LATEST DATES.

New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 4
Boston	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 4
Philadelphia	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 17
Washington	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 17
Baltimore	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 18
Charleston	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 18
Mexico	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 7
Tampico	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 12
Vera Cruz	[illegible]	[illegible]	nov 12

COTTON CHAIN.

Sales of Cotton for the week ending Friday, Dec. 15, rendered by the Board of Cotton Brokers—21 bales at 12 cents; 22 do 11½; 39 do 11¾; 46 do 11¾; 23 do 11 5-8; 106; 32 do 10½; 116 do 10½; 145 do 10½; 302 do 10; 17 do 9¾; 20 do 9½; 48 do 9¼; 48 do 9½; 157 do 9; 147 do 7½; 52 do 7½; 32 do 7½; 198 do 7; 21 do 9½; 140 do 9½; 65 do 8½; 55 do 8½; 36 do 8¼; 16 do 8½; 3 do 8½; 11 do 4; 12 do 10½; 79 do 10; 57 do 10½; 28 do 10½; 59 do 10½; 12 do 10½; 32 do 9½; 165 do 9; 92 do 8½; 84 do 8½; 5 do 7; 2552 bales and 700 bales not reported—total 3252 bales.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Unicorn, Redman, Havre, F Frey & co.
Ship Warfield, Reddel, Liverpool, [illegible]
Brig Hercules, Wier, Charleston.
Sloop Opera, Davis, Matamoras.

ARRIVED.

Steamboat Atalanta, Staley, from Charlestown.
Steamboat Ellen Douglas, Riley, from Natchez.
Steamboat Huntsville, Jordan, from Bayou Sara.
Steamboat Corinthian, Brandon, from Red River.
Steamboat Commodore, Whetten, from Maysville, and down steamboat Superior.
Steamboat Siam, Thomas, from Thibodeauxville.
Steamboat Bridgewater, Wright, from Rodriguez.
Steamboat Buckeye, Harraborne, from Cincinnati.
Steamboat Mariner, Charron, from Latourche.
Steamboat Corsica, Gordan, from Opelousas.

EXPORTS.

Per ship Unicorn—1643 bales cotton.
Per ship Wm Goddard—1256 bales cotton.
Per brig Hercules—900 hhds sugar, 296 bbls molasses.

Per sloop Opera—155 kegs lard, 153 bbls flour, 144 sacks corn, 22 do beans, 30 bbls bread, 16 do potatoes, 65 do beans and sundries.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamboat Bridgewater—123 bales cotton, N & J Denniston & co; 162 Nugent & Turpin; 101 Franklin, Ames & co; 78 Bennett, Ferriday & co; 81 Bryan & co; 50 Brander, McKenna & co; 46 Wright; 44 R L Hendericks; 8 Godfrey, Bloxsman & co; 57 Buchner, Canton & co; 53 Jas Wm E Hartridge; 16 J P Harrison; and 1 sack coffee, Wm Jenkins; 1 sack cotton seed, order; 5 sacks do, R Beck; 1 box cheese, Watson & Keene.

Per steamboat Siam—45 hhds sugar, W Bogart; 72 P Columbus, Martin, Pleasant & co; 75 hhds molasses, Harrison, Clegg & co; 18 do and 19 bbls molasses, A Maurin; 23 hhds sugar; F X Conzouo; 10 do Brander, McKenna & Wright; 25 bales cotton, A Rivarde & co; 4 barrels; 15 hhds sugar, 30 bbls molasses, R Beckwith; 10 do Bailey & Dolbear; 100 kegs lard, 42 bbls beef, N Patterson; 100 kegs lard, 25 half bbls beef, J Landis & co; and sundries to order.

Per steamboat Ellen Douglas—718 bales cotton, to Buckner, Stanton & co; 446 J H Lesenck & co; 210 Reinach, Ferriday & co; 128 Burke, Watt & co; 100 do Peyroux, Arcenel & co; 13 W Kenyon; 6 J Davenport; 14 oaks hoops, Loyet & Ameulong.

Per steamboat Huntsville—47 bales cotton, A Leidoux & co; 34 S W Oliver; 15 Lambeth & Thompson; 102 Lee & Hardy; 60 Walton & co; 12 T Barrett; 12 Peyroux, Arcenel & co; 45 W Flower; 64 M Watts; 115 Burke, Watt & co; 50 Brander, McKenna & co; 45 Reynolds, Byrne & co; 6 Morris, Plassans & co; 25 Taylor, Gardner & co; 8 R Relph; 44 Gayle & Scawen; 40 Davenport & co; 18 Hyde & Comstock; 209 to A Coxe; 3 Tremoulet; 18 Lesdernier; 116 bags shorts and over on board; and sundries to order.

Per steamboat Buckeye—200 bbls pork, and 15 bbls hams, Isaac Bridge & co; 50 bbls apples, 25 half bbls do, J & R Clarke; 25 bbls potatoes, Thos Bryan; 20 bbls pork, 245 kegs lard, 40 boxes candles and 47 bbls lard, Joseph Landis & co; 100 bbls whiskey, M Robinson; 234 bbls flour, J Pullen; 100 bbls flour, David C Bryan; 100 do whiskey, Bailey & Dolbear; 1 bbl sugar, 1 bbl eggs, Wallace & Sergerson; 50 bbls whiskey, W L Hunt; 7 bbls peaches, 10 do apples, to W Gassey on board.

Per steamboat Mariner—33 bales cotton, 41 bbls molasses, Davenport & Gardiner; 20 bbls sugar, 75 bbls molasses, Brander, McKenna & Wright; 35 bbls whiskey, 41 bbls molasses, Lambeth & Thompson; 30 bbls molasses, 18 bbls sugar, Jas A Williamson & co; 10 do A H Wallace & co; 7 do and 12 bbls molasses, J Mattson; 8 bales cotton, C Toledano; 5 do Lee & Hardy; 40 do Peyroux, Arcenel & co; 47 do Burke, Watt & co; 5 do W Bogart; 1 bale moss, R Davis; 1 bbl bacon, Winsey & Shall.

Per steamboat Corsica—1 bale cotton, C Toledano; 78 bales, Bailey & Dogelier; 34 do James McKerry; 6 hds sugar, 11 hhds molasses, 5 scops turkies, owners on board.

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA LOTTERY,

The following are the drawn numbers of Louisiana Lottery, Class No. 3.

8 33 23 34 41 38 17 63 47 36

TO-DAY.

Will be drawn the following

GRAND SCHEME:

CAPITAL PRIZES

$20,000, 10,000, 6,000 5,000 4,000 2,500 17471.

25 prizes of 1000 and 200 of $250 each!!

13 Drawn Ballots.

LOUISIANA LOTTERY.

Authorized by Act of Legislature, Chapter LXII, passed March 14th, 1832.

Class No. FOUR, for 1837.

To be drawn in the Rotunda of the Exchange Hotel, St Charles Street, on Tuesday, 19th December, at half past 4 o'clock, P. M.

D. S. GREGORY & Co, Managers,
Successors to
Yates & M'Intyre.

GRAND SCHEME, AMOUNTING TO $[illegible]

1	$60,000	$60,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	6,000	6,000
1	5,000	5,000
1	4,000	4,000
1	2,500	2,500
1	2,000	2,000
1	17471	17471
25	1,000	25,000
25	500	12,500
25	300	7,500
200	250	50,000
&c.	&c.	&c.

Tickets $10 Halves $5 Quarters $2 50

Packages of 25 whole Tickets, containing all the Nos. from 1 to 75—warranted to draw at least $120, and may draw 4 of the highest prizes—$250.

Packages of shares in the same proportion.

For sale at

CHARLES A WELLS' Office,
No 79 Common st
between Camp & St Charles sts

MADAME REY

Arrived recently from Paris, milliner and mantua maker, has the honor of offering her services to the ladies of N. Orleans. Her long experience in the preparation of various objects of taste and fashion, and the superiority she will exhibit in the execution of commands intrusted to her, induce her to hope that she will merit a share of public patronage.

Her residence is in Dauphine st, No. 182, between Toulouse and St. Peter. dec 16 lm

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY & FANCY STORE.

MADAME DUMELAU, (late of the store of Mme. E. Leisbvre) begs leave to inform her friends and the public that she has just received from Paris, a splendid assortment of fancy goods which she offers for sale at her establishment, at the corner of Toulouse and Chartres street, where she intends constantly keeping on hand a complete stock of all articles belonging to the line of business.

Madame Dumelau, having retained the services of several distinguished artists from Paris, feel confident that any orders for fancy costumes, ball dresses, morning and evening dresses, &c. &c. with which she may be favored will be executed in a style of fashion and unqualified satisfaction. dec 18—1m

STOLEN OR PUBLISLAID.

A BOX of clothing marked "T. B. & R. Bond." Daldsonville, La. It is supposed that said box was stolen by the deckmen or by them mislaid—any information relative to said box will confer a favor on DWIGHT & TROWBRIDGE.
dec 18—1w 44 Chartres st.

VICTOR DECAUX has the honor to inform the persons who had the kindness to call at his store, that at last he has received his GOODS, which offers for sale, this day, Saturday, viz:

Cloths, Cassimeres and Fancy articles.

Coats, surcoats, frock coats, pantaloons, waistcoats, mantles and chamber morning; a handsome assortment of children dresses; ladies blouses of cloth and silk, pantalooons, waistcoats and hats; muslins, capes, &c; the whole most fashionable.

SHILLS—Mens' canvass, leather do, ladies sash bandsh, &c. &c. Fancy articles, combs, brushes, kid's gloves, first quality, silk, cotton and woolen mitten, under shirts, fine linen shirts, with and without ruffles, hats, caps, &c. &c. Every counting room men.

FURNITURE—Tables—Lexatine, serpentine, gilded bottoms, mahogany tables, do, lastings, &c.

Two handsome mahogany two persuasion lowing pianos, at Lepage, Wolfe & Stern.

His store is at No. 3 Royal, between Bienville & Conti st. dec 9—1m

COAL FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers have established a Coal Yard, and will keep a constant supply of the best Pittsburg Coal, which they will deliver at any part of the city and suburbs with the prompest despatch. Those who desire their fuel should please leave a written order at their office No. 61 Common street, opposite the Office of Bishop's Hotel. BACH & CALHOUN.
dec 12—1m

BIRKET & NORTH, have just received and offer for sale—Onabrawns, women published home, cotton bations, blue denims, low priced cottonds, white cottons, brown do. dec 15—1m

THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY J. [illegible]
Printer of the State, General [illegible]
the Press and Tribune.

NEW ORLEANS:
TUESDAY MORNING, DEC. 19, 1837.

☞ A meeting of the Democrats will take place on Friday the 22d instant at half past six in the evening at the Orleans Theatre Ball Room (Davis's Orleans street), for the purpose of electing Delegates to represent the city of New Orleans, in the election of a Candidate for the office of Governor. This assembly is convoked by order of the General Committee.

Mexico and Texas.

Mexico it seems, has not yet abandoned the idea of subjugating Texas, and unadmonished by the slaughter at San Jacinto, prepares her armies to overrun the infant Republic. We firmly believe, that in the prosecution of this design, those troops will encounter ignominious defeat. The effort to subdue a country, which has once liberated itself from the yoke of despotism, and tested the swoon of rational freedom, will prove as fatal in execution as it is infamous in conception. When Texas fought the battles of Santa Anna, and routed them with a comparative carnage of which military men offer few examples, her soldiers were lustfully animated by the hope of conquest—they grew drunk with success rather from the desperation of men hemmed in and environed on all sides, and forced to combat or perish. Yet they battled bravely, and established by that desperate blow the liberty of their country. They have now been more than a year in the enjoyment of independence—under a salutary government their resources have augmented in a tenfold ration—their population is far greater—they have attached themselves to the region for whose dismemberment they were content to bleed; by the many potentiates that bind man to the home of his adoption. They have practically experienced the blessings of liberty, and are less than ever disposed to yield it at the will of an army of mercenaries whom victory has taught them to despise. The troops that are even now marching into Texas will, we feel assured, meet with a fate as terrible as that which their predecessors encountered on the plains of San Jacinto. What will three thousand myrmidons, half-clad, half-famished wretches, driven at the bayonet's point across the Rio Bravo, be enabled to accomplish against a population that will rise en masse in defence of their country, inspired by the remembrance of former triumphs, and feeling habitual contempt for a ferocious, but imbecile foe.

Besides, Mexico can never organise a sufficient force to thoroughly conquer Texas. She cannot direct her martial operations with sufficient vigor, and persons them with that consistency, energy, and concentration necessary to the fulfilment of her designs. The vast possessions under her sway are distracted by internal convulsions—the numerous petty sub-divisions of her enormous territory continually in revolt, call for all her attention. Incapable of quelling intestine feud, and conducting an impotent administration, amid all the disturbing principles of anarchy and insurrection, is the attempt to crush the liberties of Texas will necessarily prove both abaud and hopeless. Unanimity of council, is wanting to the success of this achievement. Her materials, abundant as they are, will not work in concert; she may transport, as she has done after months of arduous preparation, three thousand Mexicans to the scene of contest; they may forty places, and revel in temporary triumph over a portion of the country, but how are these transient successes to be maintained and improved? Another twelve months will be needed, before a second army can be made to cross the Rio Bravo, and co-operate with that which preceded it, which, ere that period, will have been dispossessed of its strongholds, and totally annihilated by the overwhelming impetus of a solidary rising in defence of their soil, and animated by a common and irresistible impulse.

Past experience has failed to instruct the besotted rulers of Mexico, we trust that the hard knocks, and little profit and honor they are likely to obtain in Texas, will teach them a better lesson. That they may be most heartily beaten, and once more disgracefully driven beyond the frontier, will be the cordial wish of every enemy to oppression. The people of Mexico, whose arrogance is in just proportion to their imbecility and ignorance, are woefully in want of some strong practical illustration of the mode in which despots are treated by freemen.

Tanner's Map of Louisiana.

We have been politely presented with a copy of this chart, which comprises the geographical features of Louisiana and a part of Mississippi. This map has been constructed with the utmost pains, and is as far as we can judge, extremely accurate. As the author observes, there is perhaps no region on earth, the delineation of whose geography is attended with more difficulty than that of Louisiana. The fluctuating outline of its numerous coasts, and the almost infinite number and variety of changes to which its reticulated streams and bayous are subject, utterly forbid perfect accuracy in these respects. The engraving and colouring of this chart are peculiarly fine, and calculated by their bold outlines to strike the most unpractised eye. It is not necessary to comment upon the general usefulness of a map of our state—to the surveyor—the student and the traveller it must prove equally beneficial, and we sincerely believe Mr. Tanner's the best we have hitherto seen.

Mr. Fitzpatrick, agent of Mr. Tanner is to be found No 8 New Levee, where the map can be seen.

Correspondence of the N. O. Bee.

U. S. SHIP NATCHEZ,
Off the S. W. Pass Mississippi River.
DECEMBER, 15th 1837.

To the Editor of the N. O. Bee,
SIR,

This ship is now on her return from down the Gulf, to Pensacola, being her fifth cruise in that quarter since she has been on this station. We left Vera Cruz on the 13th ult for Campeachy, thence to Tampico, where we arrived on the 27th ult. sent a boat ashore, and found all things quiet; here we saw a small Mexican Schooner of War anchored in the river; 300 troops at Tampico, by the recent gales of wind and the high water in the Tampico river, there are now 13 feet water on the bar, which held only from 7 to 9 formly. The majority of the Mexican Squadron was at Vera Cruz, the day we sailed, report said they were waiting until their ship should come from Baltime before they sailed. The supreme authorities refuse to send, any public or private money to Vera Cruz, they are of the opinion that St. Anna's intention is to take possession of such funds, provided they be large enough to answer his views. We arrived at Brasses Santiago, on the 29th nov. here we sent two boats on shore, and obtained the following information, which can be relied on.

That the mexican army at Matamoras, about 3000 strong had received a reinforcement of 600 from the interior and that the whole army had actually passed the Rio Grande river to the Texas side, and about 300 of this number were mounted men. They had on the 30th Nov., when they crossed, cut two pieces of artillery; the general officers said they intended to march against the Camanche Indians, this was generally disbelieved, and it was supposed they intended to steal a march on the Texian frontier, as it is not usual to take artillery to fight Indians.

We shall be at Pensacola, in two days.

R espectfully your ob't. serv't,
STERRETT RAMSEY.

SENATE OF LOUISIANA.

MR. C. DERBIGNY, PRESIDENT.
Setting of 18th Dec. 1837.

The Senate, on motion of Mr Johnson, granted leave of absence for a few days to Mr. Penn.

Mr. Bisseer, agreeably to notice given, introduced a bill to amend the Charter of the Natchitoches and Sabine Rail Road Company. The Commissioners are to open the subscription books on the 15th May next, and as soon as 1500 shares are subscribed, the election of directors will take place.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading of a bill, granting to Mr. E. G. Ferguson the exclusive privilege of keeping a ferry on Bayou Crocodile, in the Parish of St Landry.

Mr. Dugré observed that the bill was of an interest purely local, and observed that the Senate should dispense with its rules, and proceed to a second reading—passed.

The Senate having a second time dispensed with its rules, the bill underwent a third reading, and passed by its title.

A resolution was read coming likewise from the House, granting leave to Mr. James Nicholson, one of the Port Wardens of New Orleans.

Mr. Hoa said that he had been informed Mr. Nicholson's absence from the State was imperiously needed. No plausible pretext could be alledged for refusing the officer the favor solicited, since the substitute offered by him would be accepted by the board of Port Wardens, and that he, Nicholson was responsible for the acts of his deputy.

Mr Labauve was not opposed to the Senate's granting the request; but wished the resolution to be so amended that the deputy's name might not be therein mentioned. If the resolution was adopted, as it stands, it should follow that the Legislature appointed the deputy, and it might happen that in case the securities were called upon for a tault committed, no one would be responsible; let the resolutions then be amended, and let Mr Nicholson have the privilege of appointing his substitute, with the approbation of the board of Port Wardens, there will then not be the slightest objection to be made.

Mr. Hoa declared he was not opposed to this amendment, also in the body of the resolution it was expressly stipulated that the principal, Mr Nicholson, and his securities were responsible for the conduct of his substitute.

Mr. Winn said that on account of the reasons alleged by the member from Orleans, he consented to the have demanded; nevertheless he must remark, that in general he is opposed to the granting of public officers leave of absence; he only makes the observation that the Senate may understand that if for one, he has demanded from the rule of conduct prescribed, this exception will not bend him to act similarly on other occasions.

The Resolution having being adopted with the amendment proposed by Mr. Labauve, the Senate dispensed with its rules, the resolution underwent its third reading, and passed by its title.

BANK QUESTION.

The House informed the Senate by special message that it gave no concurrence to the resolution of the Committee on Finance from the two houses to examine the pecuniary condition of the State Banks, and that it adopted for that resolution a second, the committee should be composed of 24 members of the House, and 12 members of the Senate &c.

Mr. Duperé proposed to fill the blank by the figure 12.

Mr. Winn said, that before adopting this proposition it must be well remembered that the resolution which fixed the composition of 8 sub Committees—if the blank were filled by 12, there would necessarily be one member and a half for each committee.

Mr Duperé said that he had not noticed this fact.

[illegible] and has passed instead of 12 to fill the blank by 16—

The Senate being called upon for the adoption of the Resolution of the House, Mr. Bisseer said that he opposed the adoption of the resolution, that he thought it a laudable measure, by a large majority declared itself a few days since, against the formation of a numerous committee. The Senate subscribed thus to the appointment of a committee of twenty-four members, and it thought it proper, at a time when no strong grounds for such a step existed.

The division of the House was, and we may be convinced of it by reference to the journal of the debates, that more numerous the committee, the more complete should be the investigation. The honorable Senator from Orleans did not ascertain that opinion, his views were apparently opposite; he was certain that the more numerous the Committee, the less promptly and efficiently would it strive at a positive result. Notwithstanding positive result is desired, and no obstacle, power beside must be employed. Experience had proved that a large Committee rarely agreed with mature study, by reason of the difficulty of assembling a quorum. Experience to wind the zeal of the Legislature was called, was of the highest importance. It is be confided to a Committee of 4 members, it is probable that the Legislature will adjourn, before any thing destructive be done.

Last year, added the Honorable Member, a committee of equality of which he formed a part, was appointed to visit the banks, and report to the Legislature the condition of their respective affairs; the labor was very arduous, very tedious, and it was only towards the close of the Legislative session that the result of this investigation could be submitted to the deliberative assembly. The report was strenuously discussed, and the debates were prolonged and multiplied to such an extent, that an adjournment sine die alone, put an end to them. Had the Legislature had been in a position to digesting a report, the question would perhaps then have been decided, and the country would have been spared the ruinous catastrophe which has since fallen upon it. This present enquiry is indispensable, and it is the duty of this country. They have now been more than a year in the enjoyment of independence—under a salutary government their resources have augmented in a tenfold ration—their population is far greater—they have attached themselves to the region for whose dismemberment they were content to bleed; by the many potentiates that bind man to the home of his adoption. They have practically experienced the blessings of liberty, and are less than ever disposed to yield it at the will of an army of mercenaries whom victory has taught them to despise. The troops that are even now marching into Texas will, we feel assured, meet with a fate as terrible as that which their predecessors encountered on the plains of San Jacinto. What will three thousand myrmidons, half-clad, half-famished wretches, driven at the bayonet's point across the Rio Bravo, be enabled to accomplish against a population that will rise en masse in defence of their country, inspired by the remembrance of former triumphs, and feeling habitual contempt for a ferocious, but imbecile foe.

Besides, Mexico can never organise a sufficient force to thoroughly conquer Texas. She cannot direct her martial operations with sufficient vigor, and persons them with that consistency, energy, and concentration necessary to the fulfilment of her designs. The vast possessions under her sway are distracted by internal convulsions—the numerous petty sub-divisions of her enormous territory continually in revolt, call for all her attention. Incapable of quelling intestine feud, and conducting an impotent administration, amid all the disturbing principles of anarchy and insurrection, is the attempt to crush the liberties of Texas will necessarily prove both abaud and hopeless. Unanimity of council, is wanting to the success of this achievement. Her materials, abundant as they are, will not work in concert; she may transport, as she has done after months of arduous preparation, three thousand Mexicans to the scene of contest; they may forty places, and revel in temporary triumph over a portion of the country, but how are these transient successes to be maintained and improved? Another twelve months will be needed, before a second army can be made to cross the Rio Bravo, and co-operate with that which preceded it, which, ere that period, will have been dispossessed of its strongholds, and totally annihilated by the overwhelming impetus of a solidary rising in defence of their soil, and animated by a common and irresistible impulse.

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Notice at Auction.

BY JONAS ROBESON.

THIS day, Tuesday, December 19th, at the commercial store, No 64 Camp street, will be sold at 10 o'clock A. M.

20 cases brogans, shoes and boots.
1-4-5 do ready made clothing, consisting of fine dress and frock coats, vests, fancy sleeps, fine cassimere pantaloons, &c.
8 cases assorted dry goods,
200 cases wrapping paper,
50 baskets champagne
100 boxes raisins.

Also—A quantity of furniture, consisting of Pianos, bedsteads, bureaus, chairs, washstands, &c.
12 dec

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

THIS day at 10 o'clock, at auction store, no 28 St. Louis st, will be sold a large quantity of dry goods auctioned to the bottom. Also, 100 boxes fire crackers, 70 boxes children toys, &c. dec19

BY MOSSY & GARIDEL.

ON Thursday the ninet, at 12 o'clock, M. in the Exchange Coffee Room, on the corner of Chartres and St. Louis streets.

Four valuable lots of Ground, situated on the corner of Victory and D'Enghien streets, as per plan exhibited in the said Exchange Coffee Room, drawn by Joseph Fink, surveyor, together with the shares in the Union Bank of Louisiana accrued thereon.

Lot No 1, Forms the corner of Victory and D'Enghien street, shows a front of 34 feet 9 inches on Victory street, by 102 feet in depth, and 5 lines on D'Enghien street, 57 feet 8 inches and 6 lines on the rear line, by 102 feet in depth, together with 38 shares of Stock of the Union Bank of Louisiana accrued thereon. The sum of $1,065 98 cents is borrowed from the Bank on said shares, payable on the 1st December 1838, but renewable at that time in part or according to the Charter and rules of the Bank, for the space of 5 years; which amount is to be deducted from the purchase-money, for the purchaser to assume and pay the Charter and rules of the Bank payable at the 1st December 1838, and credited to receive a new loan for five years.

Lot No 2. Has a front of 25 feet on Victory street by 102 feet in depth between parallel lines, on which is to be erected a convenient double long house, containing several rooms with an inside gallery in front and on the side; rendering it a pleasant family residence. The 19 shares of stock of the Union Bank of Louisiana are reserved on this lot and are sold with it, &c.

Lot No. 4, Has a front of 27 feet 4 inches and 3 lines on D'Enghien street, by a depth on the one side of 102 feet 9 inches, and on the other of 127 feet 7 inches lines, together with 15 shares of stock in the Union Bank of Louisiana.

For the balance of the amount of sale after the deductions of amounts borrowed on the shares of stock, the purchaser to furnish in a delay of one, two, and 3 days approved endorsed notes at 6 and 9 months bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum.

Charter to be passed before F. Grima, Esq. notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.
dec 19

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.
To Druggists.

ON Tuesday, the 19th inst. will be sold, without reserve, in front of store No. 28, St Louis st, 2 12 o'clock.

50 bbls Dutch Pearl Barley.

for account whom it may concern.
Terms at sale.

BY S. HIGH

WILL be sold on Wednesday, 20th inst. at half past 4 o'clock P M at 81 Chartres st, up stairs, a complete assortment of china ware, bronze clocks, &c. The whole very fine; and articles can be examined the day before the sale. dec 18

BY DOMINGON & RAMORY.

WILL be sold on Tuesday next 19th inst., Ursulines street, between St Claude and Tremé, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

A quantity of beautiful furniture consisting of armoires, secretaries, tables, sofas, mahogany chairs, vases, toilets, and glass ware. Conditions cash. dec 18—3t

BY T. MOSSY & GARIDEL.

WILL be sold Wednesday 20th inst. at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, in the store, house No. 90 Ursuline street, between Royal & Bourbon.

A beautiful assortment of glazed armoire, and a complete suite the whole in the best condition, and neatly painted. dec 19

BY A. D. DORIOCOURT.

TUESDAY the 19th of December, 1837, at 4 o'clock P M at No. 104 Chartres street. By virtue of an order from the Probate Court of Probates in and for the Parish and city of New Orleans, and attaching for account of the succession of Paul Hernandez, deceased, the most able effects belonging to said succession. Terms Cash. dec 6—3t

BY GEORGE V. BRIGHT.
Office No 45 St. Louis Street.

WILL be sold on Wednesday 20th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and St. Louis streets.

The negro slave FLORA, aged about 18 years, a good seamstress, and nurse for children—a girl of excellent disposition, she is also a plain cook, and good ironer, guaranteed—and recommended as a good subject. Terms cash. dec 16

BY S. GUINAULT.

WILL be sold on Thursday 21 inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange corner of St. Louis and Chartres Streets, the negro NELSON, aged 46 years, good cooper, fine man, sober and honest man, having been employed as such in the port of years.

Terms—$500 in ready cash, the balance at six months, with mortgage until final payment. dec 16

PUBLIC SALE.

By the undersigned Judge of the Parish of St Martin.

THE public are informed, that on Monday the 25 of December, and following days, there will be sold at public sale, to the last and highest bidder, all the property belonging to the succession of the late Joseph Lafitte, consisting of:

A Plantation, situated in the Parish, containing ten arpents front on the Bayou Teche by forty arpents in depth. This property is established as a sugar plantation, and the land is well adapted to the culture of the sugar cane, and well stocked with timber.

A tract of land, situated in the same part of the Parish, containing eighteen arpens front, by forty in depth nearly.

Another tract of land, also situated in the same part of the parish, measuring six arpens front by forty in depth.

A Cypress Swamp, situated in the same part of the Parish, containing five arpens front by twenty in depth.

30 Slaves, of both sexes, nearly all Creoles, and among which there are a number of valuable hands:

18 gentle horses,
12 pair work Oxen, horned Cattle and horse creatures.

Carts, tools and aratory utensils, carpenter's tools, house hold furniture of different kind and quality, kitchen utensils, crockery, &c. and this house, 12 silver spoons and forks.

And a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate.

Also 24 shares, in the Capital Stock of the Consolidated Association of Louisiana.

Also, a lot of Ground, situated in the town of St Martinville.

The conditions will be announced on the day of sale which will take place on the plantation of the late Mr. Joseph Lafitte, about four miles from Breau's Bridge.

St. Martinville, Nov. 24, 1837. P. BRIART, Judge.
dec 15—8t

NEW ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

A meeting of the subscribers to the society ball of the Orleans ball room, the following gentlemen were elected managers to wit:

C. H. Duncan, Chas Massias,
A. Dubuy, C. M. Cammack,
E. Perdiel, Thos Livandais,
B. Bonigny, Y. Lewis,
E. Soupiet, F. Delaney,
P. Bimaux, R T Armstead,
A. Dumouy, L. Prevost.

Committee for admissions.
Ch. Massias,
G. H. Duncan,
D. Bonigny,
A. Dubuy,
B. Leyton,

The managers above named are requested to meet on Saturday next at half past 4 o'clock A. M., at the Orleans ball room, to draft resolutions, and fix the day, the first in Ho to be given.
dec 19—3t

NOTICE.

MR. NORMANDIN, having been informed by several persons, that it was reported that it was not the same individual of the Palais Royal, who has established himself in this city; has the honor to inform the public that he is the identical person, who has been in business under the firm of FRERES NORMANDIN, and who has obtained the premium at every exhibition of French industry. His object in announcing this, is that persons may not be deceived in his place, which is known throughout the Union, and which may have nothing to desire to those who will patronize it, and the opening of which is only delayed on account of the great improvements they are to be undertaken to make in the store at the corner of Royal and Maine streets, to be styled, Bazaar Parisien.

Their connection with his house in Paris and their correspondence with the most reputed journals of fashion, will enable them to offer to the ladies and gentlemen, what will appear of the latest fashions.

They will be sorry to spare nothing to render the establishment at the corner of Royal and Dauphine streets, equal to that of the Palais Royal of Paris.

A subsequent notice will make known the day he will be opened. dec 19

LANDING ex-ship Bordeaux Packet, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the undersigned:

5 casks Bordeaux red wine,
50 half casks do white wine,
100 boxes sweet claret,
100 cases superfine Bordeaux vinegar,
10 dozen perfumery bottles,
10 quarters cognac brandy, fine champaign of 1835,
100 baskets fine quality oil, in bottles of 13 ounces,
200 boxes and half boxes sardines in oil,
20 dozen of grill of Pp's, 10 do assorted pastes in the crown juice,
of P Bertrand,
50 baskets fine Guignette,
L. L'HOTELLIER, Sen & Co.
dec 19 11 Toulouse street.

BOURRY D'IVERNOIS, of St. Gall (Switzerland) and New York, having established a branch at his house, at N Orleans, under the direction of his agent, Mr. P V Duffon, and under the firm of Bourry d'Ivernois and Co, offers for sale the following goods, received directly from his manufactory in Europe:

Plain Muslins, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4
White and printed Jaconet Cambrics,
Large assortment of printed and dotted muslins,
Damasked drapery Muslins
Imitation Madras Handkerchiefs
Muslin Aprons, embroidered in colors
Needle worked and tamboured pelerines
Do do Bands and insertings
Printed Jaconet and Muslins
White do
Striped and Plaid Muslins, colored and white
Pocket Handkerchiefs, with printed borders
Mulla Robes, White and colored
Point and Brussels embroidered Handkerchiefs
Also every description of Swiss Muslins, which will be sold at the lowest prices.

TO RENT.—The upper part of Lafayette Canal street near to the barrier of Bayou St John, consisting of a house of 3 rooms large and well finished. They have an entry and a spacious paved yard, brick stables and a place for horses. Also the grounds in front and the adjacent premises they can be hired together or separately. Enquire at the N. E corner of Canal and Rampart streets. dec 19

L'AI

Journal officiel de l'[illegible]
Propriétaire et Dé[illegible]
N. [illegible]
MARDI MATIN, [illegible]

AUX [illegible]

Une assemblée des [illegible] aura lieu ce soir, à 8 heures, à la salle de bal d'Orléans (Davis), pour procéder à l'élection d'un [illegible] ter la ville de la Nouvelle-Orléans. Le candidat à la place de [illegible] est convoqué en vertu [illegible] néral.

☞ Ceux auxquels les [illegible] ration des bancs de [illegible] tions, derrière le [illegible]

☞ Séance de place. [illegible] partirai que demain.

Sur l'acte pour ame[illegible]

Le projet de loi sur [illegible] de tous les journaux [illegible] seient, ils cherchent, ch[illegible] gresse de les envahir [illegible] tion en effet est d'une [illegible] périté du pays, que c'est [illegible] envahir, mais [illegible] transaction, relative [illegible] et, quelque confiance [illegible] je, quoique confiance [illegible] ne saurait nous imposer [illegible] ne saurait qu'en [illegible] qu'il soutiendra [illegible] cours indue de M. Ho[illegible] n'a plus d'excellentes [illegible] tiré du [illegible] proposé.

Nous référant aux pr[illegible] d'Orléans, nous trouvons [illegible] de pièces de papier[illegible] équivalent qu'un versement [illegible] ''Mémoire tous les exemplaires [illegible] ''mais n'avait [illegible] ''mons qu'ignorant le cas [illegible] ''&c." Il résulte clairement [illegible] n'est pas partisan de [illegible] qu'on pièce la direction [illegible] création d'un contrôle [illegible] à ce qu'il n'existait pas [illegible] grande confiance dans [illegible] pour ceux ce qui n'avait [illegible] vérée de la part de [illegible] robuste pour admettre [illegible] contrôleurs exposés [illegible] ces médica directions. [illegible] ces hasts officiers, un [illegible] doute; mais, il a [illegible] prouvé toute nouvelle. [illegible] ment ne saurait [illegible] tions du [illegible] serait déplacé d'ajouter [illegible] et l'on a fait haut contre [illegible] serait il à propos de rappeler [illegible] dans un abus de pouvoir [illegible] pour un désintéressement [illegible] ter la Législature.

CORRESPONDANCE.

A bord de la corvette de [illegible] Natchez, pavoisée du S. O. du [illegible]

M. l'Editeur de l'Abeille.

La corvette Natchez est [illegible] croisière depuis quelques [illegible] Mexique. Elle se rend [illegible] Nous avons les parts de la [illegible] le 19 de novembre, [illegible] de a fait voile pour Tampico, [illegible] même (novembre.) En [illegible] nous a tenu; tout était tranquille [illegible] Tampico, nous avons [illegible] y avait à Tampico deux cent [illegible] cette des dernières [illegible] entreprenant, il y a maintenant [illegible] barre de la rivière, tandis que [illegible] tant que de sept à neuf pieds [illegible] que composait l'escadrille [illegible] Cruz le jour de notre départ. [illegible] tant l'arrivée de notre [illegible] que notre à la voile. [illegible] Les autorités suprêmes [illegible] Vera Cruz refusent [illegible] public ou apparemment [illegible] rais étant que Sta. Anna avait [illegible] parer, pourra capitaliser [illegible] pour ses projets [illegible] Santiago le 29 nov[illegible] deux chaloupes à terre. [illegible] thentique que l'armée mexicaine [illegible] d'environ 3000 hommes [illegible] renfort de 600 cents hommes [illegible] traverser le Rio Grande pour [illegible] Texas le nombre d'une [illegible] mes de cavalerie, [illegible] venture, lorsqu'elle a traversé [illegible] lerie. Les officiers généraux [illegible] que Paredes et Arrieta [illegible] les deux Commodores, [illegible] ment en rapport; et l'on [illegible] que ce n'est qu'une [illegible] vaut le Texas, que le [illegible] de l'artillerie pour guerroyer. Nous serons à Pensacola [illegible] de suite arrivé.

Monsieur, [illegible]

Votre obé[illegible]
STER[illegible]

SENAT DE LA [illegible]
Présidence de M. [illegible]
Séance [illegible]

Le sénat, à la demande de [illegible] à M. Penn, la permission d'[illegible] ques jours.

M. Bisseer, conformément [illegible] hier, a présenté un projet [illegible] tion de la compagnie du chemin [illegible] Chartres et la Sabine. L'[illegible] ouvert les livres de la souscription [illegible] 1837 et 1838 [illegible] procédé à l'élection des directeurs.

Le sénat procède à la [illegible] venant de la Chambre, accordant [illegible] cadie, dans la Paroisse de S[illegible]

Mr. Duperé fait observer qu'[illegible] les personnes ont [illegible] pense de ces projets et procédé [illegible] day, les tout les [illegible] adopté.