and that their Classes were so order'd by such specifick differences, that one might better know where to range them, as in a good perfection is now done in the Vegitable Kingdom, that is more numerous.

But to conclude, I observed the Eyes in the Yellow Gurnard were placed more on the top of the Head, and the Skin here covered almost half of them, like an Eyelid; which I did not observe in the Red Garnard whose Eyes were placed more at the sides of the Head. The Head likewise of the Red Gurnard was more protuberant, in the Yellow, flatter. The End of the Rostrum, the Teeth and Tongue in both were exactly alike; only in the Palat of the Yellow Gurnard I observed two Cartaligonous Bones, whose edges were bended downwards from the Palat, and did serve, as I supposed, for the hooking in and staying the Cartilage of the Tongue. when it makes a Compression for the forcing out the Water by the Foramina of the Head: Which Contrivance I did not find in the Red Gurnard, not having the like occasion for them.

This Fish being stale, I had not opportunity of diffecting it, and observing the Viscera: And shall only farther add, That the Gills had four Osseous Radij of each side. But of these more, if I happen to get another of this sort.

VII. Problema Medicinæ Cultoribus solvendum proponit Guilielmus Cockburn, M. D. R. S. S.

xperientià constat quam diversæ sint medicamentorum Operationes pro Temperamentorum, Ætatum, ac ejusdem ætatis diversi statûs varietate. Magis vero conspicua sunt Emeticorum & Purgantium opera: Adeo, ut quæ provectiores ætate quam lenissimè purgant, Infantes obruant: quæ justa Cathartici Dose hodie propinamus, nimis

nimis vel minime nos crastino afficiunt die. Immo ad banc omnem diversitatem operantur Temperie solummodo disserentibus.

Quum igitur tam invicta sit ubiq; difficulcas in debita Pharmacorum evacuantium dose decernenda; optandam estet, methodus qua possimus eadem absq; dubio administrare.

Methodum bane apodeicticis expedit argumentis, simul

& sigillis occlusam præsidi nostro commist.

Rogat tamen Medicos quossibet, quanam sit illa vel similis Methodus quà sine errore dirigamur; eorumque solutiones ad Cal. Mart. 1705-6 exportabit, quas postmodum cum su publicabit.

VIII. Part of a Letter from Dr David Krieg, F.R.S. to the Publisher, concerning Cobalt, and the Preparations of Smalt and Arsenic.

Spent about 8 weeks in my own Country, and my chiefest Business was to enquire for the Minerals sound thereabout, and to observe their preparations. First, I shall describe the preparation of the blue Colour, called Smaltum, which is made of Cobalt or Cadmia nativa, because it is not clearly described by any Author, as much as I know.

Now the Cadmia or Cobalt is a massie, heavy, grey shining Stone, found in a great quantity in the Mines about Shneeberg, and some other places of Hermanduria. It is very often mixed with Marcasite, sometimes with Silver and Copper Oar, yea, the Silver is (but seldom) pure in the Figure of Hair.

After they have pick'd out the Cobalt, and separated it from the common Stone, they beat it to Powder by an Engine or Machine, commonly used in Mines (called a Poolwork.) By that Operation, the Water carries away the light stuff and Sand, leaving the heaviest behind.

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