The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1866. Vol. XXVII—New Series. Vol. XVII—Whole—13,794

THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE,

WEEKLY & CO., Proprietors,
Office, No. 73 Chartres Street.

TERMS OF THE BEE:
Delivered at Subscribers—Daily, per annum, in advance, $20; half-yearly, $11; quarterly, $6.
Price of the Paper—Single copies, 10 cents.
The Semi-Weekly Bee, published every Tuesday and Friday, at $10 per annum, in advance.
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NEW ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1866.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

The Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans sells real estate, at 12 o'clock M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Commercial streets.

Gardner Smith, Teisor & Co. sell the British brig Derby, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street.

Cobbold & Pirkel sells furniture, consisting of mahogany sofas, parlor chairs, mahogany tables, bureaus, bedsteads, crockeryware, etc. etc.; also, a variety miscellaneous, wheelbarrows, bureaus, cows, pigs, hay, etc., etc., at 12 o'clock, M., on the premises, No. 284 Chartres street, and continuously in the rear of the engine house of Vigilance Fire Co. No. 3.

SHERIFF'S SALE AT TWELVE MONTHS' CREDIT OF VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN THE SECOND DISTRICT.—Particular attention is called to the sale at auction, at 12 months' credit, to be made this day, at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, by the Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, of two lots of ground with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate on Dumaine street, between Dorbigny and Roman streets, in the Second District of this city. For particulars and terms see advertisement.

Messrs. Gardner Smith, Teisor & Co. will sell this day, May 16th, 1866, at 12 o'clock M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, the British brig Derby, as she now lies at Post 28, Second District. Terms and full particulars at sale.

FRANCIS BOUVAIN.—By the last arrival from Liverpool, Mr. Francis Bouvain, of the *Bronze Pen* Sign, No. 62 Bourbon street, has received a large and splendid assortment of stationery, parchment, opera glasses, spy glasses, etc., which he will sell at very moderate prices.

FUNDS FOR WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF LOUISIANA SOLDIERS.—We are informed that at the annual meeting just held by the Sons of "Les Enfans de Marte" Society, of which Hon. Licéce Bendonquié is President, Mme. Drosin Fortier treasurer, and Father Turgis almoner, it was reported that the Fair at Parfait Union Lodge, on Rampart street, last December, had cleared $2,923 65, and the two Concerts under M. de Rennes's direction, at Odd Fellows' Hall, on the 2d April, 1866, netted $1,537 50; receipts are $4,850 65. Mme. Drosin Fortier, ladies, members of the Fair, have generously contribute monthly a small sum to make up a fund, which, under the Almoner's superintendence, is expended in furnishing food, fuel and clothing to the widows and orphans of Louisiana soldiers, who lost their lives in the late war.

THIRD JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—Notice is given elsewhere of the removal of the books, papers and records from the offices of Hon. R. Marsder, Third Justice of the Peace, and Hon. V. D. Turcebenne, Fourth Justice of the Peace, have been removed to No. 23 Exchange Alley, corner of Customhouse street.

Mr. Raymond's words and acts have crossed themselves several times since he has been in Congress. He voted for the Civil Rights bill and then voted to sustain the President's veto of it. On the 9th inst. he made a lengthy speech against the 14 section of the Reconstruction amendment, that disfranchising the ex-Confederates. On the 10th he voted for the whole amendment including the 14 section.

GOV. HENRY W. ALLEN.

We strove to believe that there was no certainty of truth in several somewhat contradictory reports that reached the city of the death of Gov. Henry Watkins Allen. But we are compelled to dismiss the hope as no longer tenable that the sad intelligence may prove unfounded. It appears from authority which our contemporaries generally accept as trustworthy and conclusive, that Gov. Allen died in the city of Mexico, after a short illness, on the 23d of April. One of the brightest souls, one of the warmest hearts, one of the Knightliest gentlemen, one of the most heroic soldiers, and of the most patriotic citizens—one who was not more an honor to the State than to the American name, who equally refused to renounce upon the State of his birth, Virginia, and glory upon the State of his adoption, his love, his devotion, Louisiana, has ceased from among living men and become to us a precious and imperishable memory. It will be remembered that in his farewell address to the people of this State, on resigning the Governorship and starting for Mexico in June 1865, Gov. Allen announced that his only purpose in self-exile was to seek repose for his shattered limbs and wounded frame. The wound that deprived his limbs was received on the battle's bloodiest surge in endeavoring to retake the capital of his beloved Louisiana. The work that was cut his constitutional vigor was service of the State in the highest executive position, where he was equally remarkable for indomitable fidelity and comprehensive, considerate and efficient humanity. Let us believe that now mercifully he has found repose, "where the wicked cease from troubling, and where the weary are at rest."

Now is scarcely a time to expatiate on the life, or to enlarge on the thoughts suggested by the death of the last "Confederate" Governor of Louisiana. It will be observed on our French side that a meeting of citizens will be held today in Parker P. of the St. Charles Hotel, to take measures for the removal of the remains of the deceased to his "home."

Some of the Operations of the Freedmen's Bureau.

(Special of the New York Herald.

WASHINGTON, May 7, 1866.

Some rich developments are coming to light concerning the operations of the Freedmen's Bureau in the Southern States. The exposure is of a character that is likely to be one long black list of perversion of official position for the subservicency of private ends. Nearly every one is implicated in the general charge, and the principal officers of the Bureau are now in Washington at work in all parts concerning their official malfeasance are so well authenticated as to no longer be a subject of doubt. The principal officers of the Bureau in the States in the States of North Carolina, for instance, are known to be engaged in cultivating plantations or in some other business, and in the Bureau in the States of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, and Tennessee, the same charge is made against the officers of the Bureau. The frauds are of a very serious character, and the extent of the operations of the Bureau in the States mentioned, and the number of officers implicated, will be a matter of surprise to the country. The Bureau officers are known to have been in the habit of using the Government teams, and the Government rations, and the Government clothing, in carrying on their private business