THE DAILY BEE,
PUBLISHED BY
G. F. WEBBS, S. HARRIS,
E. DUVERGES, H. BENGAL.
Daily paper, (one year in advance).....$12
Country paper, semi-weekly.....5
In all cases, subscribers must give one week's notice in writing before they can be allowed to discontinue. Any person receiving the paper through agent of carriers, or otherwise, will be considered as a subscriber, and obliged to pay, unless due notice is given of the fact to the office.

The New Orleans Bee.

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One Dollar for every TEN lines, in each language on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements on the first page One Dollar per square for each insertion.
Sub-Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged One Dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and to admit of no one paying for every other day.
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OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 29, 1859. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE NO. 10,878.

THE DAILY BEE.

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 29

THE THIRTY MILLION PROPOSITION.

The proposition to place the sum of thirty millions of dollars at the discretion of President BUCHANAN, to be employed by him in facilitating the acquisition of Cuba, seems to find favor with nobody. Opposition journals such as the New York *Times*, and Administration prints, such as the Richmond *Enquirer* and Washington *Statesman*, are equally hostile to the scheme. We think with these exponents of public opinion, and hold that the proposed appropriation is useless, and that the object contemplated by it is impracticable.

The public would not willingly behold the creation of a public debt of $30,000,000, unless for some momentous purpose which would yield advantages commensurate with so large an expenditure. It is not pretended that thirty millions of dollars can purchase Cuba. The prospect of possessing that island by peaceful transfer for a considerable time dimmer and more distant than ever. The outgivings of the message have completely betrayed the shallow diplomacy of the President, alarmed and irritated Spain, rendered her tenfold more tenacious on the score of pride and punctilio, and aroused the latent hostility of France and England. There can be no doubt that in the present state of feeling of the Spanish government, the most princely offer would be rejected contemptuously. No amount, however enormous and beyond the real value of the desired acquisition, would elicit from Spain aught save a haughty and peremptory refusal. We do not affirm that she would have been more tractable, if a more skilful and silent system of tactics had been employed, for we question whether Spain will ever consent to part with the Gem of the Antilles; but we do declare that of all possible blunders of policy that could have been perpetrated, the most stupid and supreme was that of wounding the susceptibility and arousing the indignation of a people whose pride is in the inverse ratio of their wealth and power, by coolly informing the world at large that we have a right to take Cuba, but that in our infinite generosity and condescension, we intend to pay a good round sum for that island. The consequence of so deplorable a piece of imbecility was obvious to reflecting minds, and we see it in the infinite vituperation lavished on Spain, and in the stern and unqualified resolution displayed to decline treating on the subject.

With such gloomy auspices before us, well may we ask what possible object is to be fulfilled by the contemplated appropriation? It is certainly insufficient to purchase Cuba—if this were at all a feasible project. It is far more than enough for any ordinary negotiations touching upon the question. For what purpose then is it needed? Peradventure—as is suggested by a Northern journal—to bribe the Spanish Minister into listening to the scheme. We hardly think that even this Machiavellian policy would be likely to succeed. The tone of public reprobation respecting the proposed purchase is so decided in Spain that, presuming the dignitaries of the kingdom might feel disposed to finger UNCLE SAM's gold, there is not one of them who would venture to incur the unmitigated odium and punishment which such treachery would inevitably involve. The advocacy by any member of the Cabinet, or the Cortez, of the sale of Cuba would brand the imprudent author with an ineffaceable stigma of obloquy.

But there are other insuperable objections to the measure. The country is far from enjoying in the President that unlimited confidence which could alone justify the entrusting of thirty millions to his discretion. He has not evinced so sublimated a patriotism, so pure and disinterested a sense of honor as to warrant this wholesale appropriation. Since it would be impossible to apply the sum to the acquisition of Cuba, might it not be employed in a more dishonest manner? Might not be used to the further extention of the already overgrown and alarming patronage at the disposal of the Executive? Moreover, with what show of consistency can the Democracy—a party of professed economy, which is ever preaching retrenchment and reform—undertake to saddle the public debt by the addition of thirty millions, without an absolute and imperative State necessity. The precedent is highly dangerous, and would hereafter be cited in justification of any demand for money upon even the most frivolous pretexts.

In conclusion we cite the following forcible and pertinent remarks of the Washington *Union*, as a timely warning to the party in power:

It it were allowable to discuss so grave a measure in the light of party expediency, we would suggest that the Democracy could not stand up under the burden of reproach to which the proposition of the Cuba caucus exposes them. The nature of the movement has been detected already by the opposition journals; and they have raised an energetic clamor of corruption against the dominant party. If we proceed to justify the charge, the consequences will be disastrous to our ascendency. Indeed, there is too much ground of accusation against the Democracy on the score of extravagant and impolitic expenditure. An outlay of $15,000,000 for the support of government, a deficit of several millions in the annual accounts, and a rapidly increasing public debt, are incontrovertible evidences that the democratic party will sustain with difficulty, if at all. Every year we seem to drift farther and farther from the old landmarks of State rights and economy, by which have hitherto directed our policy. Every year we impair the force of those republican principles which gave us our hold on the popular heart, and which have so far sustained our ascendency. It is time the Democracy were arrested in this progress of degeneracy and decay; else they will be precipitated from power sooner than the advocates and beneficiaries of prodigal expenditure anticipate in their present enjoyment of comfortable place and a sufficient stipend.

For a wonder we received yesterday some New York papers as late as the 21st inst.

Dr. Hale lectures this morning at 11½ o'clock to the juveniles at Odd Fellows' Hall. Children are admitted for ten cents, while adults must pay twenty-five. There will be a number of amusing and interesting experiments on the occasion. Dr. Hale's regular course for ladies exclusively is in progress, the lectures being delivered on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 11½ o'clock. We advise the fair sex to patronise these highly valuable expositions, which will furnish them with important information relative to nervous affections and their management.

AUCTION SALES AT THE ST. LOUIS.—N. Vignié will sell this day, at public auction, in the rotunda of the St. Louis Hotel—

Two first-rate three-story brick stores on the Levee.

Lot and house on Dumaine street, near Royal, with Citizens' Bank stock, for account of the estate of the late La. Commagere.

A two-story brick building on St. Philip street, located near the markets.

Lot and house on Morales street, for account of the estate of Mr. F. Bauer.

A very valuable tract of land in the parish of Jefferson, fronting on the river and lake.

Another tract of land, with a very profitable cypress swamp, fronting on the Metairie road.

Several choice slaves, comprising a strictly No. 1 field hand, a first-rate cook, and an elegant chambermaid.

MAGNIFICENT FRENCH PORCELAIN AND FANCY GOODS.—At No. 97 Camp street is the well known establishment of James P. Judson, which is supplied with a splendid stock of French china and fancy goods, suitable for presents and family use. Among these articles are beautiful breakfast and dinner sets, fancy china, Bohemian and French crystal glass. Now the peculiarity and advantage of the system of purchases effected at Judson's is this: that with every purchase to the value of $2 50, or more, a present will be given, varying in value from fifty cents to one hundred dollars. Ladies especially would do well to call and examine Judson's remarkably fine assortment.

VALUABLE SUGAR PLANTATION AND SLAVES FOR SALE.—It will be seen by the advertisement under the head of "Auction Sales" that, on the 21st February next, N. VIGNIÉ, will sell at the City Hotel, the sugar pantation, in the parish of St. Bernard, knowns the "Sebastopol Plantation," with the dwelling, sugar-house, machinery, implements of husbandry, &c., &c., together with twenty-eight choice slaves. The sale being positive, is well worthy the attention of capitalists.

AN EXAMPLE TO YOUNG MEN.—On the 28th ult., Mr. Thomas Hall, of Lynn, N. H., who is 79 years of age, walked from his residence to a wood lot, one mile, chopped *three cords* of wood, sled length, and then walked home, and all between the hours of ½ and 3 o'clock. This would be a large day's work for a young man. For an old man, on the verge of fourscore years, it is truly remarkable.

Hon. William Slade, of Vermont, who died on Sunday, was a member of Congress twelve years. He was elected Governor of Vermont in 1845, and was twice re-elected. After his retirement from public life he devoted his time to the removal of female teachers of Sunday schools from New England to the new settlements of the West.

THE NEW YORK LEDGER.—It will be seen by the announcement elsewhere that the indefatigable Bonner will enrich the New York *Ledger* for February 5th with a novel and unique feature. That number will contain articles from notabilities of the American press, to wit: James G. Bennett, of the *Herald*, Horace Greeley, of the *Tribune*, and Lieutenant-Governor Raymond, of the *Times*. In addition, the *Ledger* of the date referred to will be graced with the early chapters of a new story by Mrs. Southworth, entitled "The Hidden Hand."

AN INTERESTING LECTURE.—Gentlemen will please take notice that Professor Fowler will deliver a lecture to them exclusively this evening at Armory Hall, on the subject of "Sexuality," in which valuable information will be conveyed. See the advertisement elsewhere.

To-morrow the Professor will lecture at Odd Fellows' Hall, on "Immortality."

SPEEDY METHOD OF LEARNING FRENCH.—We invite attention to the advertisement of Prof. Richard in another column. The Professor undertakes to teach French by a new method, wherein the eye, the ear, and the voice are introduced as principal agents of communication. This method, it is said, will very greatly facilitate the acquisition of the language. Doubters are invited to try the system for a few lessons gratuitously.

SALES OF AUCTIONEERS.—The following are the returns of auctioneers in the city of New Orleans for the quarter ending 31st December, 1858:

Pisado J. Spear, total sales		$38,357 22
Wm. J. Vincent	do	128,004 60
G. Lemmont	do	192,523 44
E. D. Hyde	do	2,767 23
Robt. Arnold	do	2,193 45
Benjamin Kendig	do	24,499 30
F. Fernandez	do	24,816 00
Alfred Bouligny	do	12,089 00
J. L. Carman	do	44,907 64
Anthony Fernandez	do	6,000 00
M. Barnett, Jr.	do	27,168 44
Norbert Tignio	do	40,763 31
C. Sandry	do	201,778 79
Julius Neville	do	225,835 16
J. Eugene Torres	do	10,284 87
Camille E. Girardey	do	46,447 70
S. B. Hykes	do	301,561 91
R. M. Montgomery	do	49,186 85
Charles E. Forstall	do	13,820 99
Chas. de E. Forstall, total sales for quarter ending September 30, 1858		21,806 21
Chas. L. L. Dupuy, total sales		25,547 19
Gardner Smith,	do	28,918 22
D. K. Murphy	do	143,922 60
Bernard Tupsin	do	148,806 18
Wm. Byrd	do	2,118 18
J. Word	do	2,088 49
Sampson, Bloomsan & Phillips, total sales		1,972 15
L. A. Levy, Jr., total sales		835 20

SENDING NEWSPAPERS AND PAMPHLETS TO EUROPE.—The Philadelphia *Ledger* says that persons who send newspapers and pamphlets to Europe should be careful not to enclose them in wrappers, as it subjects them to letter postage, generally so high that the papers are refused by the persons to whom they are directed. A gentleman, just returned from England, informs us that he saw baskets of American newspapers and pamphlets in one of the English post offices, which had been thrown aside on this account. If the newspapers are tied around with a piece of twine or cord, they will go as well as if in a wrapper, and the postage is then the ordinary price for newspapers. The fact that many newspapers and pamphlets fail to reach persons in England and France to whom they are directed may be accounted for in this way.

Signora Marlo—Miss White that was—the admirer of Mazzini and friend of Italian liberty, according to the New York *Tribune*, has gathered up from the streets about two hundred and fifty organ-grinding, image-vending Italian lads, and is striving to educate them into good men and patriots.

CONGRESS.—January 22.—The *Senate* was not in session to-day, having adjourned over to Monday.

House.—The House met at the usual hour, and after reading the journal of yesterday, proceeded to business.

The first thing taken up was the bill proposing to render satisfaction, or a proper compensation to the people of Nicaragua for the losses sustained by these States in consequence of depredations committed upon them by the Greek Indians, in the case of Graham, for the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, and to that of Alabama of three hundred thousand dollars. After some discussion the bill was finally rejected.

The House then took up the private calendar, and disposed of several matters having no general interest.

BOSTON, January 22d.—The bark Young Turk, of Boston, Captain Harding, has arrived here from Malaga, with dates to the 19th of December. She passed the ship Gibraltar on the 22d of December, via Holmes's Hole, with the passengers and crew of Messrs. French and Weeks, late of the ship Waverly, of Boston, who were imprisoned in Spain, and subsequently released through the intercession of Mr. Dodge, United States Minister to Spain, which has been heretofore noticed. The bark brings Captain Hagen, late master of the bark John, from Boston, which vessel was wrecked on the 27th of November, as already announced.

THE EXPLOSION AT WILMINGTON.—*Terrific Shock.*—The telegraph a few days ago briefly announced the explosion at Wilmington, Delaware, of one of Dupont's powder mills, by which two men, respectively named James Gibbons and John Grant, were blown to atoms. We now have some further particulars, as follows:

The shock was sensibly felt for a circuit of thirty miles or more. In Philadelphia, thirty miles distant, the concussion was so great that many persons thought it an earthquake. There was a violent rattling of window sashes, and in some instances looking-glasses and mirrors were torn from their places and smashed in pieces.

The excitement in Wilmington amounted almost to a panic. It was feared that the loss of life would be heavier, and hundreds of persons hurried to the scene, but the number of hands employed in the yard at the time was fortunately not large.

It will be remembered that, some three years ago, an explosion took place at the same mills, and subsequently a wagon load of powder left the same establishment exploded in one of the principal streets of Wilmington, causing the instant death of two men, and seriously injuring several others among whom was one of the Messrs. Dupont, whose death ensued a few days thereafter from the injuries sustained.

EXTRAORDINARY ROBBERY.—*The Robbers Steal Safe and All.*—The Boston *Transcript* gives the following particulars concerning the robbery, on Wednesday week, of the office of Harnden's Express at Providence:

The messengers had left the premises for a few moments to distribute some papers, and on returning he found that the rear door of the office had been opened by means of a key, and the iron safe carried off.

A trunk left near the safe was also broken open by the robbers, from which they took a bag of silver coin and a bag of cents, when, as is supposed, they became alarmed and fled, leaving in the trunk a bag containing $6000 in gold.

An immediate search being instituted by the express agents and the police, the safe was finally found in Atwell's avenue, about a mile and a half distant from the office, all its contents having been removed.

No clue to the robbers was obtained, except the fact that a horse and sleigh, with two or three men, were seen in the immediate vicinity of where the safe was found, shortly before its discovery.

It is rumored that the total amount of the robbery is near $100,000, but this cannot be definitely known at present, as all the way-bills and receipts were among the stolen property.

SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.—Three cheers for Governor Banks, the "iron Man," the "Mill Boy," the "Cotton Bag," the "*Perfect Brick!*" But why three cheers for N. P. Banks? This is it: Imagine he, a Black Republican Governor of the abolitionized Commonwealth of Massachusetts, has just sent in an message containing not a long or a President Buchanan's formidable document, and never a word about niggers, nor Kansas, nor border ruffians, nor Southern aggression, nor slave-drivers, nor Dred Scott, nor any other abolition clap-trap, from the beginning to the end thereof. Just think of it, a Governor's message devoted to State matters, to home interests, to practical subjects within the reach of the Legislative bodies to whom it is addressed! Such is the message of Nathaniel P. Banks. What are we coming to? And what will become of the cherished "cause of freedom?" We might as well have Democratic Governors and be done with it, if this ignoring of the nigger question is to be tolerated in such quarters.—*N. H. Gazette.*

MANUFACTURE OF TURTLE SOUP.—A Key West (Fla.) correspondent of the Charleston *Courier* says the manufacture of green turtle soup there during the past year has been considerable. One firm alone manufactured 200,000 pounds. He adds:

Their business employs ten vessels and about fifty men. They have besides ten engaged in their factory. During the summer and fall they have shipped to London, Havana, New Orleans, Mobile, Charleston, Montreal and other cities about 900 dozen cans, of two pounds each, of the value of $4000. The business may be considered in its infancy. It will expand, and no doubt become an important article in our exportations.

FORGERS OF PRESIDIO CLAIM FARMS ARREST-ED.—Geo. C. Whiting, Esq., Commissioner of Pensions, has made another important haul of pension-papers forgers; in this case in Wisconsin. In 1856, it will be recollected, the Commissioner of Pensions broke up a similar gang located in Arkansas, arresting two of three partners in the nefarious business—James E. Buchanan, who was convicted, and — Ambler, who subsequently broke jail. The third, named Stanmore, escaped before he could be arrested. Very recently three men have been arrested in Wisconsin for similar offenses, named Clarke, Munroe and Pratchenanger; and the old Clarke of the gang turns out to be the Mr. Ambler who escaped in 1856 by breaking jail in Arkansas. A man named Bennett has also been arrested very recently in Brunswick (Ga.) for similar offenses.—*Washington Star.*

By Telegraph.

[PRESENTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Arabia.

Heavy Decline in Cotton—Cotton Declined

HALIFAX, January 26.—The Cunard steamship Arabia, Capt. Stone, arrived at this port this morning. She left Liverpool on Saturday, the 15th inst., and brings seven days later advices than we had by the Europa at New York.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, January 14.—The sales of Cotton during the past week foot up 45,000 bales.

All qualities of Cotton have declined id. during the week, and holders were pressing their stock on the market.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.

The Havre market was depressed, and a decline of 1 franc is reported during the week. Orleans tres ordinaire 101 francs.

MANCHESTER MARKETS.

The advices from Manchester and the manufacturing districts continued favorable.

The demand for goods was good and prices were steady.

CONSOLS.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The funds are very much depressed, and closed flat.

Consols have declined ¼ since the sailing of the Europa, owing in a measure to the unfavorable state of political affairs on the Continent.

Consols for money closed at 95¾.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The London money market sympathized in the general depression.

Money was decidedly more stringent, and higher rates were being asked.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS AND PROVISIONS.

LIVERPOOL, January 14.—The Breadstuffs market was dull, without material change in prices. Provisions were quiet but steady, without alteration generally.

Warlike Rumors Still Circulated.

THE EXCITEMENT SUBSIDING.

THE BELGIAN CABINET DISSOLVED.

Austrian Reinforcements — Parliament Summoned.

LIVERPOOL, January 15.—The disquietude occasioned by the threatening tone of the Emperor Napoleon towards Austria, and the anticipated outbreaks in Italy, still continued on the continent, and warlike rumors were still circulated, but the panic had in a measure abated, especially at London and Paris.

The Paris Bourse shows some improvement during the week, but was still fluctuating and sensitive.

The English Parliament had been summoned to meet on the 3d of February.

The Belgian Cabinet had been dissolved.

Large reinforcements of Austrian troops had reached Lombardy, and their presence renders the chances of revolt in Italy less probable.

ARRIVED OUT.

The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Company's steamship Kangaroo arrived at Liverpool on the 14th inst.

The accounts of the large receipts of cotton at the Southern ports of the United States had rather a depressing effect on the cotton market.

LIVERPOOL, January 14.—The steamship Edinburgh, of the Glasgow and New York line, arrived at Glasgow on the 12th instant.

The steamship Circassian left Glasgow on the 11th instant for St. Johns and New York.

Further by the Arabia.

The British Chinese Squadron—Effect of Napoleon's Words—French People Averse to War—French Military Movements—All Officers Ordered to their Posts—African Army Ordered to Italy—Italian Disaffection Unabated—Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, January 15.—Later advices from China have been received in England, but they contain nothing of interest.

It is rumored that the government intends to augment the Chinese squadron.

Lord Frederic Bruce has been appointed British Minister to China.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, January 15.—Of the 46,000 bales sold during the week 1600 bales were taken by speculators and 2500 exported by these States in consequence of depredations committed upon them by the Greek Indians, in the case of Graham, for the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, and to that of Alabama of three hundred thousand dollars. After some discussion the bill was finally rejected.

The House then took up the private calendar, and disposed of several matters having no general interest.

Holders were showing much anxiety to sell.

The sales of Cotton on Friday were 7000 bales, including 1000 taken by speculators and exporters.

The market on Friday closed quiet at the following Quotations: Fair Orleans 7¾d, Middling Orleans 6¾d., Fair Mobile 7d., Middling Mobile 6¾d., Fair Uplands 6¾d., Middling Uplands 6 9-16d.

The stock of Cotton at Liverpool is 382,000 bales, of which 255,000 are American.

Some circulars say that the decline scarcely exceeds ⅛d.

The Manchester market is firm and active.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Noon.—The market to-day is quiet but steady at the closing quotations of yesterday.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, January 15.—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report Flour closed dull and quotations are nominal.

Wheat—Southern White 7s. to 7s. 6d. White Corn 33s. to 33s. 6d.

PROVISION MARKET.

The same authority reports Beef closed steady; Pork firm, and holders demand an advance; Bacon steady; Lard firm at 56s. to 56s. 6d.

PRODUCE MARKET.

The same circular reports, Sugar has declined 6d. but closed firmer. Coffee is firm and has slightly advanced.

Spirits of Turpentine, 38s. 6d. to 40s. Common Rosin buoyant at 5s. 3d.

INCREASE OF BULLION.

LONDON, January 15.—The Bullion in the Bank of England has increased £47,000.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The Money market generally remained unchanged, although more stringent. Money was, however, abundant.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE IRISH SEDITION.

LIVERPOOL, January 15.—Advices from Dublin represent the disquietude in the Phenix Column in their seditionary movements as more complete than was anticipated.

THE GREAT DEPRESSION ON THE CONTINENT.

In consequence of the few words addressed to the Austrian Minister by Napoleon at his New Year's levee, the French funds fell five per cent. in Paris.

The depression in Russia was three per cent., in Sardinia five per cent., in Austria six per cent., and in Turkey three per cent.

The aggregate depreciation in nominal value of government funds, public stocks and shares in the European markets amounts to a sum not less than sixty million pounds sterling.

THE FEELING IN FRANCE.

The latest continental advices are reassuring.

Letters from France are unanimous in showing the aversion of the industrial population to war.

All the French Ministers, including Count Walewski, are now represented as favoring peace.

The panic in the Paris Bourse culminated on the 12th instant, when forced sales of three per cents were made at 67 francs 40 centimes, but subsequently rallied.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS IN FRANCE.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says the French Marshals been have charged to take command of the great military districts of France, and all the Generals on leave of absence have been ordered to their respective posts of command.

It is also stated that a large force of French troops now in Africa have been ordered to Italy.

The rumors of disaffection in Italy are unabated.

LATER FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.

THE BELLY TREATY RATIFIED.

GEN. LAMAR'S MANIFESTO'

Nicaragua Appreciates Mr. Buchanan.

WASHINGTON, January 28.—The State Department has received information that the Costa Rican Congress has ratified the famous Belly treaty, slightly modified.

Our Minister General Lamar's manifesto to Nicaragua had created quite a sensation.

President Buchanan's efforts against the Nicaragua filibusters were highly appreciated by that government!

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS—THE PACIFIC RAILWAY BILL.

WASHINGTON, January 27.—*Senate.*—After several amendments to the Pacific Railway bill, a section was added, requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to advertise for proposals for a northern and a southern route, leaving out the central route, and report thereon to the next session of Congress.

Upon the adoption of this amendment, Mr. Simmons moved to strike out all between the enacting clause and the last section, which motion was carried—yeas 36, nays 26—thus killing the bill.

The Senate afterwards passed the Pacific Railway bill as amended by a vote of 31 yeas to 27 nays.

Mr. Bell moved to change the name of the bill and insert proposals for the three routes, which was carried.

WASHINGTON, January 27.—The House today voted down the bill to curtail the number of foreign ministers.

The House also rejected the proposition to strike out the clause in the appropriation bill which gives the President $75,000, to carry out the act of 1819 for the suppression of the slave trade.

House.—The Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill was rejected by a vote of 132 nays to 71 yeas.

It was then recommitted, and five minutes struck out.

The bill, thus amended, was again rejected by a vote of 94 nays to 91 yeas.

The House then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, January 28.—*Senate.*—Senator Gwin indulged in some severe comments upon the defeat of the Pacific Railway bill yesterday.

SLAVE SCHOONER AND SLAVE ARRESTED.—Officer Thorp yesterday afternoon arrested Wm. Smith, alias Perry Gear, at a house on Liberty street, on the charge of having stolen a slave named Jerry, from Clinton, Louisiana, and offering him for sale in this city. The slave was also arrested, and both were placed in the First District lock-up.

BURGLARY.—Two very small children (girls) were brought into the First District police station last evening by a watchman, who found them asleep in the corner of Citrons and Gravier streets.

BURGLARY.—H. Gerling's clothing store, at the corner of Poydras and Fulton streets, was entered on Thursday night by burglars, through the back door. The iron safe was opened, by the means of powder, and $100 in money taken; besides which a quantity of goods was carried off. Officers Clarke and Hays found yesterday morning, in a yard adjoining the store, two carpet bags filled with the stolen clothing.

ANOTHER POLICEMAN DISMISSED.—John D. Weaver, of the Fourth District police, was yesterday dismissed from his place, after examination before the Mayor, for appropriating to his own use several barrels of potatoes which had fallen into his hands as stolen property.

Counterfeit Autographs of Washington.

INGENIOUS LITERARY SWINDLE.—ARREST OF THE AUTHOR.

Mayor Henry has within a few days received letters from various sections of the country calling his attention to the fact that some one in this city was endeavoring to raise the wind in a very ingenious manner by selling counterfeit autographs of Washington. The plan adopted by the person in question was to enclose the autographs to persons whom he thought would prove customers, offering them for sale at five or ten dollars each, with the suggestion that if the recipients did not desire to purchase them, they might know some one who did.

The letters received by the Mayor, one was from Rev. James Seaton, of Springfield, Illinois, and another from E. D. Hobbs, Esq., President of the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad. Of the document we give the following copy:

PHILADELPHIA, Jan., 1859.

E. D. Hobbs, Esq.—Sir: When at Louisville, some time since, I was given to understand you would like to possess an autograph letter of Gen. Washington. I have just obtained the enclosed, and will sell it for ten dollars, or exchange it for books and engravings, as I am in the business.

I am, sir, very respectfully,

ROB. SPERRING.

Appended to the letter is the following advertisement, clipped from a Philadelphia paper:

WANTED—To purchase old books, engravings, autographs, &c. Gold will be paid for them, at 1009 Anita street.

The phraseology of the letter to the minister above quoted, is so peculiarly rich, in a measure, the energy and ardor of more youthful days; build up their shrunken forms, and give health and energy to their remaining years.

Ask for HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch street, Philadelphia. They are sold by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canada, West Indies and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,

jan1 1mdlw3aw 21 and 161 Chartres st.

The way to keep well, take HOLLOWAY'S GREEN MOUNTAIN DYSPEPSIA PILLS. No man need fear to die, and no disease can attack the system. This Cordial is the most effective Alterative and Tonic ever known. It is a perfect purifier of the blood, and it strengthens the system, and purifies and invigorates the blood. Try it, and you will be convinced. See the advertisement in another column.

jan24 2wTuw d&c

The Difficulty Overcome.

The nauseating Elixir, often causes vomitings and wreckings in the stomachs of those who were in a decline from pulmonary affections or other causes, has been the great obstacle in the introduction of Cod Liver Oil as a curative of Consumption, etc. The, happily, has been overcome by Dr. Comfort's chemist of no mean reputation in this city. He SKILLFIED COD LIVER OIL, which contains a larger per cent. of solidified oil than any other preparation, is acceptable to the most delicate stomach and palate. His Jelly readily digests, and its action on the parts affected is immediate and decidedly curative. Sold by them in a desiline tint its value. Penfold, Clay & Co. No. 4 Fletcher street, New York, are the agents for the invaluable preparation.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,

21 and 161 Chartres street.

jan26 2f 22 General Agents.

A Premium

The system of premiums is one fraught with the greatest advantage to the community; it leads men to invent and to discover, not only in Engl ands, whether remedial or otherwise, for the good of their fellows, and is a perfect guarantee that the article offered is actually possessed of the merits claimed in the connection we will speak of

PROF. DARRIN'S ELECTRO MAGNETIC FLUID.

This great disinfectant cannot be too highly praised, especially in tropical climates, or where yellow, typhoid or other fatal fevers prevail. It may be used, qualified, greatly medicinal. It cures burns, wounds, sores, &c., and is in all an unexceptionable quality, most commendable.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO., General Agents.

jan26 2f 22 21 and 161 Chartres street.

Self-Inflicted Diseases are Eradicated from the system by the use of TRIESMAN, 1, 2 and 3. Price one dollar per box. Sent free of box. Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere, and by F. W. BARROW, 157 Prince street, New York; sent free of postage to any part of the Union.

J. WRIGHT & CO.,

21 and 161 Chartres street.

jan12 1m New Orleans.

Who are the Miserable?

Let the Dyspeptic, who suffers physically and mentally answer. But though he has drank the very dregs of misery, let him read in Dr. Hoofland's AND BITTERS, they are "a cure for all his woes."

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,

21 and 161 Chartres street.

jan17 1md 1tc

Holloway's Pills.—So cause of fever and ague, liver complaint, colic, indigestion, bodily weakness, sick headache, or sexual difficulty, can withstand the curative, and the unequaled, invigorating action of these Pills. Sold by Maiden Lane, N. Y.

Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons.

B. PRADEL,

66.....St. Charles st.....66

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

TO THE CITY AND COUNTRY TRADE.

HAVING received a large assortment of FINE CUTLERY, such as two and three bladed Pocket Knives, tortoise shell, ivory and pearl handles, shell and fancy work, fine and common Scissors, table, office and carving Knives, plain and extra fine Kitchen and Butcher Cleavers, Cork Screws, a full supply of Razors, guaranteed, as well as of cutlery in general.

Having received likewise a stock of Allentie Spoons and Forks, he offers them for sale at market prices. Families requiring the above articles or cutlery would do well to visit his establishment before making their purchases elsewhere. Sole agent for the celebrated European manufacturer of *WHOLESALE and RETAIL.* nov29ow1y

FRENCH LANGUAGE.

PROFESSOR RICHARD'S ACADEMY OF FRENCH AND OTHER LANGUAGES, No. 99 Gravier street, corner of St. Charles.

PROFESSOR RICHARD begs to introduce to the public of New Orleans his new system of teaching where the Eye, the Ear and Voice are introduced as principal agents of communication, and by which a scholar can acquire the language easier and in a shorter time than by any former method.

To the sceptical he can only say this: that a number of scholars improve with his system, and that he invites every one for one or two lessons, free of charge, so as to give them a chance to judge for themselves.

Journey open every day, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Frenchmen may acquire the English language by the same method in his Academy.

T. RICHARD.

jan29 6m law sat&mon

Partnership Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of C. COMMAGERE & CO. is from the day dissolved.

Messrs. LEMPEREUR and COMMAGERE enter this day into copartnership under the firm of LEMPEREUR & CO. They will continue the same kind of business, and respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and of the public.

LEMPEREUR & CO.,

14 Conde street.

New Orleans, 29th January, 1859. jan29 1w

For Sale.

SEVERAL second-hand CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, as good as new, having been very little used. Apply to F. ALLIAN BOOTH, Toulouse street Tattersall's Stables, between Dauphin and Bourgundy streets. jan29 6t

RECEIVED per ship Elia A. Clark, from Havre—100 boxes Abeyath, E. Perrod. For sale by

J. M. BURTON, 38 Toulouse st

jan29

RECEIVED per ship Guiana, from New York, 50 baskets Piper Heidsieck champagne, quarts and pints; for sale by

J N CURRIEN, 23 Toulouse st

jan29

TEAS.—We call the attention of purchasers to our stock of Teas—Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson and English Breakfast.

E. J. HART & CO.,

jan28 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

LINSEED OIL—100 barrels, for sale by

E. J. HART & CO.,

jan28 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

PORT WINE—A large stock of fine English grades, for sale by

E. J. HART & CO.,

jan28 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

CRACKNEL—500 cases, for sale by

E. J. HART & CO.,

jan28 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

QUININE for sale by the case.

E. J. HART & CO.,

jan28 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

OLL ANIS—4 cases in bond, for sale by

E J HART & CO.,

jan28 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

COLGATE'S FANCY SOAP—A large assortment, for sale by

E. J HART & CO.,

jan28 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

LANDING ex ships Rockaway and Elia A. Clark, from Havre: 30 baskets, 12 bottles each, champagne, E. Lemaire Fils; 30 do, 12 do do, do, Royal Hunter; 70 do, 24 half do do, do, Royal Hunter; 20 do, 24 do do do, do, Grande de Beauty; 15 do, 24 do do, do, Pierr de Beauty. For sale by

V & E MAIGNAN, 30 St Louis st

jan28

BEARS—See this choice new small white navy, for sale in store and for sale by

DONNELLY, BEZINNA & CO.,

jan28 68 and 70 Tchoupitoulas st

GUATEMALA INDIGO—Landing ex brig A. A. Chapman, from Havana, 5 cerrons Guatemala indigo.

QUEYROUZE & BLANC & CO.,

jan28 13 and 15 St Louis s

VANILLA—Seven cases Vanilla Beans, of prime quality, in bond and in store.

GARAZNO & RAMALDO,

jan28 56 Old Levee st.

NEUCHATEL CHEESE—Just received a small lot of very fine Neuchatel Cheese; for sale by

DUTTER & CO.,

jan28 corner Royal and Conti streets

HAVANA COFFEE—100 bags prime Green, 8 green seeds, for sale by

BORENO & BROTHERS,

24 Gravier street.

The sales to be made THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, M., at the City Hotel, Common street, by the Sheriff, comprise—

1. The stock of the steamboat Audubon, and sundry articles saved from said wreck.

2. A very comfortable dwelling-house on Hyman Fields street, Third District.

3. A small cottage-house on Orleans street, Second District. For particulars see advertisements.

We call the attention of the public to the extensive sale of Real Estate which will take place on Saturday, the 29th inst., at 12 o'clock, at the St. Louis Exchange, by Messrs. F. & E. Devergne, auctioneers. The property to be sold consists of about 250 lots of ground, located in the daily improving quarter of our city—that is to say, in Faubourg Treme. Among the lots which will be sold we perceive several valuable squares of ground which are situated in the middle of said faubourg, suitable for private residences, wood-yards, dairies and gardens. The lots are very high, and require no filling up. We are authorized to say the sale will be made without reserve, and as to the terms, they are very liberal—at one, two, three and four years' credit, without endorsers. We will refer our readers to the advertisement containing the descriptions of the lots for sale.

The improvements lately made to the canal by the Navigation Company are nearly completed, and all property situated within three squares of the canal has improved in value fully 50 per cent. since last year. Several squares of ground suitable for cotton presses are included in that sale. Never before has such a chance been offered to capitalists to triple, in less than a year, the amount they have invested.

—ALSO—

The particular attention of buyers is called to the sale, THIS DAY, by Vincent & Co., of Foreign and American Dry Goods, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at their auction rooms, No 25 Customhouse street.

The particular attention of grocers is called to the extensive auction sale of sundries which takes place THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, A. M., in sale room up stairs, third story, store No. 49 Magazine street.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

THE public presentation of the Testimonial to Grand Sire WM. H. HOYT, of PHILADELPHIA, will take place in the halls of Odd Fellows' Hall on SATURDAY EVENING, 29th instant, at 8 o'clock.

Seats will be reserved for ladies. jan27 2t

Semi-Annual Assemblage of the Sons of Temperance.

A MEETING of the above Association will be held on SUNDAY, January 30th, 1859, at 12½ o'clock, M., at Perkins' Union Hall