The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 615, VOL. VIII.—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXI.—WHOLE No. 3704.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL AND FIRST MUNICIPALITY.....NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 16, 1848.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS, No. 91 Chartres, and 13 Camp street.

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Daily Bee, per year in advance $12 00
Semi-Weekly Bee, Sems weekly, one year 5 00
[illegible] ... 3 00
[illegible] ... 1 00
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The New-Orleans Daily Bee

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 16, 1848.

The National Whig Convention adjourned on the 10th inst., sine die.

The National Whig Convention.

We take from the Baltimore *Sun*, of the 8th inst., the following account of the proceedings of the Whig Convention at Philadelphia, the first day:

PHILADELPHIA, June 7th, 1848.

The National Whig Convention assembled this morning, in the spacious Saloon of the Chinese Museum, the entire floor being reserved for the delegates and members of the press, while the galleries were crowded to excess with spectators.

The Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock precisely, when Henry White, of Pennsylvania, proposed that John A. Collier, of New York, be called to the Chair, and Wm. S. Archer, of Virginia, proposed that James Harlan, of Kentucky, act as Secretary, until a permanent organization should be effected, which proposition were adopted.

Mr. Collier, on taking the Chair, returned thanks to the Convention for the honor conferred on him.

The Convention was then opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Brainard, invoking a blessing on their proceedings.

Mr. John Sherman, of Ohio, was appointed assistant Secretary.

Mr. John W. Fowler, of New York, moved that a committee on credentials be appointed, but afterwards withdrew his motion.

The roll was then called, and the delegates answered to the names.

Mr. King, of Georgia, moved that the delegations from each State appoint a member of their own to act as the organization committee of the Convention, which was agreed to.

The following committees were then announced by the Secretary:

For President of the Convention—Gov. J. M. MOREHEAD, of N. Carolina.

For Vice Presidents—Maine—E. Swazey. New Hampshire—A. Cohn. Massachusetts—Nathan Hunting-ton. Vermont—Horace Everett. Rhode Island—Chas. Jackson. Connecticut—W. Rockwell. New York—Gen. Wm. Wirt. New Jersey—Joseph Porter. Pennsylvania—Wm. M. Meredith. Delaware—John H. Wilson. Maryland—Thomas G. Pratt. Virginia—John Janney. North Carolina—E. Dockery. South Carolina—[illegible]. Georgia—Thomas W. Cobb. Alabama—[illegible]. Mississippi—John Givan. Louisiana—James Mc-Cutcheon—Walter Robinson. Tennessee—John H. Reese. Kentucky—James Congleton. Ohio—Joseph Vance. Indiana—[illegible]. Illinois—E. D. Moore. Missouri—[illegible]. Michigan—John Norvell. Iowa—James Clarke. Arkansas—[illegible]. Florida—Jasper Strong. Texas—Samuel P. Peters.

For Secretaries—Messrs. Schuyler Crosby, of Maine; Samuel Rose, of Pennsylvania; N. B. Smith, of New York; Thomas Ewing, of Ohio; Thomas P. Hudson, of Virginia; Portus Baxter, of Vermont; S. Peck, of Michigan; Robert Mallory, of Kentucky; C. C. Hutchinson, of Wisconsin; J. H. Wheeler, of New Jersey.

On taking the chair, Gov. Morehead made some remarks in relation to the Convention for the duty confided to him, in quite an eloquent address.

On motion, a committee was appointed on the subject of disposed seats.

The Convention then adjourned until 9 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

P. S. The only question likely to arise on the Committee on credentials, is that in reference to the claim of the Louisiana delegation to act for Texas.

The Convention was held an informal meeting at 9 o'clock this morning, with closed doors.

Re-action.

Our dates from Vera Cruz are to the 8th inst., and from the City of Mexico to the 2d inst., inclusive. On the 30th ult. the Mexican Congress at Queretaro elected Don Jose Joaquin de Herrera, President of the Republic. He received the votes of eleven delegations, while Don Angel Trias obtained those of five. The next day Herrera was installed in his election, when he delivered a message addressed to the Chamber of Deputies, a formal resignation of the office. His letter of declination was warmly discussed, and the Deputies, by a large majority, refused to accept it, and appointed the 1st inst. as the day for Herrera's inauguration. The new President, after repeated solicitations, agreed to accept the office proposed in him, and at his request the inauguration was postponed until the 3d, in order that he might have time to prepare a fitting discourse on the occasion.

It is thought that Senors Cuevas, Otero, Garcia Conde and Echeverria would be members of Herrera's Cabinet. The ministry of Penn Pena has resigned in a body.

On the 1st inst., General Butler was officially notified of the ratification of the treaty of Peace, and on the same day orders were given for the release of prisoners taken in the various engagements between the Americans and Mexicans. A large number of prisoners were set at liberty, among others many Guerrilleros who had been captured.

The order for the withdrawal of the army was issued by General Butler on the 29th ult. The *Diario Del* says that already a large number of the volunteer stores have been sold in Mexico, among which are 3000 muskets, which have been purchased for the use of the National Guard.

On the 2d inst., about 6000 of our troops left the City of Mexico, having been preceded by a much larger number, and to be followed as soon as possible by the remainder. On the 3d inst., Messrs. Clifford and Sevier were expected at Mexico on the return from Queretaro.

The Congress of Deputies on the 31st ult. proceeded to the election of a President and Vice President of that body. Don Jose Maria Cuevas was chosen to the first office, and Don Mariano Godoy to the second.

The organization of the National Guard has begun in the city of Mexico.

The American deserters who belonged to the Regiment of Saint Patrick have been pardoned and released. They will remain in Mexico.

Yucatan Commissioners.—Senors Don Pedro Rejon Estrada, and Don Joaquin Garcia Rejon, who were commissioned by the Government of Yucatan to obtain assistance from the authorities of Havana, arrived at Vera Cruz a few days ago, and proceeded forthwith to the city of Mexico.

American Troops.—On the 1st, the first division of the forces which left the capital arrived at Puebla, and left on the 2d and 3d *en route* for Jalapa. They will remain at the latter city until transportations are ready to remove them to the United States. All our troops now in the valley of Mexico will pursue the same route.

The votes for President of Mexico are as follows: For HERRERA, Mexico, Michoacan, Guanaxo, Puebla, Queretaro, San Luis, Tamaulipas, Vera Cruz, Jalisco, Guanajuato, and the Federal District. For TRIAS, Chihuahua, Durango, Tabasco, Zacatecas, and Coahuila.

Correspondence of the Bee.

PHILADELPHIA, 4th June.

The delegates are pouring in thick and fast by every Railroad and Steamboat. It is curious to observe how the feelings of each class show themselves in their countenances and manner. The Clay delegates are wonderfully chap-fallen. They appear to struggle manfully to sustain their favorite, and yet they are driven to the conclusion that it is no go—his last race is run—his public career is closed forever. It is a bitter pill for those who have for a quarter of a century, been accustomed to sweat by the hem of his garment to realize now that times have changed, and that the new issues of the present day, require a new leader.

The Scott delegates are more cheerful, and seem determined to stand by him to the last. They rely on the strong hold which his splendid achievements have given him upon the affections of the people. They are confident he is the most available in the North and West. But a hasty letter of his is spoken of as being now in this City, written while in Mexico, in which he states that the term for naturalization should either be much extended, say to 21 years, or the right of voting not allowed in any event. It appears to have been a letter to a friend and not intended for publication, and containing many matters of a private and personal nature. Its authenticity has been much questioned. Indeed, it is said several of Gen. Scott's friends have come on here from New York, and allege it is a forgery. A day or two will solve the mystery—if it be one. I hear the letter so much spoken of. I am compelled to believe he wrote it. Of course, if such turn out to be the fact, his friends will be compelled to abandon him—for no Presidential candidate can carry such a weight and be otherwise than dismanned in the race.

The friends of Webster are in good spirits—satisfied that he is in fact the best man, though they well know he stands no earthly chance of getting the nomination. They claim however, that New England should have the Vice Presidency, and Abbott Lawrence as the man they offer with much confidence.

But, if you wish to see happy, smiling faces—joyous with anticipated success—you have only to watch the Taylor delegates as they arrive. The boys have no time to brush off the dust—they forget to pay the hackman—delay entering their names on the register—leave their dinners in talk, look and act Taylor—to find out Taylor men, and show them at once that the contest is over—that the painters are on fire—that old Whitey will walk over the course, and that it is madness to even hesitate in believing it.

Such is a faithful picture of appearances, and if coming events truly cast their shadows before, then the nomination of Gen. Taylor is certain. It is believed that on the first ballot, he will have a majority from Maine, 5 or 6 from New York, a majority from New Jersey, 8 from Pennsylvania, all from Delaware, 3 from Maryland, 16 from Virginia, 5 from North Carolina, all from South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, 8 from Alabama, all from Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, Arkansas, 3 from Ohio, 7 from Illinois, 6 from Missouri, 3 from Iowa, 4 from Wisconsin and 2 from Michigan—making about 113 votes on the first ballot—or within 3 of the majority, necessary for the choice. Such is the best calculation I can now make—some count on 151, but I think these are too sanguine.

Though, Seward, Evans and others, are mentioned for the Vice Presidency, Abbott Lawrence from present indications will be chosen.

W.

Correspondence of the Bee.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6, 1848.

The "city of brotherly love" has, within the last few days, been converted into a great Babel, in which politics have been discoursed in every conceivable tongue. Since Saturday the hotels have been crowded to excess, and it is estimated that there are already eight or ten thousand strangers in the city, and twice as many more are expected within the next twenty-four hours.

Although this is the eve of the meeting of the Convention, the final result is still clouded in uncertainty. Each candidate has his body of partisans, who are not only active and zealous, but untiring in their efforts and unbiased. The Convention of any importance ever passed off without witnessing such scenes, and it would be worse than idle to expect this to be an exception. The hotels of course, form the centre, concerning political discussion, and the corridors from which opinions radiate and by which the chances are estimated. These sources are constantly fluctuating in sentiment, as one set retires, or as another and a stronger influence appears, and it is not uncommon that the central hotels, at one and the same moment are arrayed on a different sentiment to each other.

The earnestness with which the claims of candidates are pressed, need lead to no ultimate division, nor has it such a tendency at present; on the contrary, it ought eventually to harmonize action and inspire concert and enthusiasm, as so much as the pretensions will be considered calmly and fairly, and with no other view than to consult the great interests of the country and party.

I am nearly certain that no nomination will be made upon the first ballot, because the original preferences of the Convention will be divided among the respective candidates. The friends of Mr. Clay will exhaust their whole strength on that effort, if he fails then, as I feel confident he will do, he must inevitably fall from grace. His nomination first ballot will not manifest their regard beyond the compliment of a single vote.

On the other hand, Gen. Taylor will not open the game with his entire influence—by now throwing fully approaching to it. Neither will Gen. Scott. Mr. Webster will parade a small body of faithful corps at the opening, but they will range themselves under other standards at the most convenient opportunity.

In fact, the selection at this moment rests between General Taylor and General Scott. It is possible that a new direction may be made, and even that a compromise may be introduced; but in the present signs, there is nothing to warrant such an expectation. Every politician has his estimate, and very few agree in any point. Most of them are wonderfully extravagant, and nearly all are influenced by personal wishes. I have avoided reference to investigate dispassionately and without prejudice to any name. My desire has been to satisfy my own mind of the probable result, and to present something like a fair statement to my readers.

From the best information, I am led to the conviction that General Taylor will receive from 115 to 125 votes on the first ballot—Mr. Clay something rising 100—General Scott 40 or 50, and Mr. Webster about 20. On the second ballot Mr. Clay's strength will suffer a most sensible diminution, and New York, with her thirty-six votes, will be divided among several. The majority goes over to Scott. Such too will be the inclination of Mr. Webster's friends in New England; but all these parties may possibly be governed in their preferences the trial of more than one ballot. In such an event the first poll would be but little affected, and the effort of each interest would be to display its full strength.

Several informal meetings were held to-day with a view to organization, but no positive direction was taken. Among the friends of General Taylor, it was proposed to place Gen. Vance, of Ohio, a venerable and devoted whig, in the chair, preliminary to the official organization of the Convention. What may be the subsequent arrangements is not understood, as these subordinate questions have been entirely lost sight of in the more absorbing consideration of the nomination.

General Taylor, accompanied by several local-foco members of both Houses of Congress, arrived here this afternoon, after having been announced for two days past. The indolence of this virtue, under all the circumstances of the case, is too manifest to need comment, and how a gentleman whose intercourse in life should have warned him against so gross an impropriety, could have been led into such a mistake is more than I can conceive. On this matter of taste it does not become us to dispute. One thing is certain, Gen. Cass is also the last man in Christendom, who can gain any thing from being placed in public view. If the friends will only agree to show him round the country we will ask no more.

HOMO.

Arrival of the Acadia.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

By the Telegraph and Express, the *Picayune* has received intelligence of the arrival at New York on the 10th inst., of the Steamship *Acadia*, which left Liverpool, on the 27th ult. The news is brief but important.

France continues quiet, though the factionists are still struggling for the mastery. It is said that Lamartine and Ledru Rollin had both resigned, and been succeded by Marrast and Arago. France threatened to send an army to assist the Italians if the Austrians interfered.

There have been further troubles and insurrections at Naples. Four hundred troops had been killed and the city given up to pillage by the Government.

Ireland continued greatly agitated by the state trials.

The crops in Great Britain were in fine condition, promising an abundant yield, which has materially affected breadstuffs. Corn was in great demand for Ireland. Sales have been made at from thirty-three to thirty-seven shillings for white and yellow. Canal is quoted at twenty-eight shillings; Baltimore at twenty-seven shillings.

In provisions, there is no change.

The English funds are represented as steady. Consols are quoted at 84 1-4 a 84 3-4.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, May 27.—The cotton market was dull and gloomy. Prices during the week ending on the day of the sailing of the Acadia, had receded one-eighth of a penny per pound. The quotations are for fair upland four and a half pence. Sales of the week, twenty-eight thousand bales.

Col. Doniphan, the hero of the marvelous campaign across the prairies, went on a Whig and on his return the Whigs of Missouri, to collect a few votes, placed him on the electoral ticket of the State. He has peremptorily refused to serve, and the Missouri papers say he has unwhigged himself.—*Mobile Register.*

HE must have suddenly *Whigged* himself again, says the Augusta *Chronicle*, as we perceive, he is a delegate from Missouri to the Whig National Convention.

FROM BUENOS AYRES AND MONTEVIDEO.—Intelligence from Montevideo of a later date has been received in New York. The province of Buenos Ayres continued tranquil. Nearly all the male inhabitants had been enrolled. The feeling of hostility on the question of European intervention, is intense.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT.—We learn from the Clerk of the steamer General Scott, from Cincinnati, arrived last night, that the steamer Grey Eagle, from Cincinnati bound to Memphis, was run into by the steemer Sultana, on the night of the 10th instant, and cut down to the waters edge, mispherring her boilers, and doing considerable other damage. A number of the passengers jumped overbord, but all were saved except one of the engineers, who was drowned, The Sultana was bound to St Louis, and received little or no damage.

A Mr. HORSBURG, of New York, died on the 6th inst., leaving immense wealth, which will go to his nephews in Scotland. The entire interest of his property was habitually expended by him in charitable purposes, with the exception of a small sum reserved for his own expenses.

☞ There are 218 political newspapers in Pennsylvania. Ohio has 274, and New York about 200.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Wednesday, June 7, P. M.—The steamer Hibernia sailed from New York to-day for Liverpool. She takes out forty passengers, and $240 000 in specie.

The cotton markets have been too fair extent and prices firmly maintained. Exchanges on London 10 a 11 1-4 per cent. prem. Flour is steady at $5 25 for Oswego, and $5 50 a $6 for different brands of Genesee. Southern is $6 a 6 12 1-2; Cornmeal $2 50 a 2 62 per bbl. Wheat is selling at $1 10 a 1 19 for reds, and $1 20 a 1 25 for Genesee. Yellow Corn 58 a 59c.; mixed 56c.; Oats 36c.; Rye 68 a 70c. Provisions less in demand and prices drooping. Groceries unchanged. The Cotton market is heavy and sales are small—prices are with difficulty maintained. Freights 400 bales. Rice steady at $3 25 a 3 50 per 100 lbs. Whiskey is selling at 21 1-2 a 22c. per gallon.

City Intelligence.

U. STATES DISTRICT COURT.—City Bank of Louisiana vs. U. S., and Widow Leonard & als. vs. U. S. These two cases came up before Judge McCaleb, yesterday; T. J. Durant appeared for the plaintiff, and T. J. Durant for the U. S. After the arguments of Counsel on both sides, the Court took both cases into consideration.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Lise Vinette, a free woman of color, charged with larceny, was yesterday put upon her trial and was acquitted. James Hart, charged with assault and battery, was next tried and found guilty. He was sentenced to the mercy of the Court. Eliza Reynolds, charged with larceny, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. The Attorney General then filed a number of bills of information against several prisoners.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT.—A question of some importance was yesterday argued before Judge Kennedy in the case of Bartholemy Pleytas vs. Municipality No One. The plaintiff contended that property owners have the right to make their own sidewalks in front of their property; whilst the counsel for the defendant maintained that the right to pave streets and make sidewalks belongs exclusively to the Municipalities. The Court has taken the case under advisement.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. ONE.—The Council had a special meeting last evening, Recorder Genois in the chair. A message from the Mayor, recommending the appointment of a committee, relative to the celebration of the glorious 4th of July. On motion of Alderman Fabre, a committee was appointed to confer with the committees of the 2nd and 3d Municipality Councils, and of the General Council, to make the proper arrangements for the celebration of the forthcoming anniversary. Messrs. Fabre, Dupre, Barthe, Blanque and Giquel, were appointed on said committee.

On motion of Alderman, Barthe, the Chair was authorized to appoint a special committee of three members, to investigate and report charges made against him by ex-Alderman Bureau. The chair appointed Messrs. Dupre, McNeil and Wiltz—the meeting then adjourned.

The report of the improvement committee, relative to the grading of streets and sidewalks in the rear of the Municipality, and the draining of the 5th ward, was taken up. The reports of several of the city Surveyors were received and read. Alderman Hagan addressed the Council at considerable length upon the subject matter, urging strongly the adoption of some means for the immediate drainage of the Municipality referred to in the report of improvement committee. He therefore, moved that the report be referred to a special committee of three members, four days after the reporting some resolutions at the next meeting. After a protracted debate, a committee was appointed, and the Surveyor ordered to give his opinion upon this subject to the committee. After which, the Council adjourned.

AFFRAY ON BOARD OF A SHIP.—On the 12th of June, in the afternoon, a serious affray took place on board the ship Token, lying in the harbor of the Third Municipality, opposite Port street, between John Rumsom, Thomas Nurse and James Nurse. Mr. Rumsom, it appears, was attacked by the two latter individuals, who knocked him down with a club. The next morning, Mr. Rumsom filed an affidavit against his two assailants, who were immediately arrested, and gave bail for their further appearance. The case was yesterday thoroughly investigated before Recorder Seuzeneau, and referred to the First District Court.

CHARGE OF LARCENY.—George A. White, was yesterday arreaned by officer Everett, of the Second Municipality police, charged with stealing a case of goods, while discharging the ship Militades from Boston, and with having sent the same to Mr. Blache's auction store, to be sold for his (prisoner's) account. These goods belonged to the house of North & Bacon. White gave bail in the sum of $500 for his appearance before Recorder Baldwin, on the 22nd inst.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.—Matilda Raymond was yesterday brought up before Recorder Baldwin, and committed for trial before the First District Court. She is charged with keeping a house of ill fame, at No. 186 Grand street. She has signed a bond of $500 for her appearance before that Court.

BREACH OF TRUST.—About the month of September last, Mrs. Mary Ann Dunlap, f. w. c., entrusted to Mrs. Cayarre, a piece of fine linen valued about $25, for the purpose of making shirts; since that time, she was unable to get either the linen or the shirts, although she applied on several occasions for their delivery. Mrs. Dunlap has consequently filed an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Genois, for breach of trust. Renette Rousseau, f. w. c., is also charged with a breach of trust by a free woman of color named Marie Joseph Rodrigues, who had entrusted her with a sum of $900. Both cases will be shortly and duly investigated before Recorder Genois.

DISORDERLY HOUSE.—Commissary Braun, of the 6th ward, 1st Municipality, caused to be arrested yesterday, the woman Fanny Riley, charged with keeping on St. Philip street, a disorderly house contrary to the police regulations of the Municipality. Fanny was yesterday brought up before Recorder Genois, and ordered to pay a fine of $25, being unable to do so, she was sent to the workhouse for one month.

CELEBRATION OF THE FOURTH OF JULY.—As the Council of the Second Municipality has adopted a resolution, offered by Alderman MARIX, appointing a Committee to confer with the Councils of the First and Third Municipalities, for the purpose of making arrangements for the commemoration of the approaching anniversary of American Independence, we trust that the Councils of the First and Third will co-operate with that of the Second, and that Committees of conference will be appointed. We should like to see the glorious Fourth of July for once celebrated in a style befitting the magnitude of the event of which it is the anniversary, and worthy the patriotism and public spirit of New Orleans.

Council of Municipality No. One.

SITTING of Monday 12th June, 1848.

The Council met this day pursuant to adjournment.

The members present were, the Hon. Joseph Genois, Recorder and President, Aldermen Barnes, Barthe, Duplessac, Duncan, Dupre, Fabre, Gourdain, Hagan, Lanata, Lilly, McNeil, O'Neal and Wiltz—13. Absent, Aldermen Blanque and Giquel—2. Alderman Gurlee, is absent on leave—1.

Mr. Lanata moved that the reading of the minutes of the last sitting be dispensed with.

Mr. Fabre moved that the President be authorized to sign the same, said motions were rejected.

The minutes of the last sitting were read.

The Council was informed that the Surveyor had received so as to make it appear, that in the verbal report made by him on Mr. Cortier's letter, one of the reasons why he begged that the committee be discharged, was that the gentlemen composing said committee could not agree.

The journal, so corrected, was approved.

The following Message from the Mayor was read:

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, 12th June, 1848.

To the honorable the President and members of the Council of Municipality No. One.

GENTLEMEN: I deem it proper to advise you that during the past week a great alarm existed in the back portion of this Municipality from the fact of a child having been severely bit by a dog supposed to be mad, and of his biting a number of dogs in that portion of our city. I immediately promulgated the ordinance passed by the General Council at their sitting of 17th March, 1848; and by the Council of Municipality No. One, under date of 12th August, 1846, and 3d June, 1839, prohibiting dogs from running at large under certain restrictions and penalties, and giving notice that poisoned sausages would be distributed by me after Wednesday, the 14th inst., and respectfully inform you for your consideration.

I would also beg leave to call your attention to the sealed proposals for furnishing lumber, handed in to your honorable body on Monday last, that bearing on the subject referred to me.

Very respectfully, I am, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
CHARLES M. CAIRE, Mayor.

P. S.—I herewith enclose a communication from Mr. Z. Cavelier, on which I call your attention.

Mr. Hagan moved that the said message be taken into consideration, paragraph by paragraph.

The first paragraph, relative to mad dogs, being read, Mr. Hagan moved its reference to a special committee of three, with power to act jointly with the Mayor.

Said motion was adopted.

Mr. Giquel takes his seat.

Mr. Fabre moved that the question be put a second time, which was allowed as all the Aldermen present did not vote.

Mr. Hagan opposed said motion.

The Chair decided that the motion should be taken.

Mr. Hagan appealed from the decision, "that the decision of the chair was maintained." The yeas and nays being ordered for, it appeared that Messrs. Barnes, Barthe, Hagan, Lanata, Lilly and Wiltz, 6, voted in the negative; and that Messrs. Duplessac, Duncan, Dupre, Fabre, Giquel, Gourdain, McNeil and O'Neal, 8, voted in the affirmative. Thereupon said decision was maintained.

On motion to adopt the meeting made by Mr. Barthe, the yeas and nays being called for, it appeared that Messrs. Barnes, Duplessac, Fabre, Giquel, Lilly, McNeil, O'Neal and Wiltz—8, voted in the affirmative and that Messrs. Barnes, Barthe, Duncan, Hagan, Lanata, Lilly, McNeil, O'Neal and Wiltz—8, voted in the negative. Thereupon said motion was declared lost.

On motion of Mr. Hagan, the council took into consideration the sealed proposals for furnish the county in the upper story of the City Hall, and before finishing the action of the same.

4th *Resolved*, That the Surveyor be directed to cause bridges to be made across Girod Canal, wherever they are wanted in that part of Municipality No. One.

E. BARTHE, Chairman.
JOHN DUNCAN.

Mr. Barnes moved to fill the first blank in the first resolution by Monday next, the 19th inst.—Said motion was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Giquel, said blank was filled by the first Monday of July. On motion of Mr. McNeil the word "shall" was ordered to be erased, and the words "in a note at six months, from the day the work is completed and accepted by the Surveyor.

The first resolution as amended was adopted.

Mr. O'Neal moved that the second resolution, relative to Bourgbon and Colins, be taken the order of the day for the next meeting—said motion being rejected—on motion said resolution was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Barnes the third and fourth resolutions were adopted.

Mr. Barthe, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, presented the following report and resolutions, which were separately taken into consideration, and severally being dispensed with.

The Judiciary Committee beg leave to submit the following report and resolution:

In the matter of R. Gobet claiming seven thousand five hundred dollars damages, your Committee report against said claim.

Your Committee recommend the adoption of the resolution presented by J. L. Palfre, Esq., and herewith annexed to make part of this report on filling up the blank with seven hundred dollars.

Resolved, That the Surveyor of the police department be and he is hereby authorized to pay, on the warrant of the Recorder, to F. Provost and J. U. Chevalier, Assessors of Municipality No. One, each, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, for having made the census of the children of Municipality No. One, for the year 1847; provided the aforesaid Assessors have not been paid by the State for taking said census.

With leave, Mr. Fabre, as member of the Judiciary Committee, offered the two following petitions and resolutions—FIRST READING.

Petition of P. Davis, to emancipate his mulatto boy, named George, aged 33 years, with permission to reside in the State.

Petition of Benoit O. Vignaud, to emancipate his mulatto boy Joseph, aged two months, with permission to reside in the State.

Said petitions were referred to the Judiciary Committee.

With leave, Mr. Fabre presented the following resolution, which was taken into consideration, the rules being dispensed with:

Be it Resolved, That the resolution lately adopted by this Council, giving $200 to the several physicians who attended the indigent persons of this Municipality during the last summer, be and the same is hereby repealed.

The yeas and nays being called for, it appeared that Messrs. Barnes, Duncan, Gourdain, Hagan and Lanata—5, voted in the negative, and that Messrs. Barthe, Dupre, Fabre, Giquel, Lilly, McNeil, O'Neal and Wiltz—8, voted in the affirmative. Said resolution was adopted.

Mr. Dupre, Chairman of the Police Committee, presented the following resolution, which on motion was adopted, the rules being dispensed with—

Resolved, That the Surveyor be and he is hereby authorized to purchase 40 barrels of stone lime, and that he be further required to have, as soon as possible, the said lime spread upon the offal and other filth which has been thrown into the basins between Jefferson and Conti streets.

Mr. Fabre moved that the resolution be left to the Aldermen of the Fifth Ward.

The President declared that said motion was out of order.

The Council proceeded to a fourth ballot. The votes being polled, the same Tellers appointed, and on counting the votes, it appeared that out of 13 votes polled—

Mr. A. Lange received	5 votes
Gaudy	4 "
McClellan	4 "

Necessary to a choice 7. The Council proceeded to a fifth ballot—the votes being polled and the same Tellers being appointed, and on counting the votes, it appeared that out of 13 votes polled—

Mr. A. Lange received	8 votes.
" McClellan	4 "
" Gaudy	1 "

Therefore, Mr. A Lange was declared duly elected Commissaire of the Fifth Ward.

On motion of Mr. Lanata, the Council adjourned till Thursday, the 15th inst., at 6 o'clock, P. M.

JN. ROUSSEL, Sec'y.

☞ A gentleman having been in his employ on the plantation that Madam Boyer intends to leave New Orleans in order to fix her residence in New York, she begs to inform her friends and the public, that their request is entirely fruitless. Madam Boyer does not intend to reside in New Orleans, where for the last seventeen years, a liberal encouragement has been extended to her in the exercise of her profession. to

☞ **H. Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor.**—The original and only genuine, always has the written signature of the proprietor, "H Dalley," on the wrapper, and engraved on the Government Stamp in the centre of the top. 151 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Rheumatism May be Cured!

HEWES' NERVINE and BONE LINIMENT and INVIGORATING ELIXIR—A Cure Effected in Rheumatic Affections.—This article is used truly valuable penetrates to every nerve and seam of the person coming in contact with the skin, and is astonishing when qualified by any other article in Rheumatism. This externally, with the Indian Vegetable Elixir internally will cure the worst severe case—stretch contracted muscles, and bring feeling and sensibility to limbs long paralyzed and useless. Sold at the Drug, and Only Genuine Pain Extractor Depot, No. 1 COMMERCIAL PLACE, corner of Chartres and Customhouse streets.

NOTICE.

The British West India Mail Steamer TRENT, Capt. ——, from Vera Cruz, will be at Ship Island on TUESDAY, 20th inst., and will leave the same day for Southampton, (England,) touching at Havana, Nassau and Bermuda.

The mails and passengers for West Indies, will be conveyed to the British Steamer by the Mexican Gulf Rail Road, to Proctor's Landing, on Lake Borgne, and thence by the steamer BELIZAR, Capt. S. Henderson. Where fare, $3. Visitors to the British steamer and return to the city, $6. Passports must be obtained from the Spanish Consul, No. 103 St. Louis street, for Havana.

Passengers are requested to be at the Railroad Depot with their baggage, at 12 o'clock M., on Monday, 19th instant. Letters and newspapers must be deposited at the office of the British Consul, before 10 o'clock A. M., as the mail will be closed at that hour.

For further particulars, apply (during the absence of G. Nusser) at A. Gordon's Office, No. 4 Front Levee.

G. MUSSON,
Comptroller.

je16

SIXTY FRANCS FOR SALE!

MESSRS. J. A. ALLOYON

Inform their numerous customers that they have just received the GREATEST choice of PIANOS that has ever been imported into this city. This assortment of Pianos is composed of splendid GRAND PIANOS, OBLIQUE PIANOS, SQUARE PIANOS, and PIANETTES. All three superior instruments come from Paris, and all manufactured by their *improved system*, so well adapted to the climate of this country.

It is unnecessary to say that no store in this city equals that Messrs. FAVRE & ALLOYON offer to their numerous friends, both for great choice and cheapness.

All their Pianos possess that energy and expression of tone the greatest connoisseur could desire. (*warranted at satisfaction.*)

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Erard's Pianos—Pianos of Pleyel, AT THE SAME PRICE!

PIANOS TO LET AT EVERY PRICE.—No. 44 Conti st. between Chartres street and Exchange Ally. je16

RECORDER'S OFFICE,
Municipality No. One,
Police Jail Block with to 15th June 1848.

Alfred, Jno. Paine, Larue, runaway.
Bruce, C. Chaney, Night Watch.
Farrar, Patrick, Branch, runaway.
Harper, Anne, Whitemore, do.
Jane, Mc. Hunt, Night Watch.
15th June, 1848. O. DE BUYS, Clerk.

Fresh Garden Seeds.—The Subscribers have just received by the ship Rock all, from Philadelphia, a large assortment of fresh Garden Seeds, suitable for Summer and Fall planting, consisting of Cabbage assorted Dumbead Cabbage, Early York Cabbage, Flat Dutch Cabbage, Early Dwarf Cabbage, Long Green Cabbage, Early Cauliflower, Early Nasturtium, Early Red Turnip Radish, Black Eye Marrowfat Peas, Sugar Loaf Cabbage, Berzen Cabbage, Early Cabbage Lettuce, Curled Endive, Green Head Lettuce, Parsenesse Lettuce, Cabbage Lettuce, Red Dutch Lettuce, Long Orange Carrots, Red Orange Carrots, Spinage, Onions, &c. &c., all fresh and of the very best kinds, prices low. Apply to

W. DINN, No. 11 Common st.

Board of Health.

June 15th 1848.

THE following gentlemen have been this day appointed Health Wardens, in accordance with an Act passed to-day by the Board of Health in the Parish of Orleans, March 24th, 1848:

Dr. Jno. Harrison, No. 6, St. Louis st., 1st district 1st Ward.
Samuel Rice, 2nd " 2nd "
J. Fabacher, Jr. 1st " 3rd "
P. Desmarais, Jr. 2nd " 3rd "

A. HESTER,
Secretary Board of Health.

je15

FRENCH Grisettes' Ball.—Grand Masquerade Ball, at the Orleans Theatre, on Saturday evening, June 17th inst. Admission $1. Tickets may be had at the Bar of the Theatre, and at the door, which they offer for sale at the following prices for dancing:

RAVELET & FESTE.
Up Stairs, 35 Chartres st

CONSIGNEES OF THE BRIG ELENA CUNA—Will take notice of the labels found on the bottles, re-marking, on boneboard, the consignment of the Phœnix Co-Partnership, for sale by the subscribers. Call and visit your goods, which are in gold or silver.

J. F. BERCIER & CO.,
54 Old Levee.

GENERAL ASSORTMENT of ALIMENTARY PRESERVES, from La Grande Maison de Conserves Alimentaires—The subscribers especially call the attention of the trade to the above, which are of the finest quality, and put up in the most elegant manner, and from the long experience of the proprietor, in the business, they will confidently have no fear but every one will receive unlimited satisfaction.

FERDINAND FRERES,
Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

COGNAC PELLEVOISIN—On the Consignment of the 17 bales from the first Cognac Petit-Pellevoisin, Quality extra, 40 do do, half pipes dark 40 do do, half pipes pale, 25 do do, Quarter casks dark Cognac Pellevoisin, for sale by

TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
20 Customhouse street.

100 BOXES Brandy Cherries, 125 boxes assorted superfine Confitures, 100 baskets fine Champagne, 200 boxes Prunes, 200 boxes Figs, 100 do Marseilles do, 100 Cases Citron, 200 boxes small Peas, 300 half do, do, 1200 half do Mackerel in oil, 200 half do Trouts, 200 do Salmon, for sale by

TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & Co.,
20 Customhouse street.

BRANDY—6 puncheons Cognac Brandy, 3 & 4 Jno. J. Dupuy & Co. brand, in store, for sale by half do Comete & Martin do, 9 quarter do do do, 3 do do Castillon do, 1 half do A Paquette do, 6 quarter do do do,

FERDINAND FRERES,
21 st. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
17 and 19 St. Louis st.

ABSYNTH—1200 boxes Absynth, of the finest Absynthe brands, Pen & File, Verson & Le Coultre, and Sazerac, Brumpton & Co., for sale by

FERDINAND FRERES,
21 st. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
17 and 19 St. Louis st.

BRANDY IN OCTAVES—20 octaves Brandy, E Debuc, Jno. J. Dupuy & Co. brand, in store, for sale by

FERDINAND FRERES,
Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

HAVANA CIGARS—2 million Imperials, Regalias, Canones, Cazadores, Caballeros, Principes, Milles and from the finest manufactures, from $10 to $60 per thousand, for sale by

je14 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31 Common st.

CHAMPAGNE—25 baskets Champagne Wine, in bottles, and bale, 25 do Cordon Vert, do do, landing, 85 do Cordon Vert, do do, landing, 85 do Gordon Vert, do do, landing, 85 do Gratiaa, for sale by

S. B. GRATIAA, 35 Natchez.

SARDINES IN OIL—4 000 boxes and half do, for sale by

Guibaux, entitled to debenture, for sale by

AUG. MOLIER,
je15 No. 91 Levee st.

SWISS ABSYNTH—60 boxes absynth, of Extra Quality, and Brunetton & Co. brands, entitled to debenture, for sale by

A. MOLIER,
je13 No. 91 Levee st.

SARDINES—100 barrels Bordeaux Claret 30 do do, old Cognac Brandy, J & J Prost's brand, in store and for sale by

TROISGROS & LAMPRE,
je16 No. 96 Old Levee.

MUSLINS—3 bales Patronated Muslins, of Dwight's manufacture, for sale by

TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
je9 1m 99 Customhouse st.

WOOLEN BLANKETS—30 bales 3 points, for sale by

TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO.,
je9-1m 99 Customhouse st.

10 bales Fancy Prints, of Dolfuz, Mieg & Co., 6 do do., for sale by

TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & Co.,
je9 1m 99 Customhouse st.

50 CASES Rebellion Wine, for sale to close a consignment, by

H. DE GOER & RIFFLARD, 21 Magazine st.
je14 LABORDE & XIQUES, 31