The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

No. 501, VOL. VIII.—NEW SERIES.
VOL. XXI.—WHOLE No. 5503.

LEGAL ADVERTISING PAPER.....NEW-ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 16, 1847.

MAGNE & WEBSB, PRINTERS,
No. 61 Chartres, and 13 Camp street.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

DAILY PAPER, (one year in advance).....$12 00
COUNTRY PAPER, Semi-weekly, (one year in advance).....5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines for each language, on the first insertion, and fifty cents that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged as follows: One dollar for every TEN lines, for each language, and for each insertion.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business and in extent to one square every other day.

CANDIDATES

For Congress.

☞ We are authorized to announce EDGAR MONTEGUT as a candidate to represent the First District in Congress, at the ensuing election.

For Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

☞ We are authorized to announce CHARLES CLAIBORNE as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans at the ensuing election, to be held on the first Monday in November next. if

☞ We are authorized to announce JOHN L. LEWIS, the present incumbent, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, at the approaching election in November next. 3054

Collector of State Taxes.

☞ Please announce AURELIEN A VERRET as a candidate to the office of Collector of State Taxes, for the Fourth Representative District, which is comprised between Esplanade street and Elysian Fields, the River and the Lake.

☞ Please to announce Mr FREDERIC BUISSON as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes for the fourth representative district, composed between Canal and St. Louis streets.

☞ Please announce CHS. V. HURTUBISE, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes for the Fourth Representative District, at the election to be held on the 1st November next. The District ranges from Canal to St. Louis street.

Editors Bee—Please announce Mr. THOMAS HOPKINS as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes for the Fourth Representative District at the ensuing November election. The district is composed between Canal and St. Louis streets.

AT THE REQUEST OF MANY FRIENDS

☞ *Messrs. Editors*—Please announce Mr. JOHN TH. DE FOUR, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes, for the Sixth Representative District, composed of the 6th and 7th municipal wards of the First Municipality.

☞ We are authorized to announce Mr. A. TEMIER DUPATY, as a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes, for the Fifth Representative District, composed of the 5th and 8th municipal wards of the First Municipality.

Editor—Please announce that Mr. VICTOR ANDRY is a candidate for the office of Collector of State Taxes for the Sixth Representative District, comprising the 6th and 7th municipal districts of the First Municipality.

☞ We are authorized to announce GEORGE WRIGHT, the present incumbent, as a candidate for the office of Second Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans, at the approaching election in November next.

☞ We are authorized to announce the Hon. TO. PAYSON as a candidate for the office of Third Justice of the Peace, for the district comprised between Canal and St. Louis streets.

☞ Please announce that ALEXANDER DERBES is a candidate for the office of Fourth Justice of the Peace, for the Parish of Orleans, at the next 1st November election.

☞ We are authorized to announce Mr. MAT. NOLTE, CATRET, the present incumbent, as a candidate for the office of Second Justice of the Peace, for the Parish of Orleans. The district of the 4th Justice of the Peace is composed of the 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th municipal wards of the 1st Municipality, and is comprised within St. Louis and Esplanade streets.

☞ We are authorized to announce ETIENNE MONTREUIL as a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fourth District of the Parish of Orleans, at the approaching November election.

☞ We are authorized to announce ANDRES SERPAS, Jr. as a candidate for the office of Associate Coroner, and candidate for Constable of the First Justice's Court, at the election to be held on the 1st Monday in November next. He will be supported by his numerous friends, and his district extends from Julia street to Lafayette Road.

☞ Please to announce Mr. ALEXANDER BALDWIN, as a candidate for the office of Constable of the Second District of the Parish of Orleans, at the election which will take place on the first Monday of November next.

HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS

☞ Please announce JOHN J. HOOPER as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable of the First District of the Parish of Orleans, at the election which will take place on the first Monday of November next.

HIS FRIENDS

Auditor of Public Accounts.

☞ We are authorized to announce THOMAS D. HAILES, of New Orleans, as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, at the ensuing October election.

☞ We are authorized to announce LOUIS BORDELES, of Ouachita, as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, at the approaching election.

☞ We are authorized to announce ROBERT J. KERR as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, at the approaching election.

☞ We are authorized to announce A. M. BUARD, of Baton Rouge, as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Public Accounts, at the next general election.

☞ We are authorized to announce Mr. CLARK WOODRUFF, for the present incumbent of that office, as a candidate for AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS. 3029

For Justice of the Peace.

Messrs. Editors—Please announce me in your columns as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, Third District, Parish of Orleans.

P. L. B. DUPLESSIS.

☞ We are authorized to announce C. B. BEVERLEY as the present incumbent, as a candidate for the office of Third Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans at the approaching election in November next.

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For Coroner.

☞ Please announce ROBERT SPEDDEN, the present incumbent, as a candidate for re-election, for the office of Coroner of the parish of Orleans.

☞ Please announce that Doctor J. C. LANDREAU will be a Candidate for the three offices of Coroner, at the ensuing election, which will take place on the first Monday of November next.

HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS

Army Post Folio.

By Capt. D. P. WHITING, 5th Infantry, U. S. A.

CONTENTS:

No. 1. HISTORY OF THE ENCAMPMENT OF THE U. S. ARMY AT CORPUS CHRISTI, October 1845.

No. 2. MONTEREY, a description of the Town on the East side of the Mexican Plaza, after the Capture of the 21st September, 1846, by the U. S. Forces.

No. 3. HEIGHTS OF MONTEREY, with 20 Designs, commanded by Gen. Worth, in the operations on the 21st and 22d September, 1846. Giving, after the action of the 21st, the VALLEY TOWARDS SALTILLO, with the road [illegible] and was intended for Army coming [illegible] VIEW OF MONTEREY, from Independence Hill, [illegible] Bishop's Palace, with the village of Obispo in the distance, [illegible] Saltillo mountains in the distance.

Price one dollar each engraving, or four dollars for the Port Folio complete.

Just published and for sale at the New Orleans Booksellers' Warehouse.

J. B. STEEL,
No. 11 Chartres st.

sep27

STORAGE—On the first floor in the fire proof store No. 20, Custom-house st.

Dg. FOREST & Co.

REMOVAL—The subscriber has removed his Store to No. 19 Conti street, between Old Levee and Chartres streets.

FOUGET FILS.

REMOVAL. McDOWELL & PECK, have removed their Stove Repository, between Camp and Magazine streets. sep28 1m

MR. FERDINAND DASILVA is our duly authorized agent during our temporary absence from the city. EDWARD BARNES,
Rep. Ag'y.
Orleans, August 23d, 1847.
aug28 GEKARD & FERRIER.

Dyeing and Scouring by Steam.
SILK STUFFS WATERED.
PERINAUD,
136 CHARTRES STREET..... 136

THE patrons and friends who wish their Silks to be made as fresh as when new, are requested to call and look at samples at this store, where work is performed as fine as at Paris establishments.

THE NEW CYLINDER IN THIS CITY FOR WATERING AND GIVING A NEW GLOSS TO SILKS.

Ladies' and gentlemen's clothing scoured and renovated. Tradesmen obtain very moderate prices. Branches of this house, in Charles street, corner Canal; in Exchange alley, between Maudand St. Philip.

Workmen wanted. sep16 3m

New Orleans Paper Mill.

WRAPPING PAPER, very superior, various sizes. Sugar Loaf, Blue and White Papers, best quality. Bands, Lead, Blue and Sugar Papers, &c. &c. Printing Papers of all sizes—all at lowest wholesale factory prices.

may 7 ly A. GIRAUDAN, Agent, 6 Front Levee.

MAHREAU Dr. Hair Dresser and Perfumer, corner of Royal and Orleans streets, is now receiving per ship Bromwich, a large assortment of BOUVIN GLOVES, for ladies and gentlemen. sep16

SOLAR LAMPS, CANDLESTICKS, &c.—The subscribers invite the public to call and examine a complete assortment of fancy articles, selected by Mr. Maspereau in the best manufactories of the North, and which they offer at very reduced prices.

S. MASPEREAU & CO.,
No. 9 Conde street.
sep11

GRATES, GRATES—700 grates for sale at very moderate prices, by the subscribers, who will purchase up.

S. MASPEREAU & CO.,
29 Conti st.
sep27

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Saturday Morning, Oct. 16, 1847.

For Congress—Second District.

B. G. THIBODEAUX.

House of Representatives.

First District—I. WIGHTMAN SMITH, P. A. WARFIELD.

Third District—W. H. AVERY, J. T. RUSSELL, A. C. BULLITT.

Fourth Dist.—PRESTON W. FARRAR, THEO. ZACHARY, GREER B. DUNCAN.

Fifth District—ARNOLD BODIN, JULES MOLAISON.

Sixth District—ARMAND PILIE, JOHN WATKINS.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Washington.

A Growing Indian War.

The Independence *Expositor*, an able journal published on the frontier of Missouri, contains an article warning the Government of the United States that a long and bitter struggle is approaching with the predatory Indian tribes inhabiting the immense region that stretches between the Western States and the Pacific. Two causes, says the *Expositor*, conspire to render this inevitable. First, the great numerical force of the Indians and the rapid diminution of the Buffalo upon which they exclusively subsist. Second, the unwise credulity of our Government; its slow and reluctant recognition of the approaching danger, and the levity exhibited by the President and Cabinet in their treatment of existing difficulties. The Creek, Black Hawk and Florida wars, were all brought upon us by the slight attention with which the Government met the first hostilities, and endeavored to tinker up discontents with inadequate and inflaming remedies. According to the same authority, the struggle with the Cherokees and Creeks, who have never exceeded 25,000, has employed armies passing 30 000 men in the aggregate, and exhausted $50,000,000. The Black Hawk war employed 7,000 troops, and cost $9,000,000—the Indian for never surpassed 500 Warriors. The Florida war employed 40,000 troops, lasted ten years, and cost $35,000,000. Florida, from first to last, never contained over 1,700 Indian Warriors.

The difficulties to be encountered in a contest with the Western tribes, are numerous. Their Warriors are mounted and roam over plains more extensive than the whole Territory of our Confederated States. Their subsistence is the buffalo, which is their food, clothing, lodges, saddle s, robes and fuel. They are the Bedouins of this Continent, save that they are wilder, more intractable and more savage, and that in the vast extent of country which they inhabit, it is more difficult to trace or pursue them, and nearly impossible to penetrate from what point their assault will come. In regard to their numbers, nothing official has ever been determined, but the *Expositor* states, from the positive knowledge of the writer, that the aggregate number of the Indian tribes who depend every season upon the buffalo region, possessing horses and relying upon the buffalo to supply all their physical wants, is 250,000. To this statement, the same journal adds the following

Causes, certain in their effect, are now pressing upon this whole mass and kindling a war about to cease only with extermination. The buffalo are diminishing with frightful speed—with the buffalo ceases to the Indians every means of existence—the Continent passage to and fro of the white men by the Missouri, the Oregon, Cualornia and Santa Fe trails and through Texas, solves to the Indian the cause of his approaching doom.

In this state of things hostilities are now become perpetual. *The Indians have been successful in tasting the blood and plunder of the whites*—These they exhibit to distant tribes, share with them and are replenished with new allies. The consequence is the immediate commencement of a war of extermination throughout the whole Summer just passed. *Many such little armies will appear next season*—massacre impends over every white man who ventures forth upon the plains.

This certainly betokens a very serious state of things, and should call forth the immediate attention of our Government. It is suggested that a permanent military force of two or three thousand men well armed and equipped, and stationed at various points along the frontier, and in the neighborhood of the hunting grounds of the tribes, would suffice to keep them in check and perhaps effectually prevent the threatened outbreak. It is certain that a prudent forecast will often, by a small expenditure, preclude the necessity of a heavy outlay; and a few hundred thousand dollars applied in season to suppressing the gathering symptoms of revolt among the Savages of the West, may save the public treasury from an exhausting drain hereafter, besides effecting the still more important object of preserving the border inhabitants from the horrors of an Indian warfare.

We trust, in conclusion, that the subject will be urged upon Congress in the annual communication of the President. Indian wars have already cost this nation too many millions and too great a waste of life, not to admonish the Government that when similar disasters may be obviated by the employment of energetic and timely remedies, not a moment should be lost in preparing and employing them.

LIST OF THE KILLED, WOUNDED AND MISSING.—The *Delta* of yesterday, published a list of the killed, wounded and missing among the officers and privates of the American army. The record comprises the names of all who suffered at the battle of Molino del Rey, in the actions of the 13th and 14th September, and in the skirmishes and street fights of the Capital on the 11th and 15th of the same month. The recapitulation sums up as as follows:

GENERAL	TOTAL.	Killed.	Wound'd.	Miss'g.
1. Gen. Worth's Div.	1140	766	327	—
2. Gen. Twigg's Div.	36	1	198	10
3. Gen. Pillow's Div.	21	111	10	
4. Gen. Quitman's Div.	41	267	—	
Total.	238	1336	47	

Killed, wounded and missing in the four divisions of Gens. Worth, Twiggs, Pillow and Quitman, 1623.

Truly may it be said that our gallant army has paid a fearful toll in entering on the high way of glory.

GEN. BUTLER.—We find in the Charleston papers a letter from Gen. Hamilton to the Hon. A. P. Butler, brother of Gen. Butler, whose son was so gloriously offered up before the city of Mexico. He relates a passage in his life which exhibits the noble character of the departed warrior:

"This time last year your brother and myself met in Washington. He was stretched on a sick bed.

In the confidence of friendship, the fervor of which had never been interrupted for one instant, he informed me that as soon as he was sufficiently recovered he was to meet in mortal combat, Colonel Mason of the United States Army, in consequence of a quarrel of some standing, which had been greatly aggravated, perhaps, by mutual misconceptions. He asked my friendly counsels in the progress of the unhappy affair. I need not speak of his composure to you, but I will speak of his sensibility—of the tenderness of his noble nature when he spoke of meeting (on terms which scarcely permitted the hope of the escape of either party) a man with a family as numerous and dependant upon him as his own. From policy, I rather seemed to enter into his feelings as an antagonist, and so prepare him for the deadly strife.

Without saying one word to him, however, left Washington the next morning, and proceeded to Virginia to see Colonel McCarthy, the friend of Col. Mason. On reaching Alexandria, I heard that Col. McCarthy was not at his residence in Loudoun. On my return to Carolina I wrote to him, and proposed an armistice and reference. It was met by the brave man with a benevolence and chavalry worthy of the exalted courage. Colonel Mason's departure before your brother's recovery, for California, under orders which precluded a moment's delay, suspended our work of conciliation. Your brother knew nothing of my pacific interposition with Col. Mason's departure. His life was preserved for a noble destiny. He perished where he would have liked to have died best."

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.—The Legislature of Tennessee assembled at Nashville, on the 4th inst. Joseph M. Anderson, (W.) of Marion, was elected President of the Senate by one majority; and Franklin Buchanan (W), of Lawrence, was chosen Speaker of the House, by 10 majority. The Whig members with entire unanimity, had offered the Speakership to the Hon. John Bell, a representative from Nashville but he declined in the belief that he could be of more service to his immediate constituents, as well as to the State, on the floor than in the Chair.

THE WEATHER begins to smack of winter, a few days more of a frosty temperature like that experienced yesterday morning at sunrise, and we shall soon hear of the entire disappearance of Yellow Jack.

Later from the Rio Grande.

By the arrival of the ship Talisman, we have received *Matamoros* papers to the 2nd inst. The *Flag* of that dates states positively that Yellow Fever exists in Matamoros, and that some four or five persons have already died, the black vomit attending every case. The Editor thinks that having made its appearance so late in the season, it will not assume an epidemic form.

Gen. Cushing's Brigade, with the exception of Col. Hays' Rangers, sailed for Vera Cruz, on the 28th ult. Col. Hays was at the last accounts preparing to embark a part of his forces.

Great confusion and conflict of authority exist at Matamoros, in reference to the administration of justice. The *Flag* thinks these difficulties might be obviated by giving to Col. Davenport the powers of Colonel of Department, instead of appointing "Commander of the district of the lower Rio Grande."

Complaints are made of outrages committed by the soldiers at Matamoros, in annoying and harassing innocent persons, while pretending to be in the strict execution of their duty. The *Flag* gives several instances of the kind.

A scouting party, about 100 in number, made up of the companies of Captains Gee and Dunlap, returned on the 29th ult., from an expedition to San Fernandez. They report every thing quiet, and in subordination in that quarter. The citizens were at first alarmed, and closed their doors against the party, but on learning the object of their visit, extended to them the hospitalities of their village. The alcaldes were particularly complacent. The party suffered much for water on the route.

Two hundred Government horses were sold at auction a few days ago, at an awful sacrifice —not averaging more than $40 a head. They probably cost each ten times that sum.

Our last accounts from Col. Burtle and his battalion of 2d Dragoons, left them two days march beyond Mier. The train which the Dragoons are escorting to Monterey, was halted for several days at Mier in consequence of a report received that a large Mexican force was assembling at Linares, with reinforcements were ordered up from Camargo, consisting of a company of infantry and two pieces of artillery. Thus strengthened, with Col. Belknap in command, the train proceeded on. The large amount of specie under escort, we consider will prove a tempting bait, but we have no idea that the Mexicans will be rash enough to venture an attack on so large a force.—*Flag*.

"WHEN GREEK MEETS GREEK, &c.—Under this head the *Flag* relates the following interesting incident:

The depredations of the robber gangs in the vicinity of this city, having been found to operate almost exclusively to the injury of Mexicans themselves, the Rancheros have at length determined upon their extermination, and if they follow up, as they have begun, we cannot doubt their success. Several days ago the robbers murdered some persons belonging to the brother of one of our *Alcaldes*. Our worthy *magistrate* became incensed on hearing of it, and authorized the Rancheros to make war upon the robbers. A company of Rancheros was immediately organized under Bacterio Capestran, who went in pursuit of the robber chief Cosmeno, who has been the terror of this neighborhood for some time past. Capestran fell in with Cosmero on the road, and in gave battle from it, in which he put the chief and all the packs from the mules which he had unloaded for the purpose. Nine of the robbers were killed after considerable fighting, and the remainder fled to the chaparral, closely pursued by Capestran and a party from Burgos, headed by a gentleman whose brother the same robbers had murdered a short time ago. They were still in pursuit when our informant left, and as the robbers are without horses, there is every reason to believe that many of them will be taken.

In relation to Gen. Taylor we learn that a letter has been received by Col. Davenport stating that he will leave Monterey for Matamoros about the 1st November, and that he will make his Head-Quarters at the latter place.

The steamer *Whitesville*, on her upward trip struck a snag below Camargo, and sunk. She will be raised, with little or no damage to her freight—consisting of U. S. stores.

Captain St. Clair, of the *Tuskumoro*, informs us that Colonel Hays was still at the Brazos with part of his command. The rest was taken to Vera Cruz on the 5th instant, in the steamer *Ann*.

Captain Edward B. Bill, of the 16th Infantry, died at sea, on board the *Tuskmoro*, on the 12th inst. His remains were brought to this city for interment. Captain Bill resided at Chicago, (Ill.) His mother lives at Napierville, (Ill).

On the 7th inst., lat. 23 13, long. 96 20 spoke ship *Monument*, 30 days out, from New York for Brazos Santiago, with troops.

OREGON.—We are indebted to the kindness of a friend, for the inspection of several numbers of the Oregon Spectator, published in Oregon city, on a settlement of Indians called the [illegible] settlers on the banks of the [illegible] Willamette. It is a very beautiful paper, the mechanical management of which is superior to that of many country papers in the old States. It is under the editorial charge of [illegible] L. Curry, a gentleman who appears to be well fitted for his task. Mr. C. is a native of Virginia, and was for some years a resident of Boston. He is a man of ability, and a clear and vigorous writer. In numbers received in this vicinity will be glad to hear of his health and prosperity.

The information as to the condition of the Oregon territory, to be obtained from the Spectator is of the most gratifying character. Emigrants continue to arrive, and agriculture and the arts flourish. The following statement of the amount of wheat raised in the territory during 1846 will surprise some of those who still continue to regard the Oregon country as an unsettled and almost uninhabitable wilderness:

Champeeg county,	60,000	bushels.
Tualitin,	30,000	
Yamhill,	15,000	
Polk,	15,000	
Clackamas, Vancouver, Clatsop and Lewis counties,	25,000	

It is expected that the next year's crop will be much greater. Wheat appears to be the principal crop. It is also stated that oats grow excellently well throughout the territory. The cultivation of tobacco has been recently introduced, but the Spectator considers the result problematical. The culture of hemp has succeeded and promises to become an important staple of the country. Grist mills are numerous and have constant occupation. There are the several saw mills, four of which produce yearly 1,500,000 feet of lumber. There is an excess of grain and lumber over the wants of the population, and there is a considerable amount reserved for shipment. Vessels are in demand, and the Spectator complains of the few opportunities they have of exporting their produce.

The advertising columns are of much interest. "There are lawyers" and doctors' cards, store advertisements, merchants' notices, proceedings of public meetings, and all the variety of information contained in the corresponding columns of our own journals. The most striking feature, however, is the frequency of applications for divorce, which are out of all proportion to the other matter.

We fear that our citizens generally underate the importance of this territory. There can be no doubt that it will fill up rapidly, and in a very few years have a controlling influence in the trade of the Pacific Ocean. It is time that the connection between Oregon and the States was made more strict, and communication facilitated. We trust that the early attention of Congress may be called to the subject, and means be taken to secure the prosperity of a territory which is destined to be one day more important to us than even that on the Gulf of Mexico.—*Philadelphia Ledger*.

GEORGIA.—The Columbus *Enquirer*, contains returns from 92 out of 93 counties. In these, Towns' (D.) majority over Clinch is 1272. In the eleven counties to hear from Crawford, whig, had 247 majority, two years ago. Towns' majority in the State will probably be in the neighborhood of 1,000. In the Senate the Whigs have elected 24 members, and the Democrats 19. In the four districts to hear from the Whigs have a chance of gaining one or two more.

For Representatives the Whigs have for certain two majority, with the probability of getting from two to three more.

MARYLAND ELECTIONS.—By way of Washington we have received a number of returns from Maryland. They indicate the choice of the Locofoco candidate for Governor, but a Whig gain of one and probably two members of Congress. This is far better than the completion of the first returns led us to believe. The following are the returns for Governor, as far as received:

	Goldsborough. (W.)	Thomas, (D.)
Baltimore city	1586 maj.	
do county, part,	574 "	
Anne Arundel,	5 maj.	
Caroline,		8 "
Carroll,		214 "
Cecil,		110 "
Harford,		18 "
Frederick,	100 "	
Kent,	153 "	
Montgomery,	99 "	
Prince George,	98 "	
Queen Anne	38 "	
Talbot,		46 "
Washington	80 "	
	959	1349

These returns exhibit a Locofoco gain of 397 votes, and leave little doubt of the election of Thomas.

CONGRESS.—In the first district Chapman (W.) is elected without opposition. In the second district, [illegible] by the Governor's vote, the probabilities are in favor of the election of Kennedy (whig.) Allegany gave 89 Locofoco, at the last election, and 67 majority for Polk. The ordinary majority must be more than doubled to defeat Roman. In the third district Leigion, loco, is doubtless elected. In the fourth, Mc. Lane, loco, is chosen by 560 majority over Kennedy, whig. In the fifth, Evans, whig, is almost certainly elected, judging by the Governor's vote—Caroline, Cecil and Harford give 128 locofoco, and Kent and Queen Anne 326 whig. The *Union* concedes the election of Evans. In the sixth, there can be no doubt of the election of Crisfield, whig, as the district is composed of the Eastern shore counties, of which three out of four are heavily whig. We have therefore strong hopes that the whigs have chosen four members of Congress and the locofocos but two —which will constitute a whig gain of two members, and reverse the proportions of the last delegation.

The Legislature is yet in doubt. We think it will prove whig on joint ballot.

☞ The quarrel between the Old Hunkers and Barnburners, growing out of the proceedings of the Locofoco Convention at Syracuse, seems to become more bitter every day. The N. Y. *Evening Post*, [Barnburner] declares that when the Address of the Convention was put to vote, there were fifty one persons in its favor, and two against it. It also says that "the resolution against the extension of slavery was excluded by the previous question, after the conservative leaders had promised that they would allow its discussion? In an other number of the *Post*, the Editor says:

"The later proceedings of the meeting were transacted without a quorum. The Address was adopted and the resolutions were passed without a quorum—The exclusion of the resolutions against slavery in the new territories is the striking act of the Convention. The principal representative of the federal Government in the Convention, the Postmaster of this city, himself saw that the proceedings had no more authority than those of any other informal meeting, and tore in pieces the paper which contained the record of the insignificant vote by which the Address and resolutions were supported."

THE TELEGRAPH AND THE PRESS.—The telegraph, says the N. Y. *Journal of Commerce*, has proved less injurious to the newspapers than it was reasonable to expect; at least, we find it so. Of the subscribers who have stopped on that account, (and the number is small,) a good portion have returned. One of them, whose letter came to hand yesterday from Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Finding we have the skeleton and not the flesh of matters of general interest, I enclose ten dollars to re-open my subscription, that I may keep up with the times."—This is probably the general experience.

City Intelligence.

RECORDER GREEN.—Mr. Francisco Anselran, complained yesterday before Recorder Genois that one Louis Fouillard, a draysman, had carried away and appropriated to his own use, a load of oysters which the latter had engaged to carry up Levee, to Bienville, or Bid Levee street. Fouillard was arrested, and gave bail for his future appearance before the Recorder. He stands charged with a breach of trust.

☞ The Third Municipality Council will meet this evening at 6 o'clock, to transact business of the utmost importance to the corporation.

RECORDER SUTZENEAU.—The Recorder of the Third Municipality investigated yesterday, a case of assault and battery, in which the complainants and the defendant were females. On Tuesday last, early in the morning, Mrs. Mathilda M. Patterson was assaulted and severely beaten in her own premises, by Miss Louise the former receiving several blows in the breast. After an examination of the case, Louise was bound over in the sum of three hundred dollars, for appearance before the First District Court.

Magdeleine, f. w. c., arrested for cruelly beating a young child, four years old, gave last for her future appearance.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY.—There has been nothing doing in the police court of the Second Municipality, for the last three or four days. Every one has given the watchman's faithful executory a brakly engaged in electioneering. The canvass, between Claiborne and Lewis especially, engrosses public attention, and betting on the respective chances of those gentlemen is the order of the day.

AN IMPORTANT CASE.—There has been filed lately, before justice Crusta, an affidavit subscribed by Euphemie Evans, a free woman of colour, against the Recorder of the First Municipality, and Charles Genois, his brother, and also against Philippe Avegno Sr. and his three sons, Philippe, Francois and Bernard Avegno; charging them all and severally with having feloniously and burglariously broken open her premises on the 7th inst. The parties are now under bond of $500 each, for their future appearance before justice Cruzat. We will let our readers know when the case will come up for examination.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.—The negro Luke, a slave of Mr. Doperon, charged with entering on the night time the boot and shoe store of Mr. [illegible] corner of Bienville and [illegible] No. 48, [illegible] and [illegible] day evening, [illegible] Justice Cr[illegible] have mentioned [illegible] secreted themselves [illegible] of Mr. Crave, not yet m[illegible]

DEATH BY DROWNING.—On Thursday last, a German named Lehmann, [illegible] ing last, a German named Lehmann, [illegible] was drowned, whilst passing on boat across over the river on a visit to some friends. The poor fellow, before crossing, after [illegible] engaging a small boat, went to a coffee-house with some acquaintances, and probably drank too freely. On coming to the wharf to get into the skiff, he tottered, missed his footing, and fell into the river never to rise again.

MEXICO AND HER MILITARY CHIEFTAINS.—Our thanks are due the publishers, Messrs. E. Butler & Co., through J. B. Steel, No. 11 Camp street, for a copy of this work. It is an historical view of Mexico and her Military Chieftains from the Revolution of Hidalgo to the present time, and comprises sketches of the lives of Hidalgo, Morelos, Iturbide, Santa Anna, Gomez Farias, Bustamente, Paredes, Almonte, Arista, Alaman, Ampudia, Herrera and La Vega, by Fay Robinson. The author resided for a number of years in Mexico, and had the command of almost every necessary material for the completion he has made. The object of the work is two fold—first to make the reading public familiar with the leading spirits of the Mexican Republic; and second to disabuse the American mind of many gross notions and vague conclusions it has formed upon the subject of the government and people of that country. The book appears to have been compiled with great care; the typographical execution is faultless; and its page are embellished with several fine portraits of public characters and views of the City of Mexico and other places of note. Just at this time, it must prove one of the most interesting contributions to the press.

NEW ORLEANS, 4th October, 1847.

As the friend and agent of PAUL PECQUET, Esq., I feel authorized to say that he cannot accept the nomination conferred upon him by the Whigs of the Fifth Legislative District, at the meeting held on Saturday last. Mr. Pecquet is absent, and the period of his return is uncertain. His friends are confident he will be highly flattered by the nomination, as a mark of esteem given him by his party; but they have, however, concluded that it would be improper, without his consent and in his absence, so restrain his name in the coming contest. Personally, I have reason to believe that other engagements would prevent him from serving during the next session of the Legislature. Please, therefore Mr. Editor, withdraw his name from the ticket.

Yours, truly, T. W. COLLENS.

The foregoing communication explains itself, and leaves us no other course than to withdraw the name of Mr. Pecquet. We suggest that the Whigs hold a meeting at as early a period as practicable, and nominate a candidate in his place.

Whig Convention to nominate Senators.

The Whig delegates appointed by the several wards of this city are requested to meet on Monday evening the 18th instant, at 7 o'clock, at the St. Louis Exchange, for the purpose of proceeding to the nomination of two Whig candidates to represent this Senatorial District in the Senate of the State. Punctual attendance is required.

Whig Meeting.

The Whigs of the 9th Representative District, 3rd Municipal District of the 3rd Municipality, are earnestly invited to meet this Evening, the 16th inst., at 7 o'clock, at the Coffee House of Mr. Kilbert, near the Levee Sprole Cotton Press, for the purpose of electing two Delegates to the Convention, called for the purpose of choosing two Senators for the Parish of Orleans.

Whig Meeting.

The Whigs of the 7th Legislative District, comprising the 1st and the 4th Wards of the Third Municipality, will meet on MONDAY evening next, at 7 o'clock, at Paterno's Coffee House, corner of Bayou Fields and Levee streets, for the purpose of selecting two Whig Candidates to represent this District in the Legislature. Whigs, to your Posts!

FLOUR—1000 barrels Brandywine, for sale by JOHN O. WOODRUFF, 32 Magazine st. oct16

MR. EDITOR—Having been informed that one of the Whig candidates nominated for Representatives of the Fifth District, has declined running, I take the liberty of suggesting the name of Mr. JAMES LILLY, to supply the vacancy.

A WHIG.

GENERAL COUNCIL.

SITTING OF WEDNESDAY, October 13, 1847.

The Council met this day pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Thacker was called to the chair. In the absence of Mr. P. C. Cavellier, Mr. Emile Wiltz was appointed Secretary, pro tem.

Members present—Messrs. Allen, Haines, Surgi, Thacker, Vandegiff, Wilder, Wray, and Zacharie. Absent—Messrs. Cygnat, Bickney, Gasquet and Holland.

On motion the Council proceeded by ballot to the election of a President.

Messrs. Zacharie and Vandegriff were appointed tellers. The votes being counted it appeared that out of 8 votes, Mr. Thacker had received 6; Haines, 1; Allen, 1.

Consequently Mr. Thacker was duly elected President.

The process verbal of the last sitting was read and approved.

A letter from J. M. Vandergriff, Esq., on behalf of the Howard Association, tendering to the Council the use of their Hall in Spain street, 3d Municipality, for the holding of the approaching election, was read, and on motion the offer was accepted.

An account of J. L. Lewis, Sheriff, for fees of prisoners from 1st July, to 30th September, 1847, was submitted to the Council, and referred to the Committee on Court Houses and prison.

Mr. Wilder submitted to the Council two bills from F. Camerden, one amounting to $125,26, the other for $56,54; being the proportion to be paid by Municipality No. 1, and Municipality No. 3, for the purchase of a safe for the use of T. C. Poole, clerk of the Second District Court, &c., agreeably to a resolution of the general council, adopted on the 10th August, 1847—which said two Municipalities have refused to pay.

On motion said bills were laid on the table subject to call.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

On motion of Mr. Wray, the resolution directing the Secretary of the General Council to demand from the Secretary of the Council of Municipality No. 1, all the papers and archives belonging to the city of New Orleans, &c. was made the order of the day for next sitting.

The rules being suspended, Mr. Wray introduced the following resolution, which being amended by Messrs. Surgi and Wilder, was adopted as follows:

Resolved, That at the election to be held on Monday, the 1st of November next, the Polls shall be held at the following [illegible] and under the superintendence of the following Commissioners and Clerks viz:

1st REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.

1st PRECINCT—At the house of Ind Perry, Fire Co. No. 16, Relig