MAIRPINS AND HAZING.

"Freshmen" in Girls' College Subjected to Some Strange Restrictions.

The sophomores of Barnard college have promulgated rules for their younger sisters which, says the Wash-Ington Times, are in these dreadful

"Freshmen must not appear on the college grounds in the company of young men.

"Freshmen must not carry parasols until after the inclass basketball game,

and then only if victorious. "Freshmen must not walk on the grass plots or sit on the ledges of Mil-

"The number of hairpins to be worn by freshmen is limited to 12, and none

of these may be ornamental." The penalties for breaking these injunctions are not enumerated, but are doubtless sufficiently dire to make any girl lose all her surplus hairpins at the mere thought of them. It is not the present purpose to descant upon the cruelty of forbidding fresh girls from flaunting their gentlemen friends in the faces of their elder sisters, nor do we strenuously object to the wise economy in parasols enforced in rule 2. Far be it from us even to question the propriety of keeping the yearlings off the grass, or their banishment from the delectable cud-chewing ledges of Milbank hall; but why why should a freshwoman's bairpins be restricted to 12, and these limited to the common old variety known as the button-

By the way, why can't the women's colleges find some other term for the first year girls than freshmen? If it were permitted us to suggest we would use a word that is really descriptive, 'like ."miss-learnings."

LOVED STARS AND BARS.

An Interesting Incident in the Life of President Boosevelt's Mother.

There are many still in Georgia who cherish tender memories of the president's beautiful, aristocratic mother. says the National Magazine. Throughcut her girlhood she was a noted belle, admired everywhere for her beauty, accomplishments, charm of manner and strong mentality. During a visit to her sister in Philadelphia she met Mr. Roosevelt, who was captivated by the levely young southern girl, and the announcement of their engagement soon followed. Felicitations and regrets were intermingled, for many deplored her loss when the bridegroom rode out from the north to claim his bride.

Martha Bullooh Roosevelt loved with ardor her native state, and mourned with anguish the sorrows that the war between the states brought to her people. On one occasion, after hostilities between the north and south had begun and when her northern home was decorated for some festive occasion with American flags, she, to show her loyalty to the south, displayed from her boudoir window the confederate flag, which caused angry sentiments in the crowd that collected in front of the house. They demanded the removal of the flag. She refused when told by Mr. Roosevelt, and no persuasion from ther husband could induce her to withdraw it. So he made a speech to the crowd, by this time a mob, told them bis wife loved the flag, as she was a southern woman, and the mob dis-

BURGLAR FOND OF FLOWERS

The Luxurious Taste of a Housebreaker Betrays Him to the Police

A recent English robbery case, which reads almost like one of the Sherlock Holmes stories, related to the detection of a thief through his fondness for flowers.

The only clew left by the robber of a house near Northampton was a fragment of a flower, whose petals were scattered over the floor. No flowers of the same sort were grown in the garden of the house robbed or by the neighbors, but an investigation of the florist shops in the near-by town showed that a flower of that sort had been purchased the evening before by a man who was recognized from the description given to be a well-known burgiar.

At the trial it was shown that, although the night had been warm, the thief, who was of delicate health, had worn a light overcoat, which crushed the petals of the flower beneath, and these had fallen to the carpet when he had opened his coat to stow away the jewels, which constituted the greater part of the spoils.

Although the clew was a slight one, it was correct, and the luxury loving crook will have no need of flowers to decorate his broad arrow suit for some time to come

Danger Signal, Mrs. Nayber-I see you keep your busband's mustache cup and saucer on the dining table when he is away from home, just the same

Mrs. Crossway-Yes; in case a burglar breaks in, you know, it makes things look as if the man of the house was here.-Chicago Tribune.

Serviceable Ring. "Gay D. Seever tells me that he

has given the same diamond engagement ring to six different girls." "Ah, he has landed a good many birds with one stone."-Pittsburg

Going to the Root. Bacon--A family tree doesn't count

stew for much in politics. Egbert-No; a politician is satisfied he's only allowed to take the stump. - Yonkers Statesman

KILLS BEAR WITH TOY GUN Hunter Lost in Woods Attacked by

Bruin and Her Two Cubs-Slays Two of Them.

Bellefontaine, Pa.-Yawshy Baird. coal operator, of Osceola Mills, and Postmaster John McCamant, of Tyrone, had a moonlight encounter with three bears. The two men left Unionville to drive to the camp of the Ranger Hunting club, of Tyrone, at the head of Beach creek.

On the way they became lost and got out to examine the road, when there was a terrifying growl and an old shebear and two hungry cubs came through the brush. The horses stampeded with the carriage and guns, leaving the two men at the mercy of

the bears The only weapon they had was a 22caliber pocket revolver carried by Baird, and as the mother bear approached on her haunches he stuck the revolver in her face and fired. The ball struck in the right eye and mamma bruin rolled over dead. In the meantime McCamant secured a huge club and attacked the cubs. He succeeded in dispatching one, but the other disappeared with the men's handbag, which they had dropped in the äght.

Being unable to locate the camp of their friends the two men followed the north star and arrived at Snowshoe about midnight, little the worse for their adventure, while the team was found at Unionville. The two men, with a guide, went back on their tracks, secured the carcasses of the old bear and the cub and proceeded on to the camp of the Hangers.

Bears are plentiful in the mountains nearby, as recently the three Bradford brothers, of Center Hall, started out on a hunt of the Seven mountains and before nine o'clock killed an old bear and her two cubs.

LONG JOURNEY TO FUNERAL Sons Travel from South Africa to Butte, Mont., to Bury Father

-Dead Long Time. Butte, Mont.-Traveling all the way from South Africa, Frank Sieneke. George Sieneke and another brother arrived in Butte to be present at the burial of their father, Henry Sieneke. at Mount Moriah cemetery. The interment was private. Mr. Sieneke died in Boulder, Coi., September 28, and his remains were shipped to Butte by his son, Henry Sieneke, who is an employe of the Pittsmont Mining company. They arrived in Butte October 1, being accompanied by the widow. Since that time the body has been lying in the vault at Mount Moriah cemetery awaiting the arrival of the sons, who had expressed a desire to be present when the body of their father was

consigned to the grave. The Messrs. Seineke were on the water more than 30 days from the time they left the southern coast of Africa until they landed in New York city. From that place they traveled as fast as steam could carry them, arriving in Butte tired from their long and strenuous trip, in which they had covered more than half way around the globe.

Mr. Seineke was at one time a resident of Butte and is known to the oldtimers. His son Henry was for a number of years foreman of the Montana Ore Purchasing company shops in this city and has a wide circle of friends. The other members of the family are also well-known here.

HANGS BY TOES ON WAGER Daring Workman on Bridge Nearly Loses Life-Is Severely

Injured. Lancaster, Pa.-On a wager of two

bottles of beer, a foreigner employed on the Pennsylvania railroad improvements at Safe Harbor hung suspended by his toes from the high trestle work spanning the Conestoga river at that place.

The man selected a place on the trestle at a point where the water in the river is very deep, and in a few moments he was hanging head downward with his toes clinging to a narrow scantling.

His horror-stricken fellow workmen expected any minute to see him plunge into the stream, more than 100 feet below, and their fears were soon realized, for in his efforts to get back to an upright position his toes gave way

Although stunned by his fall, the man managed to swim to shore, where it was found that he was severely in-

YALE SCIENTIST SURPRISED

Finds Forgotten Chiriqui Collection Has Unusual Value Among Art Students.

New Haven, Conn.-A discovery of snusual importance has been made at Peabody museum of Yale university. Beginning about the year 1860, the late Prof. O. C. Marsh started the collection of antiques of the Chiriqui Indiana of the province of Panama. He continued buying the collection for 19 years unil 1879. He stored away the collection in unopened boxes in an obscure

part of the museum. Recently George Grant McCurdy, sead of the anthropological section of he museum, opened this almost forrotten collection. It is found to be nuch larger than was expected and to have an exceptional value. It consists of more than 5,000 different objects. argely pottery, and the whole is the nost complete of its kind in the world. The Chiriqui Indians, as represented by the collection, had a civilization in rehistoric times second only to the Aztecs.

HAS A 'PHONE CORN.

PECULIAR MARK ON HELLO GIRL'S EAR.

Afflicted One Tells of Mystery-Most of Her Fellow Workers Are Found to Share the Same Sort of Beauty Spots.

Pittsburg, Pa.-A young business man of the city was sitting in a street car beside a pretty young woman with whom he was holding an animated conversation in the midst of which he was seen to nause and stare fixedly at his fair companion's lett ear. For several moments the young woman continued a monologue. Then she became aware of the fixed gaze of her escort. She stared back for a moment. Then her inquiring look changed tol one of fleeting guilt, finally settling into one of alarm. She made a hasty' grasp for her left ear and then blushed, furiously.

By this time the ear full of people were watching the pantomime. The young man let fall his gaze, smiled happily and then contritely asked the girl to pardon his thoughtlessness in causing her so much embarrassment. but he had seen a spot on her ear which looked as if it needed the attention of a chiropodist. At this remark the young woman again blushed rosy red, but she managed to stammer out that it was the mark of honest toil, the result of being a telephone operator; she guessed one could really call it a corn and not be far off.

Confusion being disnelled by the pleasantries the girl went further and enlightened her companion into mysteries of which he had never dreamed. Nearly all of the centrals have beauty spots such as hers, she said.

The young man, the occupants of the car at large and even the conductor became so intently interested that after a hurried remark to her companion the couple left the car, the woman with a conscious air and the man smiling broadly.

Investigation among the "hello girls" the city shows that many, if not all, are afflicted with a similar mark which, they say, is caused by the constant movement of the receiver against the tragus, the front portion of the exterior ear. They also say that all operators have the sense of hearing more acutely developed in the left than in the right ear owing to their wearing the receiver on the left side almost constantly.

Some of the wiser ones among them have adopted the plan of changing the receiver to the other ear occasionally in the hope of escaping the telltale mark of labor, but to the observing one the calloused spot-can readily be seen, as it has distinguishing features which mark it from a blemish arising

from other causes. Officials of the telephone companies are devising receivers whi der the operator less liable to this disfigurement, for the annoying knowledge that one has the telephone "corn" is beginning to have its effect in diminishing the number of applicants for positions as "hello girls."

SIX CONFEDERATES FOUND.

Bodies of Men Frozen to Death in 1864 Are Discovered After Long Search.

Jeffersonville, Ind.-After a long search the graves of six confederate soldiers, who were frozen to death on the night of January 1, 1864, at the old J., M. & I. railroad depot in this city, have been discovered in the mound in the Eastern cemetery. The soldlers were prisoners sent across the river to be sent to Indianapolis. They were thinly clad. The night turned bitter cold. The Ohio was frozen over and the thermometer indicated 40 degrees below zero. The six men who perished were buried in the cemetery and their companions were sent north the following day.

Capt. John H. Leathers, of George B. Easten camp, Confederate Veterans. of Louisville, instituted a search in order to have their bodies buried in the confederate cemetery at Louisville, and the mound was found in a secluded spot in the old cemetery marked "Lot 17: Six Soldiers." Old citizens said that confederates 30 years ago had

decorated the graves. The remains will be remessed to the confederate lot in Cave Hill, Louisville, by Easten camp. The names of the dead have not been disclosed, but the records may yet turn up.

To Identify Criminals.

Police Commissioner McAdoo, of New York, has decided that he will introduce the French imprint system of identifying criminals in the New York police department, and has announced that for this purpose Detective Sergeant Joseph Faurot will shortly leave for Paris, where he will spend two months studying the methods followed throughout France. Sergeant Faurot is in charge of the Bertillon. measurement system at headquarters and is an expert in that line.

Skating Righ in Air. An ice skating rink on the roof, 310 feet above the street level, is planned by the managers of the Bellevue-Stratford in Philadelphia, and as soon as there is an assurance of continued cold weather the plan will be carried out. The guests will then be able to enjoy the sport by simply taking the elevator, instead of making the leng fourney to the park lakes.

Handle with Care. The country has congress on its hands, and the country will be indeed fortunate if at the end of the session

its hands are clean.

DIES OF IMAGINARY RABIES

Widow Meets Death in Agony as Result of Neighbor's Warnings About Dog Bite.

Philadelphia.-So far as the doctors can ascertain, Mrs. Annie McCue died of imaginary hydrophobia. Her husband Thomas McCue, died a month ago and, although the certificate in the coroner's office states that his death was due to oedema of the lungs, Mrs. Mc-Cue and her friends insist that he died

of hydrophobia. The McCues lived in Geramntown. They were both bitten on June 30 by a pet spaniel, which Mrs. McCue had imprisoned in a spare room because it

had been acting queerly. After she had shut it up, she remembered that there was some linen in the room which the dog might destroy. When she went in to get it the dog slipped past her and ran downstairs. As she went after it the spaniel sank its teeth in her right arm. When her husband pried open the dog's jaws his hands were lacerated.

Not long after that McCue was taken to the Philadelphia hospital suffering with lung trouble, and during the course of long illness the physicians saw no other symptoms.

But the gossips of the neighborhood wagged their heads and whispered to Mrs. McCue that if she was wise she wouldn't let the doctors fool her. She would look the terrible truth in the face and acknowledge that her husband had hydrophobia.

Of course, she knew her own symptoms better than they did, but if they were she they would certainly go to a doctor about that wound on her arm. They didn't want to appear to be Job's comforters, but when a body had a friend that was likely to go mad any minute, bark like a dog, snap at people and suffer the most excruciating agonies, wasn't it the part of mercy to tell her about it?

All this and much more of the same sort so worked upon Mrs. McCue that when her husband died she collapsed. She was taken to the Germantown hospital with symptoms of hydrophobia, and these symptoms steadily became more numerous and more apparent until her death.

SAYS ANIMALS CAN THINK.

Have Intellect and Therefore a Soul, Declares California Professor in Startling Speech.

Berkeley, Cal.-Prof. George H. Howison, head of the department of philosophy at the University of California, startled his class in ethics by declaring that animals have reflective capacity which qualifies them to be classed as reasoning beings with intelligence corresponding to man's intelligence, the latter being assumed to be

immortal. The religion of Buddha was cited by nition given by a great religious teacher to the lower animals, a recognition nowhere granted by Jesus Christ. Buddha had no such conception of the immortality of the soul and the dignity of the individual and the individual life as did Jesus Christ. Christ in this respect grandly transcended the relig-

ious teacher of India. Regarding the intelligence of animais. Prof. Howison said: "Animals have intellect as do men. The difference in intellect consists in the difference in the hindrance to the intellectual faculty. Increased intelligence means increased control, perfected control. Do animals reflect as man does? Undoubtedly they do. If they reflect, then they have intelligence. Once it is admitted that they have intelligence then you must admit that they are to exist eternally. Are animals capable of overturning the hindrance to their Intellectual faculty? I answer yes."

TOWN WILL RUN A THEATER

Gowrie, Ia., Is to Have a Municipal Playhouse Supported by Tax Levies.

Gowrie, Ia.-Gowrie soon will be conducting the only municipal theater in the United States. A large vacant. schoolhouse, by the consent of the citirens at a special election, has been converted into a playbouse.

It will be managed as a department of the city, and if the attendance willnot make it a paying investment the tax levy will be drawn upon to make, good the deficit. Mayor Sorber announces that only the better class attractions will be allowed therein.

He jumped into fame a year ago by announcing that every old maid who remained unwed at the conclusion of leap year would have to pay a fine of \$10. He was single when he issued the proclamation, but was married six weeks later.

Train Runs Into Dining-Boom.

The sensation of having a switch engine and five freight cars pass swiftly through one end of a dining-room was experienced by a party at Hartford City, Ind. The large dwelling of Augustus Andris is only a few feet from the main switch to the Johnson Glass company. While making a flying switch the cars left the track and headed into Andris' house, passing through one corner. The engine stopped with the engineer looking down on a hof supper scattered over the room. The building was knocked off its foundation and the front part of the house demolished. The stove was upset and a fire started, but soon was extinguished. No one was hurt.

Boston's Necessities

Boston spends \$6,500,000 yearly for baked beans, and if some statistician will give the amount expended on eyegiasses it will be an easy matter to compute how much is left for luxuries.

BUYING A CHINESE FAMILY.

Sojourner in Hong-Kong Acquires the Whole Household for Mominal Sum.

Looking about in Hongkong for a congenial household wherein to make my home for a few weeks, I fell in with a most friendly Chinaman-an elderly person whose family consisted of himself, his wife, several children, two sampans and certain wooden gods of various sizes and degrees of power, says a writer in Pearson's Magazine. I acquired the whole for \$15 and was supposed to own everything, including the gods, for a period of three months, with board in the bargain. The food was good, too, well seasoned and palatable, though I did not always know just what I was sating. 1 guined flesh and I really saw something of China during those three months. The old man found his chief occupation in being head of the household and smoking opium, while his wife did washing for the vessels in the harbor, and ran the two sampans. She also acted as my foster mother and sometimes took me in a sampan to collect or deliver laundry, and I found myself indorsing the establishment among the ships of my acquaintance. Often my "foster sisters" took me in tow and we visited the neighbors or some theater, or took delightful, rambles into the country, climbing the terraced hillsides to get a view of the splendid harbor. I really enjoyed being "Jack in clover" for the time, and acquired a great fondness for the Chinese life as I saw it. As a sailor I had let my hair grow long, and I now braided it in a pigtail, put on the national costume, and with tan and a little tint applied by my merry "relations" I passed well enough for a native to have a good deal of sport and to perpetrate a number of jokes, one of which came near landing me in a Chinese prison if not on the execution block.

UNDER THE KNIFE DAILY.

Woman Died Becently Who Had Been in Hire of Vivisectionists for Twenty Years.

Frau Magdalen Gelly, who for 20 years has been known among the medical faculty as the "vivisection rabbit," died at the age of 62 in Vienna.

Frau Gelly exercised the curious calling of a subject for anatomical experiments, and her services were in great demand by the most eminent surgeons. She owed her remarkable reputation as a subject for experiments to an abnormal fermation and development of

her respiratory organs. Over these she had a marvelous command, controlling them at will and a! lowing them to be freely operated upon without the use of anaesthetics. Under the operation she described to the assembled surgeons and students the senlations she experienced in her throat nose, palate, tonsils and other organs under the action of the surgeon's knife.

Frau Gelly reported daily at the Clinical laboratory and at the private houses of the most celebrated doctors of Vienna, usually carrying a black reticule containing all sorts of objects, such as needles, marbles, pins, pencils, etc., intended to be swallowed or passed through her nostrils or ears for experi-

As the "vivisection rabbit" was paid three and sixpence for each sitting and averaged two daily for 20 years, she has left a small fortune, and, having died intestate, the money will probably be appropriated by the medical faculty of the university.

GODDESS' DIRE WRATH. Becent Report from India Describes

Workings of Strange Superstition.

A South Indian correspondent writes: "Recently a very singular report has been abroad among the women of this district respecting the bracelets they wear. The report is to the offict that certain bracelets are very dangerous, i. e., those that are made of Bombay' glass and have small moons and crescents, etc., imbedded in them. It is affirmed that a certain small worm bores its way out of this: glass and bites the wearers of these III-fated bracelets, and that whoever is bitten by this worm becomes afflicted with plague or some equally fatal disease and dies. The worm is said to be a small one with a very hard head.

"The report arose in Pithapuram. where three women are said to have died from the bite, and spread with great rapidity over the whole of the Godavery district. The result has been that thousands of these bracelets have been destroyed of late. The report goes on to say further that this; glass was 'mined' in a quarry where there was an idol of a certain goddess, and that in getting the glass. from the mine the idol was broken, and as a consequence the goddess has been very angry and has sent this disease as a punishment."

Bobby's Idea of It.

"Ma," exclaimed Bobby, "do you like." anyone to bite you?" "No, dear; why?" "Well. Mr. Buttin just bit sister on

the mouth and she put her arms.

around his neck and tried to choke

him. I guess she doesn't like it. either!"-Puck. The Whele Thing. "Yes." said young Benedick, "we went to Niagara Falls on our honey-

moon. Just as soon as we got off the train my wife and I walked right over to see the falls." "Magnificent, eh?" remarked Hicks. You bet! You should have seen all

the men rubbering at her as we walked

slong."-Catholic Standard and Times.

AN OX RACE IN GERMANY.

Beasts Ridden by Their Owner Without Whip or Spurs, Is 4 17 the Rule.

In many of the out of the way districts of Germany ox racing has long been a very popular sport. The entrance fee for the races is small, but the beasts must be ridden by their owners. The rider is not allowed to have either whip or spur and he must ride his animal bareback, trusting to his voice to guide the beast. It is bera that the skill of the rider comes into play, as everything depends upon the training of the ox and the ability of the owner to direct his movements. As the oxen do not race on a track it is no easy matter to guide them. The race course is a field, perhaps a: mile square, the start being made at one side and the finish at the other. Sped is of secondary importance in the race. Like golf, the sport requires. accuracy, and the rider who can forced his lumbering charger to go in a straight line is certain to win.

When all the competitors are lined up at the starting point the signal to begin the race is given. Then the fund commences, for, in spite of the riders efforts, the steeds usually refuse to head toward the finish mark. Besides, the difficulties are greatly increased from the fact that the onlookers are allowed to be in the field and may do anything to interfere with the contestants so long as they do not touch" him or his beast. Though oxen are naturally the least excitable of animals,, the noise of the spectators soot reduces them to a state of utter bewilderment. Often an hour will par before one of the oxen is ridden under the wire. The victor receives a small money prize, which is nothing com? pared to the honors brought him by this victory, and the animal is decorated with garlands of flowers. Among th nessants great events are reckoned from the time so-and-so won the o.

UTILIZING THE ASSASSIN.

English Writer Suggests That H Be Turned Over to the Doctors.

A medical correspondent of the Lot don Lancet suggests that murderers, in stead of being hanged, be turned over to doctors for experimentation. He desires for science the privilege of studyin disease in the "laboratory of the huma body," and thinks that with this oppotunity the scientist "could look forwar" to almost endless possibilities." (these possibilities, observes the Phil delphia Ledger, he neglects to set fort. details, although mentioning transfe ence of bovine tuberculosis and ti. spread of cancer as profitable and inteesting problems, the solution of whiwould be promoted by this plan. I would use the murderer as a field for 'i malign microbe and turn later into a jousting place for a tilt wi the beneficent opposing germ. Science looking on with eye alert, would refer the contest and make record of result Moreover, so sweet is the faith that the correspondent abides, he is confide. the murderer would acquiesce in t scheme of dying slowly, rejoicing not have his last pang accentuated by the

The proposition is not new, nor, fi reasons easy to cite, can it be mai oprative. That the chance of being voured by cancer or phthisis would an alternative be seized with eagerne is an assumption that fails to appers the judgment, tempered as this must by humane impulses. And it is of the consequence. The change would the substitution of torture for quick d patch, and be on a plane with the Chin method known as "the death of a th sand cuts," a title grimly explanatory the process.

presence of the uncultured hangman

Messages in Ancient Times. Carrying messages in olden tir ealled for much ingenuity. "Noth... in the world," wrote Herodotus; borne so swiftly as messages by Persian couriers." They had ove ! hundred stations, each a day's jour & from the other, and a regular seria of riders carried messages to and at the rates of from 60 to 100 mile day. They had their "through a riers," too, for in the case of a cially confidential message, the was tattooed on the shaven head. man, whose hair was allowed to g before he began his journey, so: his letter might be concealed until reached his goal, where, of course. would be reshaved.

Boers Revere Buller. Fall In a letter to an English fram. South African farmer writes: "M of the fighting Boers have told me i are quite willing to erect a statue Gen. Buller's memory in this cour. They declare he is the only man came out to fight them in a strate forward manner."

Pride, Not Anger. Miss Prism-Don't let your dog me, little box.

Little Boy-He won't bits, ma'a "But he is showing his teeth." "Certainly he is, ma'am, and if had as good teeth as he has y show 'ema too."-Stray Stories.

Pity of It. "A pactty woman's lips," rema the sentimental youth, "remind of a rose." "Yee," rejoined the ex-backelor,

her tongue reminds me of the th --- Chicago Daily News. Big Inducement.

Dolly-Every time you call, make love to me. I'm getting tir it. How can I induce you to stop Cholly-Marry me and I'll pronever to make love to you man Cleveland Leader.

L'ABEILLE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLÉANS

Let très spendes en l'apprelant e sans tous les Etats du Bace. Su publicité ofire dons au commerce les avantages excentionneus. Prix de l'abonnements sur l'anis : Buitieu Oxotidienne II 2.09 Relition habdo madale v \$4.00.