

Improving the Wiki-UI using

jQuery

What is jQuery?

jQuery is very compact and well written JavaScript code that increases the productivity of the developer by enabling them to achieve critical UI functionality by writing very less amount of code and can be used with JSP, Servlets, ASP, PHP, CGI, etc.

The jQuery library provides many easy-to-use functions and methods to make rich applications.

It can be loaded from CDN's (Content Distribution Network), since the JavaScripts are generally already loaded sometime in the browser's cache, so the browser loads the Page **Faster**.

Advantages

- Appealing to use, more Interactive for Users.
- Large Library, upon the Developer how to use.
- Creates Effects and Animations, Usability.
- Strong Open Source Community.
- AJAX support.
- Supports all versions of CSS.

Uses of jQuery in Wiki

- Registering or User Login Slide in on every Wiki page.
(like Twitter)
- Slide show of pictures for the “Featured Article”, “In the News” & “On this Day” Section on Wiki Main Page.
- Ticker for “In the News” Section.
- Static Table of Contents sliding down, with Content loaded as & when User selects for it.

jQuery will be implemented along with AJAX & CSS.

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Vice-President of India

The **Vice-President of India** (Hindi: **भारत के उपराष्ट्रपति**) is the second-highest ranking government official in the executive branch of the Government of India. The Vice-President also has the legislative function of acting as the **Chairman of the Rajya Sabha**. The current Vice-President of India is Hamid Ansari, who was elected on 10 August 2007.

Article 63 of the Constitution of India provides for a Vice-President: "There shall be a Vice-President of India". While the Indian Vice-President could be elected for any number of terms, the Constitution requires that the Vice-President must be a citizen of India.

Powers and duties

[edit]

The Vice-President acts as President in the event of death, resignation, or removal of the President until a new President is chosen by the electoral college for maximum 6 months. During this period, the Vice President shall not perform the duties of the office of the Chairman of Rajya Sabha.

He is also the ex-officio chairman of Rajya Sabha. All bills, resolution, motion can be taken in Rajya Sabha after his consent. However since he is not a member of Rajya Sabha, he has no right to vote.

The Vice President is the second highest dignitary of India, next to the President of India.

Qualifications

[edit]

- Citizen of India.
- More than 35 yrs of age.
- Possess the qualification for membership of Rajya Sabha.
- Not hold any office of profit under union, state or local authority.

Vice President of the Republic of India (भारत के उपराष्ट्रपति)



Emblem of India



Incumbent **Mohammad Hamid Ansari**

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 - தேலுగు

Article 63 of the Constitution of India provides for a Vice-President: "There shall be a Vice-President of India". While the Indian Vice-President could be elected for any number of terms, the Constitution requires that the Vice-President must be a citizen of India.

Powers and duties

[edit]

The Vice-President acts as President in the event of death, resignation, or removal of the President until a new President is chosen by the electoral college for 6 months. During this period, the Vice President shall not perform the duties of the office of the Chairman of Rajya Sabha.

1 Powers and duties: Chairman of Rajya Sabha. All bills, resolution, motion can be taken in Rajya Sabha after his consent. However since he is not a member of Rajya Sabha, he has no right to vote.

3 Election: President is the second highest dignitary of India, next to the President of India.

5 Salary and pension [edit]

6 Removal

7 See also: List of Vice Presidents of India.

8 References: 35 yrs of age. qualification for membership of Rajya Sabha.

9 External links: Not hold any office of profit under union, state or local authority.

Election

[edit]

The vice-president is elected by electoral college in accordance with the system of proportional representation by means of single transferable vote and the vote being secret. Nominated members can also participate in his election.

Term

[edit]

The Vice-President holds office for five years. He/she can be re-elected any number of times. However the term will be cut short if the Vice-President resigns, dies, or is impeached.

Salary and pension

[edit]

The present salary is Rs.1,25,000 per month only under capacity of ex-officio chairman of Rajya Sabha. However when the president post becomes vacant, he is entitled for the salary and privileges of the President of India. But during this period, he shall not be entitled to receive the salary of the Chairman of Rajya Sabha.

The pension is 50% of the salary.

Emoluments: The Constitution has not fixed any emoluments for the vice president in that capacity. He draws his regular salary in his capacity as the ex-



सत्यमेव जयते
Emblem of India



Incumbent
Mohammad Hamid Ansari
since 11 August 2007

Residence	Vice President's House
Nominator	UPA, Left ^[1]
Term length	Five years, renewable
Inaugural holder	Dr. S Radhakrishnan since May 13, 1952 to May 12, 1962
Final holder	Bhairon Singh Shekhawat
Salary	₹ 1,25,000 (\$ 2808) per month
Website	Vice President of India

Republic of India



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Today's featured article



The **Statue of Liberty** is a colossal neoclassical sculpture on Liberty Island in New York Harbor, designed by Frédéric Bartholdi and dedicated on October 28, 1886. The statue, a gift to the United States from the people of France, is of a robed female figure representing Libertas, the Roman goddess of freedom, who bears a torch and a *tabula ansata* (a tablet evoking the law) upon which is inscribed the date of **American independence**. It has become an iconic symbol of freedom and of the United States. Fundraising for the statue proved difficult, especially for the Americans, and by 1885

In the news

- The **Renaissance Party**, led by Hamadi Jebali (*pictured*), wins Tunisia's first Constituent Assembly **election** held since the country's revolution.
- The **Boeing 787 Dreamliner** makes its inaugural commercial flight, from Tokyo to Hong Kong.
- Argentine President Cristina Fernández de Kirchner is **re-elected** for a second term.
- Floods** in central Thailand reach **Bangkok**, affecting more than two million people.
- A 7.2-magnitude **earthquake** strikes the eastern Turkish city of Van, leaving hundreds of people dead or missing.
- Italian motorcycle racer **Marco Simoncelli** dies after an accident at the Malaysian motorcycle Grand Prix.

[Wikinews](#) – [Recent deaths](#) – [More current events...](#)

On this day...

October 28: Feast day of **Simon the Zealot** (Western Christianity)

- 312 – Constantine the Great (*statue pictured*) defeated Maxentius at the **Battle of the Milvian Bridge** in Rome.
- 1664 – The Duke of York and Albany's Maritime Regiment of Foot, the forerunner to the **Royal Marines**, was established at the grounds of the Honourable Artillery Company in London.
- 1776 – American Revolutionary War: As George Washington's Continental Army retreated northward from New York City, the British Army **captured** the village of White Plains.
- 1835 – Māori chiefs signed the **Declaration of the Independence of New Zealand** and established the **United Tribes of New**



Improving the Wiki-UI using

AJAX

What is AJAX?

AJAX allows web pages to be updated asynchronously by exchanging small amounts of data with the server behind the scenes. AJAX updates parts of a web page, without reloading the whole page.

AJAX allows displaying web pages with interactive, efficient and quick interfaces, the benefits behind AJAX have pushed several web developers to program websites by implementing AJAX, web giants like Google, effectively utilize AJAX in their web applications like Gmail and Google Maps.

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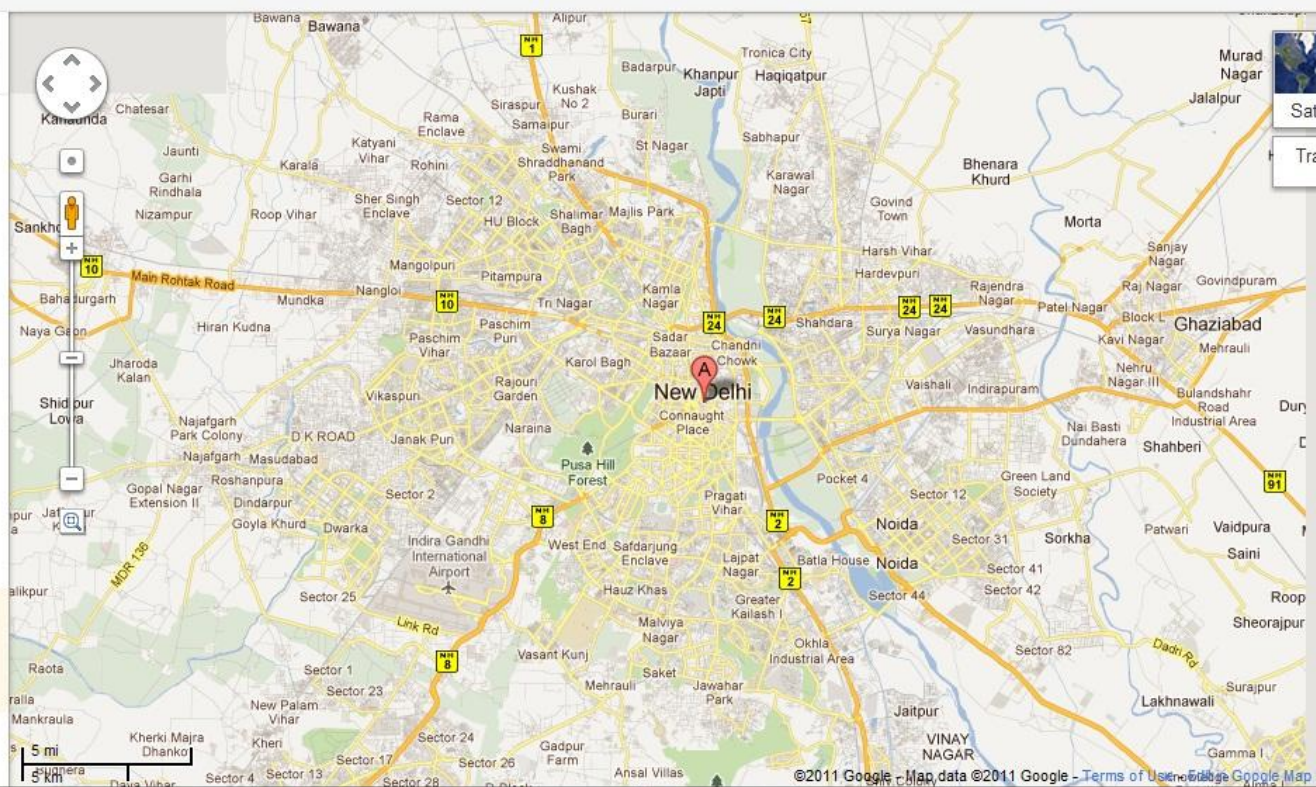
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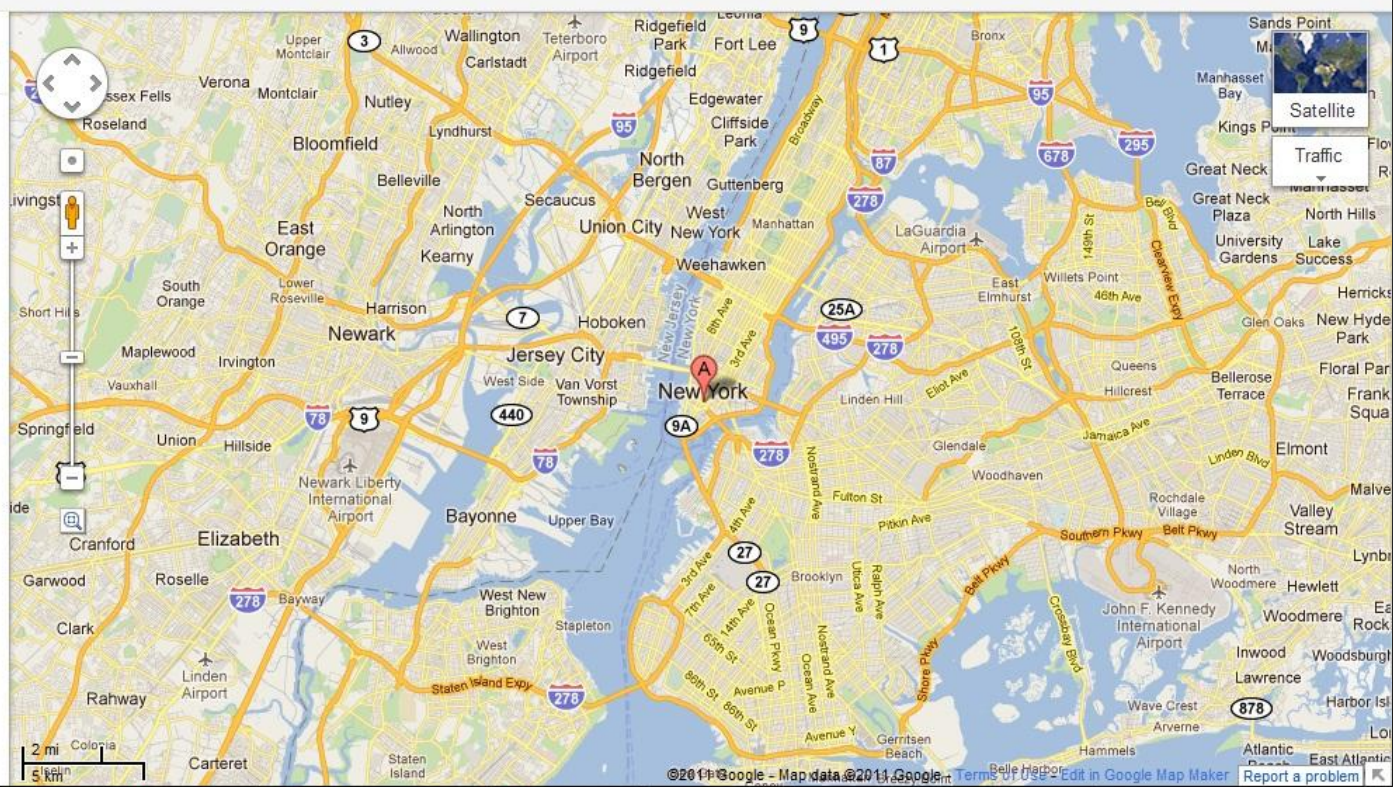
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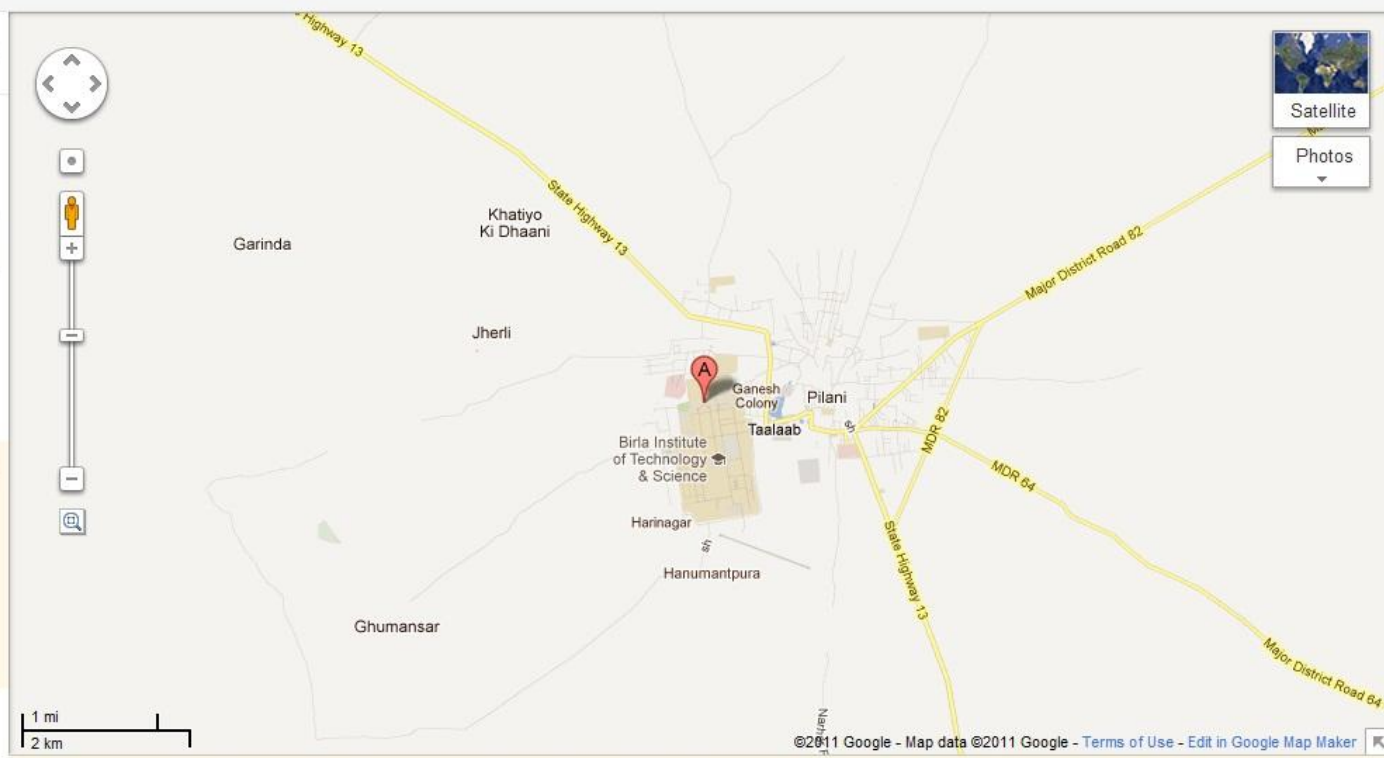


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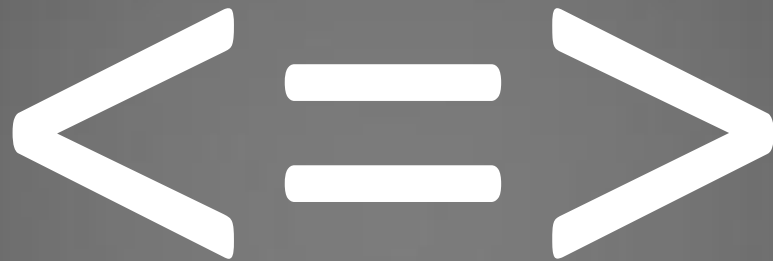


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Understanding AJAX

AJAX is not a single technology, but it is a combination of many technologies. These technologies are supported by most Web Browsers.

- **JavaScript:**
JavaScript is used to make a request to the web server. Once the response is returned by the web server, more JavaScript can be used to update the current page. DHTML and CSS is used to show the output to the user. JavaScript (jQuery) is used very heavily to provide the dynamic behavior to the application.
- **Asynchronous Call to the Server:**
Most of the Ajax application used the XMLHttpRequest object to send the request to the web server. These calls are Asynchronous and there is no need to wait for the response to come back. User can do the normal work without any problem.
- **XML:**
XML may be used to receive the data returned from the web server. JavaScript can be used to process the XML data returned from the web server easily.



Advantages

- AJAX can be used to develop web applications that can update the page data continuously without refreshing the whole page
- The whole Web page would be compact.
- One wont have to scroll through large paragraphs.
- Bandwidth Usage
- **Traffic** to and from the server is **reduced**.
- Form Validation.
- User Simplicity.
- Speed.

Disadvantages

- If you press the back button, you may not be able to return in the previous state.
- Might be **difficult to bookmark** and return to that particular state of the application.

Uses of AJAX in Wiki

- Registering or User Login & storing the User Data **Dynamically.**
- Loading **Each** topic from the Table of Contents as & when User Selects for it. (Especially useful in Pages which are too long)
- Table of Contents sliding down.
- Live Search for Wiki Content.
- Editing the Wiki Content in a pop out Dialog Box **Dynamically.**



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Draupnir

For other uses, see [Draupnir \(disambiguation\)](#).

In **Norse mythology**, **Draupnir** (Old Norse "the dripper"^[1]) is a gold ring possessed by the god **Odin** with the ability to multiply itself. Every ninth night eight new rings 'drip' from Draupnir, each one of the same size and weight as the original.

Draupnir was forged by the **dwarven** brothers **Brokk** and **Eitri** (or **Sindri**). Brokk and Eitri made this ring as one of a set of three gifts which included **Mjölnir** and **Gullinbursti**. They made these gifts in accordance with a wager **Loki** made saying that Brokk and Eitri could not make better gifts than the three made by the **Sons of Ivaldi**. In the end **Mjölnir**, Thor's hammer, won the contest for Brokk and Eitri. Loki used a **loophole** to get out of the wager for his head (the wager was for Loki's head only, but he argued that, to remove his head, they would have to injure his neck, which was not in the bargain) and Brokk punished him by sealing his lips shut with wire.

The ring was placed by Odin on the funeral pyre of his son **Baldr**:

Odin laid upon the pyre the gold ring called Draupnir; this quality attended it: that every ninth night there fell from it eight gold rings of equal weight. (from the *Gylfaginning*).

The ring was subsequently retrieved by **Hermóðr**. It was offered as a gift by **Freyr's** servant **Skírnir** in the wooing of **Gerðr**, which is described in the poem *Skírnismál*.

Draupnir in popular culture

DRAUPNIR was revealed as the password to a website that **Neal Caffrey** and **Mozzie** use to view their stolen treasure in "Taking Account", the seventh episode of the third season of *White Collar*.

Notes

 Wikimedia Commons has media related to: [Draupnir](#)

- [↑] Orchard (1997:34).



The third gift — an enormous hammer (1902) by Elmer Boyd Smith. The ring Draupnir is visible among other creations by the Sons of Ivaldi.

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Draupnir in popular culture



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- Football League Championship
- Football midfielder
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Association football

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia
(Redirected from [Football \(soccer\)](#))

"Soccer" redirects here. For other uses, see [Soccer \(disambiguation\)](#).

Association football, more commonly known as **football** or **soccer**, is a *sport* played between two teams of eleven players with a spherical ball. At the turn of the 21st century, the game was played by over 250 million players in over 200 countries, making it the world's most popular sport.^{[1][2][3][4]}

The game is played on a rectangular field of grass or green artificial turf, with a goal in the middle of each of the short ends. The object of the game is to score by driving the ball into the opposing goal. In general play, the [goalkeepers](#) are the only players allowed to touch the ball with their hands or arms, while the field players typically use their feet to [kick](#) the ball into position, occasionally using their torso or head to intercept a ball in midair. The team that scores the most goals by the end of the match wins. If the score is tied at the end of the game, either a [draw](#) is declared or the game goes into [extra time](#) and/or a [penalty shootout](#), depending on the format of the competition.

Association football



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Shivansh Srivastava
3rd Year Senior Undergraduate
BITS Pilani