

VENTES A WENCAN.

Par J. T. Bauduc. Il sera expose en vente, le 26 du courant, a 4 heures de l'apremidi, le fond d'une Boutique de confection, dans la maison de feu Arnault, rue de la Levée, No 111.

PAR F. DUTHELET. Il sera vendu le 26 de Juin prochain, a midi, a la bourse Hewlett, par ordre de la Cour des Preuves de la paroisse St. Bernard, provenant de la succession de feu M. Francois Garic,

UNE MAISON situee rue Bourbon, entre les rues Conti et Bismarck, sur un Terrain de 40 pieds de face sur 30 pieds de profondeur, mesure française. Conditions: — Un tiers comptant, un tiers a six mois, et un tiers a un an de terme, avec billets endossés a la satisfaction du juge de la paroisse St. Bernard, et hypothèque jusqu'au parfait paiement.

VENTE PAR LE MARSHAL. A. Hodge contre A. Dewzac. EN vertu d'un writ de fieri facias, a moi adresse par Phou. G. Praval, j'exposerai en vente Mercredi, le 24 courant, a 4 heures, au Prince pal, divers meubles de maison et des vieux livres, tels que romans, historiques.

Vente par le Marshal. Théodule Perin h. c. l. re. Zami Lamothe h. c. l. EN vertu d'un writ de fieri facias, a moi adresse par Phou. F. Grima, juge president de la Cour de Cité, j'exposerai en vente, Jeudi le 25 de Juin, au café de Hewlett, a midi, un Cheval baye et un Bray, saisis dans l'affaire ci-dessus.

VENTE PAR LE MARSHAL. John Curtis vs. John Arbo. EN vertu d'un writ de fieri facias, a moi adresse, par Phou. G. Praval, juge associe, j'exposerai en vente, Jeudi, le 18 courant, a 4 heures, au bureau du Marshal de cite, No. 55, rue St. Anne, le fond d'une boutique de comestible consistant en liquors, barriques, sucre, cafe et c.

VENTE PAR LE MARSHAL. Le Maire, les Aldermen et les citoyens contre Ve. Suzanne. EN vertu d'un writ de fieri facias, a moi adresse, par Phou. F. Grima, juge president de la Cour de Cité, j'exposerai en vente le Samedi 6 de Juin prochain, a midi, a la bourse de Hewlett, encoignure des rues de Chartres et St. Louis, un lot de Terre avec les batisses qui s'y trouvent, situés dans la rue St. Pierre, mesurant (plus ou moins) 3500 pieds de face, et a peu pres 125 de profondeur (mesure française). Le plan, visé par le voyer de la ville, sera expose au moment de la vente.—Ledit lot de terre, saisi dans l'affaire ci-dessus.

BATAILLON D'ARTILLERIE. Le Bataillon d'Artillerie prendra les armes Dimanche prochain 21 du courant, en costume d'ete. L'appel se fera a 5 heures et demie du matin.

AVIS.—Une personne possédant les langues Anglaise, Française et Espagnole, desirerait donner des leçons dans des maisons particulieres, s'adresser au bureau de cette feuille. 18 juin.

Arrow Root and Locust. ST. Domingo Arrow Root and Locust, par Schr. Frankha, from Aux Cayes, for sale by D. G. BORDUZAT & Co. June 15 108, Royal street

AVIS.—Le sous-signe devant s'abonner de ce pays pour quelque temps, prévient ceux qui lui pour obtenir le paiement de leurs comptes, comme aussi, ceux qui lui doivent de vouloir bien solder au plus bref delai leur créance.

ARROU ROOT & CASSE. ARROU Root & Casse de St-Dominge en débarquement de la goëlette Frankha des Cayes, a vendre par D. S. BORDUZAT. 15 Juin. 108 Rue Royale.

OLAIRES. Le sous-signe a l'honneur de venir les Dames et Messieurs de cette ville, qu'il vient d'ouvrir sa glaciere rue de Chartres, entre St. Louis et Conti. On trouvera tous les jours dans son etablissement, des glaces a tous les parfums, aux fruits d'Europe et des colonies, Punch a la Romaine, Sorbets de toute espece, &c., le tout confectionné par lui-même, et avec le plus grand soin.

PASAGE PARA ESPAÑA. La hermosa fragata ANA, su capitán Skait, saldrá para CADIZ dentro de pocos dias; pue admitir 10 ó 12 pasajeros. Se darán informaciones a bordo del buque, que está amarrado al astillero de Seguin, frente de la ciudad, ó en casa de W. ALDERSON, N.º 38. calle de la Levé June 16

FOR BORDEAUX. The superior coppered and copper fastened ship SEINE, captain Tyson, will sail for the above port on or before the 25th instant. For freight of 200 bales or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to the captain on board, opposite St. Philip street, or to D. G. BORDUZAT & Co. June 6 108, Royal street



PRINTED DAILY, BY F. DELAUF. St. Peter-Street, between Bourbon & Royal. NEW ORLEANS: THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1829.

New-Orleans.—On Tuesday a negro wench named Phabe, was arrested on accusation of having murdered her mistress, Madame Leonard, a lady living in the faubourg St-Mary. This lady, aged above 60 years, was alone at the time of the attack, and her cries having called in the neighbours, they discovered Mad. Leonard in the arms of her slave who appeared desirous to throw her into the well.

—A young negro belonging to Mr Holland and employed on board a steam boat, fell into the river on the same day, and was drowned.

—On the same morning, the body of a white man was found in the river.

—A lady of this city has been delivered of a fine bouncing female child being about thirteen inches in length. The child is in perfect health and is likely to do well: she is born since 15 days.

IMPORTANT. By private letters received on Tuesday from Havana, it appears that the Spanish Government is about to send out an expedition against the province of Yucatan. The squadron, is composed of the following vessels, the ship of the line Soberano, the frigates Lealtad and Restauracion, the brigs Marte and Cautivo, the schooner Hubanero, and several others, and is to sail on the 25th instant, for Campeachy. The number of troops amounting to 4 or 5000 men, under the command of general Miranda Cabezon.

From the New-York American. By the France from Havre, we have our Paris papers to the 20th ult. inclusive—the same dates which the London papers of the 23, received by the Napoleon, furnished. Of course all the intelligence of particular interest in the papers was thus anticipated. Some details, however, remain to be gleaned.

The vacancy in the ministry still continued—and the Journal des Debats of the 16th says, that owing to the absence from the Council, by reason of severe indisposition, of M. Hyde de Neuville, whom France could not see without uneasiness, prevented from taking part in the choice of a successor to M. de la Ferronaye, no immediate decision was likely to be made.

Among the persons named as possible candidates, are the Duke de Laval, M. Pasquier, M. Chateaubriand, Admiral Riguy, (who retired for health from his command in the Archipelago,) the Duke of Fitz-James, M. Raynéval, and M. St Priest. It is hinted that Admiral Riguy will be created a Peer, for his services at Navarin, and in the Greek campaign.

Nothing is manifested of the future intentions of ministers respecting their commercial and departmental laws. We have read with care and gratification, the whole debate in the Chamber of Deputies on the law, and are more than ever confirmed in our regrets that the liberty party should, by their too eager graspings, have driven the government to the necessity of withdrawing the projects prepared by them. It is well said by the Journal des Debats, in expressing its regret at the issue, "that it is sufficient that the project of a law, or of an administrative measure, contains within itself the seeds of improvement, in order that we should rely upon time to bring those seeds to maturity; and, therefore, when such a law is proposed, there is a thousand times less in convenience in adopting it, than in rejecting it indefinitely. The time will always come, and is never very distant, when that which is only comparatively good, will become absolutely so." These laws consecrated the principle of making the municipal and departmental officers elective, instead of being, as they now are, immediate emanations from throne. The number of electors was, it is true, very much circumscribed; so that more than one third of the electors of Deputies were precluded from voting, for what answers to our assessors and supervisors; yet the great boon of rendering these officers elective at all, being yielded by the Ministry under the express reservation that if accepted at all it must be as it was offered we cannot but think it should have been accepted at once; relying upon time and the certain operation of the elective principle, to improve its character.

France, in common, it seems, with all Europe, is suffering distress in its agriculture, commerce and manufactures. It is in the wine districts, however, that this distress seems to be greatest; and the table of the Deputies is loaded with petitions for relief. The Ministers of Finance presented accordingly a bill for reducing the excise on wine, and M. Basset, R. Grand, directed

tor-general of indirect contributions, stated the grounds and explained the details of the measure.—He totally denied that the distress complained of, was attributable to excessive taxation. The proprietors of vineyards found great difficulties in disposing of their produce but the glut was owing to causes distinct from government duties. The great accumulation of wine in the cellars of the proprietors had been produced by abundant vintages combined with other circumstances of a temporary or accidental nature. These circumstances the honorable deputy stated to be the increase of the land under cultivation the means employed to augment the quantity of wine at the very expense of its quality, the minute division of landed property favorable to the extension of vineyard the use of other substances, besides wine in the distillation of brandy, and the distillation of wine drinking in certain classes of society.

In looking for the best mode of stimulating consumption by reducing duty it was thought best to cancel the portion of the excise which is levied on wine at the gates of towns.—This duty was often evaded, and the means employed for its collection imposed restrictions on trade disproportionate to its produce.—The elevation of the tax would amount to about 15,000,000 or 16,000,000 francs, or 3,000,000 dollars, from the mode in which the excise on liquors is apportioned on towns of different amounts of population, Paris alone will be benefited by the remission to the amount of half the whole reduction.

Aboriginal Customs.—The Cherokee Phoenix has the following account of the subdivision of the Indian tribes into clans and the peculiar usages to which that subdivision gives rise. These clans have hitherto in many authors been confounded with tribes. For example it is said that the tribe of which a person who had been murdered was a member were bound to revenge his death. It appears, however, from this notice that the tribe were under no obligation of this sort, and that the business of avenging the death of an individual, belonged to his clan, who were all considered as his relations.

Indian Clans.—Most of our readers probably know what is meant by Indian clans. It is no more than a division of an Indian tribe into large families. We believe this custom is universal with the North American Indians. Among the Cherokees are seven clans, such as Wolf, Deer Paint, &c. This simple division of the Cherokees formed the grand work by which marriages were regulated, and murder punished. A Cherokee could marry into any of the clans except two, that to which his father belongs, for all that clan are his fathers and aunts, and that to which his mother belongs, for all of that clan are his mothers and sisters, a child invariably inheriting the clan of its mother. This custom which originated from time immemorial was observed with the greatest strictness. No law could be guarded and enforced with equal caution. In times past, the penalty annexed to it was not less than death. But it has scarcely, perhaps never been violated, except within a few years. Now it is invaded with impunity, though not to an equal extent with other customs of the Cherokees.

But it was the mutual law of clans as connected with murder, which rendered the custom savage and barbarous. We speak of what it was once, not as it is now, for the Cherokees after experiencing sad effects from it, determined to and did about twenty years ago in a solemn council, abolish it. From that time murder has been considered a government crime. Previous to that the following were too palpably true, viz.

The Cherokees as a nation, had nothing to do with murder! Murder was punished upon the principle of retaliation. It belonged to the clan of the murderer to revenge his death.

If the murderer fled, his brother or nearest relation was liable to suffer in his stead.

If a man killed his brother he was amenable to no law or clan.

If the murderer (this however is known only by tradition) was not as respectable as the murdered, his relative, or a man of his clan of a more respectable standing was liable to suffer.

To kill under any circumstances whatever, was considered murder, and punished accordingly.

Our readers will say, "those were savage laws indeed." They were, and the Cherokees were then to be pitied, for the above were not mere inspirative laws, but most rigorously executed. But we can now say with pleasure that they are all repealed, and are remembered only as vestiges of ignorance and barbarism.

Revolving Masts.—Lieutenant Shuldham, of the Royal Navy, has lately introduced to public notice an invention which would it answer his expec-

tations, will effect a complete alteration in the mode of managing ships. Perhaps the enemies of innovation may lift up their voices at once against a plan that threatens to extinguish tars of Old England. He is going to away with ropes and rigging, braces and balyards, and banish from use the unctuous substance that gives them their shortest and most favored name. A ship will then be as clean and bright as a drawing-room fire-place; our sailors may wear gloves and use perfumes like fair ladies, and may realize the women's notion of having nothing to do but to sit down and let the wind blow them along. The invention consist in making the whole mast of the vessel turn round on its end. It passes through the deck of the vessel as usual; but instead of being fixed in the keel it there turns on its own end.—The machinery for turning it consists in the model we momentarily inspected, of a series of booms worked on deck. The mast is supported by wooden beams instead of rigging; the wards can be hoisted up and lowered down, and the sails reefed by similar machinery to that which turns round the mast. No masts are stepped one above another; the sails in the model, actually work themselves; and are trimmed by the force of the wind in the best possible manner, either to exert their greatest effect in impelling the vessel or in case of sudden tempest, to shiver harmlessly in the wind.—Lieutenant Shuldham's idea, we believe is quite novel. The plan is not yet complete. We understand, however, that the admiralty has so far given the plan its sanction, as to order a vessel to be fitted at Woolwich under the inventor's direction; and if we are permitted when the scheme is brought to the test of experiment, we shall look at it with a scrutinizing eye. At present we beg to be understood as giving no opinion on the merits of the suggestion.

The same ingenious individual has made some improvements in blocks, by which friction is so much lessened that one fourth of the power is saved. The model of a vessel, with revolving masts, and these blocks, were exhibited last week at the Mechanic's Institution, and explained by Dr. Birkbeck to a numerous audience. Even. Post.

From the Missouri Republican. Head Quarters, West. Dept. Jefferson Barracks, 18th April, 1829. Notice is hereby given, that a detachment of two hundred troops under the command of Major Riley, of the 5th Regiment of Infantry will proceed from Cantonment Leavenworth about the 1st of June on the Santa Fe road to the Arkansas river, for the protection of Caravans engaged in commercial intercourse with the provinces of New Mexico.

The detachment will halt at some position on the Arkansas, for the return of Caravans till some time in Oct. when it will fall back upon the frontier.

H. AKINSON. Brig Gen. U. S. A. com West. Dept.

Whole Advice to young Men.—Begin life with the least show and the least expense possible; you may at pleasure increase both, but you cannot easily diminish them. Do not think your estate your own while any man call upon you for money and you cannot pay; therefore, begin with timorous parsimony. Let it be your first care to be in no man's debt. Resolve not to be poor; whatever you have span less. Poverty is a great enemy to human happiness it certainly destroys liberty and it makes some virtues impracticable and others extremely difficult.

Grog Drinkers Reflect.—A very young man once got addicted to the use of tobacco, and was entirely cured by a friend who desired him to cast up the sum total of the expense should he live to the age of 70, at only one cent a day, including the interest annually.—The young man found it amounted to upwards of One Thousand Dollars. He at once threw away his tobacco box. Let those who spend from 5 to 10 cents a day in aident spirit sit down and count the cost. Nine tenths of them would have cash on hand to purchase good farms, and enough left to stock them handsomely.—Keene Semi.

FOR BORDEAUX, The fast sailing ship SEINE, captain Tyson, will sail as above in a few days. For passage only, there being but two more births to dispose of, apply to D. G. BORDUZAT, Royal street, No. 108 June 18

MARSHAL'S SALE. Mayor, Aldermen &c. vs. W. Colen. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 29th June, at 12 o'clock at noon, at Hewlett's Coffee-House, one Horse and Dray—seized in the above suit. June 18 L. DAUNOY, marshal

MARSHAL'S SALE. J. Welch vs. P. Phelps. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge, I shall expose to sale on Tuesday the 30th of June, at 12 o'clock at noon, at Hewlett's Coffee-House, one Dray and Horse—seized in the above suit. June 18 L. DAUNOY, marshal

MARSHAL'S SALE. J. Currier vs. J. R. Hyde. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 22d instant, at 4 o'clock, at the Principal, 3 bags Coffee seized in the above suit. June 12 L. DAUNOY, marshal

John Curtis vs. John Arbo. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias directed to me by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge, I shall expose to sale on Thursday the 18th instant, at 4 o'clock, at the City Marshal's Office No. 55, St. Ann street, the contents of a Grocery Store, consisting of Flour, casks, sugar, bottles, decanters &c. seized in the above suit. June 6 L. Daunoy, marshal

THE Subscriber has the honour to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of this city, that he has just opened his ICE CREAM HOUSE, in Chartres at, between St. Louis and Conti streets, where may be had every day ICES of all different perfumes of European and Colonial fruits, Roman Punch, all kinds of Sorbets, &c. all made by himself with the greatest care. He also informs the public, that the ices sold as being of his make, in the streets and in other establishments, are not made by him; ices of his make are only to be found at his Ice Cream House, as above. June 16 E. SERREAU.

Havana Sweet Meats. THE subscriber has received by the last arrivals from Havana an assortment of Sweet Meats which he offers for sale at his store, corner of Orleans & Bourbon streets B. TURPIN

ECHES received by the ship Shepherdess, from Gottenburg, and

SALES AT AUCTION.

By Joseph Th. Bauduc. ON the 26th inst. at 4 o'clock P. M. will be exposed for sale the Stock of a GROCERY STORE, in the house of the late Arnault, on the Levee, No. 111. Also, the next day, before the Exchange, at 12 o'clock, A HORSE AND GIG, all to close a concern. June 10

Marshal's Sale.

MARSHAL'S SALE. BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias, to me directed by the hon. Grima, presiding judge of the City Court, I shall expose to sale, on Saturday, the 18th of July next, at 12 o'clock noon, at Hewlett coffee house, a Lot of Ground No. 10 in the square No. 2, suburb Annonciation, measuring 60 feet front on the New Levee street, and by 120 feet depth, seized at the suit of Samuel Herman et son and William Moore—June 18 L. DAUNOY—Marshal.

MARSHAL'S SALE. Clapier vs. Emelie Toussaint. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge, I shall expose to sale on Saturday the 17th of June, at 4 o'clock P. M. at the Principal, two Bureaux, set of Chairs, Glass, Armoire &c.—Seized in the above suit. June 18 Ls. DAUNOY, marshal

MARSHAL'S SALE. BY virtue of alias plusias fieri facias, to me directed by the hon. Felix Grima, presiding judge of the City Court, I shall expose to sale on Friday the 26th of June, at 4 o'clock, at the Principal, a mahogany Press, 3 mahogany Bureaux, a mahogany dining Table, a tea Table, a Desk, an harn-Chair, a rocking Chair, a very handsome Bureau with glasses.—Seized at the suit of J. S. Relf. June 18 Ls. DAUNOY, marshal

MARSHAL'S SALE. A Council vs. A. Fournier. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate Judge of the city court, I shall expose to sale, on Friday the 19th of June, at 4 o'clock, at the Principal, 1 Armoire, 1 Sofa, 1 Dining Table, and sundry other articles of household Furniture—seized in the above suit. June 10 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

MARSHAL'S SALE. J. F. Handolph vs. Roberts. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Friday the 19th instant, at 4 o'clock, at the Principal, six barrels of Flour and two Horses and Carts, with other articles—seized to the above suit. June 10 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

John Miller vs. Agathe Lachaise, f. m. of c. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 22d of June, at 4 o'clock, at the Principal, an Armoire and sundry articles of Furniture, seized in the above suit. June 13 L. DAUNOY, marshal

J. Hobbes vs. Capt. L. D. Balking of the flat-boat P. Jackson No. 1; Wm. Haynes vs. the same. BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale on Monday the 13th July next, at 4 o'clock P. M. at the premises, a Flat Boat named P. Jackson, No. 1, seized in the above suit. June 13 L. DAUNOY, marshal

THEodule Perin, f. m. c. vs. Zami Lamothe f. m. c. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. F. Grima, presiding judge, I shall expose to sale on Thursday the 25th day of June inst. at Hewlett's Coffee-House, at 12 o'clock at noon, one bay Horse and Dray, seized in the above suit. L. DAUNOY, marshal June 15

A. Hoig Jr vs. A. Dayzac. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, I shall expose to sale on Wednesday the 24th instant, at 4 o'clock P. M. at the Principal, sundry articles of household Furniture, and old Books, such as Novels, History &c. seized in the above suit. June 15 Ls. DAUNOY, marshal

MARSHAL'S SALE. Lafferandrie vs. J. R. Hyde. BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon. G. Praval, associate judge, I shall expose to sale on Monday the 22d instant, at 4 o'clock, at the Principal, 3 bags Coffee seized in the above suit. June 12 L. DAUNOY, marshal

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