

FOOD DIRECTOR FOR 150 MILLION

BASEBALL WILL SURVIVE THE WAR

THREE STRAIGHTS FOR BIRMINGHAM

RACING ENTRIES HARVE DE GRACE

RACING ENTRIES AT LEXINGTON

HARVE DE GRACE RACING RESULTS

RACING RESULTS AT LEXINGTON

Washington, April 28.—Ships; and then still more ships.

Grain, and then still more grain.

Speeding up of shipments on the railroads, giving them the right of way where possible, to the seacoast, and then speeding up the handling of grain at the docks so that not an hour's time of the precious grain carriers on the sea will be lost.

That epitomizes the way the United States can most materially aid its allies across the sea, who already have their millions of fighting men on the battle-fields against the common foe—Germany. It is what President Wilson already has outlined to the American people as a part of our contribution to victory. It is what Alan Anderson, the man on whose shoulders rests the stupendous task of getting foodstuffs through the pesky submarines to feed 150 million people, says the United States can do to extend its biggest help right now, while its army is in the making.

Are our allies going to be starved into submission and defeat by the German submarine blockade, as Berlin blatantly boasts? They are not.

Mr. Anderson, "wheat executive," did not say those three words. "They are not." But a person would only have to talk to him a very few minutes to be utterly disabused of any notion that our allies were going to lose through starvation. They may be "pinched," but as he put it:

"We've got to knock those chaps out (meaning the Germans), and we're going to do it."

Mr. Anderson is the world's greatest wheat buyer. He buys grain by the hundreds of millions of bushels. He doesn't do it himself, but his agents do. He looks like a keen American business man and talks like one, square to the point, only his broad English accent betrays him.

His task—and in it he represents France and Italy as well—is buying the grain of all kinds that England and France and Italy must import to feed its armies and the civilian population back of the army. On top of it is the still harder task of assuring the shipping as effectively as possible and with as little waste as the millions of bushels of grain that are bought through the government.

Given an open field of average dimensions, that isn't too hilly or too rough, and a ball, a bat and four rocks for bases can complete the equipment for play. The field may not be as smooth as the diamond at Polo Grounds, but this part of it is soon forgotten if the field is only fairly level.

Baseball is encouraged by army authorities, because it is not only fine training, but is also a recreation and a diversion from the routine of camp life.

Kansas City Staff It is easily conceivable that war conditions might arise which would practically wipe out golf and tennis, football and track.

It is easily conceivable that war conditions might end professional baseball.

But it is not conceivable that any conditions would end baseball playing, even at interim.

For baseball is the army game. It is the one game which appeals more to the soldier than all others combined.

Being an American, he takes it to the Philippines or to Mexico, wherever during the late scramble a 6-club league was formed, and a full schedule played.

Suppose he isn't an American? Well, over \$150,000 worth of baseball supplies have been sent to the European front for use back of the lines. Mr. Lane, editor of the Baseball Magazine, tells us that the proportion of his subscribers among army people is far beyond that of any other class. The army takes to baseball as its game. So does the navy. In the first place, it requires no such stretch of territory as golf does, nor any such smooth surface as tennis.

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A POWERFUL PICTURE

TWELVE LIVES WERE LOST IN THE MAKING OF THIS FILM

Making as big a picture as "The Masque of Life" usually has its cost in death as well as money. Not only did it take seven months of strenuous directing to complete the spectacular offering, which is now being shown at the Diamond theatre, but twelve lives were lost in it, three of them were human, three horses and four full-grown lions being burnt to death in the terrific fire which was one of many stalks of nothing.

Lydia, a beautiful circus girl who meets a young prince; a romance ensues, and through the death of the youth's father and his ascension to the throne, his love is lost to him. With extraordinary cleverness the story is brought to a higher pitch as it advances.

Starting with a real romance, it develops into a terrific tragedy; the moments of suspense, when the heroine and monkey battle on the chimney top are really the most exciting thing ever screened. In sixteen scenes of pantomime—a play within the play—the entire ballet of the La Scala Opera house, Milan, create an allegory of such spectacular magnificence that it will not be forgotten.

PROCEEDS FOR THE WOUNDED SOLDIERS OF ITALY

An open air festival and tournament to be given at the Fair Grounds, on June 3rd for the relief of the wounded Italian soldiers, is being organized by some of the most prominent women of this city. It is a call to a worthy and much-needed mission which should appeal to all, especially as Italy is the only Allied nation which so far has not been helped by the public of New Orleans. The Italians here have not been dormant, however, for they have contributed generously within their means, but their colony is not rich and they find themselves at the end of two years of their country's heroic struggle, forced to call on the proverbial generosity of New Orleans. 70,000 Italians have left this country of their adoption for their mother country, and it is but right that our sympathies should be with them. Of course, New Orleans will respond to Italy's first appeal for charity, especially that Italy and America have become sister-souls, having the same heroic ideals and fighting for the same noble cause—liberty, as so beautifully said by the great poet, D'Annunzio.

WEATHER RECORD

At the Empire for four days, beginning Sunday, will be shown the powerful picture play, "The Folly of Sin," which carries a strong moral.

Dr. Hatton and Dr. Felix, two young physicians, are studiously working to produce a serum for the cure of cancer. Dr. Felix, secretly envies Dr. Hatton's personality and social conquests, while the latter is jealous of the other's more advanced work. Hatton conceives a plan to divert his colleague's mind from his work by getting him interested in society and a charming orphan, Margaret.

Lieutenant Vincent, Margaret's brother and guardian, is soon transferred to another city and Margaret is left alone with an old aunt. Dr. Hatton maneuvers so that Felix spends most of his time with Margaret, while she diligently applies herself to her work. Margaret's infatuation for Felix results disastrously. The resultant complications make a thrilling play and one that teaches an important lesson.

WEATHER RECORD

The following is the weather data for April 28, 1917, at New Orleans:

Temperature 70°
Rel. Humidity 94°
Wind SW 6
Weather Cloudy

RIVER FORECAST

The Mississippi River, below Vickburg, and the Atchafalaya will change very little for a few days. Stages of 42.0 feet at Simmersport and 40.0 feet at Mervin are indicated by May 2. The Red River, below Shreveport, and the Ouachita will rise during the next 48 hours.

BRINGS SUIT FOR DAMAGES

In the civil district court yesterday, Joseph Cooney filed suit against the New Orleans Railways Company for \$2,525 damages, alleged to have been sustained by being thrown and dragged by a Tchoupitoulas car January 21 last.

BISHOP HOSS TO PRESIDE

Bishop Hoss will preside over the Louisiana Conference of the M. E. Church South when it assembles at Minden November 28. The assignment was made by the college of bishops which met at Nashville yesterday.

ARREST ON BAD CHECK CHARGE

On complaint of F. M. Postlethwait, 702 Girard street, who says he cashed a worthless \$165 check for John Rouse, a carpenter, 441 St. Charles, Rouse was arrested at the latter address yesterday by Patrolman John Jacobs. It is alleged by Postlethwait that when he presented the check at the Hibernia Bank he was informed Rouse had no account there. Rouse was charged with receiving money under false pretense.

New Orleans lost its third straight game to Birmingham yesterday and comes home with a considerably lower percentage.

Yesterday's results in the big leagues follow:

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

At Birmingham— R. H. E.

N. O. 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 — 10 1

1 0 2 4 2 0 0 0 0 x— 8 9 1

Dillinger and Higgins; Bill and Haworth.

At Nashville— R. H. E.

Memphis 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 — 2 9 0

Nashville 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 1 8 1

Hoylet and Schmidt; Taylor and Street.

At Atlanta— R. H. E.

Mobile 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 8 2

Atlanta 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 4 0 x— 8 0 0

Pugh and Griffith; Bressler and Perkins.

At Chattanooga— R. H. E.

L. Rock 0 2 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 — 5 8 2

Ghatt 1 1 0 0 2 1 0 4 x— 13 3

Hardgrave, Phillips and Chapman;

Allen, Kaiser, Knowlson and Krichens.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

At Cleveland— R. H. E.

St. Louis 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 5 2— 10 18— 2

Cleve. 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 1 6 3

Sotherton and Severeid; Morton, Smith, Gould and O'Neill.

At New York— R. H. E.

Philadelphia 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 — 1 5 2

N. Cork 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 0 7 2

Bush and Mayer; Caldwell and Alexander.

At Chicago— R. H. E.

Detroit 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 — 1 4 1

Chicago 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 2 8 0

Colevleski, Jones and Spencer; Scott, Danforth, Faber and Schalk.

At Boston— R. H. E.

Washn. 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 — 1 6 2

Boston 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 5 x— 7 10 1

Johnson and Ainsworth; Shore and Agnew.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At Pittsburgh— R. H. E.

Cincinnati 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 0 3 0

Pittsburg 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 x— 8 4 3

Sanders and Wingo; Grimes and Fisher.

At Brooklyn— R. H. E.

Boston 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 — 2 10 0

Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 0 3 2

Tyler and Gowdy; Pfeiffer and Meyers.

At Philadelphia— R. H. E.

N. York 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 — 1 7 1

Phila. 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 x— 2 7 2

Anderson, Kirkland, Dixey and Killifer.

Chicago vs. St. Louis, no game rain.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

At Columbus— R. H. E.

St. Paul 1 0 0 4 0 0 0 1 0 — 11 3

Columbus 0 0 3 0 4 0 1 0 x— 8 10 3

Guine, Williams and Upshaw; Brown and George.

At Toledo— R. H. E.

Milwke 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 — 3 7 1

Toledo 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 2 x— 5 11 3

Shackelford, Schulz.

At Indianapolis, no game, rain.

At Louisville, no game, rain.

U. S. DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Sunday, April 29, 1917.

Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday.

For New Orleans and vicinity: Showers Sunday; cooler, light variable winds.

For Louisiana: Sunday and Monday, cloudy.

LOCAL METEOROLOGICAL RECORD

Temperature Record

Yesterday's temperature record at New Orleans, as shown by the thermometer on the roof of the Postoffice building, was as follows:

Time Temperature

7 a. m. 70°

9 a. m. 71°

11 a. m. 77°

1 p. m. 70°

3 p. m. 81°

5 p. m. 70°

Apparatus allowance claimed.

Upwards; six furlongs.

John Douglas 115

Quid Nunc 115

Salon 110</