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NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 26, 1855.

THE DAILY BEE.

Thursday Morning, April 26th, 1855.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

The carrier who delivers the *Bee* in that portion of the First District situated between Canal and Julia streets, having been taken sick, and the new carrier being somewhat inexperienced, we have to request those of our subscribers who may not receive their paper regularly, to give notice of their names and residence at our office.

☞ THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates.

MEXICO.

ARRIVAL OF THE ORIZABA.

Interesting Intelligence.

The steamship *Orizaba*, T. FORBES master, arrived at an early hour yesterday morning from Vera Cruz, bringing dates from that place to the 22d, and from the City of Mexico to the 19th inst. Th. *Orizaba* brought $76,000 in specie, consigned to various persons. We have received by this arrival full files of Mexican papers, and what our readers will appreciate infinitely more, an interesting letter from our careful and accurate correspondent.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEE.

Serious illness of Santa Anna—The Revolution—Why it does not progress—Robbers and rebels—Universal discontent—New projects of the Dictator—The Minister of Finance—Probable sale of Lower Californ-nia.

MEXICO, 19th April, 1855.

MESSRS. EDITORS:

I informed you in my last letter that SANTA ANNA's idea of a voyage to Mur-in had been abandoned. It has, however, been again taken into consideration. H M S H was to leave Mexico on the 22d with 50 *pieces of artillery!* for Morelia, Guadalajara, and Zacatecas, and to return by way of Queretaro. SANTA ANNA only deserved he departure until the arrival of General LA VEGA, who is expected daily, and is to assume the command of the vessel. The present commander, MARTIN CARRERA, was to accompany SANTA ANNA. Every arrangement was made, and the journey was looked for upon as certain. But man proposes and GOD disposes. Night before last, SANTA ANNA received an express from Morelia, two hours later, another arrived from Guadalajara. Nothing transpired of the intelligence brought by the couriers, but from the moment the President whose health has been for some time impaired, he, came seriously sick. His physicians, we are told, are really apprehensive of the result. Dr. MARTINEZ DEL RIO, his chief medical attendant, declares that SANTA ANNA lie in a dangerous state of stupor, and is suffering from an affection of the head and throat. The stump of his leg, lost in Vera Cruz, is likewise considerably swollen and inflamed. Today, the report from the National Palace is that SANTA ANNA is worse than yesterday.

It would be difficult to anticipate all the consequences which would follow the death of SANTA ANNA at the present time. The Conservative Cabinet would doubtless seek to protect by such an event, but would not succeed. I believe that should SANTA ANNA die, the revolution, which is now confined to certain limits, would become general, for public discontent manifests itself more strongly against the stupid Ministry, than against the President himself.

Of the revolution and its progress, I can say little that is encouraging. The concentration of troops around Morelia, which I referred to in my last, did not take place after all. Gen. VILLAREAL, who had been appointed Commander-in-cnief by ALVAREZ was attacked by fever on his way to Morelia, and was compelled to halt. He has, however, subsequently recovered, and at the last accounts was pursuing his march; out the day will probably prove fatal to the success of the enterprise, and the insurgents must resort to some other plan.

My prediction with regard to the revolution are being every day realized. Be assured, it is not the strength and popularity of the Government which prevent it from prospering, but the universal hatred felt by the people of the States at the excesses committed by the insurgents. Among the latter there are doubtless honorable men, such as FLORENCO GONZALES, VILLAREAL, and PANTOS DEGOLLADO, but unfortunately they are the exception to the rule Many of the leaders are chiefs of bands of robbers in ordinary times; and are now placed at the head of insurgent brigands, who care for little else than pay, age, who desire and grow rich on blood and rapine, and who would be the last to demand a return to peace and public order. This explanation will furnish you the key to the operations of the insurgents, who appear to recoil from the prospect of success, at the very moment when it is within their grasp. In fact, the honest chiefs are afraid to trust the bandits under their command, and fear them more than they do the Government troops When strong enough to capture and occupy an important town, they leave it unsafe, rather than subject it to pil age and fire DEGOLLADO, who was virtually master of Guadalajara in January last, did not venture to occu y it, for the sake of the inhabitants he assured me, which he pillaged himself, he would have plundered and ruined. More recently the town of Leon was attacked by the insurgents, could have been captured and was, nevertheless, abandoned for the re-ason just mentioned.

With such tactics it will not be difficult to understand why the revolution remains stationary. Another reason is the absence of ALVAREZ, who does not budge an inch from his mountains. Himself an Indian chief, surrounded by his people, who pay him regal homage, he is little disposed to compromise his safety by putting himself at the head of the insurgents. Thus the revolution is without a real leader beyond the limits of Guerrero. Nevertheless, in particular districts, it has never more widespread and profound, never were the masses more willing to plunge into revolution in the desperate hope of bettering their political condition; but on the one hand, honest men will not forsake the lawless brigands, while on the other, they cannot participate in a movement which seems destitute at once of an object and a chieftain.

DEGOLLADO is ingenious enough to comprehend these truths, and he is in fact he has proclaimed the *organic bases*, and I making strenuous efforts to reform the army, and rid it of the opprobrious elements which pollute it. I understand that at all hazards he intends purging the army of bandits and murderers, and will not only drive them away, but punish them for their misdeeds. When this great work of regeneration shall have been accomplished, thousands who now hold back and remain neutral, will take part in the revolution, while numbers of regular troops will unite with the insurgents. The plan of DEGOLLADO is said to have received the entire assent of ALVAREZ

Before SANTA ANNA fell sick, he was on exceedingly and increasingly terms with his Cabinet. He did not dissolve it, because he was unable to find another. Ministry which would approve and ratify all his views. He is extremely anxious to convince the nation that he is not a mere instrument of the Conservative —rather an arduous task, I should ima ine, but one which he has attempted, as you will perceive. There appeared lately in the *Universal*—the organ of the Conservative clique—an article full of encomium of SCHILLA. The President, who is opposed to adulation unless lavished on himself was greatly exasperated, and resolved, in order to neutralize the influence of the *Universal*, to establish an organ for himself. Such is the real cause of the sudden appearance of "*La Nacion*," a new journal which you will probably find among your exchanges, and which is published with funds supplied by SANTA ANNA, and expresses none other than SANTA ANNA's sentiments. In the very first number of "*La Nacion*," we are told that there are no Conservatives in the Republic, but that certain factious exist, which must disappear to give place to a National party, with SANTA ANNA at its head. The *Universal* took up the cudgels for the Conservatives, and the press in general began a war of words and recriminations, which was finally suppressed by orders from head quarters.

It is rumored that if SANTA ANNA recovers, the *Nacion* will proclaim the *organic bases*, in the name of the President himself. This would be a master stroke, the cose quences of which I will not now undertake to predict.

Señor LUIS FARES has resigned the post of Minister of Finance, in disgust at the shameful jobbing conmred at by the Cabinet. His successor is JOSE CASERO, *consador* of the tribunal of accounts, a perfect sha y in every respect.

We are told that SANTA ANNA and his Cabinet are disposed to sell Lower Californ-a, with a view of replenishing the national exchequer. They only ask FORTY MILLIONS as the purchase money! I wonder who her the United States would be willing to expend such a trifle for the acquisition of that rock bound, storile and inhospitable region.

The Mexican Government has declined receiving Señor ANTONIO Y ZATAE, tae new Spanish Minister, united in person to D. JUAN DE OLOZAGA. S-me difficulty with Spain may possibly result from this rather untrendly step.

Our files of papers add very little to the information embraced in the above letter. They make no allusion to the illness of SANTA ANNA. Much space is occupied with accounts of skirmishes between the rebels and the regular troops, in all of which, according to these veracious chroniclers, the Government soldiers achieve brilliant triumphs, and the insurgents are shamefully routed. In an action fought at Coustepec, it is said that 100 insurgents were killed, and among them General GCIABOLA, who had deserted SANTA ANNA, and joined the rebels Heaven knows how much truth there is in that. We cannot too often caution our readers against an unreserved belief in the statements of the Mexican press.

A number of criminals have recently been executed for highway robbery and murder.

On the 11th several oscillations of an earthquake were felt at Mexico. No damage was done.

On the 14th a conducta arrived at Mexico from Guadalajara, with a million of dollars.

☞ The celebrated despatch in reference to the pacific views of the President, and the confession and irritation of Comcha, upon which we commented a few days ago, is going the rounds of the papers. We believe its paternity is due to the Baltimore *Sun* and the N. Y. *Times*. Every body seems to believe it, as it is quite in character with the proceedings of the Government.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—On Sunday, 29th instant, N. VIGNIE will sell at the Rotunda of the St. Louis Hotel that well known and spacious property situated on the S ath corner of *Esplanade* and Bourbon streets, consisting of a splendid lot of ground, with a two-story brick dwelling. The latter is one of the best finished private re idences in the city, and has attached to it a garden containing choice plants and fruit trees. The terms are reasonable, and will be made known at the sale.

By Telegraph!

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

ONE WEEK LATER NEWS FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA AT HALIFAX.

The Vienna Conference.

NEW BRITISH LOAN.

THE CRIMEA—THE WAR.

COTTON UNCHANGED, &c., &c.

HALIFAX April 25.—The Cunard steamship Africa, Capt. HARRISON, arrived last night from Liverpool on the 16th inst. Her in alligence is one week later than the accounts by the heavier le, at New York on Sunday last, and is of considerable though not of marked importance. The main features of the news are annexed.

The Conference.

The Vienna Conference held a meeting on the 8th, without coming to any decision on the third point—Russia and the Austrian ultimatum apparently been suspended. Another conference will, it is said, be held after the termination of this.

New British Loan.

Great Britain is about to for a new loan for war purposes. The amount is unknown. It was to have been formally announced on Monday, the 16th inst.

The Crimea.

Skirmishing continued before Sebastopol, but no operations of moment had occurred to the 6th of April, the latest dates from the Crimea.

Omar Pacha.

The position of Omer Pacha at Eupatoria remained unchanged, with the single exception that he had enlarged his line of defence.

Russian Reinforcements.

The Russians continue to receive large reinforcements.

The Baltic.

The Baltic sea was still almost full of ice, and unmanageable for large fleets.

Prussia.

The position of Prussia is reported to have assumed new complications.

Collision at Sea.

The steamer H. Crichlas had been runk in a collision off Holyhead All on board were saved.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

MESSRS. Milligan, Evans & Co. report the sales of cotton for the week in the Liverpool market, at 73,000 bales, of which amount 15,600 bales were taken by speculators, and 7,900 bales by exporters. The market was steady at unchanged prices during the week, and closed dull on Friday, at the following quotations: Fair Orleans, 5¾; Middling Orleans, 5⅜; Fair Upland, 5⅜, and Middling Upland, 5 1-16d per pound.

Manchester.

Trade at Manchester was steady at the last quoted rates.

Breadstuffs.

The Liverpool breadstuffs market was generally unchanged, and closed dull.

Provisions, Wines, &c.

Provisions were firm in the Liverpool market at unaltered rates.

Miscellaneous.

Lard had advanced and was quoted at 44@45s per cwt.

Naval stores had declined; sales of Rosin at 4s 7d per cwt.

Rice was unchanged and steady.

Money Market.

The London money market was easier. Consols had declined, and were quoted at the close at 91¼.

The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £125,000.

American State Securities had again improved and were firm.

Iron Market.

Baring Brothers quote Welsh railroad iron at £6 8s@£6 12s per ton.

FURTHER BY THE AFRICA.

The War in the Crimea.

HALIFAX, April 25.—There is but little additional intelligence by the Africa. We annex such as is of importance:

The Paris Moniteur contains a remarkable official account explanatory of the conduct of the Allies, and exhonerating Napoleon from being the principal of the Crimean campaign. The document caused much excitement, and is considered an apology for the raising of the siege of Sebastopol at an early day.

The reported battle at Eupatoria, in which 5000 Russians were said to have been slain, and Omer Pacha killed, proves to have been nothing but a rumor.

Affairs were quiet in Spain.

The mails by the Africa will be due at New York on Thursday night, and probably leave on Friday morning for the South.

Sailing of the America.

BOSTON, April 25.—The steamship America for Halifax and Liverpool sailed to-day, with 150 passengers and $650,000 in specie.

Election in Kansas.

By LOUIS, April 25.—The people of KANSAS have issued a proclamation declaring the present Governor incompetent for the office, and ordering the election of a successor.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Cotton is without change. Flour also is a trifle lower; the sales to day were only 1000 bbls, at $8 75@9 for Ohio, and $9 for No. 2 of new Mess Pork at $17 50 per bbl. Lard is unchanged.

River Intelligence.

LOUISVILLE, April 25.—The river is falling, with 7 feet water in the canal. The steamer Telegraph, and A. L. Shotwell left for New Orleans.

CINCINNATI, April 25.—The river has risen 6 inches within the last 24 hours. Flour is firm, with sales at $9 25@9 50. Whisky is advancing at 34 cents a gallon. Provisions are dull; no sales.

PITTSBURG, April 25.—The river is still falling, with 8 ot water in the channel.

WHEELING, April 25.—The steamer St. Nicholas passed down at 1 Swift-rland at 3, and Niagara at 4 P. M., all bound for New Orleans.

SALE CONTINUED.—N Vignie will continue to sell THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at No. 99 Chartres street, the contents of a Jewelry store, surrendered by Jos. Feytel to his creditors. Terms, advance goods.

FRIGHTFUL EXPLOSION AT GERMANTOWN.—On the Line of Life.—At seven o'clock this morning, the boiler belonging to the hosiery factory of Charles Spencer, in Armat street, exploded with tremendous force, blowing the whole buildings of the factory to pieces, and shaking the earth with its violence.

The engineer, Mr. Selsor, and James Scott, were in the boiler room at the moment of the explosion; they had some intimation of what was about to happen, and attempted to escape. Mr. Scott got off with a few unimportant bruises, but Mr. Selsor was instantly killed, the top of his head being blown completely off. His body was found in a heap of stone, about twenty feet from the boiler. He was about thirty years of age, and leaves a wife.

The engine was twelve horse power. Both ends of the boiler were blown out, we have not ascertained the cause of the mishap.—*Phil. Bulletin*, 18.

NAVAL APPRENTICES.—We are glad to observe by a publication in another column of this paper that the Secretary of the Navy is taking steps for carrying into full effect, and under what appear to us very judicious regulations, the power given to him by law for receiving apprentices into the navy. It has always appeared to us that this was the most eligible mode of raising up an ample supply of intelligent, educated, efficient and trustworthy officers, and that it ought to be carried out without relaxation, as fully as convenience and prudence will permit, although we would venture an opinion in such a matter with diffidence, and refer to the judgment of those better qualified by experience to decide on it.—*Nat. Intelligencer.*

TAMPA BAY.

The United States steamer *Fashion* arrived at Mobile on Monday from Caloosatchie, via Tampa Bay and Pensacola. She brings the following intelligence:

Two expeditions have been fitted out at Fort Myers, to proceed into the Indian country—The first, consisting of two companies, under the command of Capt. Pratt, left Punta Rosa on the 16th of January, on board of the U. S. steamer TEXAS in charge of Lieut. Marcus Miller. The second will leave in a few weeks, taking a circuit to the northward, and meeting the other detachment at Lake Okeholwaka.

These bodies have orders to thoroughly explore the whole country and to ascertain the locality of the Indian villages.

The Indians are believed to have retired to the "Big Cypress." All intercourse and traffic between them and the whites has been forbidden.

The Fashion brought over the remains of Gen. Childs and Lieut. Cook, who died at Tampa of the yellow fever during its ravages in 1853.

Col. Monroe came on the steamer to Tampa from Fort Myers.

Curious Receipts of the Middle Ages.

The household books of the middle ages, amongst many things that are really valuable, contain much that bears the impress of the superstitions which the people then currently believed. The Harleian, the Ayscough, and Ashmolean collections in the British Museum offer numerous examples of what were, at one time, articles of faith in domestic economy. The following are some of the most curious:

To set by Night as by Day.—Anoint your eye with a blood of a *bache* (bat!)

To make that no Dogs bark at You.—Take an herbe called serpentine, and they shall not bark at you.

For Sore Eyes.—Boil a red soil till it be thoroughly done, then skim off the fat, and anoint the eye when you go to bed.

To See Strange Sights. Make an ointment of the galle of a belle and the fait of a heone, and anoint your eyse.

For an Agues.—Take a crut of bread, and write these three words following, and, after they be writ, eat them: Caliadu, Caliadan, Caliadoat.

To See Wonders.—Take ants' eggs and the blood of a white heine, anoynt your face therewith, and you shall *see wonders*. (We wonder what?)

A perfume made of benjeseeds, and of the seamort and violett-roots, and parsile and sanikels, maketh to see things to come, and is available for prophesie.

To Make Folks seme Black.—Put oyle olife into a lamp, and pet thereto fine powder of greend glass, and liehr it; and all that be about will seem bleak as Egyptians.

To Make the Foot Fair.—Take the fresh fat of a pig, and the yolk of a half-boiled egg; mix these well together with a little dried bay or laurel leaf, powder, and apply it to the face.

Charme for thee that are Mad, Man or Beast.—The hair being cut off, lay bonney to the mould of the head; then write these words on a piece of chass; "Antzadraxon, Totrag-ramaton." And give the party so diseased.

To prevent the Hair from Falleing off.—Take the ashes where you have burned wood, burning the ashis of a serpent, mix them well with the fat of a bear, and anoint the head.—*Horn Book.*

Roll Call.—Of all the diseasing as this nonsense, combining what part you please.

To make Money Equal to Returns.—Make a penne of mute's chicken, and write in it Rod Beach, Delaware, Caliban, with the blood of a bat's and lay a good penne in the high wide for the space of 111 days and 18 nights, and after put it in the purse; and when you will give it, say, "Vade at ibas."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

In the case of the parties charged with being participants in the murder of Poole, Judge Cousins has decided on holding Irving and Mcirring to bail in the sum of $10,000 each; and Hyler, Ling and Van Pelt in the sum of $20,000 each. The motion to admit Turner and Peabone to bail is denied.

A violent thunder storm occurred in New York on the 18th, extending over the whole State. At Brooklyn, hail stones measuring several inches in circumference fell.

The committee on the Nunnery investigation reported on the 18th inst., recommending no definite action. It was accepted. The committee charged with investigating the special charges against Joseph Hise, have not yet reported.

A returned Californian by the name of Forbes shot another man on Buffalo on the 17th inst., named Schuler, on account of Schuler's intimacy with his wife. Schuler is not considered dangerously injured. Forbes surrendered himself, confessed the deed, and expressed regret that Schuler was not dead. Forbes had been absent three years. He has been committed for a further examination.

The Troy (N. Y.) *Budget* of the 13th says:—An aged lady named Ann Dickson, and one who had always borne a highly respectable character, was found last night about ten o'clock, hanging dead in the garret of the house No. 145 Fifth street. She had been missed by her friends from about ten o'clock in the forenoon. Very little was thought of her absence until towards night, when, not having attended her meals, and not being seen around the house by any of the neighbors since the forenoon, her friends became anxious for her safety, and after searching diligently for several hours, finally discovered her in the garret. At the place where she hung herself the roof was very low. She was found on her knees, having strangled herself with several skeins of yarn. She occupied a room at this house when by herself. She kept constantly talking about her daughter who was dead. She seemed always to be perfectly sane in all her talk and actions, but was a firm believer in spiritualism.

The New York Evening Post states that the election of officers of the Tammany Society, on Monday evening, resulted in the triumph of the Rum and Filibuster wing of the Democracy. His Honor JAMES W. WOOD, and Chauncey Shaffer, the Tammany and K. N. nominee for District Attorney, were pretty freely abused by some of the Delegates, who swore they would never support either again, no matter how regularly they might be nominated.

Among the items of "news of the day" may be placed the discovery of "the Walrus" that A Catholic priest of New York State, i. e., that the internal regions are just twenty five miles below the surface of the earth, and that it is as "black as blazes!" Burnham once passing a heated furnace with a theological pupil, stopped and gazed into the white heat of the melted iron, said he "never knew, myself,