

Quiz: Justice Deferred Is Justice Denied

Question 1a of 10 (1 Segregation 256694)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Segregation is defined as:

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. the practice of integrating various groups into one large group.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> B. the practice of separating people of different races, classes, or ethnic groups.	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> C. the practice of mixing groups only when there is a clear benefit to the government.	
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above are true.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: the practice of separating people of different races, classes, or ethnic groups.

Question 1b of 10 (1 Segregation 256695)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: The practice of separating people of different races, classes, or ethnic groups is called _____.

Choice	Feedback
<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. segregation	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> B. integration	
<input type="radio"/> C. transformation	
<input type="radio"/> D. absolutism	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: segregation.

Question 1c of 10 (1 Segregation 256696)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Which of the following is not an example of segregation?

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. Jim Crow laws	
<input type="radio"/> B. Separate-but-equal doctrine	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> C. Integration of schools	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: Integration of schools.

Question 2a of 10 (3 Scrutiny 256698)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: The Supreme Court will uphold a law concerning a given group as long as the law is reasonably related to a legitimate government interest. What is the name for this standard?

Choice	Feedback
<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. Rational basis test	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> B. Intermediate scrutiny	
<input type="radio"/> C. Strict scrutiny	
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: Rational basis test.

Question 2b of 10 (3 Scrutiny 256699)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: The rational basis test is the _____ test to which the government will put a classification or grouping.

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. most rigorous	
<input type="radio"/> B. only	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> C. least rigorous	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> D. moderately rigorous	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: least rigorous.

Question 2c of 10 (3 Scrutiny 256700)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Intermediate scrutiny is the classification test generally applied to issues concerning which minority group?

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. African Americans	
<input type="radio"/> B. Homosexuals	
<input type="radio"/> C. The elderly	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> D. Women	Correct!

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: Women.

Question 3a of 10 (1 Scrutiny 256702)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: _____ is the most rigorous test to which a legal classification can be put, and any law subjected to this level of scrutiny is unlikely to be found constitutional.

Choice	Feedback
<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. Strict scrutiny	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> B. Rational basis	
<input type="radio"/> C. Intermediate scrutiny	
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: Strict scrutiny.

Question 3b of 10 (1 Scrutiny 256703)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Strict scrutiny is:

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. the most rigorous test to which a legal classification can be put.	
<input type="radio"/> B. a test that very few laws will be able to pass.	
<input type="radio"/> C. usually used when laws concern grouping by race or ethnicity.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> D. All of the above are true.	Correct!

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: All of the above are true.

Question 3c of 10 (1 Scrutiny 256704)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Laws that concern grouping individuals by race are subjected to _____.

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. the rational basis test	
<input type="radio"/> B. intermediate scrutiny	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> C. strict scrutiny	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: strict scrutiny.

Question 4a of 10 (2 Civil Rights Movement (Integration) 256706)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: *Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka* was a case that came before the Supreme Court in 1954. What was this case about?

Choice	Feedback
<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. Integration of African American students into traditionally all-white schools	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> B. Integration of women in the workplace	
<input type="radio"/> C. Preservation of the rights of elderly workers	
<input type="radio"/> D. Gay marriage	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: Integration of African American students into traditionally all-white schools.

Question 4b of 10 (2 Civil Rights Movement (Integration) 256707)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: In the case of *Brown v. Board of Education*, the Supreme Court ruled that:

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. African American students should be provided with separate-but-equal school facilities.	
<input type="radio"/> B. African American students were not allowed to attend school with white students.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> C. segregated education is inherently unequal.	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above are true.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: segregated education is inherently unequal.

Question 4c of 10 (2 Civil Rights Movement (Integration) 256708)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: The Supreme Court's ruling in *Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka* was an important step in:

Choice	Feedback
<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. the civil rights movement.	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> B. the women's rights movement.	
<input type="radio"/> C. the gay rights movement.	
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above are true.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: the civil rights movement.

Question 5a of 10 (1 Civil Rights Movement (Malcolm X) 256710)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Malcolm X's philosophy concerning African American rights in this country was called _____.

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. passive resistance	
<input type="radio"/> B. social disobedience	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> C. black nationalism	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: black nationalism.

Question 5b of 10 (1 Civil Rights Movement (Malcolm X) 256711)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Who advocated social, economic, and political change for African Americans with his "The Ballot or the Bullet" speech?

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.	
<input type="radio"/> B. President John F. Kennedy	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> C. Malcolm X	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> D. None of the above.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: Malcolm X.

Question 5c of 10 (1 Civil Rights Movement (Malcolm X) 256712)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Malcolm X advocated social, economic, and political change for African Americans by what means?

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. Voting for political candidates who will actually help their cause	
<input type="radio"/> B. Spending their money in their own communities	
<input type="radio"/> C. Violent revolution, if necessary	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> D. All of the above.	Correct!

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: All of the above.

Question 6a of 10 (2 Women's rights 256714)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Women's rights have historically been restricted by the Supreme Court's use of:

Choice	Feedback
<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. the reasonableness standard.	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> B. the strict scrutiny.	
<input type="radio"/> C. the separate-but-equal doctrine.	
<input type="radio"/> D. Jim Crow laws.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: the reasonableness standard.

Question 6b of 10 (2 Women's rights 256715)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: The reasonableness standard is:

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. the strictest test by which a law may be evaluated.	
<input type="radio"/> B. an example of a Jim Crow law.	
<input type="radio"/> C. the standard used to restrict the rights of African Americans.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> D. the standard by which a law is allowed to stand because it is reasonably related to a legitimate government interest.	Correct!

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: the standard by which a law is allowed to stand because it is reasonably related to a legitimate government interest.

Question 6c of 10 (2 Women's rights 256716)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Laws concerning women are not subject to the strict scrutiny test because:

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. Women's rights are not typically restricted.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> B. women do not qualify as a "discrete and insular minority."	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> C. there are no laws that apply only to women.	
<input type="radio"/> D. All of the above are true.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: women do not qualify as a "discrete and insular minority."

Question 7a of 10 (3 Equal Rights Amendment 256718)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: All of the following are reasons for the failure of the equal rights amendment _____.

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. an increased acceptance of women in the workplace, even before the amendment.	
<input type="radio"/> B. concerns about judicial activism in the 1970s and years of increased control of individuals by the government.	
<input type="radio"/> C. concerns of unwanted side effects of the amendment, such as co-ed professional sports teams and unisex public restrooms.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> D. All of the above represent reasons for the failure of the amendment!	Correct!

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: All of the above represent reasons for the failure of the amendment.

Question 7b of 10 (3 Equal Rights Amendment 256719)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: The proposed amendment to the Constitution that would have made men and women 100 percent equal in the eyes of the law was known as the _____.

Choice	Feedback
<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. equal rights amendment	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> B. separate-but-equal amendment	
<input type="radio"/> C. women's liberation amendment	
<input type="radio"/> D. civil rights amendment	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: equal rights amendment.

Question 7c of 10 (3 Equal Rights Amendment 256720)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Which of the following statements concerning the equal rights amendment is correct?

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. The amendment was a great success.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> B. The amendment was not ratified.	Correct!
<input type="radio"/> C. The amendment gave women higher legal status than men.	
<input type="radio"/> D. The amendment was not popular with professional women.	

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: The amendment was not ratified.

Question 8a of 10 (1 Gay rights (discrimination) 256722)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Which of the following groups have been discriminated against in the past?

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. Women	
<input type="radio"/> B. Disabled citizens	
<input type="radio"/> C. Immigrants	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> D. All of the above.	Correct!

Global Incorrect Feedback

The correct answer is: All of the above.

Question 8b of 10 (1 Gay rights (discrimination) 256723)

Maximum Attempts: 1

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Maximum Score: 1

Question: Which statement is true of the opinions surrounding the legality of civil unions between homosexuals?

Choice	Feedback
<input type="radio"/> A. Some people feel that civil unions create a separate status from marriage that is inherently unequal.	
<input type="radio"/> B. Some people discriminate against homosexuals by saying that they should not be afforded the rights of married status, even under the name of "civil union."	