landscapes, by Doughty and Bonfigo.

The Paintings will remain but a short time.

GRAND DRESS AND MASK BALL,

AT WHITLOCK'S.

Who has the honor to inform the public that he will open the Ball Room, in the Orleans Ball House, BALL STREET, every SUNDAY, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY nights.

The Band of MARS has been engaged for the season.

A strict police will be constantly on hand to maintain order.

Doors open at half past seven o'clock.

WASHINGTON AND ASHERIES.

GRAND DRESS AND MASQUERADE BALL,

THIS EVENING, April 1st,

At which time the Band, under the direction of Mr. Bergeron, will be in attendance.

Tickets $1 each.

No Persons are allowed in the Ball Room without tickets, which can be had at the door.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
No. 31 Canal street, New Orleans.

GENERAL ORDER, No 11.

An election will be held on the first Monday in May, through 3 Division, E. M. for the purpose of electing a Major General and Brigadier Generals, in the various regiments composing said Division.

The polls will be opened from 10 to 12 o'clock, A. M.; and from 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M. at the following places, to wit:

1st Regiment, Cavalry, Chalmette.
1st do Artillery, do do
1st do Infantry, do do
2d do Infantry, Carrollton.
3d do Infantry, Lafayette.
4th do Infantry, Algiers.
5th do Infantry, Gentilly.
6th do Infantry, Bayou St. John.
7th do Infantry, Jefferson.
8th do Infantry, Bonnabel's Plantation.

By order of the Commander in Chief.
J. A. ARMANT, Adjutant General.

NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
NO. 91 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State.

NEW-ORLEANS.
TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 1, 1845.

SENATORIAL APPORTIONMENT.

It will be seen by our report of the proceedings of the Convention yesterday, that that body, after a long, able and stormy debate, refused to sanction the project of Senatorial apportionment which had been under discussion for some time, and upon a final vote, REJECTED the entire section. We announce this result with the most heartfelt gratification. A most outrageous and iniquitous attempt at Gerrymandering—a most unequal and unjust apportionment—a most deliberate and hardy effort to bind one section of Louisiana hand and foot, and consign at once to a hopeless minority and perhaps to the exaction and oppression of the North Western part of the State, have been signally rebuked by yesterday's vote.

Our pleasure at this result is heightened by the reflection that those who refused to sanction the project in question, did so irrespective of the ephemeral considerations of party. They know that a permanent, an unalterable system of apportionment distinguished in the course by palpable injustice, was a monstrosity which every right minded man ought to repudiate; and therefore, without distinction of politics they voted for its rejection. Among those who thus acted, are some of the staunchest democrats in the Convention. Such men as Canas, Eustis, Marigny, Soulé, Taylor, Winder, Wadsworth, &c., who showed upon this occasion that their political advancement was a subordinate consideration, compared with the maintenance of the great principle of equal representation.

The Convention will now have to re-commence its labors upon the subject, and will we trust, conduct them in a spirit of impartiality and justice. Let them deal fairly by every section of the State, if they desire the New Constitution to be approved by all parties.

THE CONVENTION.

Yesterday Mr. Downs moved that when the Legislature proceed to apportion the Representative Districts, they be empowered to divide any Senatorial Districts having more than one Senator. A motion was made to lay this resolution on the table.

Mr. Wadsworth gave notice of a motion to re-consider the vote giving one Senator to Plaquemine and St. Bernard and the right bank of the Parish of Orleans.

Mr. M. Taylor was in favor of giving to the Legislature the right to apportion the districts, which it already possessed in regard to the House. He presented a resolution to this effect, providing that the Senate should consist of no less than 25 members and not more than 34; that the basis of total population should be taken in the apportionment, but that no parish should be entitled to more than one-eighth of the Senate. He contended that the Convention had been influenced by various motives, and had followed no fixed basis. An apportionment made hap-hazard, according to the interest or caprice of the members, must be marked by gross injustice and inequality. It was, therefore, proper to allow any future Legislature to make the reforms which circumstances may suggest. Moreover, circumstances were continually changing. At no distant period, the respective strength of the Districts will no longer be the same, and even though the various Districts had been formed with the utmost justice and ease, in the course of a few years, they would exhibit striking inequalities. Any invariable principle would be therefore, supremely unjust, for it would tend to introduce to representation a gradual but certain inequality. If this would follow with the most equitable apportionment, *a fortiori*, it would follow one as unequal as that just completed.

Mr. Downs moved to lay the amendment on the table.

Mr. Claiborne trusted the motion would not prevail. The amendment offered us the solitary chance of obtaining justice hereafter—and even this chance was cheerless and uncertain. With the amendment we might *however*, hope one day to correct the system of rotten boroughs established by the Convention. To render this system permanent, unchangeable, would be to perpetrate an act of odious and unsupportable tyranny. He would not conceive how gentlemen who were always preaching equality, could consent to sanction and perpetuate inequality so monstrous as this.

The motion to lay on the table was adopted—28 to 26. The President might have saved the amendment but did not choose to do so.

Mr. Downs' proviso respecting the division of the Senatorial districts was likewise laid on the table.—Yeas, 32, nays, 28.

A proviso was then adopted requiring that when new parishes were formed they should be comprised within the Senatorial districts from which the largest portion of territory had been taken.

After several slight amendments had been made to the section, Mr. Conrad proposed a proviso requiring that Electors of Senators should pay a State tax of one dollar. Lost on the table—yeas, 49, nays, 12.

The question on the final adoption of the section then came up.

Mr. Claiborne rose to state the motive of his vote.—He would not attempt to struggle against the will of the majority. Opposition was fruitless; but he wished to give his reasons upon record.

The Senatorial apportionment had been constructed without reference to any fixed principle—in fact, it opposed basis. Every thing had been done arbitrarily—the will and caprice of the majority. Property not in dispute made element in social order—had been totally disregarded. Population—which is considered essentially a democratic principle—had been equally cast aside. Nothing had been looked to save the will and caprice of the members. To one section of the State which possesses two-thirds of the population and wealth, one-third of the Senate alone was allowed; while the remaining two-thirds had been given to a portion having only a third of the wealth and population of the State! This was injustice of the most revolting character—infinitely more so than the apportionment of the Old Constitution.

If the section were adopted, it would create general discontent, public tranquility would be endangered, and ours probably the New Constitution would be rejected.

Mr. Preston remonstrated against the injustice done to the first and second Congressional District by the section, allowing it is then but 11 senators, while 23 were allowed to the third and fourth districts. The former has more than half the electoral vote, more than half the population, paid more than half the taxes of the State. Is this injustice, and on account of the injustice done to a parish he would vote against the section. He was likewise opposed to any fixed and unchangeable apportionment of the Senate. The basis alone ought to be established, and the details should be left to future legislation.

Mr. Claiborne gave notice of his intention to move a reconsideration of the section, in the event of its adoption.

Mr. Taylor would vote against the section, because the evil which it inflicted was irremediable.

Mr. Wadsworth opposed the section, because it had been carried by log rolling.

Mr. Downs denied that any injustice had been done, and declared that the result was satisfactory to a large portion of the Convention. He then went on and made the usual harangue about justice and right.

Mr. Kenner declared his firm belief that the section was the grossest instance of gerrymandering he had ever seen. Not satisfied with the ascendancy they had gained in the House, the majority had proceeded to give two Congressional districts double the number of Senators, that had been assigned to others.

Mr. Claiborne asked upon what principle a Senator had been given to the parishes of St. Helena, Livingston, and one to St. Tammany and Washington. They were not entitled to it upon any principle whatever. Mr. C. further cited Jefferson and other parishes, as illustrations of the injustice perpetrated.

Mr. Saunders rose simply to protest against the passage of the section. He opposed it because the distribution rested upon no fixed basis, was unjust, and had the appearance of a political combination for political purposes.

Mr. Lewis would vote against the section, because it distributed political power unequally, improperly, and without regard to any fixed principle. He believed that if adopted, it would occasion the rejection of the new constitution.

Mr. Ratliff declared his intention of voting for the section. He took it as he would a wife, for better or worse. He emphatically denied that the Senate had been apportioned by a political party for political purposes.

Mr. Conrad stated that he would neither sanction the grossly unjust apportionment of the Senate, nor any Constitution which perpetuated it.

Messrs. Sparne and Mayo denied having attempted to gerrymander the State. The latter declared it was impossible to have apportioned the State with more equity.

Mr Downs entered into an elaborate review of the apportionment of the Senate, contending that power had been in general, equally distributed; that political the apportionment was perfectly equitable. Let those members who think *errors* have been committed, consider the subject and correct the errors which may exist; but why should the whole work of the Convention be rejected, on account of a few faults. Mr. Downs then vindicated his motives from the imputations to which they had been subjected, and declared before God that he had been actuated by nothing but a conscientious sense of right and duty.

The section was REJECTED—31 to 34.

The Convention adjourned.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE RACES.—*Metairie Course.*—The Spring Campaign will commence to-morrow, with the most brilliant prospects. Fourteen stables have already arrived at the courses, numbering about seventy horses, and all in apparent excellent condition. The countenances of the different trainers bespeak confidence, and apparent self satisfaction.

We shall present our readers to-morrow with the names and characters of several of the "high mettled racers" which are to contend for the different prizes to be run for during the campaign.

The meeting, on the four mile day of *Rover, Jerry Lancaster, Ruffin, Lga*, and Joe Chalmers, will doubtless attract a tremendous crowd.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Mr. Weafie, an actor of considerable talent, takes a benefit this evening. He has selected for the occasion, the successful drama of *Don Cæsar de Bazan*, and *Agnes de Vere*. We hope he will have a bumper.

CRIMINAL COURT.—John Miller, convicted for stealing $25-6 in money from on board the brig *Oceana*, on the 20th of February, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Canonge, to one year imprisonment at hard labor in the Penitentiary.

Edward Gray, charged with assault and battery, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

Armand Beche, f. m. c., charged with threatening, insulting and abusing a white person, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

RECORDER BALDWIN'S COURT.—Charles Carender, charged with stealing a horse from Charles Myers; C. Hotz, charged with passing a counterfeit $50 on the Northern Bank of Kentucky; and Patrick Cosgrove, charged with selling liquor without a license, were yesterday examined before the Recorder and committed to stand their trials before the Criminal Court.

John Walch, Joseph Davis, Thomas Burke, John Miller, Leopold Trifle and Arthur White, were committed for 30 days, each to the Workhouse, under the vagrant law.

STEAMER DOUGLAS SUNK.—There was a report in town last night that the steamer Douglas, Capt. Lodwick, having on board about 700 bales cotton, bound to this port, struck a snag and sunk about 250 miles above the Raft on Red River; boat said to be a total loss. The Douglas was a Red River packet and was on her way down from Fulton, (Ark.)

NEW WORKS.—We acknowledge from J. C. Morse, of the Literary Depot, Exchange Place, the receipt of the following new publications:

Harper's new Pictorial Bible, No. 20.—This magnificent serial edition of the Holy Book, goes on improving with every number.

Sofia, or the magic of Count Cagliostro, a Venetian, by Roger de Beauvoir. This is a regular tale of extraordinary and diabloric, full of interest, incident and romance.

The Wandering Jew, No. 8.—This is Harper's cheap edition. The translation is in every respect faithful and spirited.

Sholto Sorel, or the Heiress of the De Veres, by the author of the Two Old Men's Tales. This is said to be a deeply affecting story. We have not read it.

Harper's Illuminated and Illustrated Shakespeare, No 39, containing The Winters Tale, gorgeously embellished.

☞ We have received from Messrs of Exchange Place, the April numbers of *Godey's Ladies Magazine* and *Graham's Magazine*, both of which have been got up with extreme elegance and are embellished with several beautiful engravings.

We have likewise obtained from the same source, the March number of the *Eclectic Magazine*, which is ornamented with a most elegant frontispiece. The contents are highly interesting, consisting as they do of the most choice extracts of foreign literature.

Blackwood's Magazine for February, has likewise been received, and is as usual, excellent. Our readers will also find copies of the various English Quarterlies, all of which are replete with valuable literature.

☞ We are indebted to the steamboat *Courier*, for late river papers.

IOWA.—An election is to take place in Iowa during the present month, to determine whether the people are willing to accept of the Constitution prepared for them by the Convention.

MASSACHUSETTS U. S. SENATE.—Hon. JOHN DAVIS is the whig candidate for the U. S. Senate to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. Isaac C. Bates. He will of course be elected.

THROWING A WIFE INTO A WELL.—The Auburn (N. Y.) *Journal* says on account of a quarrel between Lorenzo Patrick, who deliberately tossed his better half into a well containing water 25 feet deep. Fortunately she clung to a rope suspended in the well, and saved herself. Patrick was arrested but made his escape.

TALL TALKING.—A member of the New Jersey Legislature, by the name of Pickle, is one of the most industrious speech makers on the record. He is said to have made thirteen speeches in one day, and thirty one the next. On one bill he made sixty-seven speeches and no doubt completely *pickled* his opponent. He must be in a fine state of preservation.

☞ A Washington letter says that before the adjournment of the recent Extra Session of the U. S. Senate, Vice President DALLAS decided that Senators were entitled to mileage for the extra session, although not one of them had left the precincts of Washington. The travelling is all construction, and thus without paying out a cent, or moving from their places, the Senators will each pocket for travelling and compensation about $700 on an average, amounting in the aggregate to some $35,000 or $40,000.

ARTIFICIAL ARM.—Mr Van Peterson, a Dutch Sculptor, has constructed an Artificial Arm, so perfect in its mechanism, and so admirably adapted to motion, as to have received the unqualified praise of the Paris Academy of Sciences. The details of the contrivance are complicated, but its effects, are marvellous. The report of the Committee appointed to examine into the subject, mentions that an invalid who had lost both his arms, from the end of Mr. Van Peterson's mechanism, with his hand a full glass, carried it to his mouth without spilling a drop, replaced it on the table, picked up a pin, or other minute object, &c.

☞ There was seven feet water in the channel of the river at Pittsburg on Thursday night and eight feet at Wheeling on Friday night and falling. The Mississippi, at St. Louis, was falling slowly on Wednesday night. The Arkansas was rising, but the Missouri was receding when the Wabash Valley left. The Cumberland was falling rapidly with seven feet water on Harpeth shoals on Friday night.

Louisville Journal, 24th inst.

Dr. Joseph H. Paxton and Colonel Henry B. McDonald are candidates for Congress in this district.—The first lives in Sumner, and the second in Smith, and both are Locofocos. As far as we have any information on the subject, the Democrats have no intention of starting a candidate—the whigs are invincible in this district, and we are decidedly in favor of letting them have their own way in the matter.—*Nashville Union.*

Truth speaks the Jackson and Polk organ. What a striking comment upon Gen. Jackson's influence at home! His political friends in his own district are too weak even to run a candidate for Congress, although the whigs are divided between two candidates!

Louisville Journal.

The Whig party of Petersburg (Va.) have nominated as their candidate for the House of Delegates John W. Bryan, (Locofoco) Editor of the Petersburg Intelligencer, a paper with more than usual interest to the election in Petersburg, now that the Whigs have so able an advocate of the cause in the field.—*Balt. Patriot.*

POLLY BOURNE.—The New York Correspondent of the Charleston *Courier* says:—"The trial of POLLY BOURNE for the murder of her sister in law and infant of the dwelling house, has been begun for three days—but it is *only* "begun." I believe they have not yet succeeded in empannelling the jury. The lady herself is in fine health and spirits, and looks as gay and cheerful as a young widow. She appears to be confident of escaping."

LATIN.—A correspondent of the Savannah Republican says:—"It is a fact not generally known, that the Latin is still a language among the nobility and educated classes of Hungary. Until about five years since, the debates of the Diet were conducted in that language. By a decree of that body, however, the Magyar or Aulgient Sclavonic language of the country, is now used instead of it.

We can confirm this statement, not from the experience of travel, but from having formed acquaintance with several Hungarians, all of whom without exception, spoke Latin with facility and fluency.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT,

By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

David L. Gregg, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of Illinois, in the place of Mark Skinner, whose commission has expired.

Andrew A. Kincannon, to be Marshal of the United States for the Northern District of Mississippi, in the place of Alexander K. McClung, resigned.

John S. Rockwell, to be Marshal of the United States for the District of Wisconsin, in the place of Charles M. Perrost, whose commission has expired.

Henry Naylor, Thomas Turner, John L. Smith, Reuben Millburn, Joshua Gorse, Charles J. Nourse, Samuel Smoot, and Henry Howison, to be Justices of the Peace in the County of Washington, in the District of Columbia, and Charles Beott and Wm. Mills to be Justices of the Peace in the County of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia; their commissions either having expired, or being about to expire.

Henry Peyser, Mayor elect of Georgetown, to be a Justice of the Peace in the County of Washington, in the District of Columbia.

FIRE IN NEWBURYPORT.—A fire broke out in an engine house in Newburyport, on the 21st March, and destroyed the building and engine. Loss about $7,000.

MASSACHUSETTS AND SOUTH CAROLINA.

The House of Representatives of Massachusetts adopted on the 19th instant, the following order, in relation to the matter in controversy between that State and South Carolina:—

Ordered, That the Committee to whom was referred the message of the Governor upon the subject of the Honorable Samuel Hoar, in South Carolina, be directed to report to the Legislature, resolves to the following effect, viz:—

That Massachusetts is restrained from further present action in behalf of her citizens imprisoned in South Carolina, only on account of their color, and from the exercise of her own powers to protect the commerce of her citizens, by her unwillingness to do the slightest violence to the Constitution of the United States, the duty of which she is claiming for her own citizens in the premises;

That South Carolina having, by her constituted authorities, interfered to prevent access to the Courts of the United States within her territory, it becomes the duty of the General Government to afford to the citizens of our Commonwealth, while in another State, all the rights guaranteed to them by the Constitution of the United States;

And that Massachusetts now demands, and will continue to demand, that the General Government make such change in the jurisdiction of the Federal Courts, or such provisions by law, as will render any exercise of Massachusetts, whose duty hereafter to imprisoned in any other State solely on account of his color, to urge his claim to liberty and protection in the Courts of the U. States; and that our Senators and Representatives be requested to lose no opportunity of urging this subject upon the consideration of Congress."

When the subject came before Senate, it elicited the following proceedings:—

The House receives upon the subject of the treatment of Mr. Hoar by the State of South Carolina, having been read, Mr. Adams, the chairman of the special committee on the subject, made some remarks, stating the motion and opinion of the committee, and that he thought until there was some change of opinion in the United States, upon this matter, it was of no use to make another application to Congress. Very distinguished citizens of Massachusetts, he stated, had been mobbed in Boston, maintained that the laws of South Carolina were not unconstitutional; and while the conflicting opinions existed, on the one hand and the other by the committee, he wished that the question should rest. He wished to have that paper disseminated through the country, examined and judged upon. He believed that it expressed the unanimous opinion of Massachusetts. It had already drawn forth a reply from a South Carolina member of Congress, who had transmitted to speak for that State, since her Legislature had adjourned, and he was glad to see the gentlemen should have selected, as their champion, one so able to reply upon their positions.

Our city has been thrown into a most painful state of agitation and distress, by the unfeasonably termination of the life of a young and promising clergyman of the Episcopal Church, the Rev. Theodore Lyman. The Rev. Mr. Lyman was Rector of the Church of the Messiah, which he had been travelling two months for the restoration of his health, when he was taken under the care of Dr. Cross, assisted by a talented professional gentleman of this city. The fever proved too powerful for the skill of the physicians, and on Thursday morning, at 4½ o'clock P. M. the spirit of the lamented young man took its flight to the realms of the blessed. The funeral procession will start from the late residence, No 118 Burgundy street.

GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

WHEREAS the services of the Grand Lodge are required to attend the funeral of our late worthy and beloved Brother NOEL JOURDAN, R. W. P. S. M. of their Lodge; C. G. Agt. of T. G. M. and S. G. W. of The Polar Star.

The W. M. of the Lodges are requested to have the Brs. of their respective Lodges in their stated Lodge rooms which will take place, to-day, at 4 o'clock, P. M. All Masonic Brs. are invited to attend.

The regalia of our Brs. by at his house Burgundy street.

By order of the Gr. M.
J. VERMEIR, Grand Secre ary

☞ Mr. EDITOR.—Will you please recommend to the following gentlemen as candidates of the Municipal Election to be held on Monday, April 7th.

FOR THE GENERAL COUNCIL
First Municipality.

M. CHEVALLIER,
J. W. ZACHARIE,
A. PHILIP,
LE. KYSA.

ALDERMEN.
1st District—First Municipality.
A. D. BROSMAN,
A. GRAILHE,
EUGENE MUMBRUN,
J. J. BENARD.

2d District—Second Municipality.
NICHOLAS PERRIN,
EDOUARD FORSTALL.

PEOPLE'S TICKET.
FIRST MUNICIPALITY—First Ward.

FOR ALDERMEN:
A. D. BROSMAN,
JACKSON DUPLESSIS,
JOSEPH FUENTIS,
J. SHIELDS.

☞ We EDITOR.—Please announce Mr. JULES BENOIT as candidate for Alderman of the Fifth Ward, First Municipality, who will be supported by

A FRIEND TO NUMBER OF VOTERS.

☞ We are Editor of the Bee—Please announce JOSEPH MATHIEU MAUREAU, who will be supported as a candidate for Alderman of the Fourth Ward of the First Municipality, at the ensuing election.

MANY VOTERS OF THE WARD.

☞ Ship LYNN, Captain Ryan, from Boston.—This ship is now discharging opposite post 15 and 16 Municipality. Consignees are requested to send orders for their goods and attend to them forthwith.

J. P. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp.

☞ NOTICE.—The ship JAS. H. SHEPHERD, Captain Lincoln, is now loading at the regular packet berth, and will have quick dispatch. Consignees are requested to send their permits within five days, otherwise their goods will be put to the Customhouse.

L. H. GALE 93 Gravier street.

☞ NOTICE.—Messrs Allen & Edwards, W. O Moody & Co. Hyde & Goodrich, Consignees of the ship Ann Parker, are requested to call for their respective receipts.

J. P. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp.

☞ The friends and acquaintances of the late NOEL JOURDAN, deceased, yesterday morning at 4½ o'clock, are invited to attend the funeral from this day, the 1st April, at 4½ o'clock P. M. The funeral procession will start from the late residence, No 118 Burgundy street.

T. G. A. of T. G. M. of
GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

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☞ NOTICE.—Messrs Allen & Edwards, W. O Moody & Co. Hyde & Goodrich, Consignees of the ship Ann Parker, are requested to call for their respective receipts.

J. P. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp.

☞ The friends and acquaintances of the late NOEL JOURDAN, deceased, yesterday morning at 4½ o'clock, are invited to attend the funeral from this day, the 1st April, at 4½ o'clock P. M. The funeral procession will start from the late residence, No 118 Burgundy street.

T. G. A. of T. G. M. of
GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

WHEREAS the services of the Grand Lodge are required to attend the funeral of our late worthy and beloved Brother NOEL JOURDAN, R. W. P. S. M. of their Lodge; C. G. Agt. of T. G. M. and S. G. W. of The Polar Star.

The W. M. of the Lodges are requested to have the Brs. of their respective Lodges in their stated Lodge rooms which will take place, to-day, at 4 o'clock, P. M. All Masonic Brs. are invited to attend.

The regalia of our Brs. by at his house Burgundy street.

By order of the Gr. M.
J. VERMEIR, Grand Secre ary

☞ Mr. EDITOR.—Will you please recommend to the following gentlemen as candidates of the Municipal Election to be held on Monday, April 7th.

FOR THE GENERAL COUNCIL
First Municipality.

M. CHEVALLIER,
J. W. ZACHARIE,
A. PHILIP,
LE. KYSA.

ALDERMEN.
1st District—First Municipality.
A. D. BROSMAN,
A. GRAILHE,
EUGENE MUMBRUN,
J. J. BENARD.

2d District—Second Municipality.
NICHOLAS PERRIN,
EDOUARD FORSTALL.

PEOPLE'S TICKET.
FIRST MUNICIPALITY—First Ward.

FOR ALDERMEN:
A. D. BROSMAN,
JACKSON DUPLESSIS,
JOSEPH FUENTIS,
J. SHIELDS.

☞ WE EDITOR.—Please announce Mr. JULES BENOIT as candidate for Alderman of the Fifth Ward, First Municipality, who will be supported by

A FRIEND TO NUMBER OF VOTERS.

☞ We are Editor of the Bee—Please announce JOSEPH MATHIEU MAUREAU, who will be supported as a candidate for Alderman of the Fourth Ward of the First Municipality, at the ensuing election.

MANY VOTERS OF THE WARD.

☞ Ship LYNN, Captain Ryan, from Boston.—This ship is now discharging opposite post 15 and 16 Municipality. Consignees are requested to send orders for their goods and attend to them forthwith.

J. P. WHITNEY & Co. 73 Camp.

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J. VERMEIR, Grand Secre ary

FEE BILL!

A FEW COPIES of the above Bill have been printed in French and English for the use of Courts, &c., and put on pasteboard. For sale at this office.

1,000 Dollars Reward.

STOLEN from the stock of the subscriber, either at the Waverly House in Mobile, or on the passage from Mobile to this city on board the steamer Jackson, on Thursday or Thursday night, the 27th inst., $5,700, in bills on the City Bank of New Orleans, principally in notes of two $500 each, $500 in Treasury Notes, and the balance principally in notes of $100 notes. The above reward will be paid for the detection of the thief and recovery of the money.

mh 31 EDWARD WISE.

☞ Mr. Editor.—Please announce Mr. JOSEPH LEGENDRE as candidate for Alderman of the Fourth Ward, First Municipality.

mh 31 A FRIEND.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from my dwelling in Edward's row, about half past 9 o'clock, the evening of the 28th inst., a small black POCKET BOOK containing several papers, amongst which were a note drawn by C. N. Rousseau and endorsed by Nevers, dated at Plaquemine on the 15th day of March, 1845, at one year's date, in favor of A. Lalonde & Co. and payable at their Counting Room, for $1,000, and also payable at their Counting Room, for $1,000, and also payable at their Counting Room, for $1,000, and also