The New-Orleans Bee.

No 184: VOL VI.—NEW SERIES. NEW-ORLEANS WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21, 1844 VOL XVIII.—WHOLE NO 4637

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.,
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State.

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, - - - - - - 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each language of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one; any alteration from the original advertisement will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN lines, charged as a square.

ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each language and for each insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Merchants and Traders, in French and English, $60
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do, - - - - - 30
Banks, insurance office, public institutions, - 30

To advertisers in either French or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, and plantation sales, houses or lots of ground to let lease or sell, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c. will be charged for separately and at the ordinary rates.

NOTICES OF ARTICLES of a personal nature, when admitted, will pay two dollars per square, in advance.

Theatres and other places of amusements, advertising daily for the season, to be charged 100 dollars either French or English only, and 150 dollars for both languages.

MARRIAGE AND OBITUARY NOTICES.—Articles calling the attention of the public to sales of property, cards, of passengers, benefits, &c. &c. will be charged one dollar per square, for the first insertion in each language.

BANKRUPTCIES.—No advertisements of bankruptcies will be published in any case, unless paid for in advance.

All announcement of Candidates for political offices shall be charged double the price of other advertisements. BULLITT, MAGNE & Co.

NOTICE.—John A Hobart having admitted Mr. W H D[illegible] to copartnership, will from this date, transact Commission business, under the firm of
jj1 TUFTS, HOBART & Co.

REMOVED—SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH have removed to 77 Tchoupitoulas street. j4

SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants
77 Tchoupitoulas street, New Orleans.
Christian Shultz, David Hadden, Joseph Leach
Maysville, Ky. | New Orleans. | New Orleans. j4

ISAAC BRIDGE,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
AND AGENT FOR THE SALE OF
Rich's Improved Patent Salamander Iron Safes, and Stevens' Patent Balances,
76 Magazine street

H. DE GOER & RIFFLARD,
Importers of French, English, & German Dry Goods,
ALSO DEALERS IN
DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES
AND ALL KINDS OF
NEGRO WOLLENS AND COTTONS,
For Plantations,
H. De Goer, Paris. J. Rifflard, New Orleans.
jn1 New Orleans No. 34 Chartres street.

SAMUEL TOBY,
Commission Merchant,
New York

COGNAC [illegible] proof Cognac, for sale by a17 FIELD & Co. 30 Old Levee

SWEET OIL—[illegible] baskets Marseilles for sale by a17 FIELD & Co. 30 Old Levee

ALMONDS—50 bales fresh soft shelled almonds for sale by TUFTS HOBART & Co. 29 Gravier

BROWN COTTONS—40 bales 4-4 brown cottons for sale by TUFTS, HOBART & Co. 29 Gravier

EXCHANGE on Havana, for sale by a20 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SPANISH DOUBLOONS—for sale by a20 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

COAL—150 hhds Schuylkill coal in store, for sale by a20 AARON COHEN, 80 Common

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA at 3 days sight for sale by JOSEPH PRATS, 27 Toulouse

LEMONS—A few boxes for sale by a20 B & A. SOULE, 45 Conti street

SUGARS—White and brown Havana in store for sale by J M CABALLERO, 27 Old Levee

CHAMPAGNE—10 baskets Ellaler brand, for sale by a17 FIELD & Co 30 Old Levee

PURE SPIRITS—4 bbls 4th proof, for sale by a17 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

KENTUCKY BAGGING AND ROPE for sale by a17 GEO GREEN & BRO, 82 Gravier

SOAP—New [illegible] soap, for sale by a17 GEO. GREEN & BRO, 82 Gravier

WINDOW GLASS—1500 bxs assorted sizes, for sale by a17 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

CHROME GREEN AND YELLOW—10 kgs, for sale by a17 FIELD & Co 30 Old Levee

PORTO WINE—3 pipes [illegible] for sale by a17 FIELD & Co 30 Old Levee

MANILLA CORDAGE—[illegible] for sale by a17 GEO GREEN & BRO, 82 Gravier

RIO COFFEE—1 500 bags, for sale by a15 GEO GREEN & BRO, 82 Gravier

BLANKETS—3 point Mackinac blankets, for sale by a10 SCHMIDT & Co, 68 Bienville st

WINDOW GLASS—French window glass, for sale by a10 SCHMIDT & Co, 68 Bienville st

LINSEYS [illegible] for sale by a10 SCHMIDT & Co, 68 Bienville st

BROWN ROLLS for sale by a10 SCHMIDT & Co, 68 Bienville st

MADEIRA WINE in bottles, for sale by a10 SCHMIDT & Co, 68 Bienville st

BILLS of Exchange on Paris, for sale by A. GORDON WYLIE & Co

BILLS of Exchange on London, for sale by A. GORDON WYLIE & Co.

WINE—40 cases Marseilles wine, for sale by P LONGIS, 116 Royal st

PORT WINE—[illegible] Port wine for sale by a14 P LONGIS, 116 Royal

MADEIRA WINE—4 do bbls Madeira wine, for sale by a14 P LONGIS, 116 Royal

MADEIRA WINE—20 pipes superior Madeira, for sale by a14 P LONGIS, 116 Royal

BUTTER—40 kegs fresh butter, for sale by a14 JOHN R SHAW & Co. 24 Poydras

ONIONS—30 bbls in store, and for sale by a14 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

SPERM CANDLES—300 bxs various brands, in store and for sale by WM FROST & Co. 28 Old Levee

COGNAC FINE CHAMPAGNE BRANDY—in bottles for sale by J ALBERT, 22 St Louis st

CHAMPAGNE WINE, in pints and quarts, for sale by a13 J ALBERT, 22 St Louis

BUCK & DROP SHOT, received from New York and for sale by J ALBERT, 22 St Louis

PATENT LEATHER of Nys & Co, Paris, landing and for sale by a13 J ALBERT, 22 St Louis

MUSCAT WINE, in boxes and bbls, for sale by a13 J ALBERT, 22 St Louis

SWEET OIL—Marseilles fine oil of Nice best sweet oil, in baskets, for sale by J ALBERT, 22 St Louis

SWISS ABSYNTH—Genuine Swiss Absynth, V. L., in store and for sale by J ALBERT, 22 St Louis

FRENCH LOCKS—Assorted number constantly on hand and for sale by J ALBERT, 22 St Louis

MADEIRA WINE, in bottles and casks, for sale by a13 J ALBERT, 22 St Louis

PRIME BEEF, for sale by a10 R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

LARD—100 bbls and 1000 kegs prime leaf lard, for sale by a10 R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

OATS—1000 bushels in bulk, for sale by a10 R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

PORK—30 bbls soft mess and 30 bbls clime, for sale by R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

SALARATUS—20 casks in store and for sale by WM FROST & Co, 28 Old Levee

COFFEE—1000 bags green Rio coffee in store, and for sale by a9 WM FROST & Co, 28 Old Levee

LOWELLS—4 cases white Lowell lindseys, for sale by a9 WM FROST & Co, 28 Old Levee

FRENCH CALF SKINS, for sale by a9 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

HAVANA COFFEE, and Yellow Sugar, for sale by a9 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

HOLLAND GIN, for sale by a9 D MIESEGAES, 24 Old Levee

GERMAN BAGGING, for sale by a9 D MIESEGAES, 24 Old Levee

SAIL CLOTH, for sale by a9 D MIESEGAES, 24 Old Levee

DEMIJOHNS, of 5 galls for sale by a9 D MIESEGAES, 24 Old Levee

CIDER—50 bbls sweet and pure Newark cider, for sale by a9 FOSDICK & BRO. 74 Camp

BOOTS & SHOES—4 cases Ladies and Gentlemen's, for sale by FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp a8

EXCHANGE on Havana at short days sight, for sale by JOSEPH PRATS, 27 Toulouse

WHITE WINES, for sale by a8 D MIESEGAES, 24 Old Levee

MADEIRA WINE, for sale by a8 D MIESEGAES, 24 Old Levee

ANGOLA FLANNELS—15 bales for sale by a7 TUFTS, HOBART & Co, 29 Gravier st

BEEF—At the inspection, for sale by a6 L V HUBBARD & Co, 65 Tchoupitoulas

CORN—900 bags, a splendid article, for sale by a6 L V HUBBARD & Co. 95 Tchoupitoulas

PACKING YARN—25 reels for sale by a6 L V HUBBARD & Co. 95 Tchoupitoulas

SUGAR—24 cases white for sale by a6 J M LAPEYRE, 20 St Louis

SEGARS—Regalia, Ingenuidad and La Rionda for sale by a6 J M LAPEYRE, 20 St Louis

COFFEE—400 bags cheap Havana for sale by a5 J M LAPEYRE, 20 St Louis

SALT—60 sacks, half fine, below current rates, for sale by J M LAPEYRE, 20 St Louis

WANTED—A child's nurse. Apply at 109 Burgundy street

TOBACCO—100 bales Cuba wrappers and fillers for sale by J M LAPEYRE, 20 St Louis

ROPE—150 coil Mo. rope in store and for sale by a3 HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp

CORDAGE—40 coils Manilla cordage, for sale by a3 PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

OATS—112 sacks, landing ex Harry of the West, for sale by PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras a3

HOPS—6 bales first sort Boston hops, for sale by a3 PRICE & FROST, 20 Poydras

BUTTER—100 kegs new butter, just received and for sale by JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras a3

EXCHANGE on Paris for sale by a3 PIERRE POUTZ, 98 Customhouse st

DEMIJOHNS—[illegible] demijohns for sale by a1 MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 44 Old Levee

HAVANA SUGAR—[illegible] yellow sugar, in store and for sale by A [illegible]ON & Co, 31 Natchez

STEAM PACKETS

FOR ATTAKAPAS—The well known light draught and fast running steamer URICDA, T Johnston, master, will leave as above this evening, 28th instant, at 4 o'clock P. M., and having good accommodations will take freight and passengers for St Martinsville, New Iberia, Provosts' Landing, Franklin, Centerville, Berwick's Bay, Bayou Bœuf and all intermediate landings on the Teche and Atchafalaya. For further particulars apply on board or to a20 JOHN HALL, No 1 Front Levee

FOR ATTAKAPAS—The substantial fast running steamer LEVI WELCH, E W Fuller master, is now in port receiving freight at the foot of Bienville street, and will leave TO DAY, 21st instant, at TWELVE o'clock, M, taking freight and passengers for St Martinsville, New Iberia, Provost Landing, Franklin, Centerville, Patterson ville, Berwick's Bay, Bayou Bœuf and all intermediate landings on the Teche and Atchafalaya. For further particulars, apply on board, or to JOHN HALL, 1 Front Levee a20

SECOND MUNICIPALITY STEAM FERRY.
First Wharf above Common street.
Families wishing to pass the afternoon for change of air with their children on board the First and Second Municipality steam ferry boats, can do so by paying ten cents each, crossing as long as they please during the afternoon without any further charge.
a14—1m ROBERT MURPHY.

FOR SALE—The substantial steamboat OSCEOLA, with her engines, tackle and furniture, as she now lies on the opposite side of the river.
For terms, which will be liberal, apply to
a6 L V HUBBARD & Co, 95 Tchoupitoulas

Weekly Packet.
FOR VICKSBURG, WARRENTON, Grand Gulf, Rodney and Natchez—The new and fast running steamboat J. M. WHITE, Conversmaster, will ply as a regular packet to the above and intermediate ports, commencing her trips about the 20th of September next. She will leave New Orleans every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock, and arrive at Vicksburg early on Friday morning, and on her down trips, will leave Vicksburg every Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents, 24 Poydras

UNITED STATES MAIL—SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET LINE—Fall and Winter Arrangement—For the Coast, Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Waterloo, and Bayou Sarah.
The splendid steamers BRILLIANT and ALEX SCOTT, under the command of capt Jesse Hart and C Swan, will form a regular line of packets between New Orleans and the above named places, commencing their trips on the 1st September next, and continue throughout the season. These boats are not surpassed in accommodations, and the commanders are too well known to need any recommendations.
The Brilliant, capt Hart, will continue her regular trips as heretofore twice a week until the arrangement takes place. Apply on board, or to
m15 WM H AVERY, 86 Gravier

The office of the New Orleans INSURANCE COMPANY, has been removed from Royal street to No 68 Canal in Musson's Buildings. jj 15—1m

During our temporary absence from the city Messrs J W ARTHUR & Co, will attend to our business.
jj8 S BROADWELL & Co,

S. M. DARBY & TREMOULET,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 21 Old Levee,
New Orleans.

SMITH BRYAN,
IMPORTER OF BRITISH DRY GOODS,
AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 20 Customhouse Street,
New Orleans.

REFERENCES—Benjamin Story, Esq. } John Hagan, Sr, Esq. } New Orleans; Alexander Grant, Esq. }
Messrs. Grinnell, Minturn & co. } John Mullen & co. } New York.
Isaac Low & co, Liverpool, England.
James & Thomas Kennedy Belfast, Ireland.
James Thompson Bryan, Esq, Magherafelt, do
jj4

CHS. C. CIFREO,
MEDICAL DOCTOR,
No. 70 Exchange street,
Between Royal and Conde streets

William Davidson. John Parkinson.
WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
No. 81 Canal street. a1

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of Toole & Barriere is this day dissolved by its limitation. The liquidation of the firm will be made by either of us, and the signature of the firm signed in liquidation only.
WM. S. TOOLE
CHARLES A. BARRIERE.
New Orleans, June 1st, 1844.

NOTICE—The subscriber will continue the business of the late firm, at the old stand.
CHARLES A. BARRIERE,
j1 30 Chartres st

DURING our absence from the city, Mr JULES TARDOS holds our power of attorney.
TOOLE & BARRIERE,
j1 in Liquidation,

DURING my absence, Mr JULES TARDOS holds my power of attorney.
j1 CHARLES A. BARRIERE.

NOTICE—During my absence from the city, Mr. FRED. FURST has my power of Attorney.
Persons having business with the Russian Consulate will apply to him, at the counting room of the undersigned. E JOHNS, No 30 Gravier jy6

NOTICE—The business heretofore conducted in the name of DITTRICH & CO., will from this day be carried on under the firm of Dittrich & Shannon, at No. 30 Poydras street.
(Signed) R DITTRICH.
C C SHANNON.
New Orleans, June 1st, 1844 j1

RECEIVED by the undersigned, and for sale wholesale and retail,—received by ship Levant, from Havre:
Plain red furniture calicoes, satined chamois for do; new style berozines and colored bareges, black Silesia, 6-4; thread [illegible] black crape.
[illegible] ex Mississippi, from New York—36 cases light colored prints; jaconets, 3-4 and 1-4; English mourning [illegible] jaconet checks; low priced Madras hkfs. Paris [illegible] Irish linens, single and double width, bleached and unbleached cottons, Lowell cottons, Nos 1 and 2; mattrass ticking, Kepke cottonades; Hamilton do, white muslins plain and checked; black lasting; needles, hooks and eyes; patent black and blue thread, &c.
Expected from Havre and Liverpool, soon—10 cases jaconets, new style; 6 do woolen berzorines; 4 do cotton do; 1 do thread drills; 3 do Scotch ginghams; 4 do very fine linen checks; 6 bales bleached and unbleached brin.
m2 FORCADE & Co. 13 Canal.

THE undersigned offers for sale the following goods received by late arrivals:
[illegible] casks fine old champagne brandy; 10 cognac brandy; 150 casks red wine; 600 cases do; 100 do white Sauterne wine, 30 bris vinegar; 400 cases assorted cordials; 3 do [illegible] anisette; 40 boxes fruits in brandy; 20 do absynthe.
j8 EDOUARD LARRONDE.

BACON HAMS & SIDES—23 casks Cincinnati sides; 30 barrels sugar cured family hams, canvassed and uncanvassed, for sale by
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN,
j1 44 Poydras

HAVANA MOLASSES, Afloat—70 hhds, 30 tierces and 40 bbls Havana molasses, cargo schr Mary Washington, for sale by
jy1 GEORGE BEDFORD, 82 Common st

CATSUPS, OLIVES, PICKLES, &c—A large assortment Underhill's tomato, walnut and mushroom Catsups, olives, capers and mustard, Stoughton's bitters, Cayenne pepper, lemon syrup, &c., landing and in store, for sale by TUFTS, HOBART & Co, 29 Gravier jy1

SOAP—30 boxes Winchester's No 1 full brand soap; 200 do Steamboat brand landing ex ship Birmingham. In Store—1,000 boxes Jackson's, Goute's, Morton's and Pierce's extra and common qualities, for sale by
jy1 TUFTS, HOBART & Co, 29 Gravier

BRANDY AND WINE—One half pipe A Seignette, 4th proof, and 36 baskets Sillery Mousseux champagne, for sale by
a8 FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp st

PAINTS AND VARNISH—10 cases paints consisting of chrome green; do yellow; Prussian blue, and 1 box copal varnish, New Jersey manufactory, for sale by
a8 FOSDICK & BRO, 74 Camp

LARD OIL—5 bbls and 1 half bbl landing from steamer Hannibal, for sale by
CLYMER, THOMPSON & Co,
a1 48 Tchoupitoulas

RUSSET BROGANS—A full assortment of mens' and boys' oak and hemlock tanned russet brogans suitable for plantation use, for sale by
jy1 FROST & Co, 10 Magazine

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—41 cases landing from ship Rockingham, for sale by
a3 FROST & Co. 10 Magazine

PER ROCKINGHAM—Ladies' kid brogans; men's black Russet slippers; boys and youths' seal brogans, for sale by a3 FROST & Co, 10 Magazine

LEAD—1931 pigs lead landing from steamboat Champlain, for sale by
a MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 44 Old Levee

SHOT—150 kegs drop shot landing from steamboat Ale Scott, for sale by
jy19 MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 44 Old Levee

CASTOR OIL—40 bbls No 1 castor oil, for sale by
jy26 JARVIS & ANDREWS, 30 Common st

ONION SEED—3 bbls for sale by
jy27 J P WHITNEY & Co, 74 Camp st

BAGGING—100 pieces, and for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

BARLEY WHISKEY—20 kegs, for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

SUGAR—Prime quality, for sale by
jy25 A GORDON, WYLIE & Co, 81 Bienville

SUGARHOUSE MOLASSES, for sale by
jy23 A GORDON, WYLIE & Co, 81 Bienville

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA, at sight, for sale by
jy23 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

HIDES—100 flint hides for sale by
jy9 A. CAPDEVIELLE, 74 Old Levee

ROPE—200 coils Mo. rope, in store and for sale by
jy17 HULLIN & WOODRUFF 60 Camp

STARCH—30 barrels Havana starch, in store, for sale by
jy17 E TROISGROS, 26 Old Levee

COCOA—50 bags Guyaquil cocoa, in store, for sale by
jy16 E TROISGROS, 26 Old Levee

INDIGO—10 coroons Guatemala, in store, for sale by
jy17 E TROISGROS, 26 Old Levee.

PRINTS—10 cases prints, various style, for sale by
jy19 ISAAC BRIDGE, 76 Magazine

FLOUR—100 bris, for sale by
jy25 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

BRANDY—J J Dupuy Cognac, 4th proof, and Champagne Cognac, for sale by
c9 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SEGARS—An assortment of the best brands of Havana and Principe segars, for sale by
a9 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

CORDIALS—Absynth in cases and anisette and champaigne in bottles, for sale by
a8 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

BRANDY CHERRIES—20 cases brandy cherries, just received per schooner Hannah from Bordeaux, for sale by REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas p8

SEGARS—20,000 Havana segars, landing from brig Uneas, for sale by J M CABALLERO,
jy26 27 Old Levee

INDIGO—15 coroons Caraccas indigo; 6 cases Manilla indigo, for sale by
jy22 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

HAVANA SEGARS—20,000 Havana segars, of assorted qualities, landing ex brig Uneas, for sale by
jy26 E JOHNS, No 30 Gravier

FLOUR—300 bris fresh superfine for sale by
jy24 SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH,
77 Tchoupitoulas

VERMICELLI AND MACARONI—An invoice of 50 bxs just received and for sale by
T TOBY & BOGERT, 79 Camp

TEA—60, 15 lb boxes superior gunpowder tea, for sale low to close consignment, by
a16 R W MILBANK & Co, 36 Poydras

NEW ORLEANS BEE

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:
HENRY CLAY,
FOR VICE PRESIDENT
THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN

FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT
First District......JACQUES TOUTANT.
Second District......ZENON CAVELIER.
Third District......GEORGE S. GUION.
Fourth District......LAFAYETTE SAUNDERS
Fifth District......JACQUES DUPRE.
Sixth District......EDWARD SPARROW.

NEW-ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21, 1844.

☞ The Northern Mail is getting again into extremely bad habits, after irreproachable conduct for several weeks. It has failed three times within six days.

☞ "The whigs are awfully frightened," says the Mobile *Register*. Oh, certainly, dreadfully alarmed, particularly at the result of the elections for the year 1844. Let us see: Maryland began by a special election for members of Congress, at which the entire delegation chosen was WHIG. This was alarming to be sure. Next followed Connecticut (last year locofoco) which elected a whig Governor, whig Senate, whig House, and subsequently a whig U. S. Senator. This was still more frightful. Then followed the town elections in New York, by which the whigs gained more than one hundred towns, and shewed that they had completely revolutionised the State. This was excruciatingly terrific. Then came Virginia, in which a locofoco majority of 24 in the Legislature was converted into a whig majority of six or eight, with a majority of popular votes in our favor. This was very alarming. Afterwards came Louisiana, whittled down the locofoco popular majority of last year to nothing, and carried the Legislature. This was perfectly appalling. North Carolina succeeded, in which we elect a whig Governor and convert a locofoco majority in the Legislature of 26 into a whig majority of THIRTY-TWO. This was more fearful. Then followed Kentucky, which the poor whigs only carried by some 10,000 majority, against the most popular locofoco candidate in the State, and obtained an overwhelming preponderance in the Legislature. This was quite alarming too. Last came Indiana—totally locofoco last year—but completely regenerated now. This caps the climax of terror, and fills us with doleful forebodings.

While we are terrified at our victories surely the locofocos should rejoice. They have possibly escaped defeat in Missouri, and have certainly carried Alabama and Illinois. There is much food for congratulation in these results.

LOOK OUT.

The *Herald* re-publishes the official returns of the late Congressional Election, and by adding up all the votes cast in the first and second districts where there were no whig candidates and consequently only about 150 scattering votes, and omitting the returns from several whig parishes, makes a total of 7458 locofoco and 4688 whig votes. We will wager a trifle, that the locofoco papers at the north will get hold of this absurd statement and parade it as a proof of 2670 locofoco majority in Louisiana. So the whig papers may as well be on their guard.

Will the *Herald* tells us what it means by this statement, and whether it pretends that the calculation in the two last columns is to be considered as any kind of evidence of the real vote of the State? According to the tableau in question, in the ten parishes of Livingston, St. Tammany, St. Helena, Washington, East and West Feliciana, Point Coupée, Iberville and East and West Baton Rouge, the whigs have only 137 votes.—This is absurd and contradicts itself. Four of those parishes returned whigs to the Legislature.

THE WANDERING JEW.—We are indebted to the publishers, through J. B. Steel, No. 14 Camp street, for the first number of Winchester's edition of the Wandering Jew—a romance by Eugene Sue, the interest of which is said to be even more absorbing than the Mysteries of Paris.

FROM MEXICO.—By the schooner *Rosetta*, from Vera Cruz, we have received a file of papers from the city of Mexico, to the 3d August. We find little in them of importance. *El Siglo Diez y Nueve*, of the 1st, says that letters from Acapulco received by the last mail, announce the settlement of a colony of Americans, consisting of six hundred persons, who have fixed their residence on the banks of the river Sacramento with intent to usurp the lands of the Republic. The Commander in General has given notice of the facts to the Government, and asks for re-inforcements to keep the colonists in check. These, adds the journal, are perhaps the Americans of whom it was said some time since, that they had presented themselves in a hostile manner on the frontiers of Upper California.

The same paper of the 30th ult., gives a list of the various taxes imposed by the new law for the purpose of raising subsidies for the Texas campaign.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

☞ The Captain of the Mexican schooner *Rosetta*, which arrived here yesterday, from Vera Cruz, gave information at the First Municipality police office, immediately on his arrival, that he had on board his vessel a mulatto woman named Harriet, about 26 years of age, and her son, who he believed to be runaways, and he wished an officer to accompany him to the vessel and arrest them. An officer, was sent, who arrested them and they are now in the First Municipality prison. The Captain states, that when he was last here, the woman applied to him several times for a passage for herself and boy to Vera Cruz, representing that they were both free. He told her to bring her free papers, and then she could engage a passage, and unless she did so, not to come near his vessel. On the day he left, he says he hurried on board his vessel after leaving the Mexican Consul's office, and did not notice the woman and boy until the schooner was on her way down the river.—supposing they had free papers, as he had repeatedly told the woman not to come on board without them, he took no further notice at that time, especially as he was engaged with his duties. When he came to make out his manifest and list of passengers however, he found that two passports were wanting, and immediately suspected that the woman and boy had no free papers and were runaways. Subsequent enquiry convinced him that such was the case, and that a white man, a passenger on board, named Francis Mitchell, was the person who was running them off. On examining the woman, she stated that she belonged to a Mrs. Higgins, of Canal street, who had left her in the care of Mrs. Grift, in Bienville street, and that lady had hired her to the man Mitchell. The Captain says that when he arrived in Vera Cruz, he had great trouble in preventing the woman and boy from landing—that the people threatened to take them off his vessel by force, and if his owners had not been men of considerable influence there, they would have done so. He, however, succeeded in retaining the woman and boy and brought them back to the city. It is hardly necessary to say that Mitchell did not return.

Supposing that the facts are as stated by the Captain, we have no hesitation in saying that his conduct in retaining and bringing these runaways back to the city, is deserving of all praise.

☞ A Spaniard named Sylva was arrested yesterday on a charge of stabbing with intent to kill a man named Thomas Gaspard, who resides at the corner of Royal and Barrack streets. It appeared that Sylva went to Gaspard's house yesterday morning, and after some altercation, drew a knife and cut him dreadfully in the face. Sylva was brought before Recorder Genois yesterday, but Gaspard being unable to give evidence, the prisoner was remanded for further examination when Gaspard is able to attend.

CORONER'S INQUESTS.—Coroner Ramos held an inquest on the body of a negro boy who was found drowned in the New Basin. Verdict accordingly.

Alderman Benit, acting as Coroner, held an inquest on the body of a negro boy who blew his brains out with a pistol yesterday morning.

☞ St. Louis, f. m. c., was arrested yesterday on a charge of infringing the 40th section of the Black Code by insulting a white man and challenging him to fight a duel.—He will be examined before Recorder Genois to-day.

☞ The complaint made by Mr Viosca against some of the First Municipality watchmen, who entered his cabaret a few nights ago to arrest some negroes who were there at an improper hour, was yesterday dismissed by Recorder Genois, and the watchmen fully sustained in the performance of their duty.

☞ Gustave Houlet, a black driver was brought before Recorder Genois yesterday, under the following circumstances. On Friday last, a young lady, the daughter of Mr. Fernandez, took a drive in Houlet's coach, and after leaving it, missed a valuable diamond breastpin. Application was made to Houlet, who denied having seen it. Subsequently, according to the evidence of Kelly, one of the First Municipality Police, his acknowledged having found the pin, said it was only worth a few dollars, and refused to give it up. Yesterday as he still persisted in refusing to give it up, Recorder Genois ordered him to give bail for his appearance before the Criminal Court, which he did.

☞ Acting Recorder Caldwell was engaged for some time yesterday in the investigation as to the late fire in Banks' Arcade. Two witnesses were examined, but nothing of importance was elicited. The investigation will be resumed to-day.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

JACKSON, August 16th, 1844.

When the Convention assembled, Mr. Ratliff from the Committee on Elections made a few remarks explanatory of the report of the Committee. The assertion of S. W. Waters that he had been compelled to leave the polls through fear of violence, was sustained by the contesting parties and finally denied by the sitting members. Under such circumstances the Committee had considered it their duty to submit the question to the Convention, whether the sitting members should be allowed to furnish proof of the incorrectness of the facts alleged against them.

Mr. Downs presented a resolution that the contested election be referred back to the Committee with instructions to report, as to who are entitled *prima facie* to seats in the Convention.

Mr. Conrad made a long, able and to my mind, unanswerable argument in behalf of himself and his colleague. He felt some embarrassment in discussing a question of personal interest, but his constituents, a population of over 100,000 souls were equally interested in its decision. He had thought that an assembly convened for the sole object of amending the Constitution, in such a manner, as to secure more fully to the people of Louisiana, their rights and happiness, would have expelled the demon of party spirit from its bosom. He still trusted that in the decision of the question submitted to them, the members would act as sworn judges, not as partizans.

Mr. Conrad maintained that he and Mr. Benjamin having been acknowledged as members elected by the city, their seats could only be contested according to law. He showed that the law was positive and imperious—that it laid down certain formalities to be observed in contesting elections—that it made no distinction between a contested election for one assembly and that for another—that the Convention was not above and beyond the law—that its sole duty was to alter and amend the Constitution—that the contest itself was based upon a supposed violation of existing laws. The contesting parties were bound to prove that they had observed the formalities prescribed by law. The opinion of the Committee that there were no returns, and that the contesting parties had as much right to sit as the returned members was untenable, inasmuch as under such circumstance there would be more members in the Convention than was provided for by the Constitution.

Mr. Conrad proved by the terms of the resolution that he and Mr. Benjamin were considered as fully entitled to sit in virtue of the returns laid before the Committee. This was a deliberate decision, for the very first day of the session Mr. Lacere had claimed his seat, and Mr. Soulé, had claimed for Mr. Plauché the seat of his colleague. Mr. Lacere was present and he (Mr. Conrad) was absent. Nevertheless the seat was not given to Mr. Lacere. It had remained vacant until his arrival, when he had taken it without opposition. All that had hitherto been done, was strictly in conformity with the decision of all deliberative bodies. Could a second committee and a second examination for a provisional investigation of the facts, be necessary? Certainly not.

He contended that his seat must be regularly and legally contested, and cited in proof, the cases of Mr. Preston, Mr. Gregory Byrne, Mr. Brou and others in which all the formalities required by law had been rigorously exacted.

He did not object to the production of the list of votes, but contended that the Parish Judge had no right to affix marginal notes to the returns. His duty was simply to send in the statement of the votes. He transcended his functions by speaking of facts which were not within his personal knowledge, for the purpose of invalidating his statement declaring the majorities given to the various candidates. He objected entirely to the reception of such evidence by the Committee.

He cited the certificates of Waters and Vienne to prove that no violence had been exercised. He showed that Waters had deprived a large number of citizens of the right of suffrage, simply because his colleague had refused to admit fraudulent votes. He maintained that even supposing the Elliott votes not to be fraudulent Mr. Vienne might have refused them under the conscientious conviction that they were so; while Mr. Waters had no earthly right to refuse votes known to him and to every man, to be strictly legal—votes which were neither challenged nor contested.

He contended that as this evidence had been admitted the Committee were bound to hear both sides. In no civilized country, before no tribunal of justice, had the accused party ever been denied the right to establish the nullity and falsehood of the charge preferred against him.

The validity of the votes received in the second ward, Second Municipality, was not contested, but it was sought to put them aside, because Mr. Waters had withdrawn from the polls. Why did the law require two inspectors. For the purpose of securing justice and impartiality, but could an election be annulled by the voluntary and premeditated absence of one of the inspectors. Such a doctrine would place it in the power of a judge of election at any time to invalidate the vote of an election ward.

Mr. Brent went into an argument to prove that the report of the orignal Committee deciding that the returns presented *prima facie* evidence that Messrs. Conrad and Benjamin were entitled to their seats, had never been adopted, that they were declared sitting members simply to facilitate the organization of the Convention, &c.

Mr. Benjamin declared that the report had been adopted, but that there was an omission in the journal by which no mention of its adoption was made. He had perceived this error and was at the time anxious to correct it, but his friends had dissuaded him inasmuch as the fact was notorious that the report had been adopted.

Mr. Brent made a long and specious harangue, in which he assumed, that the decision of the Committee was merely temporary and not intended to affect the rights of either party—that the laws respecting contested elections could not apply to this case where both parties reclaim their seats with apparently equal rights—neither of them having certificates of election. He maintained that no farther investigation was called—that the point to be decided was one of law not of fact. It matterred not which of the judges was wrong. It was not denied that one of them left the polls about 12 o'clock. This fact invalidated the votes of that ward. He protested against the mutilation of the documents transmitted by the Parish Judge, and contended that that functionary had not gone beyond his legitimate duties.

Mr. Benjamin made a very able defence of the rights of himself and his colleague. When at the opening of the Convention his seat and that of Mr. Conrad were contested, the subject was referred to the Committee on Elections; with the proofs in support of the claims of the contesting parties. He protested against the irregularity of this procedure, against the validity of the documents furnished, and offerred proof of the correctness of his allegations. In spite of these protests, the two members of the Committee refused to hear the evidence offerred by the sitting members, and the subject was referred to the Convention. He contended that inasmuch as the marginal notes and observations of the Parish Judge had been received by the Committee as evidence, it was but fair and just to allow the returned members to prove that the facts alledged were destitute of truth.

It was pretended that these documents were unimportant, but yet particular pains were taken to circulate them about the Convention. The conduct of the majority belied their operations.

Mr. Benjamin went on to show that the distinction attempted to be established by Mr. Brent between the sitting members and returned members was absurd and untenable. How could a member sitting in the Convention, included every morning in the call of the roll, voting on all questions, taking part in the discussions and deliberations of the Convention, acting upon Committees, how could he be considered otherwise than as a returned member? How could he be compared to an individual who sat here without any apparent right. If the distinction did not exist, the comparison was a most unfortunate one.

The Judge's certificate is simply to make known the number of votes given in the different wards to each candidate. For him to say who is and who is not elected, is mere surplusage. By a simple arithmetical calculation this is ascertained. The returns show who is elected. The marginal notes are inadmissible. Doubtless the Judge can decide upon the validity of the returns furnished. He may admit or reject them. This is even his duty, for he is not a blind instrument, a mere counting machine. He cannot, however admit and reject them at the same time. He cannot send them here as legal and valid, at the same time appending observations tending to render them null and void. The votes the validity of which is contested, were counted by the Judge, the figure in the list he has transmitted. He considered them, therefore, legal. If he had given a certificate of election, he (Benjamin) would have necessarily received it, because he had received by the returns, a larger number of votes than that given to the party contesting his seat.

Mr. Benjamin continued his remarks at great length, refuting one by one the positions assumed by the majority of the Committee. He moved to refer back the subject to the Committee with instructions to admit the proofs offered.

Mr. Downs moved to amend so as to instruct the Committee to report who were, on the *prima facie* evidence, entitled to their seats.

Mr. Wadsworth moved, as a matter of justice, that proof offered by the returned members should be admitted. The resolution in this form was adopted.

After some further skirmishing between Messrs. Downs, Claiborne, Wadsworth and Roselius, the Convention adjourned, after a most laborious but interesting sitting.

A desperate attempt will be made to thrust out Messrs. Conrad and Benjamin, but some of the majority are ashamed to perpetrate so manifest an iniquity. The ultimate issue is, therefore, extremely doubtful. M.

Jackson, August 17, 1844.

Yesterday the debates in the Convention were of the most interesting and animated character, but the discussion was grave and solemn. To day there has been quite a spirit of fun pervading the Convention, in consequence of an extremely amusing passage of arms between Mr. C. M. Conrad and the Cerberus of the Treasury, Mr. Ratliff, occasioned by a motion to employ an additional translating clerk.

Mr. Downs submitted the report of the majority of the Committee on the Legislative department. It provides the first Monday in September for the general State elections, to be held biennially; gives the right of suffrage to every free white male above the age of 21, who has resided two years in the State and one year in the parish. Each parish shall have at least one representative, as follows:—St. Bernard, 1; New Orleans 12, viz.—5 for the 1st Municipality; 4 for the 2nd; 3 for the 3rd; Right Bank, 1; Jefferson, 2; St. Charles, 1; St John, 1; St. James, 2; Ascension, 1; Assumption 2; Lafourche, 3; Terrebonne, 1; Iberville, 1; West Baton Rouge, 1; East Baton Rouge, 2, West and East Feliciana, each, 2; St. Helena. St. Tammany, Livingston, Washington, Point Coupée, Concordia, Tensas Madison, Carroll, Franklin, St. Mary, each 1; St. Martin, 2; Vermillion and Lafayette, each, 1, St. Landry, 4; Calcasieu, 1; Avoyelles, 2; Rapides, 2; Natchitoches, 2; Sabine, Caddo, De Soto, Ouachita, Morehouse, Union, Caldwell, Catahoula, Claiborne, Bossier, each, 1.

That the State be divisioned into 8 senatorial districts; each to elect 4 senators at every election. Qualifications for a senator—Ten years a citizen of the United States, 27 years of age, a residence of 7 years in the State and one in the District.

If the session last more than 60 days, the members to receive no compensation after that term.

Mr. Winchester stated, that he would present on Monday the report of the minority on the same subject. All the reports were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Mayo, from a part of the committee, presented another report, giving the right of suffrage to all who had resided one year in the State, and six months in the district or parish where they offer to vote.

Mr. Roman presented the majority report of the committee on the subject of Executive power.

It provides for the election for four years of a Governor and Lieutenant-Governor; that if there be more than two candidates and neither should have a majority, the Legislature be empowered to elect a Governor from the two having the largest number of votes. He shall have been born in the United States, be 35 years of age, and possesses $5,000 of taxable property. The Lieutenant-Governor shall preside over the senate, and shall have a casting vote only.

The minority report differs from that of the majority only in some slight particulars.

Mr Garcia, from the Committee on Impeachment, reported that all impeachments be made by the House of Representatives; that the Senate, aided by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, should try the accused, and that a majority of two thirds be required to convict.

Mr. Voorhies, from the Committee, reported a preamble to the Constitution.

A long and amusing discussion occurred on the subject of an additional translating clerk. Mr Ratliff, to whom the matter had been referred, reported unfavorably, but the resolution to appoint one was adopted, and Mr Louvet was chosen.

On motion of Mr. Boudousquie, a committee of five was appointed to superintend the translation.

Little else of interest occurred. M.

On Sunday last, a skiff laden with eleven persons going to visit the British sloop of war, was capsized in coming across the bows of the ship's boat. The alarm was scarcely given on board, before three boats belonging to the *Rose* were manned, and succeeded in rescuing the drowning visitors.

We cheerfully publish the following correspondence which took place on the subject.—

To the Commander of Her Britannic Majesty's sloop of war Rose.

SIR,—The undersigned beg leave respectfully to request you to accept for yourself and the officers and crew under your command, our most sincere and profound gratitude for having preserved us from a watery grave, on the evening of the 18th instant.

To the promptitude, decision and discipline manifested by your command on that occasion we owe our lives, and we feel that we cannot do less than return our unfeigned thanks to those to whose agency we are so deeply indebted.

We may never again, Sir, have the happiness to see either yourself or any of yours, but be assured, Sir, that go where you will, you bear with you the blessings and the thanks of nine American citizens, as well as those of their families, who but for your generous intervention would have been left without protectors.

We are ever
Your grateful and obedient servants,
(Signed) James Grove, H. H. Cobbett,
D. L. Rae, G. D. Turnbull,
Chs. Finley, H. A. Applebee,
Wm. Tenbrink, Wm. Callender,
Jno. Dimond.

Her Britannic Majesty's ship Rose.
NEW ORLEANS, AUG. 19, 1844.

Gentlemen,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of this day's date, conveying your thanks to myself and the officers and crew under my command, for the assistance we were enabled to render you.

I feel much gratified that our exertions were successful, as the pleasure with which we shall all recur to our visit at New Orleans would have been painfully damped by the reflection that we had left behind any to whom the remembrance of the arrival of the first British man of war in your waters for thirty years, should have been a source of misery and sorrow.

It is with great regret that I am compelled to leave the port so soon, as the civility and kindness shown by all the citizens, with whom we have come in contact, would have rendered a protracted stay here most desirous to all on board.

I remain, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) RICHD. HENRY STURT, Commander.
To Messrs. G. D. Turnbull,
H. A. Applebee,
Wm. Callender, etc., etc.

☞ The Harrisburg (Pa) *Intelligencer* says:—"We are in the receipt of letters from every part of the State, all conveying to us the most gratifying assurances of the increasing popularity of Gen. Markle.—Depend upon it, brother whigs, if we do our duty he will be elected by a majority of thousands.

FAYETTE COUNTY, the Home of HENRY CLAY, is the banner county of Kentucky. In 1840 she gave Harrison 609 majority. At the late election, she gave OWSLEY 720 majority—being a gain of 111 votes over the last Presidential election. She promises a round 800 for Old Hal, himself.

THE WHIGS of North Mississippi, had a glorious Convention at Holly Springs, on the 8th. Six thousand freemen assembled in council. General Thomas Polk, of Marshall, presided, assisted by Vice Presidents from Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi. The meeting was ably addressed by Messrs. Guion, Davis, Yerger, Lucas and other gentlemen, and the proceedings were enthusiastic and animated.

The locofocos seem to be still confident that Mr Polk can be elected. We think that we can explain the ground of their confidence. Having established the principle in their Baltimore Convention that minorities shall govern majorities, they think that Mr Polk, as he will fall 200 000 votes behind Mr Clay in November, will be entitled to the Presidential chair of course.—*Prentice.*

LEAVING.—At the opening of the sittings of the Convention, there were some 150 to 200 strangers in Jackson, (not including the members of the convention), who had intended remaining there until the close of the deliberations of that body. We regret to say, however, that in consequence of the high price charged for board at the hotels in that place, most of them have been "taken with a leaving." There are not now more than 25 or 30 strangers, who remain to witness the progress of the convention. Had they charged a reasonable price for board, there would not, in all probability, have been less than from 150 to 200 visitors constantly in that place until the close of the convention.—*Feliciana Whig.*

☞ The associate editor of the Feliciana *Whig*, has had his full share of sublunary troubles of late. But he is no philosopher. Hear how he grumbles:—

A FULL WEEK.—During the past week we have had to fill alternately, every situation known to the art of Typography. From the *dignified* position of associate editor to the WHIG, we have had to assume the responsibility of Boss, Journeyman and Devil, and not only this, but have been compelled, solitary and alone, to perform their respective duties, and in addition to all and then hold his head while he threw it up, then physic the dose—work a little, read a little, write a little, get vexed and do nothing a *good deal*; dividing as near as possible our *valuable services*, equally between our masters. The fact is, we have been in a 'devil of a pucker' all week and no one to raise a row with. If we knew an old, ugly, ill-natured, cross-grained, one-eyed, quarrelsome, *unmarried lady*, we would go on *Sunday morning* next, and *propose* to her. If it struck her fancy, we would forthwith consent—matrimony; just then we might have always on hand, a *regular built* and scientific wrangler for a frolic or spree, in case we should have to drop that another such week during the heat of summer. We might then say in truth, "our sufferings is intolerable."

☞ The Arkansas *Gazette* puts a puzzling interrogatory in the following question:—

QUESTION TO BE LEARNED.—By what possible process, chymical or botanical, can a worthless *Polk stalk* be converted into a *young hickory*.

FIRE.—A fire broke out between one and two o'clock Sunday morning, in the building on Woodside's Lane, occupied by Mr Vermillion, as a store house, there being a sail loft in the upper part. The building and its contents consisting of five boats and materials for seven more, were destroyed. The two unoccupied frame houses on the north side of the lane were also consumed. A shop on the south side, occupied by Mr Vermillion was also destroyed, he only being able to save his tools, boats, and materials. We regret to learn that there was no insurance on the building. Mr J. B. Whitehead's store on the opposite side of the lane caught fire but it was extinguished with only a slight damage to the roof.—The engine companies of the Borough promptly repaired to the spot, and those of Portsmouth came down to the wharves but were unable to cross over. The engine of the United States ship Pennsylvania, and a detachment of sailors from that ship and also from the Vincennes, soon arrived at the spot, and were actively instrumental in subduing the flames.—*Norfolk Beacon, 12th instant.*

President Tyler and family, left Old Point for Washington city, on Saturday, in the United States Steam Cutter Legare, Captain Howard. The President embarked under a salute from Fortress Monroe.—*Ibid.*

OFFICIAL RETURN.
FOR CORONER OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.
CLEMENT RAMOS, vice JOHN DAVIS, Deceased
New Orleans, August, 20, 1844.

LATEST DATES.

Boston.........	Aug 10	London.........	July 19
New-York.........	Aug 11	Liverpool.........	July 19
Philadelphia.........	Aug 11	Paris.........	July 16
Washington.........	Aug 12	Havre.........	July 17
Baltimore.........	Aug 12	Mexico.........	Aug 3
Charleston.........	Aug 13	Tampico.........	June 8
Cincinnati.........	Aug 16	Vera Cruz.........	Aug 6
Louisville.........	Aug 16	Rio Janeiro.........	July 22
Havana.........	Aug 10	Galveston.........	Aug 7

MONEY-MARKET.

Consolidated.........	18 a 20	℔ cent dis
Citizens'.........	17 a 19	do
Improvement.........	61 a 65	do
Atchafalaya.........	[illegible]	do
Exchange.........	[illegible]	do
Orleans.........	[illegible]	do
United States Treasury Notes—		
$1,000 bills,	}	par @ ½ et prem.
$500 bills,	}	
$50 and $100 bills,	}	
Kentucky,	par @ ½	℔ cent. dis
Tennessee,	1½ @ 2	do
First Municipality Notes,	par	
Second Municipality do.	par	
Third Municipality do.	[illegible]	do
Alabama,	[illegible]	do
Ohio,	7 a 9½	do
Illinois,	[illegible]	do
Indiana,	1½ @ 2	do
Texas Treasury Notes,	[illegible] cents on dollar.	
Do Bonds	11 @ 13	do

Commercial.

NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY NIGHT,
AUGUST 20, 1844.

We can dispense with any superfluous remarks by simply observing, that the business of the past few days has been of so limited a character, that we have confined our report to the leading articles of this market only. In these, likewise the transactions are so trivial as scarcely to merit attention; and we have rarely witnessed such complete dulness in the general market as now prevails.

The weather continues warm with an occasional fall of rain. We have heard of a few straggling cases of fever, but the health of the city generally is good.

COTTON.—Arrived since the 16th inst. of Louisiana and Mississippi, 643 bales (including 366 of the *new crop*); Tennessee and North Alabama, 30—Mobile 35—Arkansas, 80; together, 1,188 bales; making the total receipts since the 1st September, 9 9 s0 bales, against 1,084,067 at the same period last year. Cleared, in the same time, for Liverpool, 2,740 bales; Gottenburg, 145—Boston, 303; together, 3,188 bales, making a reduction in stock of 1,000 bales, and leaving on hand, inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 16,679 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

1843, Sept. 1, stock on hand.........		4,964
Received last three days.........	11,63	
" previously.........	909,446	
		909 606
		914,792
Exported last three days.........	3,146	
" previously.........	887,262	
		790 600
		24 392
Deduct this amount burnt at the Orleans Press,		7,813
Stock this evening, August 20, ...		16 579

The Cotton market has continued in a very inactive condition since Friday's report, sales having only been effected to the extent of about 400 bales. Prices have given way ½@¾c, and are still tending in favor of buyers.

The arrivals of new Cotton since our last amount to 366 bales, making the total receipts thus far, 1,121 bales, against 6 at the same date last year. A sale of 43 bales was made to day at 7¼c, which establishes a quotation of 7½ cts for fair to fully fair, in order, and at figures at fully equal to our notice.

We notice the business of the past few days as follows: 112 bales Louisiana and Mississippi, at 7½c—90 do at 5c—46 do at 4½c—50 do at 6½c., and 45 new at 7¼c ℔ ℔.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.		TENNESSEE AND N. ALA.		
Inferior.........	3½ @ 4	Trash and Inferior,		
Low to Good Ord......	4½ @ 5	Ordinary.........		
Middling.........	5¾ @ 6	Middling.........		Average
Good Middling.........	6½ @ 6¾	Good Middling.........		Listless
Middling Fair.........	7 @ 7½	Middling Fair.........		5c.
Fair.........	7¾ @ 8	Fair.........		
Good Fair.........	[illegible]	Good Fair.........		
Good and fine.........	[illegible]	Good and fine.........		

TOBACCO.—Since our last report scarcely any business has been transacted in Tobacco, and the sales only amount to about 100 hhds. The stock on sale consists almost exclusively of Missouri Tobacco, for which there is no inquiry. We quote Inferior, 1½@2¼c; Common, 2½@3c., Fair, 3¼@4c., Fine, 4½@5c; Choice and Segar Leaf, 5½@6¾c ℔ ℔.

Arrived since the 16th instant, 487 hhds, cleared in the same time for Gottenburg, 130 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

1843, Sept. 1, stock on hand.........	hhds.	5,646
Received last three days.........	487	
" previously.........	73,503	
		79,476
		84,422
Exported last three days.........	130	
" previously.........	78,786	
		78 916
Stock this evening, August 20, ...		5,505

SUGAR.—The market remains quiet and unchanged in prices. We quote, Inferior and Ordinary, 4½@4¾c; Common, 5@5¾c; Fair, 5¾@6c; Prime, 6¼@6½c; Choice and fancy lots, 6¾c ℔ ℔.

HAVANA SUGARS.—There is nothing doing; Brown, 5½@6¾c; Yellow, 6¾@7c.; White, 8a10c ℔ ℔.

FLOUR.—The demand is confined to consumers; Ohio 3.87½ at $4 00 ℔ brl.

WESTERN PRODUCE.—We have no change to notice in the various articles comprised under this notice.

EXCHANGE.—No change has taken place in the Bill market since our last, and the transactions are extremely limited. We quote Sterling, 8@9½ ℔ cent prem.—France, 5 f 30@5 30.—New York, at 60 ds, [illegible] ℔ cent. discount.—Checks, [illegible] ℔ cent. prem.

EXCHANGE OUT DOORS

Sterling.........	8@9½ ℔ ct. prem.
France,.........	5 30@5 30
New-York, 60 days sight,.........	[illegible] ℔ ct. dis.
do. 30 do sight checks,.........	[illegible] ℔ ct.
do. 10 days sight,.........	[illegible] ℔ ct.
do. sight checks,.........	[illegible] ℔ ct. prem.
Philadelphia, 60 ds.........	[illegible] ℔ ct. dis.
do. sight,.........	[illegible] ℔ ct. prem.
Boston, at 60 days,.........	[illegible] ℔ ct. dis.

FREIGHTS.—There is but little doing, and we refer to the subjoined figures:—

FREIGHTS.

Cotton ℔ ℔. to Liverpool,.........	[illegible]d.
do Havre,.........	[illegible]c.
do New York.........	$1 25@$1 50 ℔ bale.
do Boston,.........	$1 50 do
Tobacco ℔ hhd. to Cowes, &c.........	35s. @ 37s. 6d.
do London, direct,.........	35s. @ 37s. 6d.
do New-York,.........	$5 00
do Boston,.........	$5 00@$5 50
do Philadelphia,.........	$5 75@$6 00
Sugar and Molasses from coast, ℔ hhd,	$0 00 @ $0 00
From the city,.........	$1 00@$1 50
Flour to the north,.........	50c
Pork ℔ brl. to the north,.........	55c
Lard ℔ ton to the north,.........	[illegible]

☞ Messrs J Jones, W H Kitchen & Powell, & Wilson, consignees per barque IRAD FERRY, from Philadelphia, are requested to make known their residences to the discharging clerk, on the Levee, or their goods will be stored at their expense and risk.
a19 T TOBY & BOGERT, 79 Camp st

☞ The barque IRAD FERRY, Captain S. Chase, is now discharging opposite Post No. 12, Second Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee.
a19 T TOBY & BOGERT, 79 Camp

☞ The ship SARATOGA, from New York, captain Pierce, is now discharging below the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods. AARON COHEN, Agent,
a21 80 Common

☞ The packet ship ST MARY, Foster master, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee.
a21 J W STANTON & Co,
cor Magazine and Lafayette

☞ The packet ship LOUISVILLE, M Hunt master, from New York, is now discharging opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee.
a21 HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp

☞ The following consignees per packet ship St. Mary, Foster master, from New York, viz: Johnson, W Freeman; Raymond & Cabanne; Geo A Lewis; Wm Nolery; B C Adams; Ferdinand C Pierce; J & N Haber; R Pettipain; D Clark; A Purvenaud; F Chase; Mr Normandie; Buckley & Platts; O O Woodward, will please make their place of residence known to the discharging clerk on the Levee, or their goods will be stored at their expense and risk.
J W STANTON & Co,
a21 corner Magazine and Lafayette

LOT WANTED—In the upper part of the Second Municipality a lot with or without improvements, well located for a private residence. Improved property will be preferred. Apply at No 62 Tchoupitoulas st a21

MACKEREL—130 bbls and halves new, No 1 and 2 mackerel, landing ex ship [illegible] from Boston, and for sale by NORCROSS & FOSDICK.
a21 40 Gravier

DOMESTIC LIQUORS—30 bris 1st proof brandy; 20 do 4th proof do, plain bris, 20 do 1st proof, 20 do 4th proof; 20 do 4th proof neutral spirits for sale by
a21 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

EAGLE COTTON GINS—The undersigned Agents for the sale of Wier's superior cotton gins, are receiving a farther supply which are offered at the lowest price.
a21 TUFTS, HOBART & Co, 29 Gravier

PICKLED TONGUES—5 bris and 10 kitts pickled tongues landing ex ship St. Mary, from New York and for sale by HULLIN & WOODRUFF,
a21 60 Camp

FALL AND WINTER GOODS—Received by the latest arrivals from the North and for sale by the undersigned at very low prices for cash—Lowells No 1 and 2; stout Carolina brown domestics 3-4, 4-4, 6-4 and 5-4 brown cottons; 33 and 36 inches fine do in several different qualities; plaid linseys, plain do, white, green and gray 3 point blankets, 8, 9, 10 and 12 points; Scarlet do, gauze flannel; white, red, green and yellow do; green baize, plain cloth and flushing; black, blue and dark gray sattinets, Kentucky jeans, 19 inch and 6-4 French new style cassimeres; black satin do. A complete assortment of colored prints; blue and colored Merrimack [illegible] imitation do do, plaid cottonades for pantaloons, Log Cabin cottonades different patterns. [illegible] linen do do, bed tickings different qualities and widths, black and blue 6-4 cloth, 7-4, 4-4, 6-4 and [illegible] bleached merinos, red and blue Indian cloth, 9-4 mosquito netting; black and green bareges, Hemstitched and plain linen cambric handkerchiefs. A fine assortment of silk ribbons, jaconet embroidered and figured Swiss muslins, white checked muslins, Bishop lawns; book muslins, colored cotton cambrics; black do do; white do do, brown cotton drills, black and dark gray cassimeres, 6-4 worsted plaids for pantaloons and lining; colored 6-4 merinos, do 3-4, 4-4 and 6-4 Alpakas; black bombazette, black bombazine, black and colored Muslin de Laine; printed bareges, scotch cashmeres; black worsted serge, black silk do, black Gros de Naples; 4-4 inches black Italian silks for dresses, mourning prints, half mourning do, black repe; blue cotton drills, plain do do; brown Russia sheetings; plain and damasked brown and bleached linen napkins, brown, bleached and damasked linen table cloths; Chambraya, small cotton checks, large plaids do do; black cotton velvet, blue [illegible] handkerchiefs, mock Madras do; French Madras do. Silk sarsa pocket handkerchiefs, a fine article, twilled do do all silk; printed cotton hdkfs of all qualities; Cashmere shawls; satin do; Casbyte do; blanket do, knit do, and all kinds of worsted and cotton shawls; Russia diaper, Irish linen in whole and half pieces; long lawns; French 6-4 linen sheetings; 3-4 and 4-4 Osnaburgs, white vestings, Gentlemen's brown and Chinese linen thread gloves; black and white silk do, black reel filet do, blue and black sewing silks; colored do do; Italian silk cravats; satin scarfs; black velvet ribbons, pearl buttons, bone do for pantaloons and coats, black and white craps; solid head-ed pins assorted number, fine and common gum-elastic suspenders, Victoria and Hemmings needles, blue, black black and brown Marshall's patent flax thread. A splendid assortment of cotton hosiery. Also a great variety of cotton and linen half hose, extra size white cotton hose; a beautiful article, black and white Merino hose, double patent Merino underskirts, brown and bleached cotton do. Gentlemen's worsted pants, cotton purses, worsted mittens, wormed socks, black and gray Merino gloves, white and narrow linen thread laces, black and white do, black and white plain and figured bobbinet embroidered [illegible] bands, stuff worsted gloves, Chinese boots, Buffalo combs, fine ivory do, metal do; earrings, [illegible] tape, [illegible] and shoe strings; linen and worsted tapes, cotton do, embroidered handkerchiefs, do do [illegible], black silk hose; raw silk do, English [illegible] hose of all prices, white and brown [illegible] playing cards; plated hooks and eyes; [illegible] Alexander's sewing and pool cotton.
a21 DUFOUR, DURAND & Co [illegible]

NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier street, have in store for sale—
Boston Refined Sugar—400 pkgs loaf, crushed and powdered;
Teas—840 pkgs gunpowder, imperial, and pouchong in chests, 14 and 6 lb boxes and canisters, also 20 half chests very superior fresh green and black tea,
Coffee—50 bags Old Government Java.
Chocolate—200 boxes Boston No 1,
Saleratus—50 casks Boston, first quality.
Holland Gin—15 pure pine apple brand, for sale low to close an account;
Mackerel—100 bbls new, large south No 3
Nails—500 casks assorted Boston.
Gunny Bags—1,000 three and a half bushel bags;
Sperm Candles—100 boxes New Bedford and Nantucket brands;
Soap—400 boxes Winchester's Extra and No 1 Eagle and other brands.
Alum—50 kegs refined. a21

BUDBECKE, WOODS & Co, 67 Tchoupitoulas street, offer for sale—
140 bris mess pork, 150 do soft mess do, 800 do prime do, 30 do P O do; 10 do M O beef; 40 do prime do, 5 do B or thin do; 15 do damaged do; 100 pieces bagging, superior article, 114 coils rope, do do; 20 bris castor oil, 25 boxes best Cincinnati soap, 10 do white rock candy, 1 case 100 gross assorted pencils. a21

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—200 cases in store, comprising a complete assortment of fresh and seasonable goods, for sale by
a21 R G HOBBS, 12 Customhouse st

BUTTER—Superior Goshen, in kegs and jars, landing from ship St. Mary, for sale by
J W STANTON & Co.
a21 Corner Magazine and Lafayette.

BOSTON SUGAR REFINERY. Agents—Norcross & Fosdick, No 40 Gravier street, have a constant supply of loaf, crushed and powdered sugar in barrels and boxes. a21

WHALE OIL—400 bris refined whale oil landing from ship Lizzie, for sale by
a21 WM FROST & Co 28 Old Levee

SPERM CANDLES—340 boxes sperm candles, landing from ship Lizzie, for sale by
a21 WM FROST & Co 28 Old Levee

LOWELLS—90 bale 7-8 Lowell Osnaburgs, landing from ship Lizzie, for sale by
a21 WM FROST & Co 28 Old Levee

FLOUR—70 bbls common fl or for sale by
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN
a21 44 Poydras

PEPPER—200 bags black Sumatra pepper landing from ship Lizzie from Boston, and for sale by
a21 NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier

NAILS—300 casks Boston assorted, landing ex ship Aaside, and in store, for sale by
a21 NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier

COTTON CARDS—4 cases containing 36 dozen, No 10 cards, landing ex ship Aaside from Boston, for sale by
a21 NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier

EXCHANGE ON FRANCE, payable at Paris, Bordeaux, and other cities. Apply to
a21 E BRUGIER, 9 St Louis

PEPPER—[illegible] bags Sumatra pepper landing ex ship Lizzie and for sale by
TUFTS, HOBART & Co 29 Gravier

OIL—25 bris bleached winter whale oil landing ex ship [illegible] for sale by
a21 TUFTS, HOBART & Co [illegible]

TEN DOLLARS REWARD—Will be paid for the apprehension of the negro WILLIAM, about 26 or 27 years, about 5 feet 7 inches high, dark complexion, round shoulders, looks wild when spoken to, has two [illegible] on the calf of the legs caused by [illegible]. He left Mr A. Beggio's plantation below the city, about the 7th July last.
a20—2t CHARLES TEN. ANC, 22 Old Levee

NOTICE—Information [illegible] Decker, [illegible] who may be [illegible]
New Orleans, 19th August 1844
a17 JEAN DUBOY

Succession of Marie Therese Dauphin, f. w. c. deceased.
THE creditors of said succession are invited to present their claims duly authenticated, to the undersigned, testamentary executor, or to Henry Dugué, attorney at law, at No 167 Royal street, and those who are indebted to the said succession are requested to make immediate payment.
Parish of Jefferson, May 18, 1844.
a17—4t F DUGUE, Jr

ATTENTION.
THE Collector of Taxes imposed according to law by the Police Jury of the Parish of Jefferson, hereby notifies all persons, whether residents or non residents, who have such taxes to pay, that said taxes will become due on Monday the twenty-first of October next, and that his office is kept at the Parish court House, city of Lafayette, and is open from 9 o'clock A M to 4 P M every day.
V LIVAUDAIS, Collector
Parish of Jefferson, August 15th, 1844. a17—3w, 2aw

Succession of Adrienne Macarty, f. w. c. deceased widow of Aser Raymond Zeringue, f. m. c.
THE creditors of said succession are invited to present their claims to the undersigned testamentary executor, residing in faubourg Bouligny, or to his attorney, H Dugué, Esq. in New Orleans, Royal street, No 167, within the delays of the law. Persons indebted to the succession are also invited to settle.
MICHEL RAYMOND
Parish of Jefferson, 14th August 1844 a17 4t

WAS brought before the undersigned, Syndic of the Second Section of the Parish of St Bernard, a Creole bay HORSE, with a sadle and a piece of rope round his neck branded S B S on the left leg, all four feet white, a white star on his forehead, and a small swelling below his left eye. If said horse be not claimed between now and the 31st August, he will be sold on that day at auction, at 10 o'clock A M, by the undersigned.
Parish of St Bernard, Augt 16th 1844
a17 31 to 16 MANUEL SERPAS, Syndic.

D. G. WILSON, J. CHILDS & CO.,
Manufacturers of Wheelwrights' Work,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
THE undersigned, agents for the above establishment, have now on hand, and keep a regular assortment of
Wagons, with or without bodies, for horses;
Wagons, do do do oxen;
Jersey wagons on springs, with covers,
Ox cart wheels, different sizes,
Carts for one or two horses,
Drays of different sizes and dimentions;
Wheelbarrows, wood barrows, and canal barrows for sale on accommodating terms, by
a17 WM EMERSON & Co, 138 Tchoupitoulas st

DRY GOODS
SELLING OFF AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in consequence of the advance of the season, and having a large stock of goods on hand, offers them at Wholesale or Retail at unusually Low Prices—many at less than cost. Among his stock will be found the following desirable goods adapted to the present season, viz—
Jaconets and cambric Muslins, new patterns yard wide at 16½ cents.
Superfine do, and Lawns, (formerly sold at 50 cents, at 25 cents.
Splendid Organdies and Balzorines, new styles, 20 to 30 cents
Morning Balzorines and Muslins, very low
Worsted Balzorines and Bareges, 25 cents
Very fine do (formerly sold 74 to 87 cents, 40 to 45 cents
200 doz. cotton Hose and half Hose, superior quality, from 6 to 12½ cents per pair
50 pieces fine Calicoes, 8 cents
150 " superfine do from 10 to 12½ cents
A large assortment of Cottonades at very low prices.
Linen cambric Handkerchiefs from 12½ cents to 50 cents each.
Linen goods of all kinds, shirtings, sheetings and Pantaloon stuffs.
Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings, from 6 to 16 cents.
Osnaburgs and Lowells at all prices
Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Scarfs, Shawls, Suspenders, &c., &c., together with a large assortment of Dry Goods, suitable for family and plantation use—all for sale cheap, by
C. M. SIMPSON, 60 Chartres street,
Between Customhouse and Bienville streets.
N. B. Just opened in addition to the above—2000 yards of yard wide Jaconets, Cambrics, Organdis and Lace Muslins, warranted fast colors, at 18¾ cts—Also, 5 cases superior genuine Irish Linens, from $6 to $10 50, per piece.
july 17—1m

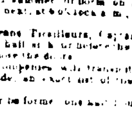
BOOKS FOR THE PEOPLE, published and for sale Wholesale and Retail, at the New Orleans Literary Emporium, No 14 Camp street.
STANDARD AND USEFUL WORKS.
Mayer's Mexico, 160 Illustrations;
Froissart's Chronicles, 120 Engravings;
Alison's History of Europe, by E S Gould,
The Irish Sketch Book, illustrated;
El Dorado;
Wanderings of a Journeyman Tailor
St Patrick's Purgatory;
The Bible in Spain, 8th edition;
The Gipsies in Spain, 7th edition;
Gliddon's Ancient Egypt, 8th edition;
Life of Wellington, 44 Engravings;
Mesmerism, by Dr Verry, 18 Engravings
Arnold's Lectures on History;
Liebig's Animal Chemistry
do Familiar Letters on Chemistry,
M Arago's Work on Comets, many engravings;
Voyage to the North Pole;
Memoirs of Queens of France.
Bishop Hughes' Lectures.
Singing for the Million, by Wilhelm.
Musical Album, by E Ives Jr.
☞ Booksellers, Literary Depots and City and Country Dealers can be supplied with all the latest and best works by the most eminent American and Foreign authors, issued in a cheap form, on the most favorable terms by
a20 J B STEEL, 14 Camp

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!
CHALSWORTH; or, The Romance of a Week, edited by the author of Tremain, De Vere, &c. Price 12½ cts.
YOUNG KATE; or, The Rescue; a tale of the great Kanawha, complete in two vols. Price 25 cts
ALSO, No. 11 of McCulloch's Universal Magazine.
Just received and for sale by WM McKEAN,
a14 corner of Common and Camp

SALES AT AUCTION

BY ABAT & DOMINGON
Fine Family at Auction
WILL be sold on Saturday, 24th August 1844 at 12 o'clock, at the City Exchange, St Louis street—
The negro women MARIE, aged about [illegible] years, an excellent cook and somewhat of a pastry cook a very good washerwoman and ironer, a good subject, very faithful, with her three children. Eugenia a mulatto girl about [illegible] years of age, Marie Lora 4 years old, and Josephine [illegible]. These slaves are not sold on account of any fault [illegible].
Terms:—[illegible] cash, and the other at 6 and 12 months with privilege of mortgage and privilege of refusing the [illegible] assigned, and likewise the privilege [illegible] 8 per cent per annum.
Act of sale before [illegible], notary public. a21

BY E M'CROZAT.
A ABAT, (Auctioneer.)
WILL be sold on Saturday, August 24th, 1844 at 12 o'clock, at the Rotunda of the City Exchange, in Louis street, between Chartres and Royal:
A lot of ground in new faubourg Marigny, measuring 62 feet fronting Bagatelle street, by 110 feet in depth forming the corner of Bagatelle and [illegible] streets.
There is on said lot a house having two rooms measuring 16 feet square, a front gallery [illegible] wide [illegible] long, and another in the rear 36 feet long by 8 wide, with a closet, kitchen, well and garden
Citizen's Bank notes, likewise at par. a19 21 23 24



HEAD QUARTERS—LOUISIANA LEGION,
NEW ORLEANS, July 27, 1844.
BRIGADE ORDER No. 6.
IN conformity to law the Louisiana Legion will parade and assemble in full summer uniform on the Public square, the 25th August next, at 6 o'clock a m, for Inspection Review
The company of Orleans Tirailleurs, Captain Burthe, will repair to the square half an hour before the review, to guard the grating and close the doors
The commanders of companies will transmit to the Inspector Major of Brigade, an exact list of the members present at said review.
The line will hereafter be formed one half hour after the hour indicated
The various commanders are charged with the strict execution of the present order.
By order of the Brigadier General commanding the Louisiana Legion.
1y 28 N VIONIE, Aide de Camp

ALEXANDER MOUTON,
Governor of the State of Louisiana,
To the Judge of the Parishes of St. Martin, Vermillion, St. Mary and Lafayette.
WHEREAS, by the resignation of ISAAC E. MORSE, Senator of the County of Attakapas, his seat has become vacant, I therefore issue this writ directing that an election be held in the aforesaid parishes at the usual places of holding elections, on Monday, the ninth day of September next and the two following days, to supply the vacancy occasioned as aforesaid, and that said election be conducted according to law.
Given under my hand and the seal of the State, at New Orleans, this third day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty four, and of the Independence of the United states of America the sixty ninth.
A. MOUTON
By the Governor,
ROBERT CARTER NICHOLAS,
a16 Secretary of State

FLOATING BATHS,
SECOND MUNICIPALITY FERRY.
THE residents of the Second Municipality are informed that this extensive Bathing Establishment is located on the other side of the river, within a few yards of the landing of the Second Municipality Steam Ferry. The Steam Ferry-boat "Ocean," commencing her trips this day (Sunday, 11th August, from the foot of Gravier street, will give an opportunity to those residing in the upper part of the city of availing themselves of this amusement so conducive to health. The Bathing Room is 120 feet long by 40 feet in breadth, with a depth of water from 3 to 12 feet. It is scarcely necessary to observe, that the site chosen for the above baths secures the great advantage of a rapid current of water, undefiled by any contact with the impurities of the city and of the shipping.
The Boat will make a trip every 15 minutes during the day, and every ten minutes during bathing hours.
Ferry......... 6 cts each
Baths......... [illegible]
a16—1m

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEW CARROLLTON,
In Liquidation, 14th August, 1844.
THE undersigned have the pleasure to announce that the Circulation and Deposites of this institution will be paid in specie.
JAMES SAUL,
EDWD CHAPMAN, } Commissioners
a14—6t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
THE Commercial firm formerly existing under the style and firm of BOUTIN, GALLY & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and will only continue for the liquidation of its affairs which will be conducted by both of the undersigned partners.
A. BOUTIN,
H. GALLY.
New Orleans, August 12th 1844.

A first rate second hand buggy, having only run but a short time, and is sold as the owner is about leaving the city.
Apply at 86 Poydras street

TO COTTON PRESSES, &c.
THE undersigned agents for the well known Wheelwright Manufactory of Messrs D G Wilson, J Charles & Co. Philadelphia, are prepared to order so as to arrive here early in the fall Cotton drays with wide wheels, iron axeltrees, plated with iron on the wheels, &c. which they will guarantee to be made of the very best materials. Persons wishing any ordered please apply to
1y 44 WM EMERSON & Co, 138 Tchoupitoulas

SEMINARY FOR THE TWO SEXES,
IN RAMPART STREET,
Between St. Anne and Maine streets.
MR. GARREAU'S INSTITUTION, which has been in existence only since the 15th July, already possesses more than thirty pupils. Nothing has been neglected to ensure rapid progress in education on the most sound and varied plan. The classes are directed by the following professors:
Mr Garreau, Director of the Superior Classes in French, History, Geography, &c.
Mr Sieurmau, Ex-professor of the Normal School of Paris, superintends mathematics and drawing.
Mr DeVane, has for the intermediate French classes.
Mr [illegible] for the Elementary classes
An English professor of established merit gives lessons [illegible] English language
The young ladies placed under the immediate superintendence of Mme Garreau, are separated entirely from the other sex. Every branch of instruction necessary for a young lady is imparted to them with the utmost care and zeal.
Instruction in Music is attended to by a teacher well known in New Orleans for many years. jd

NOTICE—Persons having garments of cloth, silk or merinos stained or mouldey, can have them restored to their original brilliancy, by sending them to Messrs. MONDELET & Co No 130 Chartres street.
Mr. Mondelet, late from Paris, feels confident of being able to satisfy the public of New Orleans, and hopes they will give him an opportunity of testing workmanship in the branch of Dying and Scouring a20

Office of the Assessors of State Taxes for the Parish of Orleans.
THE Citizens and Property holders of Municipality No 2, are informed, that the Assessment Rolls of the Property and Slaves in said Municipality, are deposited at the Office of the Assessors, Exchange Passage, between Conti and Bienville streets, and that in conformity to law, it will remain open until the 15th August next
☞ The Courier will please copy. jy16—1m

AT THE PINE GREEN OAKS OF BILOXI.
NOTICE TO PERSONS DESIROUS OF PASSING THE SUMMER IN THE COUNTRY
The country house of Mad. PRADAT has been opened to the public since the first of June last.
The splendid establishment which is maintained at great cost and with extreme care, offers every source of amusement which is vainly sought for elsewhere. Cool apartments, charming gardens, a variety of games, abundant fishing, delicious promenades, a choice table and faithful and attentive servants.
A bar, copiously supplied with the choicest wines and liquors, has been established on the grounds and an excellent billiard room has been added to the various pastimes which are proffered to guests.
For the convenience of travellers, Madame Pradat has had built opposite her residence a wharf at which all the steamboats to land passengers at all hours
Madame Pradat flatters herself that her constant efforts to please the public will ensure her a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to her
☞ Terms will be moderate. [illegible]

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD
RANAWAY in the month of April, 1844 from the undersigned, the griffe ROBERT, speaking English and French, about 6 inches in height, an agreeable countenance, fine teeth, having a wen on one hand and shot marks on his thighs. He is 26 years of age. It is thought he has left New Orleans in the second Municipality where he has already been apprehended under the name of Henry, and is well known to the persons employed in the Jail of said municipality where he has been confined 18 months. The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge him in one of the Jails, of the State, or giving information to the undersigned, [illegible] St. Vincent Alcard, New Orleans.
1y9—3t ISOARD, Parish Assumption.

NOTICE—The Public are cautioned not to negotiate for a Note made by me in favor of Edw. S. Clabbe or order, dated the 31 March, 1844, for Four Hundred Dollars, payable in monthly instalments of fifty dollars. There is a credit of one hundred dollars on the said note. The note was given for the purchase of a certain negro man named Frank, about 28 years of age, the said negro was afterwards run off by the former owner. I am determined not to pay the balance of the above mentioned note.
O W PATTISON
New Orleans, 7th August, 1844. a10—3

RIBBONS!! RIBBONS!!!
THE undersigned are now receiving, per ship Oswego a large assortment of plain satin and taffetas ribbons, of the following colors: blue, white, rose, cherry, and crimson, Nos. 1½, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9 and 12, and the same numbers black colors for coffin numbers.
ALSO:
Barege shawls 12-4, scarfs, white and black filet 8-4, 10-4 and 12-4 for shawls; white and black silk bobinet speckled for veils and pelerines; white and black thread lace of all widths; silk do; cotton do; etamine for mourning, black silk black cotton velvet; ladies silk and kid gloves, gentlemen's and children's thread do, plain and embroidered Swiss muslin 3-4 to 12-4 wide, muslin for mosquito netting and fur bars; linen cambric hdkfs, fresh (new) English and Irish man stockings; do socks, pairs fine silk suspenders from Rattier's manufactory at Paris, silver do; French hdkfs, cotton ginghams; bed ticking, French and English merinos, sewing silk; buttons, pins for the hair, [illegible] necklaces, bracelets and hair ornaments of jet, jet combs, white rib bons and colored do for hats, &c.
Constantly on hand, plantation goods and domestics, percussion caps of the best marks; plated and other locks and eyes. DAVID & CHAPUS, 9 Chartres st j24

FOR SALE—A black horse, 16 hands high, a splendid draft, suitable for carriage or buggy, perfectly quiet and of admirable qualities.
Also, a black horse, rising 16 hands, a beautiful saddle and draft (in single or double harness) and would suit a gentleman who might require a really handsome horse for his chaise or riding
The above are the property of a gentleman who is about leaving the city, and would in consequence, be sold a bargain. Apply to DITTRICH & SHANNON,
jy16—1m 30 Poydras st

LEECHES.
LATELY received by the Talma, Leeches of excellent quality, for sale at Ten Cents a piece, or at wholesale by the hundred at Eight Cents a piece, at the grand depot and office houses, in Esplanade street, No 38, corner Casacalvo, continuation of Royal street.
Druggists and persons from the country will be accommodated to their entire satisfaction.
The same depot has received per ship Amsterdam, Sixteen Thousand Swedish Leeches of superior quality, for sale at from ten to twenty-five cents. The prices never vary during the prevalence of sickness.
J F BOUBIRAN

RECEIVED per ship Orleans from New York, the following articles, and for sale by VON. HEBERT, Bookseller and dealer in Paper Hangings, office Furniture, &c—
300 reams ruled [illegible] Foolscap paper;
50 do do do do Notary do;
COLORED.
100 reams paper, different colors, for printers, segar manufacturers, &c;
300 [illegible] and plain letter paper, different [illegible]
[illegible] playing cards;
[illegible] & French do;
[illegible] cardboard for blanking;
[illegible] be disposed of at wholesale and retail
[illegible] 146 Chartres street. a3