THE DAILY BEE,
PUBLISHED BY
G. F. WEISSE & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
G. F. WEISSE, S. HARBY,
HENRY FARMIN, WM. WORKY, ... one year in advance ... $12
... ... 6
... subscribers must give one week's notice ... we may not be bound to discontinue.

The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 8, 1855.

Vol. XVI.—NEW SERIES.
Vol. XVIII.—Whole No. 2814.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Dollar for every TEN lines, in each language in the first insertion, and HALF that price for ... subsequent one. No advertisement inserted in ... than one dollar, and longer.

☞ A ... reasonable reduction at intervals ... largest ... for every TEN lines for each ... 25 cents for each ... thereafter.

☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is ... to advertisements strictly within the line of ... business, and in extent to one square every other day.

THE DAILY BEE.

Wednesday Morning, August 8, 1855.

☞ The Northern Mail yesterday arrived ... hours due on Monday. The mail due ... Sunday.

OBJECTIONS ANSWERED.

... been writing a good deal of ... ing influence. To ... attentively and impartially ... the question, there is no neces... declaration that we cherish no ... inveterate hostility towards na... ers. Unfortunately the larger ... mankind, instead of reflect... ly and dispassionately for them... ... the propositions as they would ... and lately ready made for them. ... is that a very consider... ... of the foreign-born popula... ... into intense wrath against ... Party, by the calumnious ... and virulent effusions ... and perambulating ora... ... and pled citizens calmly and ... the tenets and doc... American Party; did they re... ... the interests of our adversaries, their ... would be far less unfavorable, ... behold much more ... sound sense in our ... commonly brought ... Party is that of an ... foreigners. This ... The American Party seeks ... ... who are best fitted by ... ... to administer ... wisdom and discretion— ... the soil. We have al... that the sentiment em... is universal, and ... in the United States, ... to frame special rules, ... and personal cases. ... understood that this is no ... foreigners which the party ... Even the lowest, the most ... them are subjects rather ... We seek to divest ... party leaders of the great ... and rascality they have ... through the looseness of ... ... citizenship, and the ... the p or, deluded natives ... Germany are moulded into ... crime. We strike not at ... depriving him of a power ... unwisely, but at the hawks ... who gorge themselves on political ... and would speedily perish of ma... they were perforce reduced to ... and innocent nutriment. The ... constant source of political con... object so dear to the dema... *primum mobile* of so much ... lawlessness, outrage and unworthy ... the foreign vote, and we ... elections decided by the suf... the incorruptible yeomanry of the ... statesmen, and truer patri... to fight station. Throw proper ... around the acquisition of citizen... you render it worthy of attain... Under the existing cheapening pro... has depreciated attached to the point ... contempt.

... ... BANK.—We perceive from the an... statement of the affairs of this admirably ... institution, that on the 31st ult. the ... profits of the Bank for the preceding ... amounted to $265,126 03, from which, de... the dividend in February last, leave... the handsome sum of $210,126 03. The Board ... Directors have just declared another dividend ... per cent, and have ordered a further sum ... to be carried of the permanent re... ...

☞ An adjourned meeting of the stockhold... of the Eastern Railroad has adopted the re... port of a special committee on the Tombecbee ... alternative, stating that the same amounts to ... $247,000. A new board of directors has been ...

☞ Seventeen cases of yellow fever and two ... deaths have occurred in Norfolk, all traceable ... to the disease in Gosport.

☞ We regret to learn that Dr. John C. Calhoun, third son of the late Hon. J. C. Calhoun, died on Tuesday, the 24th ult., at the residence of Major J. H. Rion, in Winnsboro, where he had recently arrived from Florida, afflicted with that most insidious and deceptive enemy of man, consumption. His remains, accompanied by W. L. Calhoun, Esq., and Major Rion, arrived in Columbia on Tuesday afternoon by the Charlotte road, destined to their final resting-place, Fort Hill, S. C., where the last sad duty of burial will be performed at the family sepulchre.

FINE GRAPES.—We have received from Mr LOUIS RICARD, No. 78 Love street, a bunch of the celebrated Palermo Muscatine Grapes, grown in his own garden. We have never seen a larger or more beautiful variety of this delicious fruit. They are of exquisite flavor, with a decided vinous smack.

☞ The Mobile *Tribune* denies the truth of a report that yellow fever exists in that city, and adds that Mobile was never healthier.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On the 29th ult., Captain Moody, one of the conductors on the Virginia Central Railroad, was killed at one of the water stations, by being crushed between two cars.

☞ Nebraska Territory flourishes heavily, the settlers swarming into it by every avenue, in such numbers that provisions are enormously high, flour ranging at sixteen dollars a barrel, and potatoes at three dollars a bushel. Omaha, the capital, is located on the bank of the Missouri river, directly opposite Council Bluffs, Iowa, and a steam ferry boat plies constantly between the two places. Omaha contains about four hundred inhabitants. It is beautifully located and surrounded by an excellent farming region, well watered and lacking only timber. For laborers the average rate of wages is not in proportion to the prices of board and provisions. In fact, laborers are said to be plentier than employers.

☞ A young lady was so terribly frightened by the attempt of a man to commit suicide at her residence, in Boston, a few nights since, that she sprang out upon the roof of the house, and was found hanging over the edge by her hands. Two young men named Somers, who lived next door, seeing her position, ran to the roof of the house and rescued her, almost exhausted.

DARING ROBBERY.—$1,500 STOLEN.—Mr. W. R. H. SCOTT, of Paris, Ky., while returning from the National Theatre to the Spencer House, in Cincinnati, at about 11 o'clock on Friday night week, inquired of some person on Sycamore street the way to the above hotel. He was directed to go down Sycamore to an alley between Front and Columbia streets, which would lead him directly there. He followed these directions, and had proceeded but a few steps in the alley, when a man raised up before him and knocked him down. He was then held down and rifled of $1,530, which he had about him. Mr. S. was not much hurt, but was handled very roughly, his cravat being torn off and his clothes much soiled.

TEXAS.

By the *Charles Morgan* we have received our Texas exchanges to the 4th instant. There was a good deal of political excitement in the State, and we presume it did not cease until the close of the election on the 5th. The American party has no doubt made a handsome fight, though with little hope of success.

Gen. Houston is out with a letter avowing his advocacy of, the leading principles of the American party.

The crops in the interior look well, notwithstanding the late heavy rains.

We take the following from the *News* of the 3d:

The steamer Guadalupe, recently purchased for the Rio Grande trade, left on Sunday, but in consequence of a heavy sea, she was so strained that she had to put back to this port. She will be taken to Lynchburg to be sailed out for repairs. The steamer Swan, also purchased for the Rio Grande trade, left on Saturday night.

The telegraph wires between this city and Houston are down, and we have no later advices from the Trinity river. A gentleman from Tarrant county informs us that the Upper Trinity was low a few days ago, therefore we presume the rise lately reported was not such as would last many days.

We learn that a good deal of the "important business" which the Know Nothings frequently together, is the initiation of new members. The excitement in regard to the election runs higher in our city than ever before, and the number of the sweats, &c., indifferently worn is very limited. Every citizen is almost forced by the zeal of the two parties to declare his choice.

In regard to the movements on the Rio Grande, we find the following in a Goliad paper:

I learned while in Matamoros yesterday, that the Federals had taken Camargo, and the fact seems to be confirmed here by the arrival of private couriers.

The Central troops, 300 strong, marched out without firing a gun, and the Federals marched in. The Centrals were in the immediate employ of Col. Carrasco, who was for many years the commandant in La Bahia. He is well remembered by the old Texans. He was the Captain only, then. He is a great villain to my own knowledge, having had some transactions with him in Matamoros a few months ago. Gen. Woll has made all the necessary preparations for a siege, but it will do no good, mark the prediction. There are only 300 troops in the city now, but the whole force from the Rio Grande will surrender in less than fifty hours. The Federals will follow them down from Camargo to Matamoros, and then a battle will ensue which will end the revolution in Northern Mexico.

It is currently reported on both sides of the river, that Juan B Garza, the man whom the insurgents have declared to be Governor, has issued his proclamation for the assembling of a legislature at Victoria, the old capital, in disaster.

Woll only has four pieces of artillery, two brass and two iron, since all brass pieces, and drawn by mules instead of horses, a new fixture in the management of flying artillery.

IS LAGER BEER INTOXICATING?—This important question is thus answered by an exchange:

"As many of our large cities manufacture several thousand barrels of lager beer annually, and as good folks thereof are divided on this question settled. It would seem to depend upon who drinks the beer, for, although it is a notorious fact that Americans *have* got drunk, *do* get drunk, and *will* get drunk on lager, yet, from what we have observed, Germans seem to imbibe it with perfect impunity. The Buffalo (N. Y.) Republic tells of a German who, with two comrades, *drank twenty one quarts of lager* beer as neat as the landlord could bring it up, the time taken in drawing being about five minutes to the quart, each man drinking seven quarts of lager beer in one hour and twenty minutes. After this, says the German, "I went home, spark ing my girl, as cool as before we ever I was."

KNOW NOTHING WITHDRAWALS.—The Feliciana *Chronicle* has the following:

The last issue of the Ledger contains a card signed by Adolphe Lartigue and James P. Ker, announcing their withdrawal from the Know Nothings.

We regret that such a course has rendered it necessary for us to publish in our columns a little matter of news that has long been stale in our community.

The fact is that Lartigue and Harper were several months since expelled from the order, and as they cannot withdraw from a party of which they are not members, we can see no motive in publishing such a card, unless it be to attempt to remove some disgrace that they regard as being attached to such expulsion, and if such be the object, we think that it could have been much better accomplished if the expedient had been resorted to a little earlier; it should not at the latest have been postponed more than six months since they were expelled. As to that, however, may be altogether a matter of taste, we leave it for the public to decide.

☞ A solid mass of silver ore was received in New York, by the steamer *George Law*, last week, weighing 85 pounds, and valued at $3,000. It is the product of one mine on the Isthmus, and sent on to be coined. The *Express* says:

It is very curious that silver is becoming abundant, and that, at the mint in Philadelphia, it is now paid out at par for gold, the equivalent to $1 90 per ounce. No doubt but that when we have a regular communication with New Orleans, by the railroad, it will be surrounded with the results of a newly directed industry, of an American character, throwing up possibly California and Australia into the shade.

This mass of silver is, in shape, the *half* of a cylinder, whose length was about two feet, and diameter one foot. It had a rough exterior, and looked like a piece of wood with the bark on, only that it was of pure silver.

FROM THE PLAINS.—Late advices from the Plains say that Mr. Holcombe, the District Attorney of the United States for Utah, was at Scott Platte, on route for Washington, with despatches from Colonel Steptoe to the War Department. At Sweet Water he found a large party of Mormons exploring for gold. A letter from the gold country says that large quantities of silver had been discovered on Ant Stream, southern end of the Sierra.

About one hundred Indians were encamped a short distance from this river, who appeared to be friendly disposed. Mr. Holcombe was fired on by the Sioux Indians and the United States troops, they say they will join the strongest party. The Mormons, at Scott's Bluffs, fifty miles above Fort Laramie, were about to commence the arrival of their troops, and they threatened if they did not serve them in ten days they would kill every white man between Fort Laramie and Salt Lake.

☞ A splendid mass of silver ore was received in New York, by the steamer *George Law*, last week, weighing 85 pounds, and valued at $3,000. It is the product of one mine on the Isthmus, and sent on to be coined. The *Express* says:

It is very curious that silver is becoming abundant, and that, at the mint in Philadelphia, it is now paid out at par for gold, the equivalent to $1 90 per ounce. No doubt but that when we have a regular communication with New Orleans, by the railroad, it will be surrounded with the results of a newly directed industry, of an American character, throwing up possibly California and Australia into the shade.

This mass of silver is, in shape, the *half* of a cylinder, whose length was about two feet, and diameter one foot. It had a rough exterior, and looked like a piece of wood with the bark on, only that it was of pure silver.

FROM THE PLAINS.—Late advices from the Plains say that Mr. Holcombe, the District Attorney of the United States for Utah, was at Scott Platte, on route for Washington, with despatches from Colonel Steptoe to the War Department. At Sweet Water he found a large party of Mormons exploring for gold. A letter from the gold country says that large quantities of silver had been discovered on Ant Stream, southern end of the Sierra.

About one hundred Indians were encamped a short distance from this river, who appeared to be friendly disposed. Mr. Holcombe was fired on by the Sioux Indians and the United States troops, they say they will join the strongest party. The Mormons, at Scott's Bluffs, fifty miles above Fort Laramie, were about to commence the arrival of their troops, and they threatened if they did not serve them in ten days they would kill every white man between Fort Laramie and Salt Lake.

☞ Seventeen cases of yellow fever and two deaths have occurred in Norfolk, all traceable to the disease in Gosport.

GRAND RALLY AT OPELOUSAS.

The *American Patriot* of the 4th has an interesting account of a large and enthusiastic assemblage of the American party of St. Landry, which convened at the Opelousas Court House on Tuesday week. At the request of the Democrats it was agreed that the discussion should be free. The *Patriot* says:

At 11 o'clock the meeting was called to order by C. L. Swayze, Esq., who announced the following officers, to wit:

President—CYPRIEN DUPRE.

Vice-Presidents—FRANCOIS ROBIN, Dr. D. W. MARTIN, FRANCOIS C. DEVILLIERS, Dr. LEWIS A. WEBB, ALPHONSE DEBAILLON, M. KEMPHOR.

Secretaries—EVARISTE DEJEAN, L. STAGG.

The meeting being organized, the President briefly explained its objects, and proclaimed the following Order of Debate:

1. ADOLPHUS OLIVIER, Esq., in advocacy of the principles of the Native American party;

2. Messrs. DEBLANC and SIMON, Jr., in opposition to said principles;

3. To be closed by THOMAS H. LEWIS, Esq., in response to the last two gentlemen.

When the President called the name of Oliver, a burst of enthusiasm and applause was sent forth by the assemblage, such as we never before heard within the walls of our Court House. It was the first time that we have had the pleasure of hearing him in our midst. It is true, his reputation as an orator, and as a staunch and bold defender of the great principles of our party, had long since preceded his arrival among us. But we must confess that our most sanguine anticipations of his talents as orator were more than realized. For an hour and a half—the time that he spoke—such a strain of eloquence and argument flowed from his true American heart that the whole audience remained enraptured, and foes themselves gave vent to their admiration by hearty participations in the frequent bursts of applause with which he was again and again enthusiastically greeted. We shall forbear giving here a synopsis of his speech, as Mr. Olivier has consented, in compliance with the request of a special committee of the Order, to furnish us a copy for publication.

He was followed by Mr. Deblanc, of St. Martin, who spoke in French, and by F. D. Hardy, Esq. We shall not attempt to give a sketch of the speeches of either of these gentlemen. Suffice it to say that we were highly pleased with that of Mr. Deblanc, it was characterized by a fluency of language and a beauty of diction which were, indeed, worthy of a better cause. We listened to him throughout with pleasure and admiration; and, summing up the whole, we came to the conclusion that he had made as good a Native American speech as we would wish to listen to, although he pronounced himself against the party.

At this stage of the proceedings, Thos. H Lewis, Esq., was vociferously called for, who ascended the platform amid deafening applause, and proceeded to address the assemblage in his usual eloquent and intelligent manner. He was followed by