THE BEE.

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NEW-ORLEANS,
TUESDAY (MORNING,) OCTOBER 5, 1830.

☞ Several citizens of this city have been arrested by some of the Irishmen who are employed on the Rail-Road. Fifteen of those villains seized their horses and threatened the driver of death in case he would not stop the carriage—a fight took place between those that were in the coach and the assassins. Captain Nartigue, who was amongst the visitors, had his arm bruised, and almost all his friends have been ill-treated by those wretches. The ex-commander Ribesti, who was in company with capt. Nartigue, seized a post and darted it against the head of an Irishman whom he has desfigured for ever. On the affidavit of these gentlemen a detachment of the City-Guard have succeded in arresting the villains.

New-York, Sept. 13.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM LONDON.

We have received a London and Liverpool paper of the 7th August, by the arrival this forenoon of the ship Helen, Cobb, from Liverpool. The late hour at which these papers came into our hands leaves us no time to speak of their contents, more than to say in a single word, that all was tranquil and quiet in Paris since the revolution. No sort of tumults of excesses had been committed. The Theatres and other places of amusement were open, and the affairs of the government were seemingly going on with almost as much order and regularity as if no revolution had occurred.

It appears that Charles X has recognized the Duke of Orleans in the temporary capacity of Lieutenant General of the Kingdom, and has himself abdicated in favor of the Duke of Bordeaux, the Dauphin waiving his claim to crown. What attention the French nation will pay to this act remains to be seen. The King, in the mean time, was to leave the kingdom with his family, having first delivered up the crown jewels. The speech of the Duke of Orleans, announcing the abdication, dwells on the necessity of providing against arbitrary violations of the charter, and for the security of the liberty of the press. The condemnations issued against the press have been revoked, and the imprisoned persons liberated.

M. de Montbel, and M. Capelle are the only ministers who have remained with the royal family. It has not yet been ascertained what has become of Messrs. de Poliguac, Guernon de Ranville, Haussez and Chantelauze.

The *Messager des Chambres* of August 3d, says—"It seems certain that the Ambassadors of the Foreign Powers, now in Paris, have given the Duke of Orleans, in the name of their Sovereigns, assurances of the most friendly dispositions."

Subscriptions had been opened in London and all the great towns, for the relief of the patriotic sufferers of France.

Reports were in circulation in London that the deposed King of France, Charles the X. had arrived in that city under the title of the Duke of Milan. Other reports state that it is his intention to embark for the United States.

The example of Paris seems to be followed with great unanimity by the provinces.

It is said in the London papers that about 10,000 lives were lost in the revolution.

The latest London date states that "the rapid rise of the average of wheat, as exhibited by the weekly return, renders it evident that the lowest scale of duty, as was anticipated, must shortly be reached."

FRANCE.

OPENING OF THE CHAMBERS.

SPEECH OF THE LIEUT. GENERAL OF THE KINGDOM.

From the supplement to the Moniteur of Wednesday.

(OFFICIAL.)

PARIS, Aug. 4.

Business on Monday was partially resumed, and on Tuesday the Chambers were opened, when the Lieut. Gen. of the kingdom made the following speech.

Peers and Deputies—Paris, troubled in its repose by a deplorable violation of the charter and of the laws, defended them with heroic courage! In the midst of this sanguinary struggle, all the guarantees of social order no longer subsisted. Persons, property, rights—every thing that is most valuable to men, and citizens, was exposed to the most serious danger.

In this absence of all public power, the wishes of my fellow citizens turned towards me; they have judged me worthy to concur with them in the salvation of the country: they have invited me to exercise the function of Lieut. Gen. of the Kingdom.

Their cause appeared to me to to be just, the dangers immense, the necessity imperative, my duty sacred. I hastened to the midst of this valiant people, followed by my family, and wearing those colors which, for a second time, have worked among us the triumph of liberty.

I have come, firmly resolved to devote myself to all that circumstances should require of me in the situation in which they have placed me, to establish the empire of the laws, to save liberty, which was threatened, and render impossible the return of such great evils, by securing forever the power of that charter whose name, invoked during the combat, was also appealed to after the victory. (Applause.)

In the accomplishment of this noble task it is for the Chambers to guide me. All rights must be solemnly guaranteed, all the institutions necessary to their full and free exercise must receive the developements of which they need. Attached by inclination and conviction to the principles of a free government, I accept beforehand all the consequences of it. I think it my duty immediately to call your attention to the organization of National Guards, to the application of the Jury to the crimes of the Press, the formation of the department and municipal administrations, and above all to that 14th article of the Charter which has been so hatefully interpreted. (Fresh applause.)

It is with these sentiments, gentlemen, that I come to open this session.

The past is painful to me. I deplore misfortunes which I should have wished to prevent, but in the midst of this magnanimous transport of the capital and of all the other French cities, at the sight of order reviving with marvellous promptness after a resistance from all excesses, a just national pride moves my heart and I look forward with confidence to the future destinies of country.

Yes gentlemen, France which is so dear to us, will be happy and free; it will show to Europe that solely engaged with its internal prosperity it [illegible] as well as liberty, and desires only [illegible] the repose of its neighbors.

Respect [illegible] for all interest, good faith in the government [illegible] means to [illegible] disturbing parties, and to [illegible] minds that confidence, to the institutions [illegible] which are the only certain pledges of the happiness of the people, and of the strength of the State.

Peers and Deputies—As soon as the Chambers shall be constituted, I shall have laid before you the act of abdication of His Majesty King Charles X. By the same act, his Royal Highness Louis Antoine de France also renounces his rights. This act was placed in my hands yesterday, the 3d Aug. at 12 o'clock at night. I have this morning ordered it to be deposited in the archives of the Chamber of Peers, and I have caused it to be inserted in the official part of the Moniteur.

The speech was received with enthusiasm, and the Deputies adjourned to the following day.

The Moniteur of the 3d inst. does not contain the abdication. The King was, at Rambouillet, where it was apprehended he would make a stand. Gen. Gerard had departed for that place at the head of 20,000 men.

ABDICATION.

The following Act, superscribed "To my cousin the Duke of Orleans, Lieutenant General of the Kingdom," has been deposited, by order of the Duke of Orleans, in the archives of the Chamber of Peers:

"RAMBOUILLET, Aug. 2.

"My Cousin—I am too profoundly grieved by the evils which afflict or might threaten my people not to have sought a means of preventing them. I have, therefore, taken the resolution to abdicate the Crown in favor of my grandson, the Duke de Bordeaux.

"The Dauphin, who partakes my sentiments, also renounces his rights in favor of his nephew.

"You will have then, in your quality of Lieutenant General of the Kingdom, to cause the accession of Henry V. to the Crown to be proclaimed. You will take, besides, all the measures which concern you to regulate the form of the Government during the minority of the new King. Here I confine myself to make known these dispositions: it is a means to avoid many evils.

"You will communicate my intentions to the Diplomatic Body; and you will acquaint me as soon as possible with the proclamation by which my grandson shall have been recognized King of France under the name of Henry V.

I charge Lieutenant General Viscount de Froissac-Latour to deliver this letter to you. He has orders to settle with you the arrangements to be made in favour of the persons who have accompanied me, as well as the arrangements necessary for what concerns me and the rest of my family.

"We will afterwards regulate the other measures which will be the consequence of the change of the reign.

"I repeat to you, my Cousin, the assurances of the sentiments with which I am your affectionate Cousin,

CHARLES
LOUIS ANTOINE."

From the Constitutionnel of Aug. 4.

A document, conceived in the following terms, is spoken of:—

"The King, wishing to put an end to the troubles which exist in the capital and a part of France—depending, besides, on the sincere attachment of his cousin, the Duke of Orleans, nominates him Lieutenant General of the Kingdom.

"The King having thought fit to withdraw his ordinances of the 25th of July, approves of the meeting of the Chambers on the 3d of August, and is willing to hope that they will re-establish tranquillity in France.

"The King will wait here for the return of the person who is commissioned to carry this declaration to Paris.

"If any attempt should be made against the life of the King, or of his family, or against their liberty, he will defend himself to death.

"Done at Rambouillet, the 1st of August, 1830.

"CHARLES."

DISPATCH FROM THE COMMISSIONERS

"Rambouillet, Aug. 3.

"Monseigneur—It is with joy that we announce the success of our mission. The King has determined to depart with all his family. We shall bring you all the incidents and details of the journey with the greatest precision. May it terminate happily!

"We follow the route to Cherbourg. All the troops are directed to march on Epernon. Tomorrow morning it will be decided which shall definitely follow the King.

"We are, with respect and devotion,

"Your Royal Highness's

"Most humble and most obedient servants,

"DE SCHONEN,
"LE MARECHAL MAISON,
"ODILLON BARROT."

The dispatch which encloses the above official letter says:—

"It is understood to be the King's intention to embark for the United Stats of America. The King's resolution has evidently been hastened by the approach of the armed force from Paris."

Paris, August 1.

ORDINANCES OF THE LIEUTENANT GENERAL OF THE KINGDOM.

Art. 1. The French nation resumes its colors. No other cockade shall henceforth be worn than the tri-colored cockade.

The Commissioners charged principally with the several departments of the Ministry, shall provide each, as far as he is concerned, for the execution of the present ordinance.

Paris, Aug. 1, 1830.

LOUIS PHILLIPE D'ORLEANS.
(Countersigned.)
The Commissioner charged provisionally with the War Department, Count GERARD.

Paris, Aug. 1.

TELEGRAPHIC DESPATCH.

General Valaze, commander in chief of the Engineers, has arrived at Toulon from Algiers. Gen. Achard arrived at Toulon on the 31st July, on board the Scipion, with 5,000,000 from the Regency of Algiers.

NATIONAL GUARDS OF PARIS.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

August 2.

During the glorious crisis in which the Parisian energy has conquered our rights, every thing still remains provisional; there is nothing definitive but the sovereignty of those national rights, and the eternal remembrance of the glorious works of the people. But amidst the various powers instituted through the necessity of our situation, the reorganization of the National Guards is a most necessary defence for the public order, and one which is highly called for in the opinion of the Prince exercising the high station of Lieutenant General of the Kingdom, most honorable to myself is that I should for the present take that command. In 1790, I refused to except such an offer made meby three millions of my comrades, as that office would have been a permanent one, and might one day have become a dangerous one. Now that circumstances are altered, I think it my duty for to serve liberty and my country, to accept the station of Gen. Commandant of the National Guards of France.

LAFAYETTE.

From the National, of Paris.

The Late Conflicts in Paris.—We saw in our ranks Spaniards, Italians, Portuguese and Englishmen. Mr. Lindo, an Englishman engaged in the house of Orr and Goldschmidt in Paris, voluntarily entered his name on the list of the National Guard; he braved the fire of the common enemy, and since they have been disgraceful driven from the capital, Mr. Lindo has not left for one moment the post which was assigned him. He mounted guard for forty-eight hours.

Another Englishman, residing at Maurice's Hotel, constantly fought with the people during [illegible] day [illegible] and 29th [illegible] unanimously elected him their captain. This brave foreigner led them on with an unequalled ardour, and did not resign the command he so well merited until he saw peace re-established. Such acts are most honourable to both nations, and show how much the conduct of the French people had inspired a sense of security in foreigners.

In the St. Honore on the 27th, a woman, between 30 and 35 years of age, was struck dead by a ball in the head; a journeyman baker, with his naked arms and legs, and of a colossal stature and herculean force, immediately seized the corpse, and holding it over his head, carried it to the Place des Victoires, crying out Vengeance! There, after having laid it down before him, upon the ground, and at the feet of the statue of Louis XIV., he harangued the multitude who surrounded him with an energy which made their souls vibrate; after which he took up the body, and carried it towards the guard-house of the Bank, which is very near the Place des Victoires, and had scarcely arrived before the soldiers who were assembled at the door, when he threw the bleeding corpse at their heads, saying, "There, see how your comrades treat our women! Would you do as much?" "No," said one of the soldiers, taking him by the hand. All the soldiers looked pale, and tears fell from the eyes of the officer.

New-York, Sept. 14.

ONE DAY LATER.

By the packet ship John Jay, arrived this morning, we have received our files of Liverpool papers to the 9th, and London to the evening of the 7th August, both inclusive. It will be perceived by the following extracts that they contain nothing of importance from the continent in addition to our previous accounts:—

A letter received from Paris, states, that Prince Polignac had arrived safely at Brussels.

The Ex-King of France and his son, are said to be going to Switzerland, and the Duke de Bordeaux, with his mother, to Naples.—*Globe.*

A Seminary of Priests (St. Acheul,) it is stated in the Globe, has been destroyed in France by the people.

Extract of a letter from Bordeaux, dated July 31:—

"I am sorry to say there prevails at this moment a great political ferment in the town, the cause of which will doubtless be known to you. Some blood has been already shed, but we hope, ere a few days, to have order restored. You will excuse my not entering into particulars. I am much hurried and agitated by the confusion which at this moment prevails in the town."

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 7.—*Cotton.*—The import this week is 27,900 bags, and the sales are 14,530 bags, at an advance on the better qualities of Pernams, of ½ per lb. and at full prices for other descriptions, viz: 550 Sea Islands at 13½d to 19d; 50 stained do. 8½d to 12d; 4490 Boweds at 6½ to 7¾d; Orleans at 6½d to 8½d, 3390 Alabs, &c. at 6½d to 7½d; 800 Pernams at 8½d to 9½; 410 Bahia at 8½d to 8¾d; 1310 Maranhams at 7¾ to 8½; 140 Demeraras at 7½d to 9½d; 80 Surinams at 8d to 9½; 230 Common West Indias, at 5¾d; 20 Smyrnas at 7½d to 7¾; 130 Egyptians at 8¾d; and 170 Surats at 5½d per lb.

Liverpool Cotton Market, Friday, Aug. 6.

The market has been very quiet throughout the week, without, however, leading to any change in prices. To-day, however, there has been rather better demand, and the sales effected have been at full the previous currency. The sales amount to 14,530 bags, viz: 550 Sea Islands Georgia 13½ a 19d.; 50 stained do, 8½ a 12d.; 4,490 Upland do, 6½ a 7¾d.; 3,390 Mobile and Alabama, 6½ a 7½d.; 2,680 New-Orleans, 6½ a 8½.—Import 27,900 bags—1000 bags American have been taken on speculation.

From the New-Orleans Price-Current, of October 2.

The weather continues cool and dry, and would be pleasant and favorable to out door affairs were it not for the clouds of dust which thicken the atmosphere. The Mississippi continues at the same stage noticed in our last number, 12 feet below high water mark. Accounts from all the tributary streams above, represent them as low, some of them more so than usual at this season of the year.

COTTON.—Arrived since 24th inst. Louisiana new crop 600 bales. Cleared in the same time, for New-York 204, Boston 252, Philadelphia 197, together 653; making a reduction in stock of 47, and leaving on hand, inclusive of all on ship board not cleared on the 30th ult. a stock (corrected) of 9505 bales. The annual account of stock of Cotton and Tobacco has been carefully taken and corrected up to 30th ult. We find a deficit in the stock of Cotton of 553 bales, which we have put down as *Loss* in repacking and closing the large quantity of damaged Cotton arrived since our last account of stock; and, from personal examination, and every information which we have been able to obtain from the best authority, we have no doubt the loss has at least equalled that number of bales: at any rate, we cannot account for the deficit in any other way. Our information, as relates to sales since our last report, comprehends 820 bales, viz: 540 bales Tennessee at 9 ¼; 118 do. 9½; 11 do: 9¼, and 151 Louisiana, new crop, at 12 cents. The market continues much the same as it was, and has been for some time as animated as could be expected when the season and stock are taken into consideration. Information from nearly all the Cotton growing sections of the United States represent the present crop as considerably short of the last in quantity, and in many places in quality.

La. & Miss. choice,	12	very scarce.
——Prime,	9	
——Seconds,		
——Inferior,		
Mobile or S. Ala. pr.		
——2d quality		
——3d quality		
Ten. & N. Ala. choice,	9¾ 10	sales.
——prime,	9 9¼	
——2d quality,	8¼ 8¾	
——inferior,	8 8¼	

STOCK OF COTTON, 1ST OCTOBER, 1830.

Freret, Brothers' Press,	Bales 1070
P. & W. Dubuys'	367
John Kincaid's,	696
L. M. Reynaud's,	2002
E. Ogden's,	1206
H. W. Palfrey's,	606
N. & B. Hart's,	170
Maunsel White's Warehouse,	274
R. H. M'Nairs,	13
Nathaniel Cox's,	179
Palmer, Smith & Co's.	16
James Armor's,	1
Cargo of Steamboat Columbia, arrived 30th,	394
	6084
On Ship board not cleared on 27th inst.,	
Brig Mexico, Smith, Liverpool,	304
Brig Plato, Perkins, do	256
Brig Balfour, Bee, do	773
Brig Trent, Beauvais, New-York,	211
Ship Citizen, Hoyt, Liverpool,	1185
Brig Attakapas, Davis, Philad.,	145
Schr. Mary, Clarke, New-York,	48
Schr. Camden, Averill, Boston,	252—3174
	10158
CLEARED.—Schr. Camden,	252
Schr. Mary,	204
Brig Attakapas,	197— 653
Actual Stock,	9505

FLOUR.—Sales have been made at $6 50, but not of the best. We continue former quotations because *good fresh* would bring them. There is none in market.

TOBACCO.—No sales have been *closed* since our last report, though there is inquiry and examination in the market, which, if not, eventuate in sales at the prices named, (the highest quotations) as holders appear determined on that subject. The account of stock on hand up to 30th Sept. last, again finds us at fault, there being 843 hhds. more than we had announced in our statement, which, together with 500 hhds. supposed to be the quantity broke up for baling and home consumption, will make the whole import amount to 33781 hhds. since 1st October, 1829, exclusive of the stock left on hand that year, 4239 bales.

Tobacco, 1st qty.,	lb	cut'd
——2d qty.,	"	
——crossed	"	
——bald,	"	2 50 3 00 doll.
——[illegible]	"	12 18 p hdd.

STOCK OF TOBACCO, 1ST OCTOBER, 1830.

Turner's Warehouse,	Hhds. 1695
H Queston's,	1355
V. A. Stackpole's,	874
Townsley & Prieur's,	858
H. W. Palfrey's,	619
Wilkins & Linton's,	508
R. H. M'Nairs,	541
Williamson's,	450
Thomas Franklin's,	441
Foster & Hutton's,	417
Robert Lewis',	350
Thomas Toby's,	317
Cowand & Field's,	313
Berry's Cooperage,	189
Frost's,	156
John K. Ferguson's,	98
Matthew F. Maher's,	72
Coleman's,	30
Yorke, Macalester & Co's.,	19
Wallace, Lambeth & Pope's,	14
John G. Stevenson's,	7
Buckman's,	6
John Mills',	4
Benjamin F. West's,	4
Joseph Webber's,	3
Maunsel White's,	2
Nathaniel Cox's,	2
Ship Citizen, Hoyt, Liverpool,	56
TOTAL,	9492

SUGAR & MOLASSES.—The demand continues very limited for the former. Of the latter there is none left on hanr We have not heard of any sales of importance. In the table will be found the quantity of each, exported for the last three years.

LARD.—There is none in market. It is in demand and would command 12½ cts. per lb. at least.

PORK, mess, inspected,	bl	12	
——prime, do	bl	11	scarce.
——cargo, do	bl	8	dull.
Beef, Western, Mess,	bbl.	10 00	
——Prime,	"	8 00	
——Cargo,	"	4 00	

WHISKEY.—We have not heard of any considerable sale, but are informed that 28 cents is asked and expected.

LEAD in pigs.—A sale of 50 tons has been made at $2 90 per 100 lbs. cash. $3 is now asked.

HAY.—There is none on the Levee or on ship-board. It is plenty in store at 1 @ 1¼ cent per lb.

RICE, (Louisiana.)—There has been no arrivals since our last report. It continues scarce, and is selling at $4 the 100 lbs.

CORN, in sacks, is plenty and not very brisk at $1 the sack of 2 bushels.

LOGWOOD, (Campeachy.)—The last sales were at $23 per ton. There is not much demand at this moment for this article; it is, however firm at our quotations.

RUSSIA SHEETING, (Brown) we are informed, is scarce and in demand at $12 @ $12 50.

Bagging, Scotch hemp,	yard,	17	18	sales.
——Kentucky,	"	18	18½	small
Bale rope, Kentucky,	lb	5½	6½	sales
——Northern,	lb		uncer.	

WESTERN PRODUCE.—Beef, Pork, Bacon, Bagging, Bale Rope, Beans, Coal, Corn, &c. are plenty in comparison to the demand, and generally dull.

EXCHANGE.—On London, nominally six per cent, nothing doing. On France, operations are measurably suspended, on account of the recent information. On the northern cities the little doing is at our rates.

FREIGHTS.—The rate for Liverpool is ¾d. but the reduced quantity of Cotton for exportation has rendered it so doubtful as to what the rate may be next, that we will not venture an opinion. Coastwise Freights must be for a time equally uncertain. For France none shipping. For Cadiz, one vessel up, rates unknown.

REPORT OF COTTON AND TOBACCO

FROM THE PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS, DURING THE LAST FIVE YEARS COMMENCING 1st. OCTOBER AND ENDING 30th SEPTEMBER.

From Wild's Commercial Report.

WHITHER EXPORTED.	1830.	1828-9.	1827-8.	1826-7.	1825-6.	1824-5.	1823-4.	1822-3.	1821-2.
BALES OF COTTON.									
Great Britain,	197626	136141	112846	133339	168118	101904	61624	100085	94457
France,	9371	7852	66125	60101	63760	33831	14[illegible]	25786	38557
North of Europe,	721	12053	8315	4500	137	772	930	5004	2440
Coastwise,	1251	5005	1873	2276	[illegible]	[illegible]	860	3084	4143
TOTAL,	209319	161051	189159	200216	232015	135436	76454	134959	139597
HHDS. OF TOBACCO.									
Great Britain,	56836	41017	30898	60708	66309	60045	46916	30884	14303
France,	1001	1873	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North of Europe,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coastwise,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
TOTAL,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

WHITHER EXPORTED.	1830.	1829.	1828.	1827.	1826.	1825.	1824.	1823.	1822.
BALES OF COTTON.									
Great Britain,	96616	69021	1[illegible]	1[illegible]	1[illegible]	1[illegible]	1[illegible]	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
France,	[illegible]	1[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North of Europe,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coastwise,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
TOTAL,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
HHDS. OF TOBACCO.									
Great Britain,	25174	25491	25111	22570	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
France,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North of Europe,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coastwise,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
TOTAL,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand 1st of Oct. 1829,	Bales. 5557	
Arrived this week,	363641	
——— previously,	362131—363035	
		369196
Exported during 12 mths. ending the 30 sept., 1830.	351890	
Burned,	7250	
Loss by damage,	553—359693	
Stock on hand 1st Oct. 1830,		9505

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

Stock on hand 1st October,	Hhds. 4239	
Arrived up to 1st Oct. 1830,	33781	
		38020
Exported during 13 mths. ending the 30 sept. 1830.	28[illegible]	
Broke up for baling, city consumption, &c. &c.	50[illegible]—38528	
Stock on hand 1st Oct. 1830,		[illegible]492

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ORLEANS.

CLEARED ON SATURDAY.

Ship Citizen, Hoyt, Liverpool, H W Barstow.

ARRIVED ON SATURDAY.

Towboat Pilot, Stark, fm S E Pass—took to sea brig Gen Jackson—lightened off the ground and brought up brig William fm Bordeaux, and brig Elvira, Grace, from N York—passed in the river coming up, a Spanish schr. name unknown from Havana, aground badly at the N E pass.

ARRIVED ON SUNDAY.

Steamer Porpoise, Hourin, from the Balize, towed to sea brigs Trent and Attakapas. Brought up packet ship Louisiana and schr. Primera de Mahon, and to Fort Jackson, brig Moscow.

Steamer Shark, with ships Kentucky and Ohio from N York, Benj Morgan and brig Ella, from Philadelphia.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamboat Pocahontas, Strong, from Bayou Sarah, to Reynolds, Byrne & co; cargo, 77 bls. cotton, &c. viz: 48 to M White; 17 to T & J M Lee; 14 to Peyroux, Rivarde & co: 3 to Maurin and O'Duhigg; 4 casks cheese to McLeod and Champbell; 1 cast, 1 trunk radz to A Culahan: 1 banbox to A Conrad: 3 chicken to coops to owners on board—30 cabin, and 11 deck passengers.

ENTERED YESTERDAY.

Packet ship Kentucky, Jackson, New-York, to G Wilbor—cargo, to Tupper & Brett, Cooper Caruthers & co. B F West, Tracy & Miller, Bridge & Vose, Thompson & Grant, A Philips, G Wilbor, L Le Carpentier, J Perret, R O Pritchard & brother, J & S Brewster, J D Bain, J Leblanc, P Walch, J Grandchamp, J Soulet, J W Collins, H & W Barstow, Persult & Pascal, Wilkins & Linton, E Leguaster, Carriere & Borduzat, Hays & Durell, A M Pintado, V David, Peuch, Bien & co. J Mager, G Brusle, J G Araiza & co. A G Guirot, J H Field & co. B Levy, Kennedy & Duchamp, Gordon, Forstall & co. R D Shepherd & co. R Evans & co. and to several others—total number of entry 305.

Packet ship Ohio, Longcope, New-York—to H & W Barstow, cargo to J G Klemm, Rodgers, Slocomb & co. A Abat, Wallace, Lambeth & Pope, H & W Barstow, C Morgan & Brothers, Wilkins & Linton, Thompson & Grant, steamer Columbia, J Squier & co. J Mennigin, Kennedy & Duchamp, Reynolds, Byrne & co. H & R Lee & co. W & J H Leverich, Hagan & co. Durell, R Layton, A Rash, B Levy, E Leguaster, G Brusle, J W Zacharie & co. Jh. Le Carpentier, J C de St. Romes, C Byrne, J & J Darramon, Morgan & co, Forestier & co. F Gillet & co. P S Newton & co. Calder, Brook & co- W & J Montgomery, J Springer, Soher & Goodman, H N Pollard, P Tulane & co. C Holmes, J Ogden & co. Whiting, Stark & co. Callender & Deblois, T Duplessis, Peters & Millard, S W Oakey & co. J H Field & co. and others.

Packet ship Louisiana, Stoddard, New-York, sailed on the 16th sept. to G Wilbor, cargo to G Vance; B F West, N & G Dick & co. J G Stephenson, J W Breedlove, W Smith, Thomson & Grant, Wm McKean, Hyde & Goodrich, J B Penny, B Story, W Hazard, J G Araiza & co J Cowell, D S Woodruff, Squier & co. H R Lee &co. P Shields, Carriere & Borduzat, W & J H Leverich, Tupper & Brett, T C Springer, J Fowler, J Davis, Foster & Hutton, G Wilbor, A Fisk & co. T R Hyde, J W Collins, E Leguaster, Morgan & co. Robinson & Ferry, Thomson & Grant, J Ogden & co, Morgan & Brother, Reynolds & co. Hayes & Durell, Wilkins & Linton, De Blanc & co. N Cox, G P & W C Bowers, G Brusle, J Finnerty, P Fridane & co, Babcock & Gardiner, Palmer & Southmayd, N M Rickner, J & J Darramon, R Layton, J H Field & co. Kennedy & Duchamp, G Durel, J Willis, Whiting, Stark & co. J Freret, G Wilbor, Pondergrass, T Duplessis, Yorke, Macalester & co. J W Zacharie & co. Jones, Belden & co. J A Merle & co. R D Shepherd & co. J M Duperni, P S Newton & co. M McDougall, R Evans & co. Rowe & Went, Harlow & Hallen, T Rowe to order, and several others—10 cabin and 3 steerage passengers.

Ship Eleanor, Childs, from Rotterdam reported.

Packet ship Benjamin Morgan, Seaton, Philadelphia, to P Morgan & co. cargo to H Renes, J G Stephenson, Wilkins & Linton, Reynolds, Byrne & co. Whitall, Jaudon & co. W M Bell, A Fisk & co. F Beaumont, Green & Babourn, J A Field & co. S P Morgan & co. C Morgan & Brother, N & J Dick & co. M White, Yorke, Macalester & co. T Toby, G W Clarke, Bagly & Merritt, W McKean, Tupper & Brett, W M Stewart, Hyde & Goodrich, Stetson & Avery, A H Inskeepe, J Hagan & co. M Carroll, Barclay, Lyons & co. J H Graham, L Armand, A Reunault, V David, Tracy & Miller, Wm G Howes, G Vance, W Bullett, B Rees, L Pilie, J Labadie, G G Washington, S Indon, W L Robeson, T Sloo jr. Perret & Charbonnet, H & W Grant, H Hillvey, Newkirk, D Urquhart, P Dixon, J W Zacharie & co. J Armor, J Le Carpentier, Rogers, Slocomb & co. and others.

Packet brig Ella, Cole, Philadelphia, cargo: to Hevan H Wallace, Lambeth & Pope, Wilkins & Linton, Nichols & Hill, Yorde, Macalester & co. Morgan & Brother, Morgan & Brother, Morgan & co. Lockhart & Arrott, Peuch, Bein & co. V David, M Carroll, Growning, Wright & co. Tracy & Miller, T Joly, Whitall, Jaudon & co. J Dicks, N & J Dick, Whiting, Stark & co. G W Clark, J G Stephenson, W W Caldwell, A Fisk & co. Jno Masse, Rogers, Slocomb & co. W M Beale, J W Breedlove, A Philips, Stewarts & Easton, S Fowler jr. J W Breedlove, Cooper, Caruther & co. R Layton, J H Field & co. J Le Carpentier, B F West, Tupper & Brett, R L Booker, De Blanc & Lavillebouvre, A M Kean, A Elliot, J Collins, J G Hewes, R Ball & co.

Brig Elvira, Grace, New-York, cargo; 1000 sacks salt, 340 bales hay, 1 box mdze. and 60 bbls potatoes to the master.

Brig William, Keating, Bordeaux—with a general cargo to sundries.

Schr. Primera de Mahon, Vincent, Havana, with fruits &c.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Woodbury, Whelden, cleared at N York for this port, sept 13.

Brig Montana, Creamer, hence at N Yurk on the 12th ult.

Brig Authentic, Barnes, and Ulysses, Brooks, up at Bremen for this port.

Brig (supposed to be the) Pleiades, hence for Liverpool, spoken Aug. 22 lat. 24 13, long 81.

Castillo, Williams, up at Havre on the 29th July, for this port, soon.

Ship Colombus, hence at Gibraltar on 2d Aug.

Ships Harlequin, Garrett; Aspasia, Bennett; Vesta, McKown; Coriolanus, Sampson; Siroc. Marshall, Hercules, Longcope; and London Packet, Robinson, hence at Liverpool, Aug 6, and Plutarch, Pike, hence at do. Aug. 7.

Ship Albree, Greation, up at Liverpool on the 7th Aug. for this port, to sail, uncertain.

Ship Exchange, Barstow, hence at Liverpool 6th aug.

Planter, Keen, hence at Belfast, Aug. 3d.

Ship Wm. Badger, hence for Havre, spoke Aug. 4, lat 48 46, long. 16 30 26 days out.

Brig Augusta, Jefferson, hence for Liverpool, spoke 22d Aug. lat 24 18, long 31.

Up at Havre for this port, ship Bolivar, welch, to sail on the 20th august.

Ship Helvetia, Miner, do. the 1st September.

MAYORALTY OF NEW-ORLEANS.—The price of fresh Flour being this day $7 00 per barrel, according to the tariff the Bakers must give during the ensuing week, (which commences on Monday) 39 ounces of bread for a bit.

October 2 D. PRIEUR, *Mayor*

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Tuesday 5th instant, will be sold at his auction store, at 10 o'clock, the following Goods:

3 cases Turkey ginghams, 2 cases calicoes, 3 bales 5 and 6 points blankets, 1 bale sailor's bonnets, 2 cases Angola shawls, 1 bale bombazet, 1 case 6-4 dimity, 1 bale 3-4 calmoucks, 2 cases worsted shawls, 1 bale bombazet, 1 do. marble cottonade, 1 do. cloth, &c.

Terms at sale. october 5

THE subscribers offer for sale, landing from the brig William, from Bordeaux, at their store, corner of St. Peter and Royal streets, the following articles:

Very fresh Gruyère cheese,
Excellent cheese from Holland,
Aniseed in baskets, of a superior quality,
Aniseed of a second quality,
Frontignan Wine, fully guaranteed,
Bordeaux white wine vinegar,
Curaçoa, in jugs,
And many other articles, such as coffee, of good quality, which they will sell at 7 lb. for one dollar.

october 5 CLAPIER & MICOUD.

FASHIONABLE MADRAS.

2 TRUNKS handsome Madras Handkerchiefs landing from ship Benj. Morgan, and for sale by H. PERRET & CHARBONNET. october 5

LANDING from brig William, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the subscribers, 10 bales 3 points Blankets.

oct 5 THEODORE NICOLET & Co.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Israelites who have a right to vote that an anniversary Election of Officers will take place on Sunday October 18th, at 4 o'clock P. M., in the hall belonging to the said congregation, at the corner of St. Louis and Franklin streets, near the Bassin. By order of the President,

A. SALOMON,
october 5 Secretary pro-temp.

FOR SALE.

By Mrs. Yves LEBLANC, corner of Royal and St. Peter sts.

Fresh Seeds of this year, lately received from New-York, by the packet ship Kentucky, viz:

Large Cabages, Royal Peas,
Rose Turneps, Strawberries.
White ditto, oct 5

The subscribers have received by the ships Kentucky and Louisiana, a handsome assortment of shoes and Brogues, Pumps of calf and leather-skins. Also an assortment of fine Hats of the latest fashion, for men and boys. For sale on moderate prices.

october 5 J. G. ARRAIZA & Co.

STRAY HORSE.

IT has been led at the subscriber's, a GREY HORSE marked MR on the right thigh, having a back leg larger than the other. That horse will be delivered to the owner by paying the necessary costs, otherwise it will be sold by Mr. Guillotte, on the 20th instant, at the usual place for such sales.

october 5 HUBERT, sw.dlg

SUPERIOR BEAVER HATS.