THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JEROME BAYON.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1832.

GOVERNOR,
J. B. DAWSON.

The northern mail brings us nothing in the shape of news. The dates from New York are to the 14th instant, and from Baltimore and Washington to the 15th.

In the absence of anything more interesting we make some extracts from the English papers received by the *Talahassee.*

Intelligence has been received, by an extra of the "Gulenian" of the defeat of the Illinois militia, at the Rock river, by the Indians; about 70 were killed.—The success it is presumed, will only be temporary.

By the schooner *Mary Tyson*, arrived yesterday morning from Brazoria, we have received the *Texas Gazette* of the 7th instant. The Gazette has been removed from St. Philippe de Austin to Brazoria. It is still under the direction of Mr. G. B. Cotton, formerly of this city.

Colonel Anthony Butler, charge d'affaires of the government of the United States to the Mexican republic, had arrived at St. Philippe de Austin.

It would seem from the following extract from the proceedings of a public meeting at Brazoria, that the people of that colony are strongly inclined to espouse the cause of Santa Anna.

"Believing, as we do, the existing authorities of the republic of Mexico, through the whole course of the administration of the government, have permitted the constitution of the country to be wantonly violated; that charter, by which the right to govern is derived; that charter that guarantees to the people of the country all the rights and privileges of freemen—and above all, that charter which the have solemnly pledged ourselves, to our God, to support, in its true sense and original purity.

"We therefore, feel ourselves constrained under the conviction aforesaid, to declare our opposition to all violations of the constitution; and until some regular constitutional organization is established, to keep ourselves within the pale of that instrument, and to administer the government in the best possible mode."

The brig Constitution, captain Robinson, arrived at Philadelphia on twenty-six days from the island of Madeira, states that the island was blockaded by Don Pedro's squadron, consisting of a frigate, one man of war brig and a schooner. Four brigs arrived from New York on the 2d April, were not permitted to enter. Don Pedro and his squadron of transports were daily expected.

(From English papers by the Talahasa.)

LONDON, April 6.

Intelligence from Rome up to the 22d of March, states the number of Austrian troops in Romagna and Italy in general is being increased. Papal troops to the number of 300 had marched into Bologna; as they approached, the people became excited, and hissed and insulted them. Zamboni, who was present, received several severe wounds from the stones which were thrown, and at last fell from his horse and was carried into the city. The disturbance at last increased to such a degree, that the soldiers fired and killed several persons; the people, upon this, fled into the city, but soon reassembling, commenced again to throw volleys of stones. Hrabowski, the Austrian General, sent for some Austrian troops, and ordered them aloud, in Italian, to fire, but, in Bohemian, without shot. This conduct produced the desired effect. The crowd soon after dispersed, while the papal troops in the meantime were safely lodged in their barracks. The people, however, assembling anew, hastened thither, and order were then given to fire in earnest, and, at last, order was restored. Our correspondent remarks, that however culpable the people may appear, the proclamation of Cardinal Albani is not the less horrible, and that to convert the disturbed districts into churchyards, is not the way to restore tranquility. The shocks of earthquakes had been severely felt in all upper Italy, but mostly in Umbria, where whole villages are said to have been destroyed. The misery caused by these visitations is stated to be indescribable.

At Paris orders have been transmitted by telegraph to abolish all the quarantines which have been established in the French ports.

Disturbances have arisen out of rumours that the wines and fountains had been poisoned by order of government. Three wine merchants had already fallen victims to these extraordinary and impudent reports.

Carlist riots had taken place at Cette, Toulon, Villeneuve, Milhaut, Beziers, and other places in the southern departments, but Grenoble and Lyons remained tranquil.

M. Martignac, the celebrated Barrister, minister and deputy, died in Paris on Tuesday last.

The warlike aspect of affairs in the low countries had excited some alarm in Paris on Wednesday, but the arrival of the London journals of Monday, with the rise in our funds on that day, counteracted, in some degree, a tendency to a fall on the Bourse. The affair of Ancona was believed to be in a satisfactory train of arrangement.

Lord Henry Vane (son of the marquis of Cleveland) *attacks* of the English embassy at Paris, was attacked with cholera on Tuesday, but was out of danger on Wednesday.

In order to tranquilize the minds of the inhabitants as to the salubrity of the water contained in the casks of the water carriers, the bung holes of the water casks stationed in the Place des Petits Peres, have been nightly stopped by lids made of iron, and fastened by padlocks.

LISBON, March 14.

The official part of the Gazette contains a circular from the minister of justice to the Corregidors of all parts of the kingdom, enjoining them to see to the strict execution of the edicts of the board of health issued the 29th of February, in consequence of the appearance of the cholera in the north of England, and the port of London. We have seen a letter worthy of credit from Figueira, which says, that two vessels having approached the port of that town at 2 o'clock on the morning of the 12th inst. the troops in garrison, thinking they belonged to the rash and extravagant expedition of the rebels, immediately repaired to their posts with the greatest enthusiasm. In the morning it appeared that the vessels were not enemies; but this circumstance affords another proof of what the infamous enemies of their king and country have to expect from the Portuguese troops, though they should come accompanied by some base foreigners, who not being able to make their fortunes in their own country, desire to attain their object by pillage and robbery in a country which never did them any injury.—*Lisbon Gazette, March 16.*

LIVERPOOL, April 7.

The second reading of the reform bill in the house of Lords has been postponed to Monday next. This was done at the instance of lord Wharncliffe, who preferred that the lords should do justice at quarter sessions to petty litigants, rather than do justice to the nation in the house of peers. Delay, it is supposed, was desirable, and the weak excuse assigned sufficed.

The great interest at stake necessarily excites, under circumstances pregnant with doubt, the most fearful anxiety. With all their confidence in the integrity and intentions of Earl Grey, the people are filled with apprehensions lest, through the misconception of his own resources, or too much confidence in the promises of others, he should endanger the success of his measures. His opponents are wily and unprincipled tacticians, and his new allies are untried; and may fail him in the hour of peril. The country recollects that the bill has been once before ignominiously rejected.

No one doubts that the noble premier is in possession of the necessary means to secure the fidelity of the bill, and the adherents of the ministry admit that it cannot be allowed to go into committee without the protection of a new creation. The wonder, then, is that the creation does not take place at once, particularly as the names of the nobility in the Gazette would relieve the public mind from all its apprehensions.—The anxiety of the people, of course, in proportion to their hopes and fears; and, as these are called forth by an object of paramount importance, the sensitiveness of the country increases as the moment of experiment approaches. Under these circumstances, ministers ought, in deference to the public feeling, cease to be so mysterious, and intimate an assurance of success.

Their refusal to relax in their silent policy tends to encourage a fear of some screw being loose; and the tories, nibbling the feelings of the multitude, daily put forth reports of some ministerial accident, while the "Times," with more than wonted energy, alternately attacks and defends the administration. The policy of this journal is, to look upon a rejection of its advice as tantamount to insult—to regard a want of success as a kind of disgrace, and, accordingly, we find the editors, day after day, with successful pertinacity, reiterating their arguments for an immediate creation of peers.—The influence of their reasoning—and it is very cogent—is increased from an impression that they are furnished with information by some of the colleagues of the premier. Lord Brougham, therefore, be he it right, was or is a contributor to the 'Times,' and the 'John Bull' insists that the bulk of all these articles are derived from Earl Grey's son in law, lord Durham. This is improbable; but there may have been a domestic misunderstanding; the noble lord was ill at his country house and his absence has given rise to a report of his dismissal. Public rumor assigns to him the authorship of the reform bill, and according to the same authority, the opponents to an immediate creation are the marquis of Lansdown and lord Melbourn.

Whatever may be the motives which actuate the Times, or whatever may be the source of his information, his influence in creating a feeling of despondency is but too successful. The provincial journals, in a great majority of instances, have caught his tone, and the country, on the apprehended rejection of the bill, is ready to explode.

For our own parts, we adhere to our original opinion. Though the conduct of Earl Grey is certainly very strange and mysterious, still he is the best judge of his own means; and, if in a condition to carry the bill, as no do he is, it is almost morally impossible that it can fail. Ministers feel that a vast responsibility attaches to them; and as they have had ample time to mature their plans, we may reasonably confide in their prudence; for, they must know, that a rejection of the measure would not only eject them from office, but entail on their characters an eternal infamy.

WASHINGTON, May 15.

The senate passed the post office bill, and made some progress on the pension bill, and a number of minor subjects, which we have not room to notice.

In the house of representatives, after the reception of a few petitions and reports, Mr. J. Q. Adams moved a resolution requesting the president of the United States to communicate to this house copies of the several instructions to the chargé d'affaires at the court of Denmark, under which the treaty of indemnity was negotiated; which resolution, from its nature, lies on the table one day. On motion of Mr. BARBOUR, the committees on the judiciary were instructed to inquire into the expediency of defining by law contempts against either house of congress, and prescribing the punishment thereof. The Wisconsin case being resumed, Mr. SLADE spoke upon it until the hour of 12 arrived. Which, according to order,

Samuel Houston was brought to the bar of the house of representatives. He was allowed to read and to have spread on the journal of the house, a paper protesting against the authority of the house, but avowing his submission to it, under the circumstances in which he was placed. The speaker then pronounced the reprimand resolved by the vote of the house, for the contempt of the house and breach of privilege thereof, committed by Gen. Houston, in the following words:

Samuel Houston—You have been charged with a violation of the rights and privileges of the house of representatives, in having offered personal violence to one of its members, for words spoken in debate. In exercising the high and delicate power of ascertaining and vindicating their own privileges, the house have proceeded throughout this investigation, and in relation to your individual rights, with all that deliberation and caution which ought to characterize the dignified and moral justice of such an assembly.

You have been heard in person in your defence—you have been ably and eloquently defended by eminent counsel, and every facility afforded you to place your cause fully and fairly before the house, and to urge upon its consideration matters of principle as well as of fact, in explanation and justification of your conduct.

Whatever the motives or causes may have been, which lead to the act of violence committed by you, your conduct has been pronounced, by the solemn judgment of the house, to be a high breach of their rights and privileges, and to demand their marked disapprobation and censure.

If, in fulfilling the order of the house, I were called upon, as its presiding officer, to reprimand an individual uneducated and uninformed, it might be expected that I should endeavor, as far as I was able, to impress upon him the importance and propriety of sedulously guarding from violation the rights and privileges secured to the members of this house by our invaluable constitution. But when addressing a citizen of your character and intelligence, and one who has himself been honored by the people with a seat in this house, it cannot be necessary that I should add to the duty enjoined upon me, by dwelling upon the character or consequences of the offence with which you have been charged and found guilty. Whatever has a tendency to impair the freedom of debate in this house—a freedom no less sacred than the constitution itself—or to detract from the independence of the representatives of the people, in the rightful discharge of their high functions, you are no doubt sensible, must, in the same proportion, weaken and degrade not only the legislature of the nation itself, but the character of our institutions.

Your own mind will suggest to you, no doubt, more suitable reflections than anything which I say could convey.—To those reflections I am prepared to trust; not doubting that, had you at the time considered the act of violence which you have committed, in the light in which it has been regarded by the house, you would have been spared its disapprobation and censure, and I the duty of declaring to you the result of it.

I forbear to say more, than to pronounce the judgment of the house, which is, that you have been guilty of a high breach of its privileges, and that you be reprimanded therefore at its bar by the speaker, and in obedience to the order of the house I do reprimand you accordingly.

You will now be conducted from the bar of the house, and discharged from the custody of the sergent-at-arms.

On motion of Mr. Stanberry, after considerable intermediate proceedings, a resolution was adopted for appointing a committee, with powers to send for persons and papers, to examine into the allegation of intended fraud in making contracts for the supply of rations to the Indians, in the year 1830.

Mr. E. Cooke, of Ohio, then presented to the house a letter presented to him on Saturday last, by a person who gave his name as Alexander Dimitry, which letter was from E. S. Davis, one of the witnesses examined in the late hearing of the case of Gen. Houston, demanding satisfaction for a question which the letter alleges to have been impertinently put to said witness by Mr Cooke, whilst he was under examination. This letter was accompanied by a written statement by Mr. C. of circumstances which occurred the day of examination and a thr at said to have been made by Mr. D as he went out of the hall. Mr. Crane of Ohio, moved to refer this letter to a select committee, with powers to send for persons and papers and to report the facts in the case; which was so far amended, as to require them to report their opinion, whether the transmission of this letter, demanding satisfaction for words spoken on the floor, constituted a breach of privilege of the members of the house. Mr. Stanberry, in course of debate hereupon reiterated the statement that assaults on members of the house, for words spoken in debate, were encouraged by the language used by the president of the United States, and said he asked but half an hour to prove the assertion by unquestionable evidence. Mr. Polk (and perhaps others,) having declared the statement to be unfounded, Mr. Stanberry moved to amend the resolution so as to institute an inquiry into this matter. After a stormy debate, the previous question was called for and carried, precluding the amendment proposed by Mr. Stanberry. The question was then taken by yeas and nays on Mr. Crane's motion for a committee, and decided in the negative by yeas and nays; yeas 85, nays 87. So the resolution was rejected.

Mr. Adams, from the bank committee, made a report expressing the reasons of his dissent from the report of the committee.

After an ineffectual attempt of Mr. Barbour to get up the Virginia claims bill, the house took up the amendments of the senate to the apportionment bill; and, after Mr. E. Everett had obtained the floor, the house adjourned.

Immediately after the adjournment of the house of representatives yesterday, an incident occurred which has made so much noise and excited so much feeling here, that it would be affectation to pass it over in silence. It was an assault upon Mr. Arnold, a representative from Tennessee, by major Heard, at the foot of the western terrace of the capitol, as the former was passing from the house to his lodgings. Not having been witness to it, we can only say, in general terms, that Mr. Arnold narrowly escaped injury, and probable death, from a pistol shot, and that major Heard is said to have been considerably hurt in the encounter, toward the close of which many members of congress and others came up and interfered to put a stop to it.

National Intelligencer.

MOBILE, May 28.—The books of the Bank of Mobile were closed this morning—the capital, amounting now to half a million of dollars, being all subscribed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.

Arrived ship Guinare, Griffith, forty days from Liverpool. On the 11th April, fell in with the wreck of the brig Maria, of London, and took off the survivors, J. H. Hoare, carpenter, and Wm. Jenkins,—the captain, officers and the remainder of the crew had no doubt perished—the circumstances relative to the loss of the captain and others, are briefly these:—April 1st, lat 45, 52, N. long. 29, 50, W., the boy, Wm Lescomb, was washed overboard from the brig Maria; the jolly boat was immediately put out, manned by the mate, 2d mate and cook, to endeavor to rescue the boy, but she upset soon after having the brig in the meantime the watch below were called up, and the captain had the gig hoisted out immediately. The gig was then manned by the steward, one seaman, and a boy; the captain ordered the carpenter to go, he refused; the captain himself immediately jumped in himself to endeavor to rescue the man that were clinging to the jolly boat. The brig drifted so fast that they lost sight of both boats. The two men before mentioned remained on board the wreck until they were taken off by captain Griffith, the brig looking much at the time—they state that several vessels passed near them but took no notice of their signal of distress that they kept flying.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

MOBILE MARKET, May 25.

Cotton.—The transactions of the week have been limited to between two and three thousand bales, and we understand that in some instances good fair cottons have been obtained on rather more favorable terms. We do not feel justified, however, in altering our quotations. The stock on sale is light, probably not exceeding 5000 bales. The receipts up to last evening are 124,564 bales against 106,278 for the corresponding period last season. Excess in favor of this year thus far, 19,116 bales.

SAVANNAH, May 19.

Cotton.—We have had a steady demand for this article, since our last notice. The sales of upland during the week are between 2 and 4000 bales at prices ranging from 9 to 11 cents. In Sea Island, a good demand was experienced at our last quotations. We quote—16 a 20 cents, and upwards.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Sophia, Beach, Gottenburg, A. Leafter
Ship Henry Lee, Prince, Liverpool, Lincoln & Grant
Ship Jane, Ritchie, Greenock, Holmes and Mills
Brig Liberator, Barns, Cowes and a market, L. H. Gale
Schr Little Mary, Smith, Portland, Me, S. Giles, jr.

The steamer Porpoise left last evening for sea with ship Henry Lee, for Liverpool.

Great Britain.—The new steam towboat Whale, captain L. C Wood, left for sea on Saturday evening, on her second trip, with British ship Essex, Vaughan, Liverpool, 866 tons; packet ship Talma, Sears, New York, 491 tons; brig Amazon, Thayer, Mercedites, 202 tons; schr Oscar, Fortenaux, Tabasco, 80 do; Spanish brig Clementa, Martinez, Havana, 187; Spanish schr San Antonio, Sust, do. 44 do.—*Courier.*

ARRIVED.

Steamer Post Boy, Davis from sea, having towed down ship Augusta, and brigs Florence and Argus; brought up brig Progress, from Boston, and schr W. A. Tyson, from Brazoria. Left S. W. Pass on Saturday.

Steamer Cora, Struck, from Lafourche interior with molasses, hay, sugar, &c. and 20 passengers.

Brig Belvidere, Hawey, from New York with assorted cargo to consignees.

Brig Progress, Hawes, Boston, cargo.

Schr Wm A Tyson, Seamer, Brazoria, cargo.

Steamer Vermilion, Delahoussaye, from St. Martinville, with 60 bales cotton to Plauche and Conrcelle; 10 hhds sugar to C De Blanc. 54 pass.

Departed last evening steamer Porpoise, with ship Henry Lee.

☞ Mr. Chapman's lecture for the benefit of the destitute orphan boys, will be delivered in the presbyterian church, in St. Charles street, on Thursday next, precisely at half past 6 o'clock. m 29

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA,
New Orleans, May 28, 1832.

THE subscribers to the capital stock of this Institution who have not yet deposited their titles are invited to hand them in for examination as soon as possible. (may 29) J. B. PERRAULT, Cashier.

LINCOLN & GREEN have now landing and in store, the following goods for sale—700 pieces brown Russia Sheetings; 200 do. bleached do. do. entitled to debenture; 100 bales 4 4 brown domestic Sheetings; 90 do. 3-4 do. do. Shirtings; 8 do. 40 inch bleac ed Sheetings; 5 cases bleached Shirtings; 300 bags crude Salt Petre; 500 do Rio Coffee; 290 boxes Sperm Candles, assorted; 150 do. Raisins; 200 half do. do.; 16 cases brassiers Copper; 70 boxes Castile Soap, 100 half boxes Rhodes No. 1 Chocolate; 10 casks Bees Wax; 2 dozen Faxon's Axes; 70 qr casks dry Malaga Wine, 50 Indian barrels do, direct importation, entitled to debenture; 60 qr. casks St. Lucar white Wine; 30 half pipes and 30 qr casks Ingnams Sherry Madeira wine; 10 half qr. casks old Madeira wine. may 29

WINDOW GLASS.—500 boxes Baltimore window glass, assorted sizes, lately received per brig Bourne, for sale by
may 29 A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

BILLS on Paris, Nantze and Bordeaux, for sale by A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.
may 29

PIG LEAD and roll sheet Lead, for sale by
may 29 J. MAGER.

DWIGHT F FELTON is my attorney and agent during my absence from the city.
may 29 JNO. W. MELDER.

SPLENDID LUCK THIS WEEK.

SATURDAY NEXT will be drawn the 12th class of the Catholic Church Lottery, capital prize

10,000 DOLLARS.

FOR TICKETS APPLY AT
FELTON'S, *No. 81 Philip Street.*
may 29

NATCHITOCHES
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.
Drawn numbers of the eleventh class.
11.....22.....7.....21.
may 28.

CINCINNATI CURED HAMS —40 bbls. of a very superior quality, cured by WALKER of Cincinnati, expressly for family use, now landing from steamer Chesapeake, and for sale by
m 28 STETSON & AVERY, 31 Camp st.

COURT OF PROBATES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to shew, within ten days, why the account rendered by the testamentary executor of the late Jean Elliot, should not be homologated. By order of the court.
MARTIN BLACHE,
may 28 register of wills.

CASH advances will be made on shipments of produce to New York, apply to
m24 WILLIAM G. HEWES.

SEIDLITZ POWDERS.—The virtues of this celebrated preparation, when carefully and faithfully made, are well known; so well as to have created an unprecedented and increasing demand for it, ever since its discovery. The consequence of this immense demand has been (of late particularly) a hasty carelessness in its composition; which, if continued, must destroy its reputation as rapidly as it has been made.

Most of the Seidlitz Powders, manufactured at the north, fail (when used here) to produce their salutary effects; and are returned, with complaints, to the seller.

The subscriber has therefore been compelled to use the only means in his power to remedy the evil; and will, in future, carefully prepare them himself. He will warrant his preparation to be equal to any imported from Europe, or any part of the world; to be always fresh and efficacious, and will keep on hand a sufficient quantity to supply the city of New Orleans and its vicinity.
JAMES SHAW,
may 22 Corner of Royal and Customhouse sts.

COURT OF PROBATES.—Sale by the register of wills, on Tuesday the 29th May, I will expose to sale at the Exchange, at 12 o'clock, on account of the estate of Wm. Blunt, decd. KITTY, a mulatress, aged about 30 years, washer and ironer, and a good house servant. Conditions, 6 months credit by notes satisfactorily endorsed with mortgage until final payment. The acts of sale to be passed before H. Pedesclaux, not. pub. at the expense of the purchaser. By order of the court.
ap 24 MARTIN BLACHE. *Regerr.*

COURT OF PROBATES.—Sale by the Register of Wills.—On Tuesday, the 29th of May, 1832, I shall expose for sale, at Hewlett's Coffee House, at 12 o'clock, M. for the account of the estate of the late Vincent Pidoux.

1st. A negro woman, named Pauline, aged 23 years, servant, and employed in selling through the streets.

2d. A lot of ground, situated in the Faubourg Marigny, in Mandiville street, between Cara. Calor, and Grands-hommes streets, having 40 feet in front by 154 in depth, together with the buildings thereon.

3d. A lot of ground, situated in the same Faubourg, adjoining the above described lot, having 17 feet front, by 154 in depth, together with the buildings thereon.

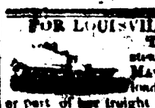
4th. A lot of ground, situated in Grands-hommes street, between Mandiville and Marigny streets, measuring 52 feet front, by 120 in depth, together with the buildings thereon.

Terms of sale.—The slave payable one third cash, and the balance at six and twelve months credit; the landed property, one fifth cash and the balance at one and two years credit, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, with special mortgage until final payment.

By order of the Court.
MARTIN BLACHE, Register.

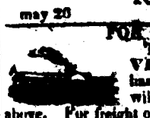
N. B.—The acts of sale to be passed before C. Pollock, Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser.
april 16

FOR LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.



The well known and fast running steamboat LOUISIANA, C. T. MAYNARD, master, will commence loading on Monday, having the greater part of her freight engaged, will have quick despatch. For the remainder of freight, or passage, having a large airy cabin on the upper deck, with state rooms, apply on board, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
may 26 15 New Levee.

FOR CINCINNATI.



The fast running steamer SEVENTY-SIX, capt. GOODSON, has part of her cargo engaged and will have immediate despatch for the above. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply on board, or to
may 14 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

The staunch fast running steam boat KENTUCKIAN, SHAW, master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch, for the above ports. For freight or passage, her accommodations being very superior, apply on board, or to
m 4 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

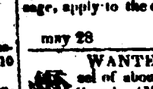
FOR LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.

The superior fast class steamer PHILADELPHIA, CAPT. PENNEWIT, will have despatch for the above ports, having a good portion of her cargo engaged. For freight or passage, having extensive and comfortable accommodations, apply on board, or to
m 22 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

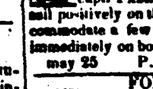
A large quantity of FREIGHT offered to any good boat bound for that place. Apply at No. 23 St. Louis street.
may 16

FOR NEW YORK.



Next line packet of 8th June.
Ship TENNESSEE, capt. FOWLER. For freight or passage, apply to WM. G HEWES.
may 29 No 9, Camp street.

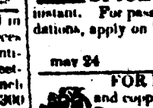
FOR THE BRASSOS OF ST. JAGO.—



The fine schooner SWAIN, Green, master, will sail on the 3d of June;—for freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, or to
J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
may 28 81 Bienville st.

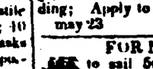
WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a good vessel of about fifty tons burthen to load for Rio Grande, (Mexico); a liberal price will be given by applying to the subscriber at No. 36 Old Levee to (m 25) V. RICARD.

FOR BORDEAUX:—PASSAGE ONLY.



French barque AIMABLE MARIE, capt. FABRE, having all her cargo engaged, will sail positively on the 25th June, and can handsomely accommodate a few more passengers, for which apply immediately on board, opposite Conti street, or to
may 25 P. E. & C. SORBE, 118 Royal st.

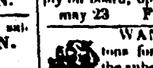
FOR PORT PRINCE.



The fast sailing copper fastened schooner SPICA, capt. ——, will sail on the 29th instant. For passage only, having superior accommodations, apply on board opposite the Blue Stores, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
may 24 15 New Levee.

FOR HAVRE. The first class coppered and copper fastened ship CRESCENT, P. Rogers, has the greatest part of her cargo engaged and wants 300 bales cotton to complete her lading; Apply to
I. OGDEN & CO.
may 23 29 Canal st.

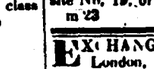
FOR NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL,



to sail 5th June, (Louisiana and New York line,) the new and elegant ship CHARLES, Capt. Page, will commence loading to-morrow, and sail as above. This ship will take freight to Liverpool only, will stop at New York to land passengers, where her detention will not exceed two days. To passengers bound to Liverpool this conveyance presents unusual comforts and convenience. For freight or passage apply on board, opposite the vegetable market, or to
may 23 FOSTER & HUTTON, 77 Canal st.

WANTED.—A good schooner of about 80 tons for a South American port. Apply to the subscriber, FORRESTER.
may 23

FOR BALTIMORE.



The very fast sailing copper fastened and coppered packet brig BOURNE, Captain Benthall, will have immediate despatch: for freight or passage, having commodious accommodations, apply on board opposite No. 19, or to
m 23 HARRISON, BROWN & CO.

EXCHANGE on London, Liverpool payable in London, Paris, Boston and Philadelphia, for sale by (may 28) TH. NICOLET & CO.

EXCHANGE ON LONNON for sale by
m 28 FOSTER & HUTTON, 77 Canal st.

EXCHANGE on France, for sale by
may 19 J. MAGER.

EXCHANGE ON PARIS, LONDON AND NEW YORK, for sale by
m 21 F. PERRET, Toulouse st.

EXCHANGE on New York for sale by
m 4 WM G. HEWES, 9 Camp st.

HAVANA SUGAR.—33 boxes very fine yellow Havana sugar for sale by
THAYER, HURD & CO., 29 Magazine st.
may 26

P DU BERTRAND has removed to No. 61 St. Louis, opposite the New Exchange. may 26

THE subscriber has the honor of announcing to the public, that on Sunday the 27th instant, he will open his establishment, situated at Port Pontchartrain, near the termination of the rail road, on the Lake. He will neglect nothing that may tend to render his establishment agreeable to those who may honor him with their company. They will find a bar well supplied with the best liquors that can be procured in this city; a billiard room; a restaurant, where all the productions of the market, together with the best pastry, will be provided, and particular attention will be paid to the gratification of the palate of the lovers of fresh fish.

There are also private rooms for private parties whenever they are desired.

Carriages may also be found at all hours of the day, plying between the rail road and bayou St. John.

He hopes that his exertions to please will ensure a liberal patronage. (may 26) MS. CHAPUS.

THE subscribers have the honor of announcing to the public of New Orleans that they have received from Philadelphia by the ship Chester, a complete assortment of fresh drugs, together with all kinds of medical plants, and volatile oils, to wit: of nutmegs, cammomile, valerieana, cubeb, rose merdi, &c. &c. Also other articles comprising a complete assortment for an apothecary.
P. ARNAUD & CO.
may 26 Corner of Toulouse and Dauphin street.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received and for sale, by the subscribers, Marshall's Life of Washington, in 2 vols., with an atlas; Bell, on Bath and Mineral Waters; Biographical Sketches of eccentric Characters; Lempiere's Classical Dictionary; Buck's Religious Anecdotes; Gooch, on Females; Renwick's elements of Mechanics; Bernard's Retrospections of the Stage; The Sister's Budget, a collection of tales in prose and verse; Rebecca, or the Fille de Chambre; White's Natural History of Selborne.
E. JOHNS & CO.
No. 113 Chartres st. and corner of Camp and Common streets. may 25

CRANE NECK PERCH COACH.—The subscriber has just received per ship Illinois, one superior crane neck perch coach with shifting dickey seat and elegant harness. Also, per same and other late arrivals, several Gigs, Coaches, Barouches, Barouche Wagons, &c. all of which will be sold as low as they can be afforded at any other establishment in the city and on as accommodating terms. City paper at 12 months, with bank interest will be taken for part of the above carriages. M. WALTON.
No. 14 Custom House Street.

N. B. Particular attention paid to repairs. may 3

SHEATHING & SLATING COPPER.—Received per ship Home from Liverpool, 12 cases 12 oz. copper; and per ship Illinois, 26 cases sheathing copper, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 oz.; also, 25 tons iron, suitable for boiler; for sale by
m 2 VICTOR DAVID, 36 Levee st.

NAILS.—500 kegs assorted, landing from brig Glide, for sale by
may 8 WILLIAM G. HEWES.

CARSTARIAN SYSTEM OF WRITING
CORNER OF CHARTRES AND COURT STREETS.

MR. DOLBEAR, respectfully informs the citizens of New Orleans, that in consequence of the numerous solicitations, he has recently received, he will continue to give lessons in this city, a few weeks longer than he had previously intended. Therefore, all persons who confidence immediately, may yet, have an opportunity to receive a full course of lessons. From the success which has ever attended Mr. D's instructions on this system, he can with confidence, assure the citizens of this city, that the most cramped and illegible hand may be exchanged in a very short time, for a style free, rapid and elegant.

Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine the numerous specimens of those persons who have received lessons in this place. Ladies can receive instruction at his writing establishment, or at their own residence. Parents, teachers, men of business and good penmen, are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. Mr. D. would also give notice, that himself and brother have recently been appointed sole agents for all the southern and western country, for the only edition of this system that has ever been published in the United States. may 26

NEW ORLEANS, May 12, 1832.

On the inclination of Mr. Dolbear, a teacher of penmanship in our city, upon the Carstarian system, we have carefully examined specimens of the writing of his pupils, whose ages range from 8 to 50 years, written through an entire course of instruction; and after having done so, it is with the highest satisfaction that we can testify to the rapid, if not unparalleled progress which they have made.

From the specimens seen, and the examination of the system made, we cannot withhold the expression of a concurrent opinion, that the system is greatly superior to any hitherto taught. If to write legibly, elegantly, rapidly, and in good taste, be an accomplishment, useful or desirable, it is upon the principles of this system that it is to be acquired. We therefore earnestly solicit of the public a liberal patronage in favor of an instructor whose qualifications are of the highest order, and whose labors promise to be so exceedingly useful to this and other communities.

Rev. C. MARNIAUT.
D. PREZIS, (*Mayor of the city*)
A. B. ROMAN, (Governor of the state of Louisiana)
A. GRAILHE.
Rev. ORSANUS NACH.
J. W. EDREW.
Rev. GORDON WINSLOW,
WILLIAM C. POPE.
D. MORENY.

FOR SALE by the subscriber, received by the ship Zelia, Captain Borges, Red Medoc Wine, first quality, in barrels; do. do. do. very superior quality, do; do. do. do. do. do. in half barrels; also, in boxes of 12 bottles, received by divers ships; Champagne in baskets of 12 bottles.
may 25 J. B. LABATUT.

FOR SALE, now landing from ship Warsaw, from New York, 2 case umbrellas, assorted colors; 2 do. ladies parasols; 1 do imitation tortoise shell combs, carved, of superior quality; 2 cases silk hose and sewing silks, for sale low by
m 26 P. E & C. SORBE, 216 Royal st.

AGENCY OF THE SUGAR REFINERY.—The subscribers have a constant supply of loaf and lump sugar, constantly on hand.
may 25 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

CANISTER TEAS.—33 cases, each 12, two lbs. canisters gunpowder teas, 1832; 150 do. 13 lbs. boxes imperial teas, for sale by
may 25 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

PRIME PORK.—300 barrels Ohio prime pork, for sale, to close a consignment, by
may 25 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

COFFEE—19 hhds and 15 tierces superior St. Jago Coffee, for sale by
THAYER, HURD & CO.
may 25 29 Magazine street.

TOBACCO.—Havana, St. Jago and Kentucky Tobacco, suitable for segar makers, for sale by
THAYER, HURD & CO.
may 25 29 Magazine street.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Stolen or strayed from No. 100, Royal street, a small Havana LAP DOG, white, with the exception of both ears being black, and answers to the name of Spot. The above reward will be given on the return of the dog at the above mentioned place. may 25

THE subscribers have received by ship Warsaw, from New York, and offer for sale, 100 drums fresh Smyrna figs. Per ship Bolivar, from Havre, a few Roquefort cheeses; and by another vessel from Marseilles, 20 boxes Arles sausages, first quality.

In store—150 boxes raisins; Lyons sausages; Sardine's preserved in oil and butter, from Nantz and L'Orient; Kirs water; Maraskino de Zara; Guignolet; Ratafia de Cerises; an assortment of bird cages of different sizes, and all other articles in the grocery line.
may 25 CLAPIER & MICOUD.

A FIRST RATE SADDLE HORSE, for sale by
may 23 ISAAC L. McCOY.

40 barrels and casks first quality Sperm Oil, for sale by (m 23) ISAAC L. McCOY.

RIO COFFEE.—500 bags landing and for sale by
m 23 LINCOLN & GREEN.

SPERM CANDLES.—12 boxes landing and for sale by (m 23) LINCOLN & GREEN.

BALE ROPE, cotton bagging, and merino cigars, for sale by HARRISON, BROWN & CO.
may 23

MADDER, of superior quality, just received per brig Bourne from Baltimore, and for sale by
HARRISON, BROWN & CO.

300 bags of superior quality, just received and for sale by
m 23 HARRISON, BROWN & CO. 117 Royal st

80 Tons Dugwood landing from schr Swan, from Tobasco, for sale by
may 23 A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

PRIME PORK.—275 bbls of prime pork, now landing from Steamer Scotland and for sale by
may 23 STETSON & AVERY.

MACKAREL.—196 bbls No. 2, and 167 bbls no. 3, of superior quality, received per ship Henry Thompson, and for sale by
may 23 STETSON & AVERY.

THE HYDROCONION.
OR SHOWER BATHS.

THE undersigned has the honor to inform his friends and the public that he has opened his BATHING ESTABLISHMENT at No. 225 Bourbon street, between St. Anne & Dumaine streets, where can be had vapour and shower Baths, the Hydroconion proper, which is used as a remedy for Rheumatism, sulpherous baths for the cure of pains in the shoulders, aromatic Baths, Baths of strong douge for pains in the skin and the most incurable pains.

Doctors who wish to prescribe for their patients any of these remedies will be served with the greatest punctuality. (may 21) GIUQUEL.

WET NURSE.—A mulatress with a new breast of milk, and a healthy constitution, and warranted to be a good servant, can be had by applying at this office. may 18

INFORMATION WANTED.

$25 ARE OFFERED to any body who should be able to give information about FRANCOIS FIDEL LANDWING, born at Zug in Switzerland in the year 1784; he left Bordeaux on the 16th March, 1816, and arrived at New York on the 30th April next proceeded from thence to Philadelphia and in October next to Easton Pa. In the year 1817 he went to Pittsburgh, and afterwards by the way of the Ohio to New Orleans, which place he reached in the fall of 1817. The last letter which his father received from him, bears date New Orleans, 17th September, 1817; at that time he had a mind to go to the republic of Colombia. In case of his death, the same sum would be given for an authentic certificate of it. Apply to
THEOD. NICOLET & CO.
In New Orleans, or to
COTTENEL H. BARBEY,
may 21 New York.

COFFEE.—Best green Havana, for sale by
may 19 J. MAGER.

NOTICE.—The subscriber has received by recent arrivals from the northern cities and Europe, an elegant and complete assortment of fine jewelry which he will sell on reasonable terms, at his store, corner of Conde and Dumaine streets. His assortment consists of ear rings, shirt buttons, breast pins, etc.
may 18 J. LASALLE.

EPSOM SALTS AND LIME JUICE.