THE BEE.

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THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR:

J. B. DAWSON.

We had a mail yesterday; but it does not bring dates later than those received by the previous mail, and of course no news of any moment.

The honorable E. D. White arrived yesterday, in the Baltic, from Cincinnati.

An individual was arrested and incarcerated, the evening before last, under a charge of having deliberately and unwarrantably stabbed a black man. He died almost instantaneously.

A lad, somewhat more years of age, presented a loaded pistol to a young man, with whom he was engaged in an altercation. The latter attempted to wrench the weapon from the aggressor; the pistol went off in the struggle, the ball passing through the lad's hand, and lodging in the thigh of the other party.

The president of the United States has been invited to visit New England, by a committee appointed at Hartford, on the last anniversary of our glorious eighth of January. In his reply, he expresses a strong desire to accept the invitation, but declines to fix the time; though he trusts that within the course of the coming year, it will be in his power to indulge his own inclinations, by visiting those who have expressed their wish to see him.

The Alexandria Gazette states that circulars, urging the fitness of R. M. Johnson to the presidency, are disseminated throughout the country. From the Kentucky Gazette, we learn that he is a candidate for congress. We entertain no doubt of his election, whether or not the whigs be carried up with or without opposition. As a member, he is of more importance to the people at large, than any other man in congress. The soldier, the veteran, the widow and orphan—the distressed—all look to him for relief; and none are too poor and penyless to excite his sympathies, and enlist his exertions.

LONDON, Jan. 23.

Emigration.—Yesterday the ship Samson, for New York, with emigrants and passengers from the metropolis and its environs, was hauled out of St. Catherine's Dock. There are on board about 100 mechanics, tradesmen of small capital, and agriculturists, many with wives and families, who intend settling in the United States. The Samson was taken in tow by a steamboat and proceeded in gallant style down the river.

CONSTANTINOPLE.

The following account of a great battle between the armies of the Grand Sultan, and the Egyptians, in which the former was defeated, with the capture of the Grand Vizier (the Prime Minister of Turkey) is the most important in it by this arrival. It is as follows:

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 27.

The greatest gloom prevails. The Sultan and his people appear to have fallen into a state of apathy, indicative of a total dissolution. The former gives up his case as desperate, and does not venture to excite the people's minds by artificial means, lest he should not be able to gain them again, and keep them within bounds. The unfortunate result of the battle of Konieh, and the capacity of the Grand Vizier, leaves the capital without means of defence. There are still, perhaps, 30,000 Turkish troops dispersed in Asia Minor, and 10,000 regulars in reserve, but their spirit does not correspond with the threatening danger, nor is there any able leader possessing sufficient self-confidence, and who is considered as able to restore good fortune to the standards of the Sultan. Redschid Pacha was the only man possessed of these qualifications. His former good fortune has deserted him, and gone over to his younger adversary. He fought valiantly, and when his defeat was decided, devoted himself to death, which, however, he did not find. Superior to his adversary in the number of his troops, he unhappily did not act with prudence, which an able general should never lose sight of. He resolved on the first to fight a battle which should decide the campaign at one blow. With this view he followed Ibrahim into the defiles of Karaman to attack him there. His measures were nearly as follows:—the main body of the Sultan's troops, about 42,000 in number, chiefly Albanians, and 600 of the Grand Vizier's household troops under his own command, were to make the principal attack on the centre of the Egyptians, while the Turkish cavalry divided into two corps of 5,000 men each, was to engage the wings of Ibrahim's army, and attack when it should see an opportunity.

Ibrahim, perhaps, guessed this plan, and favored by the files had sent strong columns against the Grand Vizier's wings, leaving in the centre only sufficient troops to cover his movements. He had scarcely reached the extremity of the wings of the Grand Vizier, when he impetuously attacked the Turkish cavalry and dispersed it, and then attacked the Grand Vizier himself on both flanks. Unprepared for this attack, and engaged with the Egyptian centre, which he had already broken, he hastily collected some of his best troops to oppose the Egyptians, but in vain. Nothing remained but to make the enemy pay as dear as possible for the victory, which was unavoidable; this was done and the Egyptians did purchase their triumph by a sanguinary conflict of six hours' duration. The loss on each side was nearly equal.

When the Albanians were dispersed, the grand vizier, with his faithful household troops, defended himself to the utmost, till he was wounded and taken prisoner. The Egyptians are said to be now so weakened, that even now, if the Turkish troops in Asia Minor, could be assembled quickly enough, they might be compelled to make a hard dangerous retreat. But they need not fear this. There is no genius or spirit in the councils of the sultan; meantime, the emperor Nicholas is acting with the greatest magnanimity. Count Mouravieff is gone to Alexandria to try to make peace, and is to threaten Mehemet Ali with the displeasure of the emperor, who will consider him as a rebel against the sultan, if he does not return to his obedience.

NEW YORK, March 12.

Unfortunate Occurrence.—Capt. Browse of the British ship Samuel Cunard, of Halifax, was yesterday committed to prison, under the following circumstances, as detailed by the evidence at the police office.—On Saturday evening capt. Browse casually fell in company with Mr. E. W. Walgrove, who at the time was laboring under a fit of mental alienation, to which he has for some time, been subject.—After some friendly conversation, Mr. Walgrove was invited by capt. B. on board his vessel, lying at Old Slip; Mr. W. being accompanied by an apprentice named John M. Scott, who had, by the direction of Mr. W's family, attended him during the evening, for the purpose of keeping an eye upon his movements. On board the ship the time was occupied by the captain and Mr. Walgrove, in drinking and friendly conversation, until near daylight Sunday morning. During the night, Mr. Walgrove observed that he thought the cabin much exposed to robbery, upon which capt. B. produced a pair of pocket pistols from his berth, saying, not while I have them by me, and laid them on the table. Towards morning Walgove rose to depart, when Capt. B. putting the pistols in his pocket, proceeded to assist him on shore, both parties being intoxicated, but still on friendly terms. On reaching the wharf they proceeded together a short distance from the vessel, when capt. B. pulled out one of his pistols and fired it in the air; he then pulled out the other, and discharged it in such a direction that the ball entered the left breast of the boy Scott, (who was still in attendance upon Walgrove) and lodged in his chest. Scott proceeded a short distance towards his home, when he fell and was assisted home by the watchman. Capt. Browse was arrested about ten o'clock on Sunday morning, when he professed to be entirely unconscious of what had happened, and was incredulous until he examined his pistols, and found that they had actually discharged. Scott was not expected to survive last night, and captain Browse is detained in custody to await the result.

Mr. Walgrove's friends made affidavit of his lunacy, and the magistrates gave an order for his commitment to the lunatic asylum; but we learn that he had absented himself from his dwelling, and had not been discovered at a late hour last night.—N. Y. Standard.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Was stolen on board the steamboat Volant, on the night of the 2nd or 3rd April, a yellow hat, marked inside with the letters A. R., two frock coats, one blue and other brown, a blue waistcoat and pantaloons. The above reward will be given to any person who will bring back said articles, or will detect the thief. AUGUSTIN RICHARD.
Parish of Ascension. a 4

FOR SALE.—An interest of a half, or the whole of a Grocery store, supplied with a fresh stock of goods, situated on the Levee, and having a regular run of business. Apply at the printing office of Graux & Co., St. Louis street, No. 67, between Chartres and Royal. a 4—3t.

FOR SALE.—A negress Mary, aged about 20 years, good character, cook, washer and ironer, and fit for housework, warranted free from the vices and diseases provided by law. Another negress, aged 14 or 15 years, good character, and also field negress, also warranted. Apply to CHARLES HATZEL,
a 4 123 Chartres street.

STRAYED OR STOLEN from No. 10, Fourchet street, a bay horse, supposed to be eight years old past, and may be known by his head being skinned, or hurt; still house was shod 20th March. Whoever will return him, shall receive five dollars reward, and the thanks of the public. a 4

TOBACCO.—75 Seroons de la Vegita de Abajo, 15 do. St. Domingo, 15 do. Cuba, and a large assortment of Spanish and other Cigars. Apply to
a 4 W. H. TAYLOR, No. 69, St. Louis st.

(By authority.)

AN ACT

To incorporate the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank of New Orleans.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened*, That Messrs. Jedediah Leeds, James M'Kenna, John Wilcox, Maurice Cannon, Nicholas Sinnot, James B. Hullen, Jesse Cowand, John D. Bien, Maunsel White, Evariste Blanc, James Hopkins, John G. Greeves, George White, Maurin Pizetta, Claude Gurlie, and Corjolles, Jun., and their present and future associates, successors and assigns, be, and they are hereby ordained, constituted and declared to be from and immediately after the passage of this act, and from time to time, and until the 24 Tuesday in April, which will be in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and fifty-three, a body corporate and politic in fact, and in name by the style and title of the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank of New Orleans, and by that name they and their successors until that day, shall, and may have continual succession, and shall be persons in law capable of suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded, answering and being answered, unto defending and being defended in all courts and places whatsoever, and that they and their successors may have a common seal, and may change and alter the same at pleasure; and also, that they and their successors by the same name and style, shall be in law capable of holding, purchasing and conveying any estate, real or personal, for the use of said corporation; *provided*, nevertheless, and *it is hereby further enacted*, that the lands, tenements and hereditaments, which it shall be lawful for the said corporation to hold, shall be only such as shall be requisite for its immediate accommodation in relation to the convenient transaction of its business, or such as shall have been "bona fide" mortgaged to it by way of security, or conveyed to in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its dealings, or purchased at sales upon judgments which shall have been obtained for such debts. And, *provided*, further, that it shall not be lawful for the said corporation, directly or indirectly, to deal or trade in buying or selling any goods, wares, merchandize, or commodities whatsoever; or buying and selling any stock created under any act of the United States or any particular state unless in selling the same when truly pledged by way of security for debts due to the said corporation.

SEC. 2. *Be it enacted, etc.* That the stock of the said corporation shall be two millions of dollars, and that the shares of said company shall be fifty dollars each.

SEC. 3. *Be it enacted, etc.* That thirty days after the promulgation of this act, subscriptions for the capital of said company shall be opened at New Orleans, under the superintendence of the commissioners, or a major part of them, appointed by this act, and shall continue open every day from the time of opening the same, Sundays excepted, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning, until two o'clock in the afternoon, for the term of twenty days; the directors or a majority of them, shall immediately thereafter proceed to take an account of the subscriptions, and if any more than the amount of two millions shall have been subscribed, the said directors shall deduct the amount of such excess from the largest subscription, in such a manner as that no subscription shall be reduced in amount, while any one remains larger, and in case of such deduction the directors shall cause the lists of such apportioned subscriptions to be made out, that the subscribers may thereby ascertain the number of shares apportioned to them respectively; but in case five thousand shares be not be subscribed during the twenty days, the books shall remain open until five thousand shares shall be subscribed—at that time the bank may go into operation, and the books remain open until the whole stock is subscribed for; the time when and the house where the subscription books will be opened, shall be advertised by the board of directors, in English and French, in at least two of the newspapers published in the city of New Orleans, for twenty days previous to opening the same.

SEC. 4. *Be it enacted, etc.* That subscriptions for three hundred thousand dollars of the capital of said company shall be opened at Opelousas, in the parish of St. Landry, thirty days after the promulgation of this act, by citizens domiciliated in any of the parishes in which the branch of this bank at Opelousas, is authorized to make loans under the superintendance of Guy H. Bell, Alphouse Desmare, Jonathan Harris, John L. Garrett and Adolphe Garrigues Flaujac, or the major part of them, and shall continue open every day from the time of opening the same, Sundays excepted, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. until 2 o'clock P. M. for the term of 20 days; the said commissioners, or a majority of them, shall immediately thereafter proceed to take an account of the subscription, and if any more than the amount of $300,000 shall have been subscribed, the said commissioners shall deduct the amount of such excess from the largest subscriptions, in such a manner as that no subscription shall be reduced in amount, while any one remains larger, and in case of such deduction the said commissioners shall cause lists of such apportioned subscriptions to be made out, that the subscribers may thereby ascertain the number of shares apportioned to them respectively. The time when and the house where the subscription books will be opened, shall be advertised by said commissioners in English and French, in the Alexandria Gazette, the Opelousas Gazette and Teche Courier, for twenty days previous to opening the same.

SEC. 5. *Be it enacted, etc.* That in case the whole of said sum of $300,000 is not subscribed for on the books at Opelousas, that then, at the expiration of thirty days, the books shall, by the commissioners aforesaid, be transmitted to the directors in New Orleans, and the remainder of the said sum shall be placed on the books in the city, to be subscribed for, under the superintendance of the directors.

SECT. 5. *Be it enacted, etc.* That the state treasurer shall be authorized to subscribe for the state, for any number of shares not exceeding in the whole, in the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, for the payment of which, he is hereby authorized to apply any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; and the said bank or company, shall loan the state the amount subscribed by it (if required) at the rate of five per cent per annum, on the bonds of the state, executed by the state treasurer and approved by the governor, and payable into the bank at such time and in such amounts not exceeding $150,000, as the treasurer and governor may think advisable. And, further, that the Mechanics' Society of New Orleans, shall have the right to subscribe for and to hold, any number of shares not exceeding ten thousand dollars, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 6. *Be it enacted, etc.* That the amount of shares to be subscribed for, shall be paid for as follows, viz: upon each and every share, at the time of subscribing, five dollars, and the residue thereof shall be paid in such instalments, and at such times, as may be required by the president and directors of said company; *provided*, that no more than five dollars on each share shall be demanded at any one time, and that the whole amount of its capital be paid in at the expiration of two years from the passage of this act; and *provided*, also, that at least thirty days notice shall be given of such requisition in at least two newspapers published in the city of New Orleans, and in one of the newspapers published in Alexandria, Natchitoches, Opelousas, Monroe, St. Martinsville and Franklin, if any be there published, in English and French; and if any such subscriber shall fail or neglect to pay any instalment thus required to be paid, up to the one half of the amount of such share, for the period of ten days next after the same shall become due and payable, the stock on which it is demanded shall be forfeited to the company, and a new subscription shall be opened to make up such deficient shares, or the company may sell the same, in order to complete the whole number of shares; and that no stockholder shall be entitled to a dividend whilst in arrears, any portion of the stock which may have been required to be paid in.

SECT. 8 *Be it enacted, etc.* That the privilege of subscribing for two hundred thousand dollars of said stock shall be exclusively given to the mechanics of this state, and that books shall be opened to receive such subscriptions for three days prior to their being opened for the general subscribers—but in the event of the whole or any part of it not being taken during that time, it shall then be placed on the general subscription book and be taken up as specified in section three of this act; the stock so subscribed for under the privileges given to the mechanics of this state, shall not be transferable for one year, nor until the whole amount of the stock shall be paid in, and that no one shall be permitted to avail himself of the benefits of the privilege herein granted, without furnishing proof to the commissioners or directors, of the trade or calling in virtue of which he claims the privelege of subscribing.

SEC. 9. *Be it enacted, etc.* That the stock, property and affairs of said bank shall be managed and conducted by thirteen directors, (who shall be citizens of this state and holders of twenty shares of the stock,) and of which the Secretary of State and the President of the Mechanic's Society of New Orleans, for the time being shall be (ex-officio) directors; and it is further enacted, that Jedediah Leeds, James McKenna, John Wilcox, Maurice Cannon, Nicholas Sinnot, James B. Hullen, Jesse Cowand, John D. Bein, Maunsel White, Evariste Blanc, James Hopkins, John G. Greeves and George W. White, shall compose the first direction beginning at the passing of this charter, and ending on the first Monday of February, 1834, and that from and after the first appointment of directors that an annual election for eleven directors shall be held at the banking house on the first Monday in each January, and public notice shall be given by the directors then in office, not less than thirty days previous to the time of holding such elections, by an advertisement to be inserted in at least two of the newspapers in English and French, printed in the city of New Orleans, and the said election shall be made by such of the said stockholders of the said corporation as shall attend for that purpose, whether in person or by proxy; *provided*, that no person or persons shall be entitled to vote on any share which shall have not been held by them three calendar months previous to the said election being held. The number of votes to each stockholder, shall be according to the number of shares he shall hold, in the proportions following—that is, for each and every share not more than twenty, one vote; for every five shares above twenty and not exceeding one hundred, one vote; and for every ten shares above one hundred one vote; *provided that* no person or persons copartnership or corporation, shall be entitled to a greater number than two hundred votes in person; nor by proxy a greater number than three hundred votes; and that no persons shall vote by proxy, who shall be in the city at the time or within ten miles thereof, except female minors or persons interdicted; and provided, all elections for directors shall be by ballot, and the eleven persons who shall have the greatest number of votes shall be directors; provided at least five of the eleven are mechanics or traders, or engaged in vending exclusively, the productions of the mechanics of this state, and if five of the eleven highest are not mechanics or traders as aforesaid, the five who are mechanics or traders as aforesaid, so voted for at the said election, having the greatest number of votes, shall be declared duly elected directors of said bank; and six other stockholders having the greatest number of votes, shall also be considered as duly elected directors; and if it shall happen at any election, that two or more persons have an equal number of votes, then the said directors in office at the time of such election or a majority of them, shall proceed to ballot and by a plurality of votes determine which of the said persons so having an equal number of votes shall be the director or directors for the ensuing year, so as to complete the whole direction, who shall take their seats at the board upon the first Monday of February of each year, and so soon as may be thereafter, shall proceed to elect by ballot, one of their number to be president, who shall receive such compensation for his extraordinary services to said company as the directors may deem reasonable, but that no director shall be entitled to any emolument whatever.

SEC. 10. *Be it enacted, etc.* That if any director shall remove out of this state or cease to be a stockholder, his office shall be considered as vacant, and whenever any vacancy or vacancies shall happen among the directors by death, resignation or otherwise, such vacancy or vacancies shall be filled for the remainder of the year in which they shall happen, by such person or persons as the remainder of the directors for the time being or a majority of them shall appoint; provided, however, that two partners shall not be eligible at the same time as directors of said company, nor shall any director of any bank or his partner, be a director of this company; and *further*, that if any director or the cashier shall fail or become insolvent after his election or appointment, he shall thereby become incapable to serve in that capacity, and his place shall be supplied in the manner prescribed by this section and the 10th of this act.

SEC. 11. *And be it enacted, etc.* That in case it should at any time happen that an election for directors should not be made on any day when pursuant to this act it should have been made, the said corporation shall not for that cause be deemed to be dissolved, but it shall and *may*, of which public notice shall be given, be lawful to hold such election on such other day, not exceeding twenty days, and until such election be made, the directors and president of said company for the time being shall continue in office.

SEC. 12. *Be it enacted, etc.* That a majority of the directors for the time being, the president to be one, shall constitute a board for the transaction of business, (discounts excepted,) and for discounts not less than five directors, of whom the president to be one, shall constitute a board. A majority of the directors shall have power to make and prescribe such bye-laws, rules and regulations, not repugnant to the constitution or laws of the United States or of this State, as to them shall appear needful and proper, and shall have the power of appointing so many officers, clerks and assistants for carrying on the said business, and with such salaries and allowances as to them may seem meet.

SEC. 13. *Be it enacted, etc.* That no transfer of the stock of said corporation shall be valid or effectual, until such transfers shall be entered or registered in a book or books to be kept for that purpose; and further, that no transfer or transfers shall take place, before two instalments on each and every share to be transferred, shall have been paid; and that no power given to transfer any shares of the capital stock on which the said instalments have not been paid, shall be valid for the purpose of transferring such shares.

SEC. 14. *Be it enacted, etc.* That the debts due from said company shall never exceed twice the amount of its capital paid in, exclusive of sums due on account of deposites, nor shall there be due to it at once more than twice of its capital paid in; in case of such excess, the directors under whose administration it shall happen, shall be liable for the same in their separate and private capacities—but this shall not be construed to exempt the said corporation, or any estate real or personal, which they may hold as a body corporate, from also being liable for, and charged with such excess—but such of them for the management of the business of said office, the president and directors of the mother bank in New-Orleans, shall annually appoint five directors, three of whom shall form a quorum, at their discretion, and who shall serve for one year; the said president and directors shall also appoint a cashier and such other officers as they may deem necessary, and may require from them such security as they may think proper.

SEC. 27 *Be it further enacted, etc.* That at least seventy-five thousand dollars of the capital of the said office of discount and deposit, shall be furnished on or before the first day of March, in the year 1834, and the residue of the capital of said office shall be furnished within one year thereafter; and in case the said branch shall not, in any one year except the first, after receiving the full amount of its capital, pay an interest or profit of six per centum per annum on its capital; then, and in that case, the said branch may be withdrawn by the mother bank.

SEC. 28. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That all mortgages given to the said branch bank may be executed before the parish judge of the parish in which the property so mortgaged shall be situated, and a certified copy thereof shall be forwarded to the mother bank within thirty days after the execution of the same.

SEC. 29. *Be it enacted, etc.* That if any person having obtained a loan from the said company, secured by mortgage on immovable property shall apply for and obtain judicially or otherwise, a respite from his creditors, the right to compel payment by obtaining an order of seizure and sale of the said mortgaged property, shall not be thereby impaired or delayed.

SEC. 30. *Be it enacted, etc.* That if any person having obtained a loan from said company, secured by mortgage as aforesaid, shall make a surrender of his property to his creditors, the said mortgaged property shall not thereby pass, except upon payment of the debt due to the said company and secured thereon; but it shall be lawful for said company to proceed by an order of seizure and sale against the said property, in the same manner as if no surrender had been made; and the surplus only of the proceeds of sale, after paying the debt due to said company, interest, damages and costs shall be paid over to the syndics, assignees, or trustees of the estate of such debtor.

SEC. 31. *Be it enacted, etc.* That the bank shall pay to the state an annual tax of three thousand dollars into the treasury, in quarterly payments, and shall be exempt from any other tax imposed by or under the authority of the state.

SEC. 32. *Be it enacted, etc.* That no person shall be allowed to subscribe for stock in this bank but citizens of this state for thirty days after opening the books of subscription.

SEC. 33. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That if more than $20,000 shall be subscribed under the privilege granted in the 8th section of this act; that then such excess shall be reduced to that amount by reducing the largest subscriptions in such manner as that no subscription shall be reduced in amount, whilst any one remain larger.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

Approved April 1, 1833.
A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE—FIRST SESSION.

JOURNAL OF THE SENATE.

MONDAY, April 1, 1833.

The senate met agreeably to adjournment.

Members present—Messrs. Charles Derbigny, president, Beauvais, Barthe, Chretien, Dupré, Hiriart, Lacoste, Moore, Nicholas, Prudhomme, Sloane, Tenney and Thomas.

Mr. Barthe, of the committee of enrollment, reported as correctly enrolled the following bills, which were taken to the house. An act to incorporate the Orleans Lyceum.

An act to amend an act relative to the penal laws of this state.

An act to improve the navigation of the lake Bestineau and of the bayou Dorchet.

After a short interval, Mr. Pitot, clerk of the house of representatives, informed the senate that the speaker had signed them, they were then signed by the president.

On motion of Mr. Beauvais, the senate took up the amendments of the house to the bill entitled "An act to amend the act to incorporate the subscribers to the Union bank of Louisiana.

The senate concurred in the amendments.

Mr. Verloin Degruys, private secretary of the governor, delivered two written messages, and informed the senate that the governor had approved and signed the following bills:

An act to incorporate the Montpelier academy, and to make an appropriation in favor of said academy, and of the college of Alexandria.

An act for the relief of the assessors of the parish of Livingston, and for other purposes.

An act relative to lotteries.

An act supplementary to an act granting certain privileges to the steam ferry company of New Orleans.

An act to incorporate the Commercial bank of New Orleans.

Mr. Barthe, of the committee of enrollment, reported as correctly enrolled the following bills, which were taken to the house.

An act to amend the act to incorporate the subscribers to the Union bank of Louisiana; and

An act to incorporate the town of Lafayette.

Mr. Pitot, clerk of the house of representatives, informed the senate that the speaker had signed the two above entitled bills; they were signed by the president.

After a short interval, Mr. Verloin Degruys, private secretary of the governor, informed the senate that the governor had signed them.

On motion of Mr. Hiriart, the senate took up the report of the committee, relative to the contingent expenses of both houses.

The yeas and nays being called for on the rejection of the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, to be allowed Mr. Davis for a subscription to the Washington ball; the following was the result:

In favor of the rejection, Messrs. Dupré, Moore, Nicholas, Sloane and Thomas—5 votes.

Against the rejection, Messrs. Beauvais, Barthe, Chretien, Hiriart, Lacoste and Tenney—6 votes.

This item was retained.

On motion of Mr. Barthe, the above report was amended, by allowing to Bayon the sum of $2957, for furnishing the senate chamber.

The senate having deducted the sum of ten dollars out of the item to be allowed the state printer, the report was adopted.

Mr. Barthe, of the committee of enrollment, informed the senate that he had delivered the following bills to the governor.

An act to incorporate the Orleans Lyceum, and for the relief of the Commercial Library.

An act to amend the penal laws of this state.

An act to improve the navigation of lake Bestineau and of bayou Dorchet.

Mr. Verloin Degruys, private secretary of the governor, informed the senate that the governor had approved and signed the above entitled bills.

Mr. Barthe, of the committee of enrollment, informed the senate that he had delivered the two following bills to the governor:

An act to incorporate the town of Lafayette.

An act to amend the act to incorporate the subscribers to the Union bank of Louisiana.

Mr. Thomas asked for and obtained leave to introduce the following resolution, which was adopted.

Resolved, that henceforth the secretary of the senate shall appoint four clerks for the senate, one of whom shall be qualified to translate French into English, and one English into French, the other two shall be qualified to engross bills in the French and English language.

[illegible] and be shall have the seals [illegible] them and affix them to the [illegible] as require it. The secretary to be responsible for the [illegible] and to execute such other duties required, both of him and the clerks.

Messages from the house, by Mr. Pitot, their clerk.

The senate went into executive session, and after the house had signed the following enrolled bills.

An act to provide for the safety of the public arsenal at New Orleans.

An act to incorporate a Roman Catholic church in the parish of St. Mary.

A resolution relative to certain taxes due on lands situated in the parishes of East Feliciana, St. Helena and Ouachita.

The committee of enrollment, having reported as correctly enrolled the above entitled bills, the president signed them, and they were taken to the house.

The concurrence of the senate was requested in a resolution, appointing a joint committee to visit the governor and inform him that the two branches of the legislature, were ready to adjourn, *sine die*.

Members of the committee, Messrs. Garland, B. Z. Canonge and Robin.

The resolution was laid on the table, and the senate sat with closed doors, on executive business. After the doors were opened the resolution was concurred in, and Messrs. Beauvais and Thomas were appointed.

In a short time Mr. Beauvais reported that the committee had visited the governor, and had informed him that the two houses were ready to adjourn; and that the governor replied that he had but one more message to communicate.

A short time after, Mr. V. Degruys, private secretary of the governor, delivered a written message.

The senate sat with closed doors, on executive business.

When the doors were opened the house was informed that the senate was ready to adjourn, *sine die*.

Mr. Pitot, clerk of the house of representatives, informed the senate that the house was now ready to adjourn, *sine die*.

The president adjourned the senate, *sine die*

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED,

Ship Margaret Scott, Lunt, Liverpool,	L H Gale
Ship Helen Mar, Barker, Boston,	Stetson & Avery
Ship Cilia, Davidson, Liverpool,	G Vance
Polacre Tres Amigos, Barcelona, Estevanell & Coural	
Brig Mary Kimball, Wooster, Philadelphia,	L H Gale
Brig Henry Tallman, Lemont, Hartford,	L H Gale
Brig Gen. Warren, Wing, New York,	C Adams, jr
Schr Cherewkee, Lewis, Honduras,	J B Allen
Schr Thaddeus, Hughes, Havana,	W L Hodge
Schr Elizabeth, Forsyth, Pensacola,	Master

ARRIVED,

Towboat Natchez, Morrison, from sea,—bro't up schrs Eliza Williams, Helen Mar.

Schr Eliza Williams, Brown, from Richmond, with cargo and 51 slaves.

Schr Helen Mar, Doane, from Apalachicola—cargo 160 bales cotton to Wilcox & Fearn; E W Gregory and ord; 2 passengers.

Steamboat Henry Clay, Holton, 6 days from Louisville; cargo whiskey, flour, bacon, pork, lard, butter, cotton, &c. to Foster & Hutton; J Wilson; J Hind; York, Macalister & co; Byrne, Ryon & co; Stetson & Avery; Sloo and Byrne; A Amelung; A Gurney; Townsley, Prieur & co; Lobee, Graux & co; J Crehore; W Sagerson; W H Hampton; and others—22 pass.

Steamboat Plant, Cain, from Fort Adams—cargo cotton &c to Reynolds, Byrne & co; M White; J Linton; Stewell & Kimball—12 pass.

Steamboat Boone, Baldwin, from Cincinnati—cargo, tobacco, whiskey, brandy, flour, butter, eggs, pork, bacon, lard, &c to A L M Damazan; A H Amelung; Bell & Buchanan; J Hagan & co; and others—11 pass.—*Memoranda*, March 26th met Mohican at Flint island; 27th, Splendid at Diamond island, Chancellor at Stewart's island; 28th, Farmer at Massac; 30th, Uncle Sam at Devil's Elbow, Champion at Beef island; April 1st, Mohawk at No. 66, Orleans No. 95, Kentuckian at No. 109, Cincinnatian at Red river cutoff.

Steamboat St. Martin, Wade, from bayou Sarah; cargo cotton, sugar, &c to Allen & co; Isaac, Peyroux, Pond and co; M White; and others—46 pass.

Steamboat Corn, Strock, from Natchez; cargo, sugar, &c to J W Zacharie & co; Tobacco & Leg. more; A & Z Cavalier; J Hagan & co; and others—14 pass.

3 flatboats with 1100 bales cotton.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY ISAAC L. M'COY.

ON Monday, 8th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Coffee House, will be sold two slaves, viz: John, age 23 years, speaks French and English, is perfectly accomodated, a good second class age cake baker, and fully guaranteed. Charlotte, aged 18 years, has been 8 years in the country, a washer and ironer, and something of a cook; perfectly honest and fully guaranteed. Terms, 4 months credit, approved endorsed paper. The acts of sale to be passed before Wm. B. Reed, Esq. ap 4

BY TRICOU & CANONGE.

WILL be sold on Tuesday, 9th April, to close a copartnership, at Hewlett's Exchange, a lot of ground, situated in Faubourg Marigny, corner of Victoire and Elysees fields streets, measuring 32 feet front on the latter street, and 16 feet 10 inches on the former; on which is erected a one story brick house, 32 feet wide by 80 deep, a kitchen and a kitchen also of brick of 12 feet 10 inches by 32. Terms, 1 and 2 years credit, on approved endorsed notes, and special mortgage until final payment. The act of sale to be passed H Lodeskauff, Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser. ap 4

BY TRICOU & CANONGE.

WILL be sold to close a copartnership, on Saturday, 6th April, at Hewlett's Exchange, at 12 o'clock, the beautiful country seat, known by the name of Battle Ground. It is on that property the four live oak avenue, which attract the attention of strangers who visit the country. It measures [illegible] front, by 80 feet deep, and has a one storied [illegible] attached to it; the lower part of which is built of brick, the upper part bricked between posts. The house is 54 feet long and 48 wide, and contains 5 rooms on each story, with a gallery before and behind. The other improvements consist of a kitchen, bricked between posts, 50 feet long and 15 wide, divided into two apartments. Another building also of the same dimensions as the kitchen, together with a chicken house, store, 4 negro cabins, and a hospital not finished. All the buildings are new, and are surrounded with stakes, and the dwelling house enclosed with a fine [illegible]. Terms, 1, 2 and 3 years credit, on approved endorsed notes, with special mortgage until final payment. Acts of sale to be passed before H. Pedesclaux, Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser. ap 4

BY JACOB LEVY.

ON Saturday the 6th instant, by order of the court of Probates, will be sold at Hewlett's Exchange coffee house, at 12 o'clock, per account of the estate of the late Joel Foster, slave Jacob, aged 40 years, acclimated, house servant, and has been working at the brick laying trade. Terms—6 and 12 months credit, for approved endorsed notes, and mortgage until final payment. Acts of sale to be passed before [illegible] Y. Lewis, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser. a 3

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

ON Thursday, 4th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Coffee House, will be sold to close a partnership concern, the fine sailing steamboat HURON, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, as she now lies. She has lately been thoroughly repaired, is well found in every respect, is considered a first rate boat, and will carry 250 tons, or 1100 bales cotton. Terms at sale. april1

WANTED—A situation by a graduate of Trinity College, Dublin. Ond as a Teacher in either a public or private capacity; or would prefer devoting a few hours daily, in attending private families in this city. He teaches the Greek, Latin, and English languages, and perfectly acquainted with History, Geography, Geometry, Book-keeping, &c. Reference for ability and morality, will be found perfectly satisfactory. A line left at EVERITT'S office, 10 St. Louis street, will be duly attended to. ap4

TO MERCHANTS.—A situation is wanted for a boy aged 14 years, in a mercantile house. He speaks three languages, and as a permanent situation is desired, the salary for the first year would be no object. Apply at EVERITT'S, 10 St. Louis st. ap 4

COURT OF PROBATES.—Whereas, Augustin Coussaint, has petitioned the court for letters of curatorship, on the vacant estate of the late Antonia Cosera, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to shew cause within ten days, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.
By order of the court,
a 4 W. F. C. DUPLESSIS, reg. of wills.

COURT OF PROBATES.—Whereas, Henry Babcock, has petitioned the court for letters of curatorship, on the vacant estate of the late Francis B. Phelps, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to shew cause within ten days, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.
By order of the court,
a 4 W. F. C. DUPLESSIS, reg. of wills.

THE Union Bank of Louisiana will be closed on Friday next, the 5th instant. Persons having notes falling due on that day are requested to pay them the day previous, and others for discount may be made on Wednesday for Thursday.
a 3 B. PERRAULT, Cashier.

[illegible] indebted to the undersigned, or who have demands against the same, are requested to call for settlement, No. 18 Exchange street.
ap 4 KENNEDY & DUCHAMP.