THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY CHARLES BAYON,
STATE PRINTER.
"THE PRESS—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."
TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR
J. B. DAWSON.

The new city Board of Aldermen.
1st District—Ch. Labatut.
2d do—B. Mahony, J. Culbertson.
6th do—J. McKendy, J. P. Freret, T. W. Lee, Berry, E. Gajenski.
5th do—Frederic Bagnet.

The newly-married folks beyond Mobile yesterday.

We were informed yesterday, in reading, that the house of representatives had adopted a report and resolution, disclaiming the expediency of calling a federal convention. This report was entirely unexpected to the house, and is not under consideration. We hope, however, that our respective members have been notified in anticipation of what the house will do; and that Mr. Morgan's report will be adopted.

The reports of the committee of our legislature, on federal relations, have been copied into several of the northern papers. The New York American speaks favorably of Mr. Porter's report, and subjoins the following well fairness of his views, touching the extraordinary, that is too abitually indulged in, regarding the slanged evils and boa ...

It will be borne in mind, that under the provisions of the ... of July last, the duty, on a certain description of coarse woollens, had been reduced to five per cent; this reduction having been made with a view of alleviating the grievances, real or imaginary, of the south, and on the plea that the article was generally consumed in the south, in dressing of negroes. Agreeably then to the tariff of 1832, large orders have been given; many goods of this description have already arrived, and many more, it is probably, are on their way. But the sudden increase of the duty, imposed by the late tariff, from five to fifty per cent, must necessarily affect the interests of importers. Large importations, as we have said, have been made upon the faith that they would be subject on entry to a duty of five per cent only. But the law of 1832, having been prospective only, and almost immediately repealed; by the act of the last session, the goods above mentioned, are subject to a duty of fifty per cent. One of the senators of Maryland, pending the discussion in congress, has estimated the aggregate amount of the additional duties at $500,000. Such being the fact, it would appear that the superfetation of imposts must be highly injurious to merchants; and as the goods shall have been imported under the stipulations of the minor duty; it is more than probable that congress will be called upon to relieve importers, and refund the additional duties, which, under Mr. Clay's bill, must accrue to them.

The operation of the late tariff law on woollens, is illustrated by the following statement, which we copy from a New York paper:

"After the 3d of March, 1833, woollens will pay a duty of 50 per ct. The excess, therefore, is 30 per ct. which will be deducted in manner following:

After the 31st Dec. 1833, one tenth part of such excess will be deducted, which is 3 pr. ct.
Rate of duty after 31st Dec. 1833, until 31st Dec. 1834, 47 pr. ct.
After the 31st Dec. 1835, another tenth part is deducted, 3 pr. ct.
Rate of duty after 31st Dec. 1835, until 31st Dec. 1837, 44 pr. ct.
After the 31st Dec. 1837, another tenth part is deducted, 3 pr. ct.
Rate of duty after 31st Dec. 1837, until 31st Dec. 1839, 41 pr. ct.
After the 31st Dec. 1839, another tenth part is deducted, 3 pr. ct.
Rate of duty after 31st Dec. 1839, until 31st Dec. 1841, 38 pr. ct.
After the 31st Dec. 1841, one half of the residue of such excesses (18 pr. ct.) is deducted, 9 pr. ct.
Rate of duty after 31st Dec. 1841, until 30th June, 1842, 29 pr. ct.
After the 30th June, 1842, the other half of such excess is deducted, 9 pr. ct.
Rate of duty after 30th June, 1842, 20 pr. ct."

LITCHFIELD, Ct.—*Electa Seymour vs. Leverett Tuttle.*—This was an action brought by the plaintiff for a breach of promise of marriage, and came on for trial on Wednesday of last week before the circuit court holden in this village, Judge Williams presiding. From the evidence introduced on the part of the plaintiff, it appeared that Mr. Tuttle, who is a respectable and wealthy farmer in Torrington, commenced paying his addresses to Miss Seymour, who resides in New Hartford, some time in the year 1823; that he continued his addresses with a few short intermissions, until the year 1829—that during that period, preparations were made by the young lady for house keeping, and one or more times set for the marriage to take place—but that the defendant finally broke off, and married another lady. The defence set up (that the lady was of an unhappy irascible temper, that her affections were previously fixed upon a young man who died some years before &c.) was of so frivolous a nature, and feebly sustained by testimony, that so far from mitigating, we apprehend it only tended to aggravate the offence in the mind of the jury. The case was submitted to the jury on Thursday night—and on Friday morning they brought in a verdict of fifteen hundred dollars damages, and the costs of suit.

(By authority.)
AN ACT

Authorizing the removal of Records &c. from the Parish of Concordia to the Parish of Carroll.

SECT. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,* That all the records belonging to the Parish of Carroll, and now in the office of the Parish Judge of the Parish of Concordia, shall be, by the said Parish Judge, delivered over to the Parish Judge of the Parish of Carroll; and it shall the duty of the Clerk of the District and Parish Courts of the Parish of Concordia, to transmit to the Clerk of the District and Parish Courts, in his several capacities, of the Parish of Carroll, all records and documents appertaining to suits and judicial proceedings, wherein the defendant or defendants reside in the Parish of Carroll; which suits shall continue over and have day in the Parish of Carroll—and that this law take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

APPROVED, March 14th, 1833.
(Signed) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

AN ACT

To abolish one of the electoral precincts in the Parish of West Feliciana, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened,* That so much of the law now in force, as establishes an electoral precinct at Barrow's Store in the Parish of West Feliciana, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SECT. 2. *And be it further enacted, &c.* That whenever an epidemic or malignant disease shall exist in St. Francisville, or at Bayou Tunica, at the time of an election, the Parish Judge of West Feliciana shall have the power to order the election, or elections, to be held at any other place, not exceeding two miles from the said electoral precinct at St. Francisville and Bayou Tunica. *Provided,* that it shall always be the duty of the Parish Judge to give five days' public notice in some news-paper published in St. Francisville of the places at which the elections are to be held.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

Approved March 14th, 1833.
(Signed) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE—FIRST SESSION.

JOURNAL OF THE SENATE.

SENATE, March 19th, 1833.

The minutes met agreeably to adjournment.

Members present—Messrs. Charles Derbigny, president, Barthe, Dupre, Hiriart, Lacoste, Moore, Nicholas, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, Tenney, Thomas and Weathersbee.

On motion of Mr. Barthe, ordered that the secretary inspire of the printer why the report of the administrators of the charity hospital has not been printed in the pamphlet.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, taken up the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Orleans Bank," on the table, the yeas and nays were called for, which gave the following result:

To lay it on the table, Messrs. Barthe, Dupre, Lacoste, Moore, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, Tenney and Thomas—8 yeas.

Against it, Mr. Nicholas—1 nay.

The motion was altered.

A message from the governor was delivered by Mr. Verloin, his private secretary, ordered to lie on the table, subject to the call of the senate.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, the senate took up the bill relative to the introduction of slaves.

On the adoption of the following section, numbered 1:

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the state of Louisiana, in general assembly convened, That from and after the passage of this act, that part of the second section of the act to amend the act entitled "An act relative to the introduction of slaves, which includes the states of Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri, as amongst those states and territories from whom slaves should not be introduced, be and the same is hereby repealed.

The ayes and nays were called for, which gave the following result:

For the adoption of the section, Messrs. Lacoste, Moore, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, Tenney, Thomas and Weathersbee—8 ayes.

Against it, Messrs. Barthe, Dupre and Nicholas—3 nays.

The section was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Moore that the senate dispense with their rules, and proceed to the third reading of the bill, the ayes of the house was taken thereon, and the motion was negatived.

Ordered that the secretary request of the house to return the message delivered on Saturday, relative to the report of the committee of conference on the bill to amend the act authorizing the erection of a penitentiary.

The house consented.

The senate took up the report and instead on their amendments to the bill relative to solitary imprisonment and requested the appointment of another committee of conference.

Members on the part of the senate, Messrs. Nicholas, Sloane and Hiriart.

Mr. Barthe made the following report:

The committee to whom was referred the bill to grant certain privileges to the steam ferry company of New Orleans, report the bill without any amendment to the second section, and recommend the maintenance of the rate of toll fixed by the second section, and recommend the adoption of two additional sections.

Mr. Hiriart was called to the chair, the president took part in the debate.

The bill was read.

The yeas and nays were called for on the adoption of the 8th section.

Be it further enacted, &c. That whenever there shall be found any ships, ropes or cables, chains, rafts, flat boats, pirogues or other imbarcation of any kind whatever, within the said space of one hundred feet, it shall be the duty of any port captain to have them removed immediately and pushed away, and that for this purpose he shall be authorized to cut or break their fastenings, and that it shall be lawful for said company, or their agents, to remove, push away or let loose in presence of two witnesses, any embarcations, chains, ropes, cables, rafts, flat boats, perogues or floating constructions of any kind found within the said space of one hundred feet.

The result was for the adoption of the section Messrs. Hiriart, Lacoste, Prudhomme, Sloane and Weathersbee, voted in the affirmative—5 yeas.

Messrs. Barthe, Saunders and Thomas, in the negative—3 nays.

The section was adopted.

The senate adopted the two additional sections recommended by the committee.

On motion of Mr. Sloane, the senate dispensed with their rules, and took up the resolution fixing the day for the adjournment of the two branches of the legislature.

Mr. Thomas moved that the first of April be subetituted in the place of the 18th of March.

The motion was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Hiriart, the second part of the resolution from the house, fixing the 1st of March as the last day for offering any bill or resolution, was rejected.

On motion, ordered, that the secretary return the resolution to the house.

On motion of Mr. Moore, the bill to incorporate the mechanics bank, was taken up, read and passed, and was taken to the house.

A message from the governor by Mr. Verloin Degruys, was received, informing the senate that the governor had signed the bill, entitled

An act to incorporate two railroad companies in the parish of Rapides.

The bill to incorporate the citizens bank of Louisiana, was taken up, and read section by section.

Mr. Barthe in the chair.

On motion of Mr. Thomas, to postpone the bill indefinitely, the yeas and nays were called for, which resulted thus:

For the postponement—Messrs. Sloane, Thomas, and Weathersbee—3 ayes.

Against it—Messrs. Hiriart, Lacoste, Moore, Nicholas, and Prudhomme—5 nays.

The motion was lost.

On the adoption of the following section, offered by Mr. Thomas,

(Be it further enacted, &c. That the guarantee or pledge of the faith of the state, shall not be accorded to this institution, and that any attempt to obtain the same, shall involve a surrender of the charter.)

The yeas and nays were called for, which gave the following result:

For the adoption—Messrs. Charles Derbigny, Barthe, Moore, Saunders, Sloane, and Thomas—8 yeas.

Against it—Messrs. Hiriart, Lacoste, Nicholas, and Prudhomme—4 nays.

The section was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Hiriart, ordered, that this bill at its third reading, be made the special order of the day for Wednesday.

Mr. Pitot, clerk of the house, informed the senate that the house had concurred in the amendment of the senate, in the

Resolution fixing the adjournment of the two houses; and in the

Bill to incorporate the Roman Catholic church of St. Patrick; and with amendments in the

Resolution relative to a leave of absence granted to Pierre Labiche, a notary public in the parish of St. Landry.

And the concurrence of the senate was requested in the following bills:

An act supplementary to the several acts, prescribing the formalities to be observed, in order to obtain the right to practice physic, or the profession of an apothecary in this state, and for other purposes;

An act to incorporate the second congregational church in the city and parish of New Orleans;

An act to incorporate the bayou Boeuf and Red river navigation company; and

An act concerning roads and levees in the parish of St. Mary.

And also, that the house had concurred in the appointment of a committee of conference on the bill relative to the penitentiary.

Committee of the house—Messrs. Morgan, Garland, Jones, Chinn, and Johnson.

On motion of Mr. Barthe, the resolution on the commercial library, was taken up and amended, so as to make the committee a special, instead of a joint; and Messrs. Barthe and Nicholas were appointed the committee.

On motion, the senate adjourned to-morrow, 10 o'clock, A. M.

TUESDAY, March 19, 1833.

The senate met agreeably to adjournment.

Members present Messrs. Charles Derbigny, Barthe, Dupre, Hiriart, Lacoste, Le Blanc, Moore, Nicholas, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, Tenney, Thomas and Weathersbee.

Leave of absence was granted to the senators from Points Coupee and Lafourche.

Mr. Barthe of the committee of enrollment reported that he had delivered to the governor, for his approbation, the following bills:

An act to incorporate the Louisiana sugar refining company of New Orleans.

An act to authorize the payment of a certain sum of money to a certain person; and

An act relative to the College of Jefferson.

On motion of Mr. Barthe, ordered, that the sergeant at arms sell at auction, the furniture of the senate; that was ordered to be sold.

Mr. Thomas obtained leave to introduce the following bill.

An act to create an additional notary public in the parish of Avoyelles.

The rules were dispensed with and it underwent a second reading, and was amended.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, the bill to incorporate the town of Clinton, was taken up at its second reading and the rules being dispensed with, was read a third time, passed.

Mr. Nicholas of the committee of conference on the bill, to amend the act authorizing the erection of a penitentiary, house reported that the committee unanimously recommended the incorporating in the bill the amendment of the senate in relation to solitary imprisonment. The report was adopted and was with the bill incorporating the town Clinton, taken to the house.

Mr. Nicholas called up the message brought from the governor yesterday, it was read and referred to a committee of the senate and house of representatives

To the Senate and House of Representatives

In the communication which I had the honor to address to you at the opening of the present session, I deemed it expedient to call your attention to the advantages which would result to the state, from the establishment of an agricultural society.

The formation of a society of this kind, which would diffuse a common science, and afterwards disseminate the results of experiments in the means of simplifying and economising the preparation of our principal products, appears to me of such vast importance to our general prosperity, that I have felt it to be my duty to submit again the subject to your consideration.

It is unquestionable at the commencement of this session, to favor the progress of this essential branch of our industry, the reduction in the price of our staples which may result from the tariff which congress has just adopted, imposes on us the obligation of encouraging, by all possible means, those improvements and discoveries which may enable our planters to struggle against the difficulties with which they appear to be menaced.

As the public wants do not permit us to take from the treasury, funds sufficient to put the society into immediate operation, I take the liberty of suggesting to you the expediency of transferring to it, on its incorporation, the right which the state has reserved of subscribing for four hundred thousand dollars of stock in the state bank. This legislature has thus far not thought proper to avail itself of this privilege, and as it can have no intention of speculating in stocks, it is not probable that this right will ever be exercised by the state. The society to which it might be transferred, by the profit which could be realized on the sale of the stock, would not only be enabled to encourage by premiums useful inventions and discoveries, which would be immediately made known throughout the state, but have the means of purchasing an experimental farm, in which all the resources of our inexhaustible soil could be developed, and experiments made of the different methods which art and economy present, to enable us to surmount the obstacles which impede the march of our industry.

March 18th, 1833. (Signed) A. B. ROMAN.

Mr. V. Degruys private secretary to the governor, informed the senate that the governor had signed the bills entitled—

An act to incorporate the Louisiana sugar refining company of New Orleans;

An act to authorize the payment of a certain sum of money to a certain person.

An act relative to the college of Jefferson.

He delivered at the same time a message in writing.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, the 31st section of the citizens' bank bill was rescinded. The yeas and nays were called for on the reconsideration. For it—Messrs. Dupre, Hiriart, Lacoste, Nicholas, Prudhomme and Saunders—6 votes.

Against it—Messrs. Barthe, Moore, Sloane, Tenney, Thomas and Weathersbee—6 votes.

There being an equality, the president voted for the reconsideration, and the motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Hiriart the 31st section which as follows, was rejected: "That the guarantee or pledge of the "faith of the state shall not be accorded to this institution, "and that any attempt to obtain the same, shall involve a "surrender of the charter."

The yeas and nays called for on the rejection, gave the following result: For the rejection—Messrs. Dupre, Hiriart, Lacoste, Nicholas, Prudhomme and Saunders—5 votes.

Against it—Messrs. Barthe, Moore, Sloane, Tenney, Thomas and Weathersbee—5 votes.

The president voted for the rejection, and the section was rejected.

On motion of Mr. Prudhomme, the senate dispensed with their rules and took up the bill entitled—

An act amending the acts now in force relative to the introduction of slaves. It passed.

On motion of Mr. Tenney, the senate took up at its 2d reading, the bill for the relief of the Charity Hospital, it underwent some amendments; the rules were dispensed with, and it was read a 3d time and passed.

Messages from the house by Mr. Pitot their clerk.

The senate was informed that the house had concurred in the bill entitled—

An act supplementary to the several acts relative to public education.

That the speaker of the house had signed the following enrolled bills:

An act to create two additional police jury wards in the parish of St. Landry.

An act to determine permanently, the roads in the county of Attakapas;

An act to amend the act entitled an act to establish the college of Franklin in the parish of St. Landry.

On motion of Mr. Tenney, the senate took up the bill at its 3d reading, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled an act to amend the provisions of the black code, relative to the trial of slaves."

While the 1st section was under debate, Mr. Pitot clerk of the house informed the senate that the house had concurred in the amendments made by the senate to the bill to incorporate the Traders and Mechanics bank.

The senate adjourned to to-morrow, 10 o'clock, A. M.

WEDNESDAY, March 20, 1833.

The Senate met agreeably to adjournment.

Members present—Messrs. Charles Derbigny, president, Barthe, Hiriart, Lacoste, Moore, Nicholas, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloan, Tenney, Thomas and Weathersbee.

Bills taken to the house.

An act for the relief of the Charity hospital.

An act amending the acts now in force relative to the introduction of slaves.

Mr. Barthe of the committee of enrollment, reported as correctly enrolled the following bills, and the president signed them, and they were taken to the house.

An act to create two additional police jury wards, in the parish of St. Landry.

An act to determine permanently the roads in the county of Attakapas.

An act to amend the act to establish the college of Franklin in the parish of St. Landry.

He also reported as correctly enrolled the bill of the senate, supplementary to an act to incorporate the Clinton and Port Hudson rail road company.

Mr. Moore, of the committee to audit and control the contingent expenses, made the following report.

The joint committee to whom was referred the account of the contingent expenses of the executive department beg leave to report, That they have carefully examined the vouchers accompanying the account rendered by the governor and find them correct and proper, amounting to $3911 56, for which sum he has drawn on the treasury.

The committee, therefore, approve the account, all of which is respectfully submitted.

Signed, W. VOORHIES,
L. H. MOORE,
Reporters.

On motion of Mr. Moore, another senator was appointed in the room of Mr. Le Blanc on the committee to audit and control the expenses of the senate.

Mr. Prudhomme was appointed.

On motion of Mr. Nicholas the special committee on the governor's accounts was discharged, and the report of the committee on the contingent expenses was received.

Mr. Saunders made the following report:

The committee to whom was referred the petition of the citizens of the town of Jackson report:

That they have given to the petition, a respectful and earnest consideration, the more particularly as the object sought, is not as far as your committee is informed, sanctioned by any precidence.

An exemption from the payment of parish taxes, is asked first: because the officers and pupils, constituting a large proportion of the population of the town of Jackson, are by law, exempt from working on the public roads:

Second from the relief which is claimed from, and extended by them to indigent strangers, and third because of the great importance of erecting a market house in the town. Your committee see in these reasons nothing that would not be equally applicable to every other town in the state, except the first, which growing out of what tends to the chief emolument of the town, would seem to furnish no claim to any peculiar exemption. Of the justice of towns bearing their proportion of taxes laid for common purposes, there is little room to doubt. Few if any of the objects of expenditure are exclusively for country benefits. In the public buildings, in the expenses incident to the administration of the laws, which are supposed to be the heaviest items, there is manifestly a mutual, if not an equal interest. The voluntary withdrawal for certain purposes, and obtaining chartered rights, gives as your committee think, no claim to the part so withdrawing, to be relieved from burthens imposed for purposes common to all. No doubt such incorporations subject the towns to great additional taxation, but as this must always have been foreseen such incorporations would not be sought, but in the anticipation of more than adequate benefits. In many instances such anticipations are doubtless not realized, but however this ought to induce more caution in seeking for corporate rights, it certainly is no reason for placing the rest of the parish in a worse situation, than it was, before such rights were obtained. Your committee think the prayer of the petitioners should, therefore, not be granted, and beg to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject:—all of which is respectfully submitted.

Signed, L. SAUNDERS.

Messages from the house that were read.

The resolutions granting leave of absence to P. Labiche and others.

The senate insisted on the resolutions refused by the house, and concurred with an amendment in the amendments made by the house.

On motion of Mr. Dupre, the senate took up the bill, entitled

An act supplementary to the act, entitled an act to appoint weighers of cotton and hay, in and for the city and parish of New Orleans, approved 24th March, 1827.

The first section was amended by substituting four, instead of one weigher.

Section four amended, by inserting the word "wilfully" before the word "efface."

Section 5—rejected.

Rules dispensed with, the bill underwent a third reading, and passed.

Third reading.

An act to grant certain privileges to the New Orleans steam ferry company. Passed.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, the senate took up the bill to increase the number of judges of the supreme court.

Mr. Moore moved for the rejection of the first and only section.

The ayes and nays were called for.

Against it—Messrs. Barthe, Dupre, and Nicholas—3 votes.

Messages from the house, by Mr. Pitot, their clerk.

The concurrence of the senate was requested in the bills, entitled

An act to incorporate the St. John Baptiste Roman Catholic chapel, in the parish of West Baton Rouge;

An act relative to the ferry between the bayou Lafourche and Terrebonne;

An act to change the line between the parishes of Orleans and Catahoula.

The senate was informed that the house had concurred in the adoption of the report of the committee of conference on the bill, amending the act authorizing the establishing of a penitentiary.

On motion of Mr. Hiriart, the senate took up the bill at its second reading, entitled

An act to repeal in act, entitled an act to organize the supreme court of the state of Louisiana, and establish courts of inferior jurisdiction; to repeal the act explanatory of the same; to withdraw from clerks of courts the power of issuing injunctions and for other purposes.

The ayes and nays were called for on the adoption of the 1st section, which is as follows:

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, &c. That the act entitled an act, to organize the supreme court of the state of Louisiana, and establish courts of inferior jurisdiction, approved March 22, 1828, and the act explanatory of the same, approved 1st April, 1826, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

For the adoption—Messrs. Hiriart, Lacoste, Moore, Nicholas, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, Tenney, and Thomas—8 votes.

Against it—Messrs. Barthe, Dupre, and Weathersbee—3 votes.

Third Reading.

An act to incorporate the citizens bank.

On the passage the ayes and nays were called for.

For the adoption—Messrs. Dupre, Hiriart, Lacoste, Moore, Nicholas, Prudhomme, and Saunders—7 votes.

Against the adoption—Messrs. Barthe, Sloane, Tenney, Thomas, and Weathersbee—5 votes.

On motion of Mr. Hiriart, the bill was taken to the house.

Second reading continued of the

Bill to amend an act, entitled an act to amend the provisions of the black code, relative to the trial of slaves.

First section.

On motion of Mr. Dupre, the word "unanimous" was stricken out, and "five" was substituted.

Mr. Barthe moved to strike out the following words, and the ayes and nays were called for.

"And who shall be entitled to receive thirty dollars as a compensation for his services, to be paid by the owner or owners of such slave."

For the rejection—Messrs. Barthe, Dupre, Moore, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, and Thomas—7 votes.

Against the rejection—Messrs. Nicholas and Tenney—2 votes.

On motion for the adoption of the second section, viz:

"That if the owner or owners of any slave, arraigned for trial as aforesaid, do not employ counsel to defend him, it shall be the duty of the parish judge or of the justice of the peace, who shall convoke the said jury, to appoint counsel to defend such slave."

For the adoption—Messrs. Barthe, Dupre, Moore, Nicholas, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, and Thomas—8 votes.

Against it—Mr. Tenney—1 vote.

The senate went into executive business with closed doors.

After the doors were opened,

The senate adjourned to to-morrow, 10 o'clock, A.M.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED,

Ship Wm Gray, Gray, Cowell, Boston, J H Shepherd

ARRIVED,

Steamboat Natchez, Morrison, from below, with cargo of brig Gracchus, Snow, bound for Baltimore, on board, and the brig in tow. The G. in beating down the river on Sunday morning, struck a log in front of Saul's plantation. The Natchez was in sight and engaged in taking off schr Girard, and the Br. brig Frederick Young, which were blown on shore during the gale on Saturday evening and on the G. showing signals of distress, went immediately to her assistance. On coming along side discovered her rudder gone and the vessel badly aground, but making no water: made two attempts to take her off, and on coming along side the 3rd time discovered she had sprung a leak, and in twenty minutes made upwards of 2 feet water above her keelstone. Capt. Morrison, and crew finding immediate assistance necessary for the preservation of the cargo and vessel, applied to Mr. Saul who promptly came on board with his negroes and assisted in discharging, saving sails, &c. After pumping from 7 a. m. until 5 p.m. succeed in floating her from water: got her off and proceeded to the city.

Steamboat Post Boy, from sea, bro't up schrs Conchito, Francesca, Mary, and Robert Centre.

Steamboat Pocahontas, Hubble, from the English Turn; bro't up sun, Ann Mary Ann, brigs Frederick Young, and ground Tuck—also sold Girard.

Ship Ann Mary Ann, Clark, from Portsmouth, with hay.

Brig Grand Turk, Bailey, from Boston—cargo ice to J Turk.

Brig Yulta, Hoadley, from New York—cargo.

Brig Fred. Young, Carr, 25 days from Bermuda, to S. Heath; with 54 tons paving stone, to the master.

Schr Mary, Pratts, 12 days from Kingston—in ballast.

Schr. Robt Centre, Johnson, from Mobile, with wood—2 passengers.

Schr Francisco, Ahrens, from Campeachy, with hides and logwood.

Sloop Gov. Villier, from the coast, with full cargo of sugar.

Schr Rosette, from St Jaques, with 61 hhds sugar.

Schr Conchito, Lavet from Havana—cargo coffee, &c.

Schr Girard, from Kingston, J, in ballast.

A Schr on the opposite side—cargo cotton. 4 sail at the point, names not known.

A pirogue from the coast with 23 hhds 50 bbls molasses.

Steamboat New Brunswick, Castleman, from Louisville, cargo flour, &c &c, to J Depass; J Vansickle; G Adams; Yorke, Macalester & co; and others—45 pass.

Steamboat Samson, Wallace, from Cincinnati—cargo, pork, lard, &c &c to Foster & Hutton; Sleo & Byrne; and others—105 pass.

Steamboat Convoy, Reedin, fm Cincinnati; cargo lard, bacon, dried beef, &c. to J Lallande, J Crehore, L Hunt, Sloo & Byrne, Harris, Wright & co. 85 passengers.

Steamboat Planter, Gilbert, Bayou Sarah; cargo cotton, sugar, to J Linton, Hagan & co, Plauche & co, Meramond, O'Duhigg & co, Quartier & Boutin, Peyroux, Rivardeau & co. 13 passengers.

Steamboat Reindeer, Miller, from Fort Smith; cargo, cotton, deer skins, coon skins, bear skins, furs, &c. to West & co, Gray, Durrive & co. 6 passengers.

Steamer Carrollton, Riley, from Vicsburg; cargo cotton.

Steamer North Alabama, Kelly, from Florence, Alabama; cargo cotton, to sundries.

THE Roman Catholics of St Louis church, entitled to vote, are hereby informed, that an election for six churchwardens will take place on the 1st Monday of April next, from 9 o'clock in the morning to 4 o'clock, p m, in lieu of Messrs. J. Gaiennie, L. Daunoy, T. Bermudez, T. Mossy, Felix Tala, and B. Beauregard; whose time is expiring, and of a seventh in lieu of L. Lacoste, deceased.—The said election will take place in the room of the sisters of the churches dens, one day only, conformably to the charter passed the 30th March, 1826. By order of the vestry. [m 26] CHARLES BOLOT, Secretary.

THE undersigned, tutor of the minor children of widow Jean Francoie Michon, deceased, begs to inform the public that he will not pay any debt that may be contracted by the said minors, without an authorization signed by him. The names of said minors are Pierre, Edmond, Theodule and Estelle Michon.

m 26 ANTOINE ROUBET.

BAZAR OF PERFUMERY.—No. 239, *Royal street.*—Received per ship Bolivar, and for sale, wholesale and retail, a general assortment of perfumery from the stores of Desmarson and Guelaud, Paris. A detail of the variety of articles composing this assortment, would be too lengthy for any common advertisement. The name given to the establishment suffices to show that perfumery in all its various branches is to be found there. The subscriber therefore will merely invite the attention of the public and merchants to his store, where at all times will be found a constant and fresh supply of all articles of perfumery. [m 26] L. EVEN.

FOR sale by Mr. WEIMER, 407 Tchoupitoulas street, a BILLIARD TABLE, with all its appurtenances.

mar26

FOR SALE.—A gin shop stock, situated 64, New Levee st. Apply at the next door, where an inventory of said shop may be seen. [m 26] J. FALZUN.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.—Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans.—Present the Hon. Charles Maurian, Judge.—March 23, 1833.—No. 6799.—Theodore Fransequeville vs. his creditors. The cession of property of the petitioner having been accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors: It is ordered, that a meeting of said creditors take place before Hughes Pedescleaux, notary public, on Saturday, the 6th day of April next, then and there to deliberate on the affairs of the petitioner, and in the meantime all proceedings against his person and property are stayed. By order of the court.

m 26 F. BUSSON, Deputy Clerk.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.—Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans.—Present the Hon. Charles Maurian, Judge.—March 25, 1833.—No. 6300—Joseph Bussinaud vs. his creditors.—Petition for a respite of 12 and 18 months.—Upon reading and filing the petition and other documents in this case, it is ordered by the court that a meeting of the creditors of the petitioner take place before Octave de Armas, notary public, on Monday, the 8th day of April next, then and there to deliberate on the affairs of the petitioner, and in the meantime all proceedings against his person and property are stayed. By order of the court.

m 26 F. BUSSON, Deputy Clerk.

NUTMEGS AND CLOVES.—For sale by
m 23 J. TH[illegible]ER & CO., 29 Magazine st.

Amusements.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
MR. J. W[illegible]'S LAST NIGHT BUT FOUR.
THIS EVENING, MARCH 26th,
Will be presented Shakspeare's tragedy of
RICHARD III.
Richard, Mr. J. Wallack,
Richmond, Field,
King Henry VI. Scott,
Queen, Miss Wallack,
Lady Anne, Mrs. Ward,
After which, the admired farce called
A HUSBAND AT SIGHT.
Charles, Mrs. Russell,
Mrs. Wallack's last night but one this season.
Wednesday, [illegible]

THEATRE OF ILLUSIONS OR TRAVELLING COSMORAMA EXHIBITION.—The views of the 29th of July, 1830; fight of the port St. Denis; taking of the castle of the Tuileries; proclamation of the Duke of Orleans, lieutenant general of the kingdom; the royal family of France; Napoleon Buonaparte and all his family; view of Paris; views of Toulouse, Bayonne, Montauban; a Swiss landscape; the column of the place vendome in Paris; the bombardment of Algiers by the French fleet in 1830; Paris, London, St. Petersburg, conflagration of Moscow in 1812; Bordeaux, Marseilles, Geneva in Switzerland, a view of the neighbourhood of Palermo in Sicily; Havre de Grace four scenes of domestic life, the sleep, the dressing, the dispute and reconciliation, fighting in July 1830.

The Cosmorama is open every day from 10 o'clock in the morning, till 10 o'clock in the evening, the days when the sun shines. Admittance 50 cents. ma2

HAY and nest CASKS.—232 bales hay and 60 nests casks, landing from ship St. Paul, and for sale by
m 26 LINCOLN & GREEN.

RUSSIA SHEETINGS.—30 bales brown, entitled to debenture, now landing and for sale by
m 26 LINCOLN & GREEN.

10 7 54 70 52 52 12 59 17 25 60 48,

ARE the drawn numbers of the 7th class of the Free School Lottery. The following were sold, and will be cashed on presentation.

On motion of Mr. Dupre, the word "unanimous" was stricken out, and "five" was substituted.

Mr. Barthe moved to strike out the following words, and the ayes and nays were called for.

"And who shall be entitled to receive thirty dollars as a compensation for his services, to be paid by the owner or owners of such slave."

For the rejection—Messrs. Barthe, Dupre, Moore, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, and Thomas—7 votes.

Against the rejection—Messrs. Nicholas and Tenney—2 votes.

On motion for the adoption of the second section, viz:

"That if the owner or owners of any slave, arraigned for trial as aforesaid, do not employ counsel to defend him, it shall be the duty of the parish judge or of the justice of the peace, who shall convoke the said jury, to appoint counsel to defend such slave."

For the adoption—Messrs. Barthe, Dupre, Moore, Nicholas, Prudhomme, Saunders, Sloane, and Thomas—8 votes.

Against it—Mr. Tenney—1 vote.

The senate went into executive business with closed doors.

After the doors were opened,

The senate adjourned to to-morrow, 10 o'clock, A.M.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED,

Ship Wm Gray, Gray, Cowell, Boston, J H Shepherd

ARRIVED,

Steamboat Natchez, Morrison, from below, with cargo of brig Gracchus, Snow, bound for Baltimore, on board, and the brig in tow. The G. in beating down the river on Sunday morning, struck a log in front of Saul's plantation. The Natchez was in sight and engaged in taking off schr Girard, and the Br. brig Frederick Young, which were blown on shore during the gale on Saturday evening and on the G. showing signals of distress, went immediately to her assistance. On coming along side discovered her rudder gone and the vessel badly aground, but making no water: made two attempts to take her off, and on coming along side the 3rd time discovered she had sprung a leak, and in twenty minutes made upwards of 2 feet water above her keelstone. Capt. Morrison, and crew finding immediate assistance necessary for the preservation of the cargo and vessel, applied to Mr. Saul who promptly came on board with his negroes and assisted in discharging, saving sails, &c. After pumping from 7 a. m. until 5 p.m. succeed in floating her from water: got her off and proceeded to the city.

Steamboat Post Boy, from sea, bro't up schrs Conchito, Francesca, Mary, and Robert Centre.

Steamboat Pocahontas, Hubble, from the English Turn; bro't up sun, Ann Mary Ann, brigs Frederick Young, and ground Tuck—also sold Girard.

Ship Ann Mary Ann, Clark, from Portsmouth, with hay.

Brig Grand Turk, Bailey, from Boston—cargo ice to J Turk.

Brig Yulta, Hoadley, from New York—cargo.

Brig Fred. Young, Carr, 25 days from Bermuda, to S. Heath; with 54 tons paving stone, to the master.

Schr Mary, Pratts, 12 days from Kingston—in ballast.

Schr. Robt Centre, Johnson, from Mobile, with wood—2 passengers.

Schr Francisco, Ahrens, from Campeachy, with hides and logwood.

Sloop Gov. Villier, from the coast, with full cargo of sugar.

Schr Rosette, from St Jaques, with 61 hhds sugar.

Schr Conchito, Lavet from Havana—cargo coffee, &c.

Schr Girard, from Kingston, J, in ballast.

A Schr on the opposite side—cargo cotton. 4 sail at the point, names not known.

A pirogue from the coast with 23 hhds 50 bbls molasses.

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