The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 27, 1872. [illegible] YEAR—Vol. XLV.—Whole—15,579.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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All bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.

Weekly Edition.

TERMS—PER YEAR .... $5.

NEW ORLEANS:
SATURDAY MORNING, JAN. 27, 1872.

Amusements This Evening.

OPERA HOUSE—At noon, "Le Bœuf ou l'Auberge Pleine," and "Pas de Fumée sans Feu."

ST. CHARLES THEATRE—At noon, "Little Nell and the Marchioness." At night, "Heart's Ease."

VARIETIES THEATRE—Matinee at 12. At night, "David Garrick," and "Mazeppa" Burlesque.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Matinee at 12 M. At night, Lydia Thompson Troupe.

THE ST. LOUIS HOTEL.—This magnificent establishment, lately renewed and entirely refurnished in a most sumptuous and elegant style, will be thrown open to the traveling public, on next Thursday, February 1st, under the management of Hiram Cranston, Esq., former proprietor of the New York Hotel. The Hotel is now owned by the St. Louis Hotel Association, of which our esteemed fellow-citizen E. F. Mioton, Esq., is the President. The Hotel has been repaired, improved, beautified, and refurnished under his personal supervision, at a cost of upwards of a hundred thousand dollars. It is now the most comfortable, most commodious, and most elegant hotel in the Southern States. Every department of the hotel has been refitted with all the modern improvements, from the kitchen up. The accommodations for families are unsurpassed anywhere. A personal inspection of the building and its contents, as now managed, enables us to speak, in the most unstinted terms, of the liberality of the a[illegible]ation, and of the energy and refined taste of its worthy President, Mr. Mioton, who has devoted himself for the last six months with untiring assiduity to the preparation of the Hotel for its guests. It remains for the latter to show their appreciation of his efforts to cater for their comfort.

The manager of the Hotel, Mr. Cranston, is well known to all Southerners who have been in the habit of visiting New York of late years. The New York Hotel has ever been a favorite stopping place for travelers from this part of the country, and Mr. Cranston's liberal and generous management of it, exhibited at a time when kindness to Southerners could not be shown without risk to him who dispensed it, entitles the new manager of the St. Louis Hotel to the warmest gratitude of our people.

THE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.—We hear that Governor Warmoth has sent a delegation to Jackson, Miss., to meet the members of the committee of the House of Representatives at Washington, who are on their way to New Orleans to investigate the late political troubles here. Governor Warmoth's delegation, it is stated, are authorized to tender to the members of the committee the hospitalities of the State at the St. Charles Hotel, where Governor Warmoth has established his own headquarters. The Governor, no doubt, desires to prepossess the committee with his own side of the case, but the probability is that his excessive industry will defeat the object he has in view.

NEW ORLEANS DIRECTORY.—The Southern Publishing Company have placed upon our table a copy of Edward's Annual Directory to the Inhabitants, Institutions, Incorporated Companies, Manufacturing Establishments, Business, Business Firms, etc. in the city of New Orleans for 1872. An examination of this volume enables us to testify to the orderly arrangement of its contents and the completeness of the plan of the compiler. We believe no information pertaining to a City Directory will be found wanting in this publication. The previous experience and fidelity of its editor justifies the confidence we repose in his work.

SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.—We publish in this issue the Sixteenth Annual statement of the affairs of this institution and the exhibit made will doubtless be gratifying to all persons interested. The Sun has always been regarded as one of our soundest and most prudently managed underwriting establishments. Its officers are old citizens of the place, experienced in the insurance business, and greatly esteemed for their personal qualities. Unlimited confidence is felt in their integrity and capacity. The net profits for the year ending December 31, 1871, are set down at $32,200, and the assets at $684,867 59. The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of 35 per cent on the net earned participating premiums for the year, and have resolved to pay 6 per cent interest on outstanding certificates of profits. Thomas Sloo, Esq., is the President of this company, and Thos. Anderson, Esq., is the Secretary.

OPERA HOUSE.—This (Saturday) evening the first performance this season of Gounod's opera of *Romeo and Juliette* will be performed, Madame Durand personating the character of "Juliette," Mr. Blum that of "Romeo." The other characters by Messrs. Coulon, Perié, Solve, Jourdan, Dubosc and Mesdames Dumestre and Boudro. There are indications of a large attendance on this occasion. The Controller's office received yesterday many applications for seats. Those who desire to witness a fine scenic display and listen to delicious music should secure admission at once.

ECONOMY.—By using Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup for children many a doctor's bill can be saved and much suffering averted.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—"Blue Beard" will be rendered again at the matinée and at night, by the Lydia Thompson troupe. This, it is understood, will be the last performance during the present engagement of that very laughable burlesque, which is gotten up so effectively at the Academy.

VARIETIES THEATRE.—"David Garrick," a very pleasant comedy, in which some of the best talent of the company appear, together with "Mazeppa," a musical and terpsichorean burlesque, will be performed to-day at matinée and will be repeated at night at this house.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Lotta will give "Little Nell" and the "Marchioness" at matinée to-day, and at night she will perform in "Heart's Ease." She has made herself famous in both pieces.

THE LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

Friday, Jan. 26, 1872.

THE SENATE.

The Senate assembled at noon, a full quorum present.

The communication of the Warrant Clerk, corrected, was received.

Mr. Blackman having moved for the appointment of a committee to investigate the report of the Warrant Clerk, Mr. Hunsacker stated that he was chairman of a similar committee appointed at the last session, and that the committee was waiting for the conclusions of one of the members, Mr. Coupland, before making a report.

Mr. Lewis was in favor of the new committee, the old committee appointed to investigate "the swindling of last session" having delayed their report too long.

Mr. Coupland explained his situation by saying that he had vainly endeavored to meet the committee for the purpose of investigating the books of Mr. J. Pinckney Smith, Warrant Clerk.

Mr. Hunsacker became very excited, and said that if the gentleman (Mr. Coupland) meant to cast any reflection upon his acts, he was ready to refute any reflection. He had never gotten a dollar from Mr. Smith except what was justly due him, the speaker. He would present his report next week, when he would be willing that another committee be appointed.

Mr. Lewis again said he wanted the new committee. The general impression being that evil doings existed, the appointment of the new committee might restore confidence, one committee acting as a check on the other.

Mr. Blackman's motion was substituted by another motion by Mr. McMillan, to refer the communication of Mr. Smith to the old committee. The vacancy in the committee occurring by the election of Mr. Pinchback to the chair was filled by appointing Mr. Blackman.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Judiciary—Hunsacker, Ray, Campbell, Jenks, Futch.

Finance—Lynch, McMillan, Hunsacker, Barber, Anderson.

Enrollment—Noland, Gallup, Kelso, Swords, Twitchell, Butler.

Parks and Buildings—Todd, Antoine, Noland, Kelso, Thompson.

Militia—Barber, Swords and Daigle.

Sanitary and Quarantine—Antoine, Whitney, Lewis, Barber, Thomas.

Election and Registration—McMillan, Harris, Ray, Butler, Blackman.

Banks and Banking—Anderson, Lynch, McMillan, Kelso, Blackman.

Retrenchment and Reform—Thomas, Barber, McMillan.

Contested Elections—Twichell, Harris, Jenks, Butler, Daigle.

Libraries—Coupland, Antoine, Thompson.

Railroads and Internal Improvements—Gallup, Campbell, Noland, Anderson, Jenks, Bowman.

Pensions—Ingraham, Ray, Wilcox, Daigle.

Drainage, Canals and Inland Navigation—Barber, O'Hara, Lynch, Campbell, Futch.

Agriculture, Commerce and Manufactures—O'Hara, Smith, Futch.

Claims—Butler, Hunsacker, Coupland, Ragan, Thompson.

Auditing and Supervising Expenses of the Senate—Whitney, Twitchell, Anderson, Antoine, Bowman.

Federal Relations—Campbell, Ingraham, Harris.

Corporations and Parochial Affairs—Twitchell, Lynch, Todd, Herwig, Thomas.

Charitable Institutions—Jenks, Swords, Ragan, Gallup, Thomas.

Penitentiary—Ragan, Kelso, Gallup, O'Hara, Futch.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. McMillan—To define and punish bribery.

A bill granting S. M. S. Barlow, Samuel Simpson, their associates, successors and assigns, an exclusive right to lay cables for purposes of telegraphing from this State to one or more places on the European Continent or to Great Britain.

By Mr. Ray—To pay off and fund the [illegible] debt of the State.

A bill reorganizing the public schools of the State.

A bill chartering the Monroe, Bastrop and Arkansas Railroad Company.

By Mr. Ragan—Allowing parishes of St. James and East Baton Rouge to retire their floating indebtedness and to issue bonds therefor.

By Mr. Twitchell—Creating a new parish, to be called the parish of Red River.

By Mr. Hunsacker—Repealing an act creating a commission to locate the site for a State House in the city of New Orleans, to purchase the necessary grounds therefor and making an appropriation to pay for such grounds, and to build a State House and other buildings necessary for State purposes and improving the same.

A bill providing for the cultivation of the ramie plant and for other purposes.

By Mr. Butler—Requesting Congress to pass Mr. Sumner's amendment to the Civil Rights bill.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Kelso—Repealing the bill creating the parish of Vernon.

By Mr. Ray—To ascertain from the Governor the expenses of the State Militia.

By Mr. Ingraham—To investigate the affairs of the Board of State Liquidators.

ACCORDING TO NOTICE.

By Mr. Ray—Relative to appropriations to meet expenses of the State, and relative to warrants in payment of State taxes.

By Mr. Ragan—Relative to the government of the city of Baton Rouge. Ordered to be printed.

By Mr. Blackman—Relative to apportioning the State into Senatorial Districts and fixing the number of Representatives, etc.

Mr. Blackman called up his resolution for a committee to inform the Governor officially of the death of Senators Fish and Pierce, and requesting him to order an election.

Mr. Harris moved to lay the resolution on the table, which resulted in a refusal to table: 14 yeas to 16 nays.

Mr. McMillan was in favor of the official notification, but the appointment of a committee for the purpose was unnecessary and unusual.

Mr. Blackman conformed with the opinion of Mr. McMillan of substituting a resolution providing that the Secretary of the Senate inform the Governor of the vacancies.

Mr. Hunsacker opposed the resolution on the grounds of economy, and the fact that question whether the Election law was repealed or not was still open.

Mr. Ingraham was speaking in favor of the resolution when the Chair called the order of the day.

Mr. Ray attempted to obtain the unanimous consent of the Senate to proceed with the consideration of the resolution, but Mr. Hunsacker objected.

The order of the day was then taken up.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Mr. Campbell's resolution asking the aid of Federal troops to suppress disturbances was taken up.

Mr. Todd having asked whether this was meant to ratify the act of the Senate while the absent Senators were on board the Wilderness, he would then move to refer to the Judiciary Committee. Adopted.

FIRST READINGS.

House bill petitioning Congress to devise some means to secure to the youth of the nation a common school education. Read a second time and lies over.

A House bill to prevent charlatanism was referred. House bill to protect lives from injury, and to provide for penalties. Referred.

House bill repealing an act creating the Board of Public Works. Indefinitely postponed.

All bills on the old calendar, like the above were, on a general motion, tabled, subject to call.

SECOND READINGS.

Senate bill, providing for a State Engineer, was ordered printed.

Senate bill, providing for the revision of several articles of the Revised Statutes. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Senate bill, providing how subscriptions by cities can be made to Railroad companies and other corporations. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A message was received from the Governor, transmitting copies of laws of New York, sent by the Governor, providing for the assessment and collection of taxes in that State. Received.

The Election and Registration, Printing, and General Appropriation bills; the New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg Railroad; Citizens' Bank; Expenses of the Militia, and other bills, were appropriately referred.

The veto of the Governor, on a bill appropriating $5000 to the Academy of Sciences, was taken up.

The veto was sustained.

The veto on a resolution to appoint seven commissioners to ascertain the claims of the State against the United States for cotton, etc., transferred to the United States at the surrender, was taken up. The principal objection of the Governor is that the expense will be greater than the amount which might be obtained.

Mr. Blackman said that he had introduced the bill. The property belonged to the people of the State and amounted to about $8,000,000. It had been taken as abandoned property, whereas it was in the hands of the regularly organized State government. An express clause existed in the resolution to prevent mileage being given to the commissioners.

Mr. Blackman apprehended that the Governor was not aware of the precise condition of the matter. The cotton, sugar and supplies had been sent to Shreveport to defray the expenses of the starving people, and had been taken possession of in an illegal manner by the United States agents. Similar reclamations had been made in other States. If the facts were as had been represented to him, it was but just that the State should make an effort to obtain a return into its treasury the amount, from four to eight millions of dollars.

The bill became a law notwithstanding the veto; 20 yeas to 9 nays.

The veto on a bill relative to the recusation of District Courts in the parish of Orleans, except the Eighth District Court, on the application of the defendant, without cause, was also taken up.

The reasons of the Governor for vetoing the bill are to the effect that it is unnecessary; that the remedy of defendants can be found in a change of venue.

Mr. Ray said the object of the law was to give defendants protection. Our District Courts have concurrent jurisdiction. One court may decide a question, whereupon the plaintiff in another suit involving the same question, will necessarily seek that court for redress. The defendant's suit is therefore prejudiced from the first. By this law the defendant can obtain a transfer of the case to another court which has not pronounced its opinion in the matter.

The veto was sustained by 18 to 10.

The veto on a bill relative to the government of the city of Baton Rouge.

Mr. Ragan said that he hoped to pass a bill more satisfactory to the people.

The veto was sustained.

The veto on a bill making appropriation for Kimble's Bayou, in Concordia parish, was also sustained without discussion.

The veto on the Levee Shed bill was taken up, the objections of the Governor being numerous. The veto was sustained by 28 yeas to 1 nay.

The veto on a bill to appoint a commission relative to pensions of veterans and their widows, was taken up. The objections of the Governor are the expense it will entail, and besides that it will open the door to fraud. The veto was sustained.

The veto on a bill providing for the purchase of 2000 copies of the "Louisiana Magistrate," was also sustained—20 to 9.

The veto on a bill to purchase copies of "Voorhies' Revised Statutes," was also sustained.

The veto on a bill for preserving the records of the First District Court was also sustained.

The Senate adjourned at 3 o'clock.

HOUSE.

The House met at 12 M., Mr. Brewster presiding, and eighty-one members present, in compliance to the announcement of the Clerk.

The Senate bill to amend the charter of the City of Carrollton, was concurred in.

The following resolution, introduced by Mr. Fitzgerald, was adopted by a vote of 59 to 30:

"*Be it Resolved*, That a committee of five be appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of [illegible] paid and incurred in connection with the office of James Graham, Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Louisiana, in the different courts of the parish of Orleans, for and during the year 1871, with power to summons persons and call for papers and court records of the different courts for the parish of Orleans.

"And, further, by what authority, if any, James Graham, Auditor of Public Accounts, employs attorneys to the exclusion of the Attorney General of the State of Louisiana."

A resolution to raise a committee to investigate charges against John H. Cheevers, District Attorney for the parish of St. John the Baptist, was laid on the table.

Mr. Kenner rising to a question of privilege—a personal explanation—denounced the revolutions of the Fourth Ward Republican Club of this city, accusing him of being unfaithful to his party because he had sided with the Carter wing, as unjust. He had followed the Carter House because he was convinced that Colonel Carter was rightfully the Speaker of the House. Mr. Kenner also branded as untrue the report that he had received a bribe of $2500 to side with the Carter party. He had not received a cent, and he repeated that his acts in that connection were influenced solely by his conviction that Colonel Carter was Speaker; that his House was the only lawful organization, and that the members of it were the most earnest and reliable reformers. Mr. K. argued that the proceedings by which Mr. Bauch and others were put out of the House were unparliamentary and unconstitutional, and would result in the destruction of the Republican party of this State.

A great number of notices of intentions to introduce bills were given, among them the following, in relation to measures of general interest:

By Mr. Thompson—A bill to amend the Registration laws.

By Mr. Faulkner—A bill to amend the law creating a State House Commission and providing means to build a State House and other public buildings.

By Mr. Pond—A bill [illegible] to purchase machinery for the Insane Asylum at Jackson. 2d. To prohibit buying and receiving of seed cotton after dark.

By Mr. Worrall—A bill to regulate houses of prostitution in the State.

By Mr. McFarland—A bill to incorporate the New Orleans and Havana Steamship and Lottery Co.; to repeal all acts or parts of laws in conflict with the same, and to increase the revenues of the State.

By Mr. Souer—A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in the State and for other purposes.

By Mr. La Salinier—A bill to regulate and provide for the storage and sale of mules and horses, in the parish of Orleans, at public auction or otherwise, etc., etc.

The following bills were introduced and referred as stated.

By Mr. Sartain—A resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to report if the Levee Company has complied with its contract with the State. Committee on Lands and Levees.

By Mr. Carr—A joint resolution declaring William P. Kellogg, representative of the State in the Federal Senate, disqualified, for the reason that when he was elected he was not a resident of Louisiana, he having become a temporary resident only when he was appointed Collector of the Port of New Orleans. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. ——.—A bill to regulate pawn brokerage. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Quinn—A bill that no taxes, State or Municipal, shall be levied for 1871 upon property in the overflowed section of New Orleans. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Ong—A bill to define the duties of the Auditor of the State and other Administrative officers; to prohibit him and them from instituting or defending suits officially; to prohibit him and them from employing counsel for those purposes, and to define the duties of the Governor, the Attorney General and the District Attorneys. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Floyd—A bill to create the parish of Tangipaho. Judiciary Committee.

A resolution presented, that the House proceed to the election of a Warrant Clerk, was ruled out of order, because the office was not vacant.

A resolution, offered by Mr. Murray, to raise a special committee to ascertain if the city railroad companies have complied with their contracts, was also ruled out of order, because, it was ruled, the subject pertained to the duties of the Standing Committee on Railroads.

A resolution to confirm J. Pinckney Smith in the office of Warrant Clerk was adopted by a vote of 71 to 7.

Adjourned.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Fire.—Tuesday morning, about 4 o'clock, a fire, which the police report is attributed to incendiarism, broke out in a one-story building at the corner of Franklin and Common streets, which was occupied by Mr. Crickenberg, as a furniture store. The house, which was owned by Mrs. George Freret, was entirely destroyed, and the back part of a house fronting on Franklin, also the property of Mrs. Freret, and occupied by a Miss Wallace, as a bagnio, was burned. The rear of another house of ill-fame, owned and occupied by Kate Townsend, No. 40 Basin street, was damaged by fire and water; it is estimated to the amount of $3000. The whole loss is supposed to be about $15,000. All the sufferers are believed to be fully insured.

On Thursday night, about 8 o'clock, a man named Willis, and another, whose name the police did not learn, had a difficulty at the corner of First and Dryades streets, when the unknown party shot at Willis with a pistol, wounding him in the face.

Mrs. Miles' grocery, at the corner of Josephine and Constance streets, was burglariously entered during Thursday night, and robbed of a silver watch, $5 in currency, and $30 in silver.

A young woman, named Carrie Elmore, was severely burned on the head and face yesterday morning, at the residence of Mr. Kennedy, at the corner of Jackson and Water streets, by the explosion of a can of coal oil, out of which she was pouring the liquid to kindle a fire. Mr. Kennedy was also badly burned in extinguishing the flames caused by the explosion.

The grocery of Mrs. Curley, No. 271 Magazine street, was plundered of more than $300 in currency at about one o'clock yesterday morning. The patrolman on the beat reports that he saw the thieves as they came out of the building; that he fired his pistol at them, and that they returned his fire and escaped.

The cook of the bark Hawthorn, moored at the head of St. James street, discovered some thieves in the act of stealing a bale of cotton out of the hold of the ship, at about half past one o'clock yesterday morning. They had rolled out four bales on the wharf and were at the fifth. When the cook alarmed them they ran off, and were out of sight when his calls brought the police to the vicinity.

In the Eigth District Court, in the suit of Mueller vs. Stone, a jury has given plaintiff damages to the amount of $1500 against Mueller, for leasing the premises Nos. 23 Front and 26 Fulton streets, to Willos & Bertram, for a sugar refinery, the noise of the machinery of which, and the vapors and smells from which had rendered his residence and saloon, Nos. 22 and 24 Fulton street, and Nos. 19 and 20 Front street, uninhabitable, he alleged.

Since the organization of the Eighth District Court, on the 24th March, 1870, ten injunctions and sixty-nine mandamus suits, against the State Auditor, and twenty-four mandamus and twenty-four injunction suits against the State Treasurer have been filed therein.

Fourth District Court.—In the case of the People's Bank vs. J. F. Colbus and John F. Casey & Co., Judge Théard, Fourth District Court, has given judgment for plaintiff. Colbus, on Saturday, Oct. 14, 1871, drew checks on the People's Bank for $1308. They were not presented until Monday, the 16th. His deposit was not sufficient to meet them, but early on Monday morning, he exchanged checks with Casey & Co. for $630, and he deposited their check in the People's Bank, which made his deposit sufficient to meet the checks he had issued on Saturday. Casey & Co. having heard, soon after the exchange, that he was going to protest, sent to the Louisiana National Bank, on which their check was drawn, and stopped payment. The People's Bank having received no notice from Casey & Co. paid Colbus's checks. For Casey & Co., it was argued that they were not liable because their check was not certified by the drawer, the Louisiana National Bank. The argument was not held to be good. Certification by the National Bank would have rendered that institution liable as the drawer, but non certification did not relieve Casey & Co. from liability as drawers.

First District Court.—Friday, January 26. Paul Despinas was convicted of assault and battery on the person of Jean Labouro, who is said to be nearly ninety years of age.

Dan Eagan was convicted of the larceny of a quantity of goods from the tailoring shop of H. Hein, on Tchoupitoulas street.

Judge Abell referring to the disorders growing out of the legislative imbroglio, charged the Grand Jury that if any breach of the law had been committed, to the knowledge of the Grand Jury, it was their duty to take cognizance of it; that it had been stated in the *Republican*, of Sunday last, that the Hon. Thos. Green Davidson had been set upon by ruffians, and if the allegation proved to be true, it was the duty of the Grand Jury to ferret out the offenders, and bring them by indictment before the bar of this court. The time had come, the Judge remarked, when it was to be hoped every good citizen of every party would raise his voice and use his influence to prevent personal violence.

Shooting in a Street Car.—Considerable excitement was occasioned in car No. 22, going down St. Charles street, about 7 o'clock this morning, by an altercation between the driver, named Wm. Healy, and a passenger named Thomas Fitzgerald. The passenger was very slow at paying his fare, when the driver, very abruptly and with an oath demanded the required nickel.

The manner of the driver was so offensive as to occasion resentment on the part of the passenger, when the driver repeated the offensive epithet, upon which Fitzgerald drew a pistol, which accidentally went off. A scuffle then ensued between the two, when Fitzgerald was arrested.

The affair occurred opposite, North street.—*Picayune, last evening.*

This year contains fifty-two Sundays. September and December each begin on Sunday. January, April and July on Monday. October is the only month beginning on Tuesday. February begins and ends on Thursday. Consequently we have five Thursdays, which will not occur again until the year 1880. In the year 1880 February will have five Sundays, which will not occur again until [illegible]. The year 1871 began on Sunday and will end on Sunday. This will occur again in [illegible], and every eleventh year thereafter.

BY TELEGRAPH.

To the New Orleans Bee.

Summary of the Latest Dispatches.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Paris, Jan. 26.—[illegible], late Consul of France at New York, has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment and a fine of two [illegible] francs for speculating in arms and other alleged misdeeds during the Franco-German war.

Paris, Jan. 26.—All places of business will be closed on the [illegible] instant, the anniversary of the capitulation of Paris.

Bonapartist agents are very active in the army. They are distributing pamphlets urging the restoration of the Empire as a means of ending all the woes of France. Copies have been found in barracks, and seized by the police.

A new National Federation on the Commune basis, is organizing in Paris.

A protest, against the pending Education bill, signed by 51 Bishops, has been sent to the Assembly.

London, Jan. 26.—The Prince of Wales was out yesterday and walked a quarter of a mile.

Gladstone and Disraeli have sent circulars to their supporters in Parliament, begging them to be present on the opening on the 6th proximo, as important business—the election of a Speaker—will demand their attention.

Earl Granville refused to see a deputation of Republicans who wished to urge the British Government to use its influence to procure the substitution of civil for military courts in the trial of Paris Communists.

Five persons were accidentally drowned in the Blackwood Colliery yesterday.

Lisbon, Jan. 26.—The mail steamer from Rio the Janeiro has arrived, bringing news of a terrible marine disaster. The steamer America, plying between Rio and Montevideo, while on a trip from the latter port, on the night of December 22d, took fire. The flames spread with great rapidity, and the vessel was soon burned to the water's edge. A large number of passengers were on board, of whom 87 lost their lives, being either burned to death or drowned.

The Empress Dowager, of Brazil, has freed all her personal slaves.

Madrid, Jan. 26.—A stormy scene followed the reading of the decree of dissolution, in the Cortes. The House seemed to be taken by surprise, and the members were unable to conceal their indignation. Passionate speeches were made, which were answered with derisive cries by the few supporters of the Ministry. One Deputy exclaimed, "The time has come for barricades!" The greatest uproar and confusion followed, amid which the sitting was declared at an end.

It appears the King finally refused to accept the resignation of the Ministry, tendered by Sagasta, and the decree dissolving the Cortes was issued in consequence.

The people generally sympathise with the Deputies and demand the retirement of the present government. The King is urged to accept their resignations immediately and form a new Cabinet.

The agitation is very great in this city, where disturbances are feared and the troops are under arms.

Queenstown, Jan. 26.—Arrived—Steamships Algeria, Russia and Oceanic, from New York.

FROM MEXICO.

City of Mexico, Jan. 18.—The Military Department of the Government remains inactive.

There has been no successes since the fall of Oaxaca, which is not considered a great advantage.

Gen. Porfirio Diaz failed to embark at Puerto Angel and now menaces the State of Vera Cruz. No hopes of an early peace are entertained.

The revolutionary chieftains in the North have been quarrelling and several bodies of troops have been disbanded. The Government has collected an advance on taxes of the present year in the capital, and are now seeking to contract a loan.

A change in the Cabinet is again rumored. Jenissio Marsical is mentioned as Minister to Washington.

The revolutionists in the north number 6000, and are scattered over several States.

General Geerra, from Monterey, has arrived at Durango. Supplies of money, arms and ammunition, are sent from Durango to Samana, and others who are operating with Gen. Geerra against Zacatecas.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Jan. 26.—HOUSE.—Some private bills passed when the Appropriation bill was resumed, and Legislative, Executive and Judicial and Pension bills passed. House then adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Morton introduced a bill bridging the Ohio River at or near Evansville.

Adjournment resumed—Mr. Schurz's amendment that Congress do not adjourn till the civil reform bill is passed, was lost by a vote of 28 to 16.

Mr. Sumner's similar amendment, regarding the Civil Rights bill was lost. Senators Rice, Spencer, Sumner and Tipton only voting for it. Cleared of these amendments, a resolution adjourning to the 29th of May passed by a vote of 38 to 12. Senate then adjourned.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The Southern Claims Commission had before them to-day the case of Jno. Alexander and Jas. T. Baker, of Clark county, Va., and Charles S. Love, of Atlanta. The first named claimant is 84 years old.

Gens. Babcock and Porter have asked the Congressional Committee, now investigating the New York Customhouse, to summon them as witnesses.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Postmaster General Creswell and Secretary Robeson were absent from the Cabinet meeting to-day.

General Emory telegraphs from New Orleans that he thinks the trouble has ended.

Joshua W. Gilbert has been nominated for Marshal of the Southern District of Florida, and Amos Morrill, District Judge of Eastern Texas. Goddard's nomination was withdrawn.

Senator Norwood was before the Committee of Ways and Means, and spoke against the repeal of the rice tariff; Dr. Clift and Isaac Seeleye, of Georgia, and Judge Talmadge, of New York, also spoke against repeal or modification.

A committee of conference upon allowing certain articles to enter duty free will meet on Monday; the disagreement involves delay, but definite action expected Monday.

WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The barometer has fallen since Thursday afternoon at nearly all the stations east of the Rocky Mountains. The highest pressure continuing in the Southern and Gulf States, the lowest from Lake Superior to Maine. Diminishing southwesterly winds, with clearing weather, have prevailed on the lakes. Cloud and snow have again succeeded. Clear weather continues on the immediate coast from Maryland to Maine, with warmer temperature than Thursday. Northerly winds veering south have continued with rain or snow in the Southern and Gulf States. The rivers have fallen at Vicksburg, and elsewhere undergone but slight changes.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Falling barometer with cloudy weather, and possibly rain, will probably continue to extend northward over the region between California and the Lower Mississippi. Falling barometer with cloud or snow prevail on Saturday very generally from the Mississippi to the Middle and East Atlantic coast. The lowest barometer continues in North-east and New England and Upper Canada. Southwesterly winds prevail on the lower lakes, backing to South on the Middle and East Atlantic coast. Southerly winds with threatening weather prevail in the South and Gulf States. Dangerous winds are not anticipated to-night.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

New York, Jan. 26.—Geo. W. Watson, a Williamsburg hair-dresser, was shot dead in his own house to-day by Mrs. Fannie Hyde, aged 18, who says he (Watson) has been in the habit of insulting and accusing her of unfaithfulness to her husband.

The Turf Board of Appeals has decided that Goldsmith Maid is entitled to the record of 2.17 at Milwaukee.

A deputation of prominent Fenians attempted to interview Controller Green to-day on the subject of the discharge of so many Irish laborers.

The Controller has furnished $80,000 to the Department of Parks and $60,000 for the payment of the policemen.

The first deposit has been made by Mace, which O'Baldwin is asked to cover, to fight for [illegible] a side and the championship of the world.

The *Evening News* says Helmbold's store is in the hands of the sheriff.

It is reported that arrangements have been made under which there will be no more whisky raids on account of evasions of the whisky tax in the Fifth Ward of Brooklyn.

New York, Jan. 26.—Arrived: Steamers Birgo and Equator, from New Orleans.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 26.—[illegible]

[illegible]

St. Louis, Jan. 26.—Mr. Robinson has withdrawn [illegible]

Sioux, Jan. 26.—The court has declared the Independence Insurance Company bankrupt.

Arrived—Steamship Liberia.

[illegible], Jan. 26.—At a meeting of the [illegible]

[illegible]

Resolutions were adopted urging upon Congress the necessity and importance of [illegible] that all barriers be at once removed that impede the progress of the railroad between St. Louis and San Francisco, via Indian Territory, New Mexico and Arizona.

The President of the Board was instructed to appoint a committee to go to Washington and present the resolutions to the Senators and Representatives from Missouri.

Additional resolutions favoring the removal of all obstructions to [illegible] and Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, were adopted.

Nashville, Jan. 26.—General [illegible] funeral occurred here to-day and was altogether quiet and [illegible]. The remains were buried in [illegible].

At Tullahoma to-day [illegible], a quiet and respected citizen, was shot and killed by Mat Darwin, a [illegible] desperado, who escaped.

Cincinnati, Jan. 26.—The candy manufactory of [illegible] was burned this evening, and the [illegible] entirely destroyed. The loss is estimated as follows: Stock $[illegible], machinery [illegible] to $[illegible]—well insured. The building was damaged about $[illegible].

In the Board of Aldermen to-day, a resolution to invite Grand Duke Alexis to visit Cincinnati was defeated, lacking a Constitutional majority.

Memphis, Jan. 26.—The University Convention of the Methodist Church South, to-day, appointed a Board of Trustees to receive the necessary charter and subscriptions for the endowment of the University. No definite steps will be taken until $500,000 has been secured.

Grand Duke Alexis will be quartered at the Peabody Hotel, but the grand ball and banquet will be given at the Overton House.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 26.—Botts, the murderer of Pet Holstead, was hanged to-day.

Baltimore, Jan. 26.—Archbishop Spalding is dangerously ill.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

London, Jan. 26—Evening.—Bonds 92½. Tallow 51. Common Rosin 11 to 11s. 6d.

Paris, Jan. 26.—Rentes 56 and 77.

Havre, Jan. 26.—Cotton closed firmer. Tres Ordinaire 1.34. Low middlings afloat 1.34.

Liverpool, Jan. 26—Evening.—Cotton market strong; uplands [illegible]; Orleans 10¾. Sales 15,000 bales. Sales for the week 112,000; for export 18,000; for speculation, 21. Stock on hand [illegible] bales, of which 156,000 are American. Receipts of the week 517,000 bales, of which 12,000 were American. Actual exports 10,000 bales. Shipping at New Orleans 11d. Yarns and fabrics firmer.

WEEKLY COTTON STATEMENT ALL U. S. PORTS:

Net receipts	bales	[illegible]
Exports to Great Britain	"	[illegible]
Continent	"	[illegible]
Stock on hand	"	[illegible]

NOTE.—Galveston estimated for past two days.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 26—Evening.—Cotton firm; Uplands 21⅝c; Orleans [illegible]; sales to-day 2970 bales.

Futures sold to-day [illegible] bales, as follows: February 21⅝, 21¼, [illegible]; March 22⅛, 22¼, [illegible]; April 22 9-16, 22⅝, 22 7-16, [illegible]; May [illegible], 22 11-16c; June 22⅝c.

New York, Jan. 26—Evening.—Coffee firmer; Rio quoted at [illegible]. Sugar dull; fair to good refining quoted at [illegible] 9¼c; Cuba [illegible] 10c. Molasses in fair request; New Orleans [illegible]. Freights per sail—Corn [illegible]; per steam—Corn [illegible]; Cotton ¼d.

Governments quiet; 6s of 1881, 115¼; 5-20s of 1862, 110½; [illegible]; 67s, 112¼; [illegible]; 10-40s [illegible].

[illegible]

In the Spanish Cortes Diaz Quintero said it was quite time to cede Cuba to the United States. He was howled down by the whole House.

New York, Jan. 26.—A colored man in attempting to get on a Seventh Avenue car was rejected, was run over and [illegible] killed.

A Washington special says that Senator Schurz asserts that he will bolt if President Grant is renominated. He expresses himself as confident that Gen. Grant will not be renominated.

The Supreme Court at Albany, in deciding the issue as to bail, declined to pass upon the question raised on the Connolly and Tweed suits as to the right of the people of the State to sue. It is probable this same question will now come up again upon demurrer, when judgment must be pronounced.

The Atla Boat Club will compete in a four-oared shell race during the coming summer in English waters. They will leave for England in April.

In an article on the political situation the New York *Herald* says: "As matters now stand between the two sections there is more danger of a bolting Democratic faction in the South than there is of a bolting Republican faction in the North. The threatening attitude of Alexander H. Stephens and his associate, [illegible] Southern old liners deserves more [illegible] the wrath of Mr. Sumner, the bitterness of Mr. Greeley, or the vengeance of Mr. Schurz against Gen. Grant." It will be borne in mind that Gen. Toombs has emphatically expressed a preference for Grant over any Democrat who recognizes the new amendments to the Constitution as facts. The Bourbon Democrats change from one extreme to the other. Their only refuge is in the League of Republican ultraism. They know no middle ground.—*Memphis Avalanche.*

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 26, 1872.

The Money market continues quiet and easy with no material change in interest rates. We quote 10@11 [illegible] discount for A1 paper with undoubted collaterals, and 12 for good endorsed grade; 10@12 for A1 without collaterals, and 12@15 for good and second grades. Mortgage notes still rule at 9@10 [illegible] for A1 and first-class, and [illegible] for second grade.

Gold opened at 109⅞@109⅞ (with no dispatches from New York, the wires having been damaged by last night's storm) and closed at 109⅝@109 (against 109⅞). The sales included $4000 at 109⅞, $11,500 and $17,000 at 109¾, $5000, $5000, $20,000 and [illegible] at 109⅞, and $4000 and $40,800 at 110.

The only sale of Silver reported is $800 in American half-dollars at 107½. We still quote 107@108 for American half-dollars and 1½@2½ ℔ cent. premium in gold for Mexican dollars.

Foreign Exchange was somewhat depressed by the course of Sterling at New York toward the close, and rates were a shade easier. The movement was light, the reported sales of Sterling amounting to only £20,000, of which £2500 bill of lading at 117¾, £2500 clear at 117¾, £5000 bill of lading at 117¾, £2500 A1 clear at [illegible], and £[illegible] A1 clear at 118@118¼. [illegible] banking reported in France.

We quote Sterling at 117⅞@118 for good [illegible] bill of lading and clear, and [illegible] for bank, and France nominal at [illegible] for commercial.

[illegible] Exchange was steady and unchanged. The banks supplied the demand [illegible] at par, and the sales included $30,000 and $20,000 New York bank [illegible] ℔ cent. discount, and $10,000 [illegible] commercial at [illegible].

The bank remittance rate for New York Gold sight is ¼ ℔ cent. discount.

A moderate business was done in Stocks, all the particulars of which were suppressed, but the sales included 250 shares Louisiana Levee, ordinary, at $[illegible]; [illegible] Crescent City Gas Light Co. at $[illegible]; and 10 [illegible] and Agricultural Fair Association at $[illegible].

$[illegible] city six ℔ cent. bonds sold at 80c.; State Warrants at [illegible].

In City Appropriation Certificates [illegible] sold at [illegible].

LATER.—There were no sales at the Board of Brokers this evening. The [illegible] bids were as follows:

[illegible]

We quote as follows:

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE,
FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 26, 1872.

COTTON.—The sales to-day were confined to [illegible] at prices requiring no change in our quotations, which we accordingly repeat. We give also the Exchange [illegible] which are for even-running of lists, while ours are for average lots (the outside rates for sights):

	Average lists.	Even-running lots.
Low Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]
Low Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]
Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]

There were no dispatches by telegraph at the opening [illegible] checked the movement, and also the news the demand continued slow, buyers being discouraged by the decline in New York and factors evincing little or no disposition to make any material concessions. Some brokers reported the market as rather easier, but others found no change.

The sales for the past three days (including an addition of 200 bales to Wednesday's report) sum up 15,200 bales, making, with 400 bales more on Tuesday, an aggregate for the week of 28,800 bales, against 27,300 last week and 44,000 the same week last year. Week's receipts 60,488 bales, including 1880 from other delivery ports (of which 1580 from Mobile) and 57,938 proper, against 44,124 proper last week and 53,019 last year. Total proper since August 31 [illegible] bales, against 755,386 last year. The week's exports comprise [illegible] bales, embracing 12,660 bales to Liverpool, [illegible] to Havre, 2200 to Bremen, [illegible] to Hamburg, [illegible] to Barcelona, [illegible] to Genoa and [illegible] to New York.

The Exchange reports: "Market quiet but easy without any quotable change."

[illegible]

Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1871		[illegible]
Arrived since last statement	[illegible]	
Arrived previously	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleared to-day	[illegible]	
Cleared previously	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stock on hand and on ship board not cleared		[illegible]

To-day's exports embraced 2936 bales to Genoa and 515 to Barcelona. Receipts proper since last evening 3667 bales, against 9732 on last Friday and 7312 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 57,938 bales, against 44,124 last week and 53,019 last year, and since August 31 of [illegible] bales, against 755,386 last year.

TOBACCO.—The supply of the new crop is increasing, and a more active demand is expected, but for the past three days the market has been about a stand-still, sales of only 8 hogsheads having been reported. Week's sales 83 hogsheads. We quote lugs 7¼@8c; low leaf 8¼@9c; medium 9¼@10c; good 10¼@11¼c; fine and selections 12@13c.

FREIGHTS.—We quote: By steam—Cotton to Liverpool 9-16@19-32d.; to Hamburg 11-16d.; to New York ⅜@11-16c; to Philadelphia 1c; Boston ⅞c. Sugar to New York $5 ℔ hhd.; Molasses $2 ℔ bbl. By sail—Cotton to Liverpool 15-32d.; to Havre 1c; Antwerp [illegible]; to Bremen 1c; Boston 11-16c. Sugar to Northern ports $[illegible] ℔ hhd.; Molasses $[illegible] ℔ bbl. A ship was taken up for Cork, for orders.

A ship was taken up for Hamburg at [illegible] for cotton.

SUGAR.—The demand is good, the receipts are light and prices are firm. Inferior 6@7c; common 7¼@7¾c; fair 8¼@9c; good fair 8¾@9c; fully fair 9@9¼c; prime 9½@9¾c; strictly prime 10c; choice 10¼@10¾c; seconds 7½@9¾c; centrifugal 9½@10c; yellow clarified 11@[illegible]; white 11½@11¾c ℔ lb.

MOLASSES.—We note a good demand with a firm market and light receipts. Fermenting 25@30c for common to strictly prime; inferior, not fermenting, 25@30c; common 30@35c; centrifugal 35@45c; fair 37@42c; prime 45@47c; strictly prime 48@49c; choice 50@[illegible]c ℔ gallon.

FLOUR.—Is in good demand for the local trade and for Cuba, and prices are firm. The sales embrace 5500 barrels, of which 100 superfine at $6 75; 100 single extra at $7; 100 double at $7 50; 500 treble at $7 75; 400 and 130 do. at $7 80; 100 and 140 treble at $7 87½; 65 and 130 do. at $8; 50, 250 and 400 good treble extra, in lots, at $8 25; 150 choice extra at $8 75; 50 and 100 do. at $9; 100 at $9 25; 500, 800 and 1300 treble extra on private terms.

CORN.—Is in good supply, the demand is fair and prices are firm. 2600 sacks were sold, of which 400 yellow and yellow mixed and 600 do. do. at 70c; 600 white at 73c; 400 white at 75c, and [illegible] at 76c ℔ bushel.

OATS.—Are in light supply and firmer, and 250 sacks sold at 60c ℔ bushel, and 150 Ohio River at 55c.

BRAN.—Is in fair supply and good demand. 150 sacks sold at $1 45 and 100 second-hand sacks at $1 40 ℔ 100 lbs.

HAY.—Is now in good supply and dull. Prime to choice is quoted at $30@32 ℔ ton, 100 bales choice sold at $30.

PORK.—The stock is light, and mess is held at $15 ℔ bbl. It is retailing at $15 25 ℔ bbl. 200 barrels sold on private terms; 150 at $16 75, and 150 at $16 25 ℔ bbl.

BACON.—Shoulders are scarce, and are quoted at 7¾@7¼c. The market is bare for sides. Clear rib are quoted at 9c; clear sides 9¼@9½c ℔ lb. Sugar-cured Hams 11@14c. [illegible] Bacon [illegible] at 7¼c; 6 do. clear sides, in tierces, at 9½c, and 4 do. city smoked, at 10c. Some clear rib quoted at 9¼c.

LARD.—Packers in tierces is in demand at 9¾c. Refined is quoted at 9¾@9¾c; kegs 10¼c ℔ lb. 40 tierces kettle rendered sold at 9¾c, and 25 do. refined at 9¾c.

DRY SALT MEAT.—Is quiet but firm at 5¾c for shoulders; 7c for clear rib and 7¼c for clear sides. 50 casks shoulders sold at 5¼c.

BREAKFAST BACON.—The market is bare of good and fresh lots of Western. That description would command 9¾@10c; city is dull at 9¾c; Northern is quoted at 11@11¾c ℔ lb.

BEEF.—Texas Mess is selling at $11@12 ℔ bbl.

BUTTER.—Choice is in light supply and good demand at 35c for Western, and 33@34c for Goshen. Poor qualities are unsaleable.

CHEESE.—Is in good supply and dull at 13c for Western factory, and 15@16c for choice factory. New York cream commands 16@16c. ℔ lb.

STAR CANDLES.—Are in limited supply and good demand at 19c in round lots and 19¼c jobbing. The supplies are all sold, to arrive.

TALLOW.—Is in demand, and receipts sell readily at 9¾c ℔ lb.

CORN MEAL.—Is active and firmer. 150 barrels sold at $3 50; 400 at $3 65, and 200 do. (to arrive) at $3 60 ℔ bbl. LATER.—We hear of further sales of 741 barrels (50, 100, 150, 200 and 201) at $3 50.

COFFEE.—The market continues strong and active. Prime is quoted at 21¼@22c gold duty paid; good 20¾@21¾c; fair 20¼@20¾c; ordinary 19¾c ℔ lb.

LOUISIANA RICE.—Is in pretty fair demand, partially for the West, at 8½@8¾c for fair; 9c for prime, and 9¾c for choice. Choice Carolina is jobbing at 9¾c ℔ lb.

SUNDRIES.—Western Potatoes are selling on the landing at $2@3 25; Onions $3@3 25; Apples $5@6 ℔ bbl; Sour-Krout $11@[illegible] ℔ bbl; Cabbages $5@7 ℔ box; Dried Apples 8@8c; Dried Peaches 8@8c; Green Peas $6@7 ℔ bbl; Lady Peas $6@7; Red Beans $9@12; Western Beans $2@11; Turnips $1 50; Carrots and Parsnips $3; Beets $1 50; Horse Radish $5@6 ℔ bbl.

POULTRY AND EGGS.—Chickens are selling on the landing at $4 for the grown and $3@4 for the young; Ducks $6; Geese $9; Turkeys $16@18; Eggs 30@32c ℔ dozen.

WHISKY.—50 barrels choice rectified sold at 98c; 20 barrels natural Bourbon at $1 15, and 25 half barrels rectified at $1 ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES.—There is no virgin Rosin; No. 2 or common in market. No. 1 commands $5 50 and pale $6 ℔ bbl. Tar is in good supply and dull at $2 75 ℔ half bbl and $5 ℔ bbl. There is no Pitch on hand. It would command $5@5 50 ℔ bbl. Spirits Turpentine is in light supply and is jobbing at 75@80c. A round lot sold at 75c ℔ gallon.

SALT.—We note a good demand and sales of 3000 sacks coarse for Arkansas River at $1 40, from warehouse. When taken from warehouse a deduction is made for drayage. We have no cargo sales to report since our last, and there are none offering. Turk's Island is quoted at $1 35 @1 40 ℔ sack of two bushels. Table Salt 5¼@7¼c ℔ pocket, as in size.

MOSS.—Is in good supply and very dull. Clean picked is quoted at 6¾@11c; country picked 3¾@4¼c ℔ lb.

COTTON SEED.—Is in demand and higher. It commands $14 ℔ ton, sacks returned, and $16 with sacks.

BAGGING.—The movement is confined to dealers who are filling small orders for the country at 16¼@17c for India, in bales and in rolls; 15c for jute, and 16c ℔ yard for Western Bagging.

BALING TWINE.—Commands 16@18c ℔ lb.

WOOL.—The market is bare. The last sales were at 30@31c ℔ lb for Mexican improved and 41c for Texas unwashed, free of burrs.

LEAD.—Is in good demand with a small stock on hand. Western commands $[illegible]; Alabama and Rockland $[illegible] ℔ bbl.

COOPERAGE.—Is dull, the demand for Sugar hogsheads being nearly over for the season. Molasses Barrels are selling at $1 75@1 80; half-barrels 1 25, and Sugar Hogsheads $3 50 each. Green Poles command $25 ℔ 1000 for barrel Poles, and $60 for hogshead Poles. Staves $[illegible] for barrel, and $35 for hogshead.

HIDES.—Are scarce and in demand. Green salted command 10¼@11c; dry salted 14¼@15¼c; flint 16@17c ℔ lb.

IRON COTTON TIES.—Sell at 5¼@6¾c ℔ lb.

Cattle Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 27, 1872.

[illegible]

Office of the Sun Mutual Insurance Company of New Orleans.

No. 61 Camp street.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 24, 1872.

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the company publish the following statement for the year ending December 31, 1871:

Amount of premiums for the year ending Dec. 31, 1871, viz:

On Fire Risks	[illegible]	
On Marine Risks	[illegible]	
On River Risks	[illegible]	
		[illegible]
Add unterminated risks for 1870		[illegible]
		[illegible]
Deduct unterminated Risks for 1871	[illegible]	
Return Premiums	[illegible]	[illegible]
Net earned premiums		[illegible]
Losses, etc., paid during same period, viz:		
On Fire Risks	[illegible]	
On Marine Risks	[illegible]	
On River Risks	[illegible]	[illegible]
Add for unadjusted losses, etc.	[illegible]	
Discount on premiums	[illegible]	
Reinsurances	[illegible]	[illegible]
Expenses	[illegible]	
Taxes	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	
Interest on scrip	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	
Less discount and interest	[illegible]	[illegible]
Net profit		[illegible]

The company have the following assets, estimated at the lowest market cash values, viz:

30 Consolidated City Bonds	[illegible]
50 Railroad City Bonds	[illegible]
44 Seven per cent. City Bonds	[illegible]
14 State Bonds	[illegible]
4 Odd Fellows' Hall Association Bonds	[illegible]
2 Grand Lodge of Louisiana Bonds	[illegible]
2 Turners' Association Bonds	[illegible]
Bank and Gas stocks, etc.	[illegible]
Loans on Pledge	[illegible]
Loans on Mortgage	[illegible]
Bills Receivable	[illegible]
Scrip of other Insurance Companies	[illegible]
Premiums in Course of Collection	[illegible]
Cash on hand	[illegible]
Total assets	[illegible]

The above statement is a just, true and correct transcript from the books of the company.

THOMAS SLOO, President.

THOS. ANDERSON, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans. Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-fifth day of January, A. D. 1872.

ANDREW HERO, Jr., Notary Public.

The Board of Directors have resolved to pay six per cent. interest on the outstanding certificates of profits on and after the second Monday of February, 1872; and they have further declared a dividend of THIRTY-FIVE PER CENT. on the net earned participating premiums for the year ending December 31, 1871, for which certificates will be issued on and after the 15th day of March, 1872.

THOMAS SLOO, President.
JOHN G. GAINES, Vice President.
THOS. ANDERSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR 1872.

John G. Gaines,	E. J. Hart,
Henry Renshaw,	Hugh Wilson,
B. Saloy,	T. N. Martin,
Charles Macready,	Richard Flower,
J. Weis,	W. B. Seymour,
W. B. Taylor,	J. C. Morris.

jan27 1y

TWENTIETH ANNUAL STATEMENT

Home Mutual Insurance Company — of — NEW ORLEANS.

In conformity with the requirements of their Charter, the Company publish the following statement for the year ending December 31, 1871.

[illegible]

A. W. HUNTER, Secretary.

ALF. MOULTON, President.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans. Sworn to and subscribed before me this [illegible] day of January, A. D. 1872.

ANDREW HERO, Jr., Notary Public.

The Board of Trustees, at a meeting held this [illegible] day of January, 1872, unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That six per cent. interest on all outstanding certificates of profits be paid to the legal holders of the same on and after the Eleventh day of February next.

ALF. MOULTON, President.
WM. M. PERKINS, Vice President.
A. W. HUNTER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES.

A. MOULTON,	WM. M. PERKINS,
R. MARK,	ARCHIE WOODS,
R. M. HORRELL,	WM. CHAMBERS,
JNO C. ROGERS,	M. O. RANDALL,
JNO. T. MOORE,	WM. F. TUTT,
ADOLPH MEYER	jan24 1m

New Orleans Mutual Insurance Company.

CORNER CANAL AND CAMP STREETS.

TWELFTH ANNUAL STATEMENT, 1872.

In conformity with the requirements of their Charter, the Company publish the following statement:

[illegible]

J. W. HINCKS, Secretary.

[illegible], Notary Public.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 11th day of January, 1872, it was resolved to declare the following dividend [illegible]

[illegible] PER CENT. ON FIRE PREMIUMS.
[illegible] PER CENT. ON RIVER PREMIUMS.

DIRECTORS:

[illegible]

New Orleans Mutual Insurance ASSOCIATION.

Office, No. 10 Exchange Alley.

SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT.

[illegible]

C. CAVAROC, President.

G. LANAUX, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans. Sworn to and subscribed before me, this sixth day of January, 1872.

G. LE GARDEUR, Jr., Notary Public.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 6th of January, 1872, it was resolved that an interest of Ten Per Cent. per annum on the capital paid in, and a dividend of Thirty-five per cent. on the net earned participating premiums, be paid on and after the 15th of February next, in cash, to stockholders who have paid their subscription in full and by credits on stock notes of subscribers, on which balances are due.

It was furthermore resolved, that stockholders will have to pay, on the 15th of February next, all balances then remaining due on their stock notes.

C. CAVAROC, President.

G. LANAUX, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Chs. Cavaroc,	S. Cambon,
Chs. de Reyter,	Arthur Poincy,
A. Reichard,	J. Egli,
Leon Haas, Jr.,	P. B. Wiltz,
E. F. Mioton,	Leon Queyrouze,
W. Agar,	A. Thibaut.

jan6 1m

OFFICE CRESCENT MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW ORLEANS, January 1, 1872.

In accordance with the requirements of its charter, and the act of the Legislature of Louisiana, the CRESCENT MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY of New Orleans makes the following statement of Scrip and Interest unpaid for three years standing. That remaining unclaimed thirty days from date hereof is forfeited to the company:

[illegible]

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 31, 1871.

We, the undersigned, hereby certify the above to be a correct copy from the books of the company, being of three years' standing.

THOS. A. ADAMS, President.

HENRY V. OGDEN, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this the thirtieth day of December, 1871.

ANDREW HERO, Jr., Notary Public.

jan1 1m

AMUSEMENTS.

Varieties Theatre.

Director .... LAWRENCE BARRETT.
Stage Manager .... JOHN E. [illegible].

Saturday, Jan. 27, 1872. Grand Matinee at 12 M.—Evening at 7:30;

DAVID GARRICK AND MAZEPPA BURLESQUE.

MR. GEORGE CLARKE, MR. DOMINICK MURRAY, MR. STUART ROBSON, MISS M. E. GORDON, and a powerful cast.

Matinée performance every Wednesday and Saturday. Admission half price.

Sunday Evening, January 28, First representation of [illegible] drama of "EILEEN OGE."

[illegible]

St. Charles Theatre.

BEN DE BAR .... Proprietor.

Grand Saturday Matinee to-day at 12 M. LOTTA AND BEN DE BAR in the play of LITTLE NELL and THE MARCHIONESS. Saturday evening—

HEART'S EASE.

Sunday evening—"FIRE FLY" in preparation—"Mabbow," new scenery and effects.

The Grand MARDI GRAS BALL will take place at the Theatre on February 13th. jan27 1t

NEW ORLEANS, January 6, 1872.

Joseph Ellison, President Louisiana Equitable Life Insurance Co., New Orleans:

DEAR SIR—It affords me pleasure to acknowledge the prompt settlement on the part of the Louisiana Equitable Life Insurance Company of New Orleans, of the life policy for the sum of TEN THOUSAND ($10,000) DOLLARS issued upon the life of the late F. E. Bernard, of this city, in favor of his wife.

The promptness displayed by your Company is another illustration of the advantages of Home Institutions and an additional recommendation of the Louisiana Equitable Life Insurance Company to the patronage of our people.

Yours, very respectfully,

HENRY PRITCHARD.

jan26 1t

STEAMSHIPS.

For New York.

SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

Cromwell Steamship Line.

Comprising the first-class Steamships

[illegible]	Capt. THOS. HAZARD
GEN. MEADE	Capt. A. W. SAMPSON
UNITED STATES	Capt. E. HOWES
MISSISSIPPI	Capt. W. P. HENRY
WESTERN METROPOLIS	Capt. H. S. QUICK
EMILY B. SOUDER	Capt. B. F. BURDICK

Sailing from New York and New Orleans on Saturdays.

GEN. MEADE, A. W. SAMPSON, Commander, will leave her wharf, opposite Jefferson street, on Saturday, January 27th, at 8 A. M.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers.

CABIN PASSAGE .... $50 00.
STEERAGE PASSAGE .... $25 00.

Through Bills Lading signed to Liverpool, Glasgow, Hamburg and Bremen.

Through TICKETS for first-class and Steerage Passengers for Liverpool and the Continent connecting with Guion's Line of Steamers, sailing from New York every WEDNESDAY.

For Freight or Passage apply to

JOHN A. LUDWIGSEN, Agent, No. 120 Common street.

The steamship EMILY B. SOUDER will follow—leaving SATURDAY, Feb. 3th, at 8 A. M.

For New York Direct.

Steamship Line.

This line is composed of the following steamships: GEO. WASHINGTON, CORTES, GEO. CROMWELL, ST. LOUIS.

CORTES, [illegible], Commander, will leave her wharf, foot of Toulouse street, Sunday, January 28, at 8 A. M.

PASSAGE .... $50.

Freight for LIVERPOOL, BREMEN HAVRE taken by this line, and through Bill Lading given for the same.

For freight or passage apply to

ALFRED MOULTON, [illegible] Carondelet street.

For Philadelphia, via Havana.

To sail on SATURDAY, January 27 at 8 P. M. THE fine A1 Steamship YAZOO, Catherine, commander.

For freight or passage apply to

WM. CREEVY, Agent, Corner Carondelet and Gravier streets.

The steamship JUNIATA, Hoxie, commander will follow, and sail on her regular day.

TEXAS.

Morgan Lines U. S. Mail Steamers.

The following first-class Iron Steamships form these lines, viz:

AGNES,	ALABAMA,	AUSTIN,
CLINTON,	CITY OF NORFOLK,	
HARLAN,	J. C. HARRIS,	W. G. HEWES
HUTCHINSON,	JOSEPHINE,	MATAGORDA
MORGAN,	ST. MARY,	WHITNEY,

For Galveston and Indianola.

Steamer HUTCHINSON, W. E. TALBOT, Commander, Will leave foot of St. Joseph street, on SATURDAY, January 27th, at 12 M.

Lavaca freight landed at Indianola wharf.

FOR GALVESTON—Inside Passenger and Mail Route, via Morgan's La. and Texas R. R. and Brashear—FOR PASSENGERS AND MAILS ONLY. Passengers take the Railroad Ferry Boat, foot of St. Ann street, at 7½ A. M. reaching Brashear City at 11½ A. M., there connecting with Steamer JOSEPHINE, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. WHITNEY, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. CITY OF NORFOLK, THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS.

Tickets and Staterooms secured until 6 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted) at Agent's office, or the Ferry Landing on the morning of departure.

CHAS. A. WHITNEY & CO., Agents, oct29 corner Magazine and Natchez streets.

GARDEN SEEDS.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS, Growth of 1871.—H. HAFNER has now in store a large and well selected assortment of GARDEN SEEDS, for fall and winter planting, also, a fine lot of Onion Sets and Top Onions. Country merchants supplied with seeds by the dozen, hundred or thousand papers.

H. HAFNER.

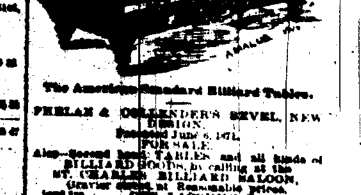
165 St. Charles street, opposite St. Charles Theatre. jan1 6m d&w

J. E. MERILH, P. CASAU (Fils).

J. E. MERILH & Co., 179 POYDRAS STREET 179. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Leather and Shoe Findings.

ALWAYS ON HAND a large stock of French and German Calf Skins, Large & Cowhides, [illegible] Morocco, Patent Leather, Linings, French Roans, Pegs and Kips, Galloons, [illegible] Sole Leather, [illegible], Sole Leather, etc. [illegible] SERGE THREAD, MACHINE SILK, OAK AND HEMLOCK SOLE LEATHER, SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS, [illegible]. Particular attention [illegible].

CASSIDY & MILLER, 162 St. Charles Street, New Orleans. SAIL MAKERS and Agents for the FLEET WING COTTON DUCK FACTORY. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Westbury Twist and Ontario DUCK, of all weights and widths, from 20 inches to 8 feet. Keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of Tents, Tarpaulins, Float, Dray and Wagon Covers. Flags of all nations. Tarred and stained Cotton and Hemp, Rope and Blocks, etc. We call attention of Contractors, Railroad Companies, etc., to our great facilities for furnishing Tents, Tarpaulins, etc. of any size in Cotton Duck or Hemp as cheap as New York, St. Louis, or any Northern city. Awnings, Gallery Curtains, Window and Door Shades made to order at reduced rates. TRUNKS neatly covered. jan1 1y d&w



The American Standard Billiard Tables.

PHELAN & COLLENDER'S BEVEL, NEW DESIGN. Patented June 6, 1871. FOR SALE. Also—Second hand TABLES, and all kinds of BILLIARD GOODS, by calling at the ST. CHARLES BILLIARD SALOON, Gravier street, at Reasonable prices. [illegible] CHS. LACOUME, Proprietor.

R. HUBERWALD, DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY, (SUCCESSOR OF J. HEBERR,) 163 Canal Street 163, Between Bourbon and Dauphine streets. DEALERS in Drugs, Fine Chemicals, French and American Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and every article usually kept in a first-class drug store. Particular attention given to plantation and family orders. Prescriptions carefully compounded day and night, by qualified graduates.

[illegible] Association, New Orleans, January 7, 1872.

NOTICE.—At an election held on the 10th of December, 1871, at the office of this Insurance Association, No. 10 Exchange Alley, the following Directors were elected to serve during the ensuing year:

CH. CAVAROC,	S. CAMBON,
CH. DE REYTER,	A. POINCY,
A. REICHARD,	J. EGLI,
LEON HAAS, Jr.,	P. B. WILTZ,
E. F. MIOTON,	LEON QUEYROUZE
W. AGAR,	A. THIBAUT.

And at a meeting of the Board, held on the 4th inst., Mr. C. CAVAROC was unanimously re-elected President.

jan8 1m G. LANAUX, Secretary.

ANDERSON'S PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO, No. 132 CANAL ST., NEW ORLEANS. WHERE will be found all the latest improvements in the Photographic Art. With close personal attention and the best Assistants and Artists, we promise the finest work that has ever been done in this city at uniform and moderate prices. Children taken from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. THE SUN PEARL, a speciality. All work guaranteed. jan1 dm d&w

COBB, DOLHONDE & CO., SAINT LOUIS, MO.

COBB, DOLHONDE & CO., NEW ORLEANS, LA.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Provisions, Breadstuffs, Whiskies.

Agents for the celebrated J. A. Miller Chicken Cock pure old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies. Also for other Western Distillers and Rectifiers.

Consignments of and orders solicited for Western and Southern Produce generally. Cash advances made.

Notice.

ALL parties wishing to become members of the Crescent City Saw Mill Association, now being organized, can do so on application at the office of the Mill, corner Tchoupitoulas and General Taylor streets, Sixth District. The object of the Association is to carry on the business of the Saw Mill and Lumber Yard, already well known to the public. The location of the Mill is made very valuable by its proximity to the business centre of the city and its location on the river. The terms of membership are made highly profitable. jan26 1w

Consolidated Association of the Planters of Louisiana. New Orleans, January 24th, 1872.

THE annual election for three Directors for this Bank will be held on MONDAY, the 5th of February, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

jan24 t d

H. L. PEIRCE, Cashier.

Office of the Mutual National Bank of New Orleans, New Orleans, January 11, 1872.

NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE THIRD INSTALLMENT (of Ten Dollars per share) of the capital stock of this Bank will be due and payable on the 31st instant, at the Banking House, 126 Camp street.

JOSEPH MITCHELL, Cashier.

jan 14 td

FREDERIC G. VERANGE, DEALER IN FINE WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, ALE, PORTER, etc., No. [illegible] Common street, under the City Hotel, New Orleans. Remittances [illegible] attention.

Orange Flower Water!

100 boxes of "Warrick Bros." celebrated brand, landing ex-ship "[illegible]" from Marseilles, and for sale by H. VALETON & CO., jan27 1t 29 Bienville street.

Mushrooms and Paris Green Peas!

50 cases of 100 ½ boxes natural MUSHROOMS, Mushrooms in oil and fine "Chevalier's" GREEN PEAS, now landing and for sale by H. VALETON & CO., jan27 1t 29 Bienville street.

The Commercial Bulletin.

THE friends and patrons of the COMMERCIAL BULLETIN are hereby informed that its publication will be resumed, by the undersigned on the First of February next. Its devotion to the Commercial interests of the city, and its entire independence on all questions of public interest, will be sustained in the future as it has been in the past, always having in view the prosperity and material interests of Louisiana.

All unexpired subscriptions and advertisements will be fulfilled, and the employes of the Bulletin are requested to report to the undersigned for instructions.

jan19 1m EDWIN L. JEWELL.

Agents Wanted!

FOR the Universal Twine and Thread Cutter. Something NEW. TIME, TWINE, THREAD, FINGERS and TEETH, something everybody wants. Sample mailed on receipt of 25 cents. Address, GEORGE DAVIS, [illegible] Broadway, New York.

Steam Variety Wood Works.

SMITH & DONNELLY, Proprietors. 104 ST. JOSEPH STREET, N. O.

LUMBER Dressing, Straight and Circular Sawing, Wood Turning, etc. Cisterns made and repaired; Stair Banisters and Mouldings made to order; the manufacturing of Cotton Presses and Agricultural Implements receive our special attention.

Address Box 1250, Mechanics' and Dealers' Exchange. [illegible]

CARSON MUDGE, (Successor to T. Gerlach,) GUN MAKER, 72 Magazine Street, near Poydras.

KEEPS constantly on hand a fine assortment of Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps, Fishing Tackle, etc. [illegible]

[illegible] New Orleans, January 2, 1872. THE annual election for seven Directors to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, February 5, 1872, between the hours of 10 A. M. and [illegible] P. M.

jan2 [illegible] Cashier.

For Rent.

OFFICE No. 10 Bienville street, between Royal and Bourbon, occupied for several years by the late C. Dufour. Apply to E. DUFOUR, No. 102 Customhouse street, or at the office of this paper.