THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
JEROME BAYON.
STATE PRINTER.
THE UNION — IT MUST BE PRESERVED.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1834.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. B. DAWSON.
SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT:
B. MARIGNY.

CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS.
1st District—C. CHARLES GAYARRE.
2d " JAMES BRADFORD.
3d " L. MOORE.
3d " JOSEPH WALKER.

ALDERMEN.
1st District—G. SCHMIDT
2d do FELIX LABATUT.
3d do HYPOLITE PREVELEUX.
4th do J. MERRIDETH.
5th do EDOUARD FONTEGUT.
6th do J. PREVOST.
7th do B. SIMMONS.
8th do F. BRISSON.

[illegible] from the Mexican yesterday.

A dispute took place late on Thursday evening in front of the American theatre, between two boys, in consequence of which one stabbed the other in the left breast with a knife, which caused his death in a few minutes. The name of the deceased is James Lyons. The offender, Judge Will[illegible]s. We understand he made his escape and has not yet been apprehended.

CAPTURE OF AN ENGLISH ARMED SCHOONER.

We understand, from a person whom we deem worthy of credence, that he learned on board of the ship, This, which arrived here day before yesterday from Matanzas, that the French Pilot boat *Cutter Bolide*, had boarded and taken possession of Cuba an English armed schooner. The circumstances were briefly these.—The English vessel taking the Spanish Cutter for a slave-trader as was afterwards ascertained, fired upon her, whereupon she hoisted her colors, which, having not been deemed a satisfactory evidence of her real character, a broadside succeeded, upon which an engagement took place which resulted in the capture of the schooner, whose loss amounted to 14 men.

We are in the almost daily receipt of letters from different parts of the Union, written by persons desirous to subscribe to our paper. One individual living in Virginia writes to us that he will remit the amount of subscription as soon as he receives the first number. We cannot readily see what possible difference it can make to him to remit before as well as after. Frequently we have to pay the postage upon letters the contents of which concern us not in the slightest degree. Not long ago some fellow sent us a snake story extracted from a New York paper for the transmission of which we had to pay double postage. This is indeed provoking, but we suppose like other evils it must be borne.

The two worthies who *mis*-represent this state in the U. S. senate have indulged, in presenting the proceedings of the meeting held in this city and the memorial of sundry citizens thereof, in remarks entirely unsustained by facts and at total variance with truth. We shall not impute to either of those *honorable* gentlemen a wilful desire to misconstrue the circumstances attendant upon these exhibitions of the public feeling, nor charge them with the base design of giving a false complexion on to them merely for the purpose of answering unworthy ends, however plausible may be the grounds for coming to such a conclusion. Neither shall we bestow the slightest attention upon the puerility and weakness of their attack upon the administration. The first we leave them to reconcile with their consciences, and for the latter, we think the rejoinder of Mr. Forsyth of Georgia, quite sufficient, in which opinion we doubt not, if their vanity has not been suffered to get the entire mastery over their judgment, they perfectly accord with ourselves. But we will examine somewhat to the bare transcribing of certain passages in their addresses in which truth has been most palpably and shamefully violated. Passing over the assertion of Mr. Senator Waggaman, "that the meeting was one of the largest ever convened in this city," as being the usual cant upon like occasions, we come to the following paragraph:

"And I will also take leave to observe, though it may be disagreeable to the feelings of some gentlemen, that that meeting was composed of every description of persons, without distinction as to party, Jackson men and Anti-Jackson men, administration and anti-administration men, supporters and opponents of the present administration. The proceedings had at that meeting were signed by its Chairman, Mr. Oakley, who has been, from the earliest period of the aspirations of the present Chief-Magistrate to political power and high office in station, down to the present moment, through good and through evil report, one of his most ardent, active, and zealous friends, spending more time in aid of the cause, than any other man known to me in the State. So I say it in no term of reproach to that gentleman, but am happy to avail myself of this public occasion to bear testimony in favor of his most excellent character; believing, as I do, that whatever he has done in partisan acts in aid of the administration, has been done with the purest and most patriotic motives."

To assert that this meeting was composed of a large portion of the Democratic party, without noticing the circumstances that induced their attendance, is doing manifest injustice, and is, to say the least of it, an unworthy prevarication. Our readers will not understand us as reflecting upon Mr. Waggaman in the slightest degree. He may have been ignorant of the ruse through which many of our friends were induced to lend their presence upon the occasion, and how it happened that Mr. Oakley, a gentleman whom we esteem no less than he does, approved, in the official capacity of chairman or secretary, of proceedings sustaining the Bank, and censuring (indirectly) the President. He may not have heard that Mr. Oakley attended the meeting, with many others, with the view to petition Congress for the establishment of a Bank in New York, in the place of the present odious institution, to remonstrate against the injurious tendency of requiring cash duties from merchants, and to suggest the propriety of carrying into effect the warehousing system. He may not have seen the call for the meeting, and not been apprised that it was cloaked in a manner to make it understood that these subjects would be alone discussed. Probably he was unaware that a set of resolutions prepared in accordance with the ostensible object of the meeting were presented, and that those he introduced, were mysteriously and quite unaccountably substituted in their place. Perhaps he did not hear, that Mr. Oakley manifested great repugnance while discharging his duties, and that every attempt, as all present could see, on his part to explain, or to give an opportunity for both sides to be heard, were met by hisses, and with indecorous language. This may be all new to him; but from our own personal knowledge and the concurrent testimony of dozens of witnesses, we are prepared to show its truth. To our citizens it would be a work of supererogation to urge the reasons why this meeting was composed of a portion of Democratic Republicans, and how it happened that a surreptitious expression of their opinions were emitted. Those abroad, who might have been deceived, we hope will not fail to understand how this boasted union of parties occurred, and to what circumstance the unique amalgamation is to be attributed.

The following extracts are from the speech of Judge Porter and are so much in the same tone and spirit, that the foregoing remarks will equally apply:

"It is entitled to consideration, sir, for another reason—it was largely composed of that political party called Jackson men. I make this remark, having fresh in my recollection the censure bestowed by the Senator from Virginia a few days since, on the habit prevailing here of announcing such a fact on the presentation of a memorial.

"And, sir, I cannot help thinking that the distress must be pungent and scorching, which brings men, so opposite in their opinions, on the same ground, and, when there, makes them unite. Had any one, sir, told me, when I left New Orleans, that two months after my departure an assemblage composed of these two parties would have met there, and requested me to vote for a recharter of the present bank, I should have given no more credence to the statement than I would have done to a prophecy, that, within the same space of time, two of the great sects of christianity had, upon mutual consideration, surrendered their respective opinions and agreed on a common creed. For, sir, it did so happen, that this very bank question entered into the late election which made me a member of this House, and among my other demerits it was charged on me that I was a Bank advocate. Indeed, some of my Jackson friends told me that this was *the* very head and front of my offending." Now, sir, to find it one same assemblage, within so short a space of time, uniting in a request for me to sustain this institution, is a circumstance so remarkable not to excite attention."

The Cooper Meeting was very numerously attended. As the proceedings have been published in the several other papers we dispense with their publication it ours.

New Novel.—Lucia, the Betrothed, a novel, has been just published in New-York. It is a translation from the Italian of Alessandro Manzoni, a writer of repute.

Mr. Editor:—Permit me through the medium of your paper to announce that I am not a candidate for re-election as an alderman of the first ward.

I am constrained to adopt this course by the pressure of other duties, and because I expect to be absent the ensuing summer. With acknowledgements to my friends and the public for the honor proposed to be conferred on me, and to you, for your kind, able, and unsolicited vindication of my course as Chairman of the Finance Committee.

I am respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JAS. SAUL.

Mr. Editor:—Please announce the names of Bernard McCarten and G. Soniat, as candidates for the city council from the 1st ward, and oblige MANY VOTERS.

FOR THE BEE.

The fulfillment of the glorious destinies of our happy country would seem to be securely dependant upon the intelligence and virtue of her enlightened and patriotic citizens, whose jealous vigilance would detect and destroy in embryo every influence which was calculated to engender political imposture amongst us. Yet it is evident that even in the plenitude of peace and contentment, and while basking in the meridian splendor of liberty and happiness, secured to us by the purity of our democratic institutions, a corrupt power has arisen among us and acquired such gigantic and fearful proportions as in its overthrow to agitate the very elements of our political existence and threaten with destruction the glorious fabric of American liberty.—Yes! at this late period when our otherwise happy country, after surmounting all the obstacles which formerly oppressed her youthful energies—after triumphing over her foreign enemies and rearing aloft the proud and noble structure of a pure republic, "where every man may sit under his own vine and fig-tree, and there is none to make him afraid," even at this very period have the shackles been forging which were to have enslaved us to a tyranny more oppressive than oriental despotism, and even now has it required as much devotion to save our country on the part of one of her citizens, as was ever displayed in the brightest days of Rome in history by the most noble minded patriot whose name adorns her annals.

What was the fabulous self-immolation of Curtius, compared to the actual and fearless devotion with which Andrew Jackson has leaped into and closed the gulf of corruption and depravity opened by the United States Bank, even in the midst of the very forum of our country—our electoral, judicial and senatorial halls. Among the many blessings dispensed to our country, an essential one has been, that whenever a critical emergency has occurred in which extraordinary powers and qualifications on the part of some individual, have been required, that such an individual has always arisen endowed with qualifications to render him capable of performing the requisite duties.

Such a crisis is the one which is now agitating us, and such a man is Andrew Jackson.

There are thousands of brave men in our country who would sacrifice their lives to preserve her, but it required such a patriot and such a man as Andrew Jackson to breast the fierce and fiery tempest of bank persecution—to sustain unshrinkingly the load of obloquy and reproach which has been heaped upon him by the hired libellers of the bank, and to peril his extraordinary popularity, to preserve the purity of our institutions, and the liberty of our country. Indeed, it would seem from the malignant bitterness of Gen Jackson's enemies, that their hostility is the result of envy, or rather like the Athenian of old, who aided in ostracising Aristides, they cannot bear to hear him called "the just."

CIVIS.

SKETCH OF THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

This body, which was originally intended to reflect the sentiments of the States, but can only do so by combining their feelings and obeying their instructions, now presents a singular anomaly. It is agreed on all hands, that it embraces great talents, splendid eloquence, high character—combines great attributes and duties, and is the We will not say, with the Democratic Committee of Philadelphia, that it "has come with Presidential candidates"—but we will say, that there are not less than five gentlemen in it, who have been held up for the Presidential Chair—Messrs. Van Buren, Calhoun, Clay, Leigh and Webster. Such possessions, therefore, as may be produced by such high aspirations, may be expected, more or less, to mark the course of its proceedings.

Let us look further into its elements and composition The majority of this body consists of most discordant political materials; but all of them cemented together by their hatred for the Administration. That is one of their great principles of action, and they are now acting with each other upon the common ground, of opposing its measure of removing the Deposities, and insisting upon their restoration. Among these Elements, we recognize Nullifiers and Nationals, Bank Men, Anti-Bank and Semi Bank men! But the most striking circumstance of the whole is, that it is a fictitious majority—who seek to "flood it over Venice." Seven of its members at least, if not more most grossly and flagrantly misrepresent their own constituents—and five of these persist in retaining their seats and voting their own sentiments, in contempt of the direct instructions of their respective States.

Yet it is this majority, so constituted, which holds itself forth as the true Simon Pures of the Constitution—as expressing truly the voice of the People—as guarding our institutions from every impurity, and presuming to dictate not only to the Executive, but to the Representatives of the People—and to the People themselves. They sit there, "the their easy chairs"—so netimes rising to make harangues, descanting on mammoths—sometimes trying to agitate the waters for political purposes, and in intimating their determination to prolong the session until the Public Deposites have been restored to an unconstitutional Institution. Such is the body, who would arrogate to themselves almost all the talents, almost all the principles and purity of the country. Let the people and the States look to it. If these men truly reflected the real sentiments of the people, how soon would the pompous pretensions of the Opposition vanish into smoke!

MR. LEIGH ON THE BANK, ON TUESDAY LAST.

The public are anxiously awaiting to see Mr Leigh's course in the Senate of the United States, in regard to the rechartering of the Bank. It seems, he took ground against Mr Webster's project on Tuesday—but the speech, in which he set forth his views, is not yet come on. But we submit all the brief versions which we have seen of it in the papers:

"Mr Leigh was averse to the re-charter of the Bank, for any time whatever, on constitutional grounds, and in opposition to the Bill."—[Globe, March 19.

"Mr Leigh spoke at length against the course of the Administration in relation to the Bank, but expressed his determination, agreeably to his instructions, to vote against Mr Webster's bill."—[Alex. Gaz Ib.

"Mr Leigh then gave the reasons which would compel him to vote against the prolongation of the charter of the Bank, or the charter of a new one, at the same time he threw out the idea that a condition of things might be developed which would change both the views of the State of Virginia and his own, on the subject of the Bank."

[Nat. Int Ib.

The speech will be out in a few days, and then Mr L will speak for himself. But if he has thrown out the idea which the Intelligencer ascribes to him, we take leave to say, with all courtesy and candor, that Mr Leigh may change his views about the Bank, but we are satisfied that the State of Virginia will not change her's. He counts without his host—and the Bank need not take any consolation to itself from this contingent declaration. Let Mr Biddle be assured, that the people of Virginia will remain firm as Mount Atlas—unwavering in the support of their principles, and true to the Constitution of their country.—[Whig.

Literary Property.—A very important question on the subject of literary property is now pending before the United States' Supreme Court at Washington. The facts of the case are these:—Henry Wheaton, of New York, is the proprietor and publisher of the Reports of cases decided in the Supreme Court for a period of years, extending to several volumes, of considerable expense to the profession. Richard Peters, Esq. of this city, some time ago undertook and published an abridgment of these Reports This work forms a condensed volume of cheap form, comprising all the material opinions of the Court, but leaving out the arguments of counsel. The convenience as well as cheapness of this volume, recommended it highly to the legal profession. In fact, it has nearly superseded the voluminous and expensive Reports of Wheaton.

On this state of the facts, Mr Wheaton brought an action before the United States' Court, to prevent the publication and circulation of Peters' Reports, alleging that the latter was a violation of the copyright of the former. Mr Wheaton, who has been Charge d'Affaires for several years at the Court of Denmark, returned last year to superintend the progress of his cause. He is now at Washington for that purpose.

We further learn that Mr Webster has made a powerful argument on the side of Mr Wheaton, and Mr Sergeant, of this city, on the part of Mr Peters. The cause is before the Court.

It will be obvious, that the decision of the Court, whatever it may be, will be of great importance to literary men, the compilers of abridgments, and all such like works.

From the Evening Post.

Messrs. Editors.—As several of the opposition papers have undertaken to make a great fuss about the throwing up of cake for Nicholas Biddle yesterday afternoon, I have been led to inquire, what has he done to acquire this distinction? That a few editors whom he has bought "like cattle in the market" should be grateful for "facilities," or that the "specimen number" should blaze forth in its hundred thousand copies, is not a matter of surprise; but that freemen whom he has attempted to crush by his power should be ready to fall down and worship this idol, is to me a matter of surprise and indignation. Are they afraid that if they do not worship "the golden calf" the thunders will be turned against them, that they will be taken by the throat and thrust into prison? Is it not for this reason that they are constrained to do Mr. Biddle honor?

But to be serious, I ask what has Mr Biddle and his pliant directors done? or rather what have they not done to cripple our commerce, destroy our manufactures and distress our merchants? And shall we honor them for the act? I trust in God we shall not. Jefferson.

From the New York Atlas and Constellation.

Here are a few stanzas characterized by an intensity of feeling and a grandeur and sublimity of thought, united to charming simplicity and grace of expression, every way worthy of their subject:

THE EXILE OF ST HELENA.

On that lone barren Isle, where the loud roaring billows
Assail the stern rocks while the wild tempests rave,
The hero lies still—and the dew-dropping willows,
Like fond weeping mourners, bend over his grave;
The sea-storm may rage, and the hoarse thunders rattle,—
He heeds not,—he hears not,—he's free from all pain:
He sleeps his last sleep, he has fought his last battle—
No stand can awake him to glory again!

Oh! shade of the mighty, where now are the legions
That rush'd but to conquer when thou led'st them on?
Alas! they have perished, in far chilly regions,
And all but the fame of their triumph is gone!
The trumpet may sound, and the cannon peal rattle,—
They heed not,—they hear not,—they're free from all pain:
They sleep their last sleep,—they have fought their last battle,—
No sound can awake them to glory again!

Yet spirit immortal! the tomb cannot bind thee—
For like thine own eagles, that soar'd to the sun,
how spring'st from thy bondage, and leavest behind
Such fame as no mortal hath ever known!

DIED, yesterday, Ma. Cosmo Otis, aged twenty years, lately from Matanzas. His friends and acquaintance are requested to attend his funeral from the residence of his brother in law, R. P. Cogley, 44 Casa Calvo st. at ten o'clock, without further notice.

AMERICAN THEATRE:
(CAMP-STREET.)

LAST NIGHT OF Mr. SINCLAIR.

First Night of the Grand Opera of FRA DIAVOLO!

Mrs. KNIGHT AS ZERLINA.

Positively the Last Appearance of the Messrs. Herrmanns.

THIS EVENING, April 5th,
Will be presented, the admired and splendid Opera of
FRA DIAVOLO:
OR—THE INN OF TERRACINI.

The Music by Auber, with Introductions from Rossini.

Fra Diavolo, - - - - - Mr. SINCLAIR,
Lorenzo, - - - - - Field,
Beppo, - - - - - Gilbert,
Zerlina, - - - - - Mrs KNIGHT.

Previous to which, the laughable petit Comedy of
MY AUNT!
Dick Dashall, - - - - - Mr Field,
Saberlove, - - - - - Gilbert,
Mrs Corbett, - - - - - Mrs Salzmann.

☞The Managers have the pleasure of informing the public that they have effected a re engagement with
M. E FORREST
For a limited number of nights. He will by particular desire appear on Monday Evening, in Dr. Bird's new Tragedy, the BROKER OF BOGOTA

THE present fresh flour being this day $3½ per barrel, according to the tariff, the Bakers must give during the ensuing week, 55 ounces of bread for a bit.
apr 5

THE Subscribers respectfully invite their friends and the public in general, to partake of refreshments at the bar of their Coffee House, this evening, Saturday, April 5, corner of Old Levee and Main street.
apr 5 MULRONEY & JENKINS.

REMOVAL.—G. Repetti, kettle maker, pump maker, hydraulician and mechanician, has removed from 47 Conde street, to No. 21 St. Philip, between Conde and Levee. apr 5

ROGERS' POEMS.

POEMS by Samuel Rogers, with illustrations of the most eminent artists.
Turner's Annual Tour, for 1834,—just received and for sale by W. McKEAN.
apr 5 corner of Camp and Common streets

THE LAW LIBRARY, No 9, March 1834, just received and for delivery, to subscribers, by
W McKEAN,
apr 5, corner of Camp and Common streets

THE LADY'S BOOK.

THE LADY'S BOOK, a Monthly Magazine, of original and selected tales, poetry, essays and music, embellished with several hundred engravings, and quarterly Plates of the Fashions, No 2, for February, 1834, just received and for sale by
W McKEAN,
apr 5 corner of Camp and Common streets

STATE OF LOUISIANA.—First judicial district court.—Previous, Rivarde & Co. vs. Dumesnil L. Bourgeois.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the said court, I shall expose to public sale at the court house of the parish of St. James, on Thursday the 24th of next April, at 10 o'clock in the morning, the rights of Dumesnil Le Burge is in the estate of his deceased mother, the said rights seized in the above suit. Conditions, cash. ARNAUD LE BOURGEOIS,
april 5 Sheriff.

THE undersigned, having been appointed administrator to the estate of Lady Marguerite Reine, first marriaged to Nicolas Sarde, and deceased widow of the late Pierre Le Burgeois, notifies all the persons who may be indebted to said estate, to pay immediately in his hands; and those to whom the said estate may be indebted, to present their accounts with the proper vouchers.
april 5 ARNAUD LE BOURGEOIS, Sheriff.

MEMOIRS OF VIDOCQ, &c. &c.

MEMOIRS OF VIDOCQ, principal agent of the French Police, until 1827, and now proprietor of the paper manufactory at St Mande, written by himself, translated from the French, in 4 vols.

Memoirs of the forty five first years of the life of James Lackington, bookseller, written by himself, in forty seven letters to a friend, from the latest edition.

Memoirs of Marmonte', written by himself, containing his literary and political life, and anecdotes of the principal characters of the eighteenth century, in 2 vols.

The Bachelor of Salamanca, translated from the French of M Le Sage, by James Townsend.

Physiognomy, or the corresponding analogy between the conformation of the features and ruling passions of the mind translated from the original work of J C Lavater, a new and improved edition, embellished with engravings.

The Farmer's Boy, Rural Tales, Ballads and Songs, by Robert Bloomfield.

Five Hundred useful amusing Experiments in Chemistry, and in the arts and manufactures, with observations on the properties of the substances employed, and their application to useful purposes, by George G Cassey, a new and improved edition, embellished with engravings, just received and for sale by W M'KEAN,
apr 5 corner of Camp and Common sts

Mayor and Aldermen of New Orleans vs Irish, Adams & William C Quirk.

BY virtue of a writ of fi fa to me directed by the hon G. Preval, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I will expose at public sale on the 17th April, 1834, at 4 o'clock, p m, at my office in Conde street, opposite Madison street, 1 Counting House Desk, 1 large Bedstead, and 6 small Tables. Seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above suit. Terms, cash.
apr 5 B BEAUREGARD, marshal.

J B Frezini vs Pino.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the hon Charles Gayarre, presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on Saturday the 19th April, 1834, at 4 o'clock, p m, at my office in Conde street opposite Madison street, sundry articles of groceries consisting of Demijohns of Liquor, qr. casks Lisbon, Sugar, Salt, Pepper, &c &c. Seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above suit. Terms, cash.
apr 5 B BEAUREGARD, marshal.

Joseph Seringus, vs. Mlle Louise.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. A. Lafeuville, associate Judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale at my office in Conti street, opposite Maytinon street, on Friday the 18th April, 1834, at 4 o'clock, P. M. the following articles, viz:—Two tables, one pot, two plates, six chairs, three baskets and one trunk, seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above case. Terms, cash.
april 9 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

PARISH OF ORLEANS.

COURT OF PROBATES.—Sale by the Register of Wills—On Thursday, the 17th day of April next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., I will expose for sale at auction, in Conti street, No 11, the moveable effects belonging to the succession of James Hood, deceased. Terms Cash.
By order of the Court. W F C DUPLESSIS,
april 5 Register.

R. GORRANT, Commission Merchant, respectfully informs the Merchants of this city, that he intends shortly to go to France, and offers them his services. His numerous acquaintances at Paris and in the manufactures will enable him to fulfil the orders that will be given to him, to the full satisfaction of his friends. Apply to Mr L Roquet, Watchmaker and Jeweller, corner of Chartres and Conti streets. m 22—1aw3t

LANDING from ship Ballochan, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the subscribers, 500 cases claret; 75 do do Haut Brion; 200 do do chateau Margeaux, 15 do do Lagoste, superior, 18 do do Pamillon Medoc, do; 7 do do St Julien, do; 67 do do gabarons St Julien, do; 60 do do Barsandy do; 38 casks claret; 4 do do superior; 93 cases Santerne, do; 920 baskets sauterne; 18 sal casks white vinegar. april 5 HAGAN, NIVEN & CO.

(By Authority.)
AN ACT

Organizing Orleans parishes, in the State of Louisiana, to the limits of the State of Mississippi.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That the Bank of the State of Mississippi, its and its branches, incorporated and empowered to accept any use or trust, sole or union, which have been or may hereafter be made to them or any agent or trustee appointed by it of all the property hereinafter described to wit: A certain plantation, situate in the parish of Concordia about nine miles above the town of Vidalia, and bounded on the upper side by lands owned by Ambrose Foster, and on the lower side by lands belonging to the Heirs of Joseph Harrison, containing four hundred and ninety-two and a half American acres and commonly known by the name of the Rifle Point Plantation; also, all horses, mules, oxen, stock-cattle, hogs, farming utensils and all property, immoveable by destination, thereunto attached, or in any wise appertaining; also, the following Slaves, to wit: Cato, Lander, Jack, Jim, Eva, Lucy, Sally and child named Sally, Dick, Juky, Memory, Bill, Hannibal, Moses, Peter, Gritty, Eli, Enock, Little, Jack, Nicholas and Harry, and the said Bank is hereby made capable, in law of having and holding, in the name of the President of the Bank of the State of Mississippi, or any agent or trustee, by it appointed, a complete and indefeasible title to all the property herein described, and of selling, transferring and conveying the same, to all persons whomsoever and of making and executing in the name of the President of said Bank, all deeds or acts which may be necessary to vest in any purchaser a full, perfect, and indefeasible estate in said property.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted &c., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

Approved March 7th, 1834.
A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Packet Ship Huntsville, Palmer, New York, Foster and Hutton
Ship Equator, Mathell, Liverpool, L H Gale
Brig Botodino, Howard, Cowes, L H Gale
Schr Eulalia, Carbo, Rio Grande, F Tio

ARRIVED.

Steamer Tennessean, Minor, from Nashville—cargo 671 bales cotton, 29 hhds tobacco N & J Dick & co; 155 do do Townsley, Prieur & co; 96 do do 2 bales cotton, J W Breedlove & co; 8 hhds tobacco, 3 bbls pork W L Robeson & co; 26 hhds tobacco Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; 17 do do W & C Tyre; 16 bales cotton, Martin, Plensants & co; 37 M White 51 Brander & M Kenna; 161 S M Barnet: total 411 hhds tobacco; 940 bales cotton. Passengers—Messrs J Sandley, J McManus, S Cowden, Shields, Smith, J Goodale, T Stewart, M H Carson, J F Wood, W A Elliott, M S Norris, J W Beck, J R Warren, J R Moore, R Porter, Rapplee M Studmore, J Snodgrass, J W Swift; R Martin, J W Gwinn, J S Gooch, G S Goggon, W Bledsoe, J Stubbs, F Stubbs, T Woodward, Miss Dow.

Steamer Boonslick, Simmonds, Jr. from St. Louis—cargo 535 pigs lead, J Mayer; 112 bales skins J Vairin & co; 2450 do do to the master; 20 bags wax 21 hhds tobacco; W Breedlove & co; 6 do do 4 boxs do 7 bbls pork 3 do beans 1 do eggs Morton, Brown & co; 3 kegs butter 20 packs skins 6 hhds tobacco G H Scripps; 7 do do J Venable; 118 do do 6 bbls do J Vairin & co; 1 box S B St comb, 200 bags corn etc H Florance & co; 25 packs skins Shields & Turner; 132 packages sundries E L Tracy; 12 hhds 4 boxes tobacco W & J Montgomery; 1 bbl 15 bags wax W & J H Leverich; 7 bbls wax T H Kearney; 5 packs skins; 1 hhd tobacco Hufford & Sargentrey; 14 do do 3 bbls 1 bag beans, 1 box wax N Vanhorn; 16700 hoops 3 bbls 1 bag beans N Heberle.—Passengers W Myers; E D Taylor, d Russell, H Benoist, G H Scripps, N Vanhorn, J Juden, Jr., T S Jones & Lady; J Frankland, H Midgely, A A Benvard, Hnuff, W C Rogers, Charlemont, Ball, Mrs Huguenin. Memoranda—28th ult., met Majestic at Hat Island: 29th Chester at Commerce: 30th Huntsman at 3 Sisters: Cincinnati at No 10: St Claborne below New Madrid: yellow Stone at Diddles Point: 31st President at St Francois: 1st inst Red River, Henry Clay & St Louis at Mo 66: Scotland at Nos 101-2: Ohio in Millikens Bend: Pacific at My Wife's Island: 3 Champion above Fort Adams: Hibernia at Tunica Bend: Michigan at Tunica Island.

Steamer Halcyon, Isler, from Tchoulla, with a flat boat in tow, with cotton, apples, skins, venison, potatoes, etc. to sundries.

Steamer Cora, Streck, from Lafouche Interior—cargo to sundries.

BILLS of Exchange on France, for sale by
feb 20 tf HAGAN, NIVEN & Co.

1200 SACKS coarse Salt,—300 yards Flag Stone,—Just received per ship Kiero, and for sale by HARRISON, BROWN & Co.
apr 4 117, Royal street

PARISH OF ORLEANS.

COURT OF PROBATES.—Whereas Thomas Cucullu has petitioned the court for letters of curatorship on the vacant estate of the late Lorenzo de Cornova, deceased intestate, notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. By order of the court.
apr 4 W F C DUPLESSIS, reg of wills

PARISH OF ORLEANS.

COURT OF PROBATES.—Whereas Thomas Mulrany has petitioned the court for letters of curatorship on the vacant estate of the late James Mulrany, deceased intestate, Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. By order of the Court.
apr 4 W F C DUPLESSIS, reg of wills.

A bay horse, saddle and bridle, with a star on the forehead, was conducted, Wednesday 19th March, to the stable, corner of St Louis and Bourbon sts, by an individual calling himself F Grands. As the said F G said he would call for his horse the same day, and as he has not been seen since, he is requested, if he lives in this city, to come for him, or otherwise to write to some of his acquaintances, that it may be known what is to be done.

If no intelligence is received of F. G, from this up to the 17th, the said horse will be sold on that day to pay his expenses. For widow Millet.
apr 3 J P RABASSA.

NOTICE.—The Roman Catholics of St. Louis Church being entitled to a vote, are informed that an election of nine trustees will be held on Monday the 7th of April next, from 9 a. m. until 1 p. m., to fill the vacancy occasioned by the expiration of service of Messrs. H. Pedesclaux, B. Montreuil, J. Bermudez, S. Labatut, J. M. Kennedy, W F C Duplessis, J. L. Prevost, T. Mossy, and Francois Gaiennie.

The said election will last only one day, in conformity with the act of the Legislature, approved on the 6th of March 1830, and will be held in one of the rooms of the Presbytery, opposite St Anthony square.
mar 26 CHS. BOLOT, Sec'y.

BOOTS.—Just landing from the ship Margaret Forbes from Boston, 22 cases Boots, viz:

Gentlemen's fine fair stiches			calf sewed	Boots,	
do	do	do	morocco	do	
do	do	forged	do	do	
do	do	do	calf	do	
Youth's	do	do	do	do	
Stout and light			calf	peg Boots,	
do	do		seal	do	

for sale low, by WM HOLMES & Co,
At the sign of the Two Golden Boots, No 79 and 99, Levee street.
april 3

PUMPS, suitable for the season.—Just received, direct from the manufactory, a large supply of fine and superfine Pumps, also Bogan Shoes and fine Boots, well calculated for the season; all for sale by wholesale or retail, at reduced prices, by AYER,
april 3 No 40, Old Levee, near Blue Stores.

DETAINED at the jail of the parish of Jefferson the following slaves: Davis, a negro belonging to Mr Rigo, at Grande Terre; George, a mulatto boy belonging to Mr Beane, of New Orleans.
april 3 J. CHARBONNET, Shff.

WILL be sold on the 15th April next, at 10 o'clock, precisely, at public auction, by the subscriber, on the left bank of the levee St. John, 40 to 60 milch COWS, with and without their calves; 5 or 6 mules and horses, 4 carts and their harness, the whole to be sold for the account of whom it may concern. G. DUREL,
mar 31 Syndic.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RUNAWAY since the 23d of January last, the negro girl named EUPHEMIA, about feet 5 feet 4 inches to 5 feet 6 inches high, has her front upper teeth broken, and has her right thumb cut off, owing to a burn, the nail only remaining; has very large feet, a small scar between her temple and eyes, a wild look; she speaks French and English. She will endeavor to pass free and seek for employment on board of Steam Boats or in the Boarding Houses, Captains of Steam Boats and Vessels are cautioned against harboring said slave, under the penalty of the law. The above reward will be given to whomever will lodge her in any jail of this State, or bring her back to the subscriber. MONDELLI.
apr 4 No. 183, Chartres street.

IN store and for sale by the subscribers, 260 bags Havana Coffee. april 4 J PRATT & SON.
No 58, St Ann street.

FOR BARCELONA.—The fast sailing ship ADELAIDE, Reroma, master, having her principle cargo engaged, will leave on Tuesday next. For passage only, apply to
april 4 J PRATT & SON.

FOR BORDEAUX.—The fast sailing French barque BALLOCHAN, Capt. Dufour. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to april 4 HAGAN, NIVEN & Co.

FOR HAVRE.

The ship SARAH PARKER, West, master, can receive 400 bales Cotton or Freight, if immediately applied for to
april 2 J MAGER.

FOR HAVRE.—The Packet ship CREOLE capt Page, will positively sail on the 20th inst. and ran handsomely accommodate a few more cabin passengers. Apply to
april 2—4t HAGAN, NIVEN & Co.

FOR BALTIMORE.—The fast sailing coppered and copper fastened brig BOURNE, Benthal, master, is now discharging, and having most of her cargo engaged, will be despatched for the above port without delay. For freight or passage, apply to
TIERNAN, CUDDY & Co.
april 2 corner of Gravier and Tchoupitoulas sts.

FOR HAVRE.—The fast sailing A 1 ship CONSTELLATION, capt T B Sampson, will have immediate despatch. For Freight of 200 bales or passage for 3 persons, apply to NICOLET & Co
april 2 No 30 Toulouse street.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE new copperfastened and fast sailing schooner CALLIS, C D Pool, master, stows 1600 barrels, and is ready to take in freight immediately. For terms apply on board opposite Conti street, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
m 31 No 28 & 29, New Levee

FOR HAVRE.

THE fast sailing A 1 ship Marengo, Capt B Wood, will sail for said port on the 1st of May next. For Freight or passage, apply on board or to F PERRET & GALLY,
m 31 50 Poydras street

LANDING from the French ship Ballochan, Cap Dufour, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the subscribers, 40 cask old red Medoc wine.
april 4 J B & P LABATUT

LANDING from ship Ballochan, and for sale by the P. Lafaye, 40 casks cognac brandy of assorted sizes and qualities; 16 casks red wine; St. Emilion, 1st brand 10 casks white wine, Barsac Nerac; 43 caskets Champagne and Graves; 1000 do Annette.

Also, previously imported, a large assortment of first and old wines, St. Emilion, Canary, Pomerol, Medoc; an 1 old cognac brandy. 1817.

All the above entitled to drawback. april 4

LANDING from ship Ballochan, from Bordeaux, and for sale,
12 casks red wine, Graves; 170 boxes do do,
25 boxes Champagne,
Also, of previous importation,
40 casks red wine from Agrant; 43 do do Talence;
20 do do Haut Talence; 12 do do Leoville; and,
Ponret Canet, first quality; 10 fierces white wine;
50 boxes wine, chateau Margeaux & Ponret Canet;
9 casks fine Lucca oil and a quantity of almonds, corks, baskets oil and Maraschino; 225 bags coffee, Rio Janeiro.
JAS HINBI FOR DEAN,
april 4 23 Toulouse st between Chartres & Levee.

FOR SALE.—About 1500 vines with roots, the grapes of which are of a choice quality. Apply to
P DU BERTRAND,
april 4 78 St Louis.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. Chs Gayarre presiding Judge in the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public vendue, on Tuesday the 15th April, 1834, at noon, opposite Hewlett's Exchange, corner of St Louis and Chartres sts. one grey stallion and one black horse, seized to satisfy the judgment in the case of Pain Layet, vs. J. Thompson.
Terms, cash. B. BEAUREGARD,
april 4 Marshal.

L. A. Pineguy, vs. Goguel.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. G. Preval, Judge of the court of New Orleans, I shall expose to public sale on Thursday the 17th April, 1834, at noon, at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, one saddle horse, seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above suit. Terms, cash.
B. BEAURGARD,
april 4 Marshal.

W T Thompson, vs. J F Crozet and Wife.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Hon. G. Preval, associate Judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale at the premises, corner of St Claude and Ursuline sts. on Thursday the 17th April, 1834, at 4 o'clock, P M, the contents of a grocery store, seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above case. Terms, cash.
april 4 B. BEAUREGARD, Marshal.

PARISH OF ORLEANS.

COURT OF PROBATES.—Succession of Thomas C Dawson.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other