The New-Orleans Bee.

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Official Journal of the State,
GENERAL & THREE MUNICIPALITY COUNCILS.

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.,
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, tri-weekly, one year in advance, 10

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Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $ per square for each language and for each insertion.

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BANKRUPTCIES.—No advertisements of bankruptcies will be published in any case, unless paid for in advance.

All announcement of Candidates for political offices will be charged double the price of other advertisements.

BULLITT, MAGNE & Co.

CARDS.

CHANGE OF RESIDENCE.

TAILLE & BIGEY, now absent for the purpose of purchasing goods, inform the public that their store, on and after the 1st October next, will be transferred to p. 99, corner of Bienville street.

OCEAN INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE No 43, CAMP STREET.
Cash Capital, $300,000.
INSURES AGAINST FIRES, MARINE, AND RIVER RISKS
WM. A. GASQUET, President.
CHAS. BRIGGS, Sec'y.

NOTICE.—Messrs. North & Brothers are now authorized to receive letters for, or attend to any business connected with the late firm of Poet & North, during the absence of the New York partner, Mr H North.
New Orleans, 24th May, 1843.
POET & NORTH, in liquid'n.

LINDLEY AND RUSSEL,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
85 TCHOPITOULAS STREET.
Joseph Harper. French D. Darling. Geo. Foster.
HARPER, DARLING & Co.
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
And Agents of the
Boston and New Orleans Regular Line of Packets,
No. 69 Common street, New Orleans.

HEWITT, HERAN & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
No. 56 Camp street,
New Orleans.
References—Of the Firm
James Hewitt,
Davis Heran,
James Lees.

GEORGE BEDFORD,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT
No. 47 Common street,
New Orleans.
Samuel Tobt. George C. Bodeat

NORCROSS & FODDICK,
Commission & Forwarding Merchants,
Agents of the Boston Regular Packets.
New Orleans, Sept. 1, 1840. HANORCROSS, WM S FODDICK.

PEET & MORTON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND NORTH,
WHOLESALE DRY-GOODS DEALERS,
No. 17,
Chartres Street, New-Orleans.

ISAAC BRIDGE,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
And Agent for the sale of Robertson & Rich's Improved Patent Cotton Screws and
Ames Stevens' Patent safes, &c.
76 Magazine street.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON, COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 81 Camp street,
New Orleans.

Steam Packets.

Splendid passenger steamer ALEX. SCOTT, Capt J C Swon.

FOR ST LOUIS and intermediate ports.
On Friday, the 28th instant, at 4 o'clock P. M.
This splendid, new and fast running steamer is now receiving freight and will positively leave as above. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board or to
JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents,
24 Poydras st.

PASSENGER STEAMER ECLIPSE, capt J W Gosler, for St Louis and intermediate ports—This splendid and fast running steamer is now receiving freight and will leave as above. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board or to
JNO R SHAW & Co, Agents,
24 Poydras st.

BEN FRANKLIN FOR ST. LOUIS—This elegant steamer, Captain Casey, will arrive on Friday, the 28th, and will meet with a fast running packet. Short cards can be secured by application to
C DOANE & Co.
69 Poydras street.

FOR ST. MARTINSVILLE and intermediate ports—The fine steamer Knoxville will sail as soon as her freight is all on board, or to be taken up at the wharf. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
POLLAIN & BELLOCQ, 25 St Louis st.

FOR BEXOR and all intermediate Watering Places—The regular tri-weekly steamboat BRISTOL, Jos. Swain, master, leaves St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City and Biloxi Returning will leave Biloxi every Wednesday and First morning at 4 o'clock, and every Sunday evening at 4 o'clock. Has left Biloxi at 5 o'clock, thus avoiding all night travel except Sunday evenings.
The Bristol has a fine airy upper cabin, all state rooms, and draws only 2 feet water. No pains will be spared to give satisfaction to the travelling public.
N. B. The Bristol will go through to Pascagoula every Saturday trip.
CONNOLY & WILSON, Agents.
jy11 2w 42 Poydras st.

FOR THE PARISH OF PLAQUEMINE AND BALIZE, The GOV. YELL, Captain Sage or Lavoie, will leave for the above ports, every Wednesday at 10 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board, opposite St Louis street, or to
JAC. ST. LAROSE, 71 Old Levee.
N. B.—Mr. Jacquet Larose, having purchased from Mr Martin Jonidon, his share and interest in the Gov. Yell, will hereafter remain alone charged with the management of said boat.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Semi-weekly packet for the Coast—BOSTON, CAPT. FLAGG, LEAVES NEW ORLEANS FOR PORT HUDSON, WATERLOO and BAYOU SARA—The splendid double engine steamer BOSTON, Capt. Flagg, will leave New Orleans for the above ports every Wednesday and Sunday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and Bayou Sara every Monday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and arrive in New Orleans early next morning.
On Wednesday's trip will go to Point Coupee and Tunica as usual.
The rate of passage is reduced to the same as charged by all the packets running the coast.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
W H AVERY, 88 Gravier st.

NEW ORLEANS AND BALIZE PACKET.
The steamer FAME, Capt Jos. Gordon Master, will leave for the above port, on Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
CLIDOUT & TEPLAIZE,
23 Toulouse st.

Leaving my office Mr. G. LEVI NOIR is charged with the business of H Pazos, in his absence.
CH. DU FOUR, Liquidator.

Mr. ALEXANDRE WILDEMAN will superintend my business during my absence.
CH. DU FOUR.

NOTICE.
THE subscribers have this day associated with them in the Commission and Forwarding Business, Mr James L. Carman, and the business will in future be conducted under the style and firm of
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN.
A. C. HARTWELL,
Thomas H Kidder.
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN,
General Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 41 Poydras street.

SALT—3,000 sacks coarse and fine Liverpool salt in store and for sale by
GEORGE HARRISON, 67 Tchoupitoulas st

CIDER—75 bbls cider for Newark cider, landing from ship Auburn, and for sale by
GEORGE HARRISON, 67 Tchoupitoulas st

CHEESE—100 boxes cheese, a prime article, in store and for sale by
GEORGE HARRISON, 67 Tchoupitoulas st

GUNNY BAGS—75 bales Gunnies, medium size, for sale by
JOHN A MERRITT & Co, 49 Camp st

GUNNING SCOTCH ALE, just landed per Sarah, for sale at wholesale and retail by
VALETON BROTHERS, 42 St Charles st

HAVANA SWEETMEATS—20 boxes for sale by the
VALETON BROTHERS,
42 St Charles st

BACON—100 hogsheads of shoulders, just received per steamboat Bexor Valley, for sale by
JA MERRIT, P & Co, 49 Camp st

OFFISH—In oil and boxes to order, for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co.

NAILS—Assorted sizes, 8 and 10 inch, for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co.
49 Common street

BLEACHED SHIRTINGS—40 pieces 7/8 bleached goods
Hamilton Shirtings, for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co, 49 Common st

STRAW WRAPPING PAPER—500 reams superior quality, for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co, 49 Common st

FLOUR—100 bbls Warren Mills Mills Brand, landing from steamboat Nelson, and for sale by
HARROD, DARLING & Co, 49 Common st

MARBLE—500 boxes of Marble, for sale by
J W STANTON & Co,
corner Magazine and Lafayette sts

SPANISH CHOCOLATE—100 cases assorted Spanish chocolate, for sale by
ISAAC BRIDGE,
76 Magazine st.

FLOUR—50 bbls superior Ohio Flour, in store and for sale by
DARAN, QUEYROUSE & Co.
11 and 13 St Louis st

BACON—Hams, shoulders and sides, in fine shipping order, for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

CRACKERS—10 bbls Boston and butter crackers in store and for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF,
60 Camp st

FLOUR—125 barrels fully inspected superfine—St Louis flour, in store and for sale by
P & J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp st.

BILL OF FRANCE—A small bill—Havre at sight, for sale by
MERLE, BEYLLE & Co,
45 Old Levee

BLEACHED SHEETING—cases heavy 4/4 bleached sheeting, landing from ship Rosee, for sale by
ISAAC BRIDGE, 76 Magazine st

LEMON SYRUP, &c.—5 boxes lemon syrup, olives and ketchup landing per ship Antwerp, for sale by
TUFTS & HOBART, 20 Customhouse st

CORN—300 sacks and 75 barrels corn, landing and for sale at No. 3 Camp st, by
C DOANE & Co. 69 Poydras st

FLOUR—200 bbls fresh ground superfine flour, for sale here use, landing from steamboat Denmark, for sale by
MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 45 Old Levee

LIME—100 barrels fresh Thomaston lime, afloat and for sale at No. 3 Camp st, by
E. SMITH & Co.

BACON—14 casks sides: 8 do hams; 7 do shoulders, landing from Large Sumter for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

FLOUR—500 bbls Superfine Flour, landing from steamboat Walnut Hills, for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

LARD—5 bbls lard, landing from steamboat Walnut Hills, for sale by
HULLIN & WOODRUFF,
60 Camp st

PALMETO HATS and Grass Rope, for sale by
JOSEPH PRATS, 37 Toulouse st

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
HENRY CLAY.

NEW-ORLEANS
THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1843.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.

We yesterday paid a visit to this institution—one of the noblest monuments of public beneficence in the world. It contains within its walls no less than four hundred and fifty-two patients—nearly fifty per cent. more than were ever congregated together at one season when no epidemic was prevailing. The internal administration of the Hospital is worthy of the highest encomium. It is kept in a state of perfect propriety and cleanliness. Every ward is properly ventilated, and a free current of pure air is made to flow into the different sections of the building. The patients are visited three times a day by the resident physician and the different city physicians who have charge of the various wards. Besides this, the Sisters of Charity, like ministering angels, are constantly hovering over the couches of the afflicted, striving with a zeal that true benevolence alone imparts, to mitigate the sufferings of disease. Humanity, attention and skill preside over this administration.

We grieve, however, to be compelled to state that the revenue of the Hospital is altogether insufficient to meet its current expenditures. The latter average monthly $3,000. Its present sources of revenue are as follows—passenger tax, 1,000 per month; pay patients, $100 per month; gate fee for visitors, about $100 per month—total $1,200 per month—showing a deficit of not less than $1,800 per month. The other sources of revenue which are available in winter, such as ballroom licences, exhibitions, &c., are at present shut off, in consequence of such establishments being closed during the summer. Nothing has been for some time collected from the fees provided by the gambling act.

Such a state of things appeal strongly to the sympathies of the community. With a deficient rev ue and a heavy debt hanging over it, the condition of the Hospital is exceedingly precarious. Should an epidemic rage amongst us, we may reasonably expect a vast accession of the sick, and how, with its hundred and uncertain means, these poor persons are to be a common dated, boldly, our ingenuity to conceive. The indefatigable secretary, Mr. Bith, has effected wonders in reducing the expenditures of the establishment; but it is impossible that its present sphere of usefulness can be maintained unless prompt and energetic measures are devised to relieve it from its embarrassments.

There is no doubt that the system of cheap publications now in vogue widely disseminates a taste for reading, and enables all classes to gratify it at the most moderate expenditure. It is greatly to be questioned, however, whether the character of these works thus offered at scarcely a tenth of former prices, does not effect a degree of mischief which more than qualifies the benefit derived from awakening a literary impulse in the multitude. We find upon enquiry, that the few works of a scientific research and real merit and utility, which are issued by the vendors of cheap books, linger on the shelves of their agents, while the balderdash, trashy romance and extravagant fictions of the day are purchased with avidity, and diffused among the reading multitude. For one copy of Liebig's Animal Chemistry, or Arago's Lectures on Comets, disposed of, fifty copies of Paul de Kock's ineffable obscenities, or Ainsworth's sickening horrors, are sold. The tendency of the latter species of publication is decidedly hurtful.—They arouse an unhealthy craving for a sort of intellectual food, which enfeebles instead of invigorating the understanding, and ministers to the lust at the expense of the judgment and the morals of reading females.

We can hardly conceive a habit more fatal to mental power than the indiscriminate perusal of the numberless novels which are daily issued from a teeming press. Not one in twenty of such works ever possess a whole some moral to redeem its mélange of absurdity and exaggeration. Nineteenth-twentieths are the fruits of a contract between the author and publisher, in virtue of which the first is paid so much for a certain quantity of undigested credulities thrown off at random to suit the exigency of the times, and pamper the appetite for excitement, which unhappily pervades certain portions of society. Destitute of all earthly merit, and characterized by no single feature, save a compiacentation of improbable incidents heaped together so as to interest as much as possible the undiscerning reader, they gradually supplant all pure and healthy literary impulses and imperceptibly enervate the intellect. The mind that has once a cushioned itself to exclusive novel reading, will in vain attempt to draw from the invigorating fountains of science and literature. It will turn with listless disgust and impatience from such sources of information. It can gather nothing from the sages whose wisdom has enlightened and improved mankind. It will find the fruits of its unhealthy pastime in an impoverished judgment, enfeebled powers of reasoning, and a sickly and distorted imagination.

We have nothing to urge against the judicious and occasional perusal of works of fiction. Recreation is as necessary to the mind as to the body. The one is no more capable of continued study than the other is able to endure unceasing labor—as the wearied and toil strung limbs are renovated by repose, so the intellect which has become tense and fired by incessant application, finds doubtful recreation in the volumes of some of those truly eminent writers who have made the pages of romance glow with the brightest inspirations of genius. It is the abuse of novel reading which we deprecate, and we repeat that for this mischievous habit the cheap publications of the day are largely accountable.

RECORDER'S COURT.—FIRST MUNICIPALITY.—*André Martin*, a slave, was arrested yesterday morning by Constable Tricant on board the steamer *Star*, charged with having broken into a house on the corner of Conti and Bourbon streets, and stealing a quantity of clothing from an araujie. He was brought before Recorder Bertus, who committed him for further examination.

Charles Chambers, arrested for stealing a box of jewelry and a lot of clothing from Mr. Thompson—gave bail for his appearance for further examination.

André Lafouna and *P. L. Chereenil*, arrested upon the affidavit of Mr. Lefebre. The following is the nature of the charge preferred against them.

On Tuesday evening the two prisoners came into his store, and after fitting themselves with a hat each, requested that they should be sent to the house of Cerreuil, where payment would be made for them. Mr. L. complied with their wish, but instead of paying for them they took possession of the hats, drew their knives, and forced the person sent with them from the house. Mr. L. accompanied by some friends, immediately went to the house and took possession of the hats again, and yesterday morning filed an affidavit before the Recorder.

Both of them were liberated upon giving bail for their appearance before its Honor.

Baptiste Keiser and *Francois Mage*, arrested by two of the Commissaries in the Beer Market, charged with disturbing the peace, and with fighting with knives. Discharged upon giving bail.

Mrs. Myers, a midwife, arrested upon the charge of having strangled the new born infant of Sarah Green, was remanded for further examination. The mother of the child, it will be recollected, is now confined in Jail, charged with destroying its life by throwing it in a privy.

Francis Myers, the husband of the woman was also committed to prison upon the charge of assault and battery.

CRIMINAL COURT.—The Jury in the case of *Lefford*, after a consultation of four hours, finding they could not agree upon a verdict, notified the Judge to that effect.—His Honor ordered them to be discharged, and the prisoner remanded for a new trial.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.

Report for the twenty-four hours ending at 5 o'clock p. m. last evening.

Whole number of patients,	452
In the Insane Department,	47
Admitted,	25
" of yellow fever,	1
Discharged,	16
" of yellow fever,	0
Deaths,	6
" of yellow fever,	1
Yellow fever patients remaining in Hospital,	5

ROBBERS DISCOVERED.—Through the exertions of Alderman Bureau and the Police of the Third Municipality, the individuals who robbed the premises of Mrs Jane Marshall, on Carondelet street, have been discovered. All the property with the exception of $475, which was in gold and silver, has been recovered. The spoils were found in the house of Mrs. Moran on Columbus street. Two persons by the names of Tom Reynolds and Biddy Brown are implicated in this bold and daring robbery.

BURGLARY.—A clothing store in Common street between Magazine and Camp sts., was broken open on Tuesday evening and robbed of a quantity of clothing and a few dollars of silver.

Officer Evans of the Second Municipality Police yesterday arrested a person suspected of being engaged in the robbery.

MIKE WALSH has brought out a new paper in New-York, entitled "THE SUBTERRANEAN."

Dr. LARDER has arrived at New York.

The BLACK TONGUE is said to prevail extensively in Dearborn county (Ind.) and to be extremely fatal.

ASTOR'S Opera, *Les Diamands de la Couronne* has been brought out with great success at Niblo's, New-York, by the French Company.

Mrs. GIBSON.—The Court has decided that this woman is not insane, and that the preliminary examination into her case should be commenced.

SEVERAL MAD DOGS have been killed in Charleston. The Mayor has issued his ordinance requiring all stray dogs to be killed.

☞ The President of the United States has ordered the name of the new sloop of war now building at the Navy Yard in Washington City, to be the "St. Mary."

☞ Several cases of death from exposure to the Sun's rays have recently occurred in St. Louis. The *Gazette* of the 19th mentions three deaths in one fatal day.

MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE.—A bill to put the Planters' Bank in liquidation, and to apply its assets to the payment of its bonds has passed the Senate. The vote stood 23 to 3—four absentees.

☞ A new weekly paper has been established in New York, by Mr. J. R. De Puy. It is termed the *American Citizen*. It is natural in politics, but advocates a thorough repeal of the naturalization laws.

☞ The Philadelphia *North American* adheres to its story about *that dinner*, at which a certain old gentleman of those parts earned his fortune into slices of $200,000 to each of his children. The New York *Sun* says the millionaire was no other than Mr. POTTER, Captain STOCKTON's father-in-law.

STATISTICS OF ACCIDENTS, DEATHS, &c. The U. S. Gazette, Philadelphia, contains the following account of accidents, &c., which have been chronicled in the papers from January to July:

Six hundred and twenty-eight houses and stores burnt, with a part of their contents, estimated at three millions of dollars.

Nine hundred and fifty accidental deaths, about one half drowned; most of them occurred on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and on the lakes. A portion were contrains going to the west.

Two hundred and fifteen murders, by guns, pistols, bowie knives, &c.

Fifty-six by fire arms, imprudently handled.

Forty fire by clothes taking fire.

Forty-six by lightning.

Forty three by falls from horses, upsetting of carriages, &c.

Eighty six by suicide.

Total number of deaths—one thousand four hundred and thirty-one.

The "Globe" is out, too late, upon the Court Journal's "Organize! Organize!" article, and begins by remarking that the "coming in of Messrs. Henshaw and Nelson for offices under the Coon campaigners, who dispense the patronage of the Government gives the latter absolute assurance that they may now purchase success."

It then proceeds to describe this announcement as virtually setting up Mr. Tyler as a "compromise candidate," to the postponement of Calhoun, Van Buren, Buchanan and Cass, and goes on to say—

"The Democracy of the United States cannot be brought to trust its cause to the hands of any of the well-trained Cathol ccrvants. The public confidence in them is gone, and it is worth, the public consideration their devotion and toil in its service—support at the approach of the "*compromise candidate.*"

And the Globe asks—

"And was there ever anything so ridiculous as this attempt of the office holders to transplant themselves in the Baltimore convention! The conviction is universal, that the patronage of the government is widely spread among the friends of the Democratic candidates for President. Tyler is the only one of it that is well. All the asses, simply, that the friends of Van Buren, Calhoun, Cass, Johnson, and Buchanan shall receive their places, allow them, and the contingent appointments, to dispense the spoils, to remain in the discharge of their high functions; and all will be well. Without it, there can be no safety for the country.

"But all this reflection on the part of those who, having been shorn and cast out of the enemy's camp, now seem to take command in ours. Their effort to get a piece at the table, where they may put up the Government as their patron, in the hopes that some one may be tempted to become their partizan, play into their hands, and divide the winnings; and they imagine that they can at least have their way to a controlling position, and that they can make a bargain for themselves, turning them among those who consider themselves leaders.

"It must be conceded that Mr. Tyler is practically pursuing a course brightening unselfishly.—*New-York Express.*

Major Noah's new paper, *The Weekly Messenger*, has made its appearance. It is to be political, as well as literary. Asking himself the question to what party he belongs, the Editor answers, "To the party of the country! for the first time in my life I am tied to no party."

The Sun is the identical title of his first number, beaming with nothing but light. He has no shot in their pocket in New York, or in the Union, to expose or ventilate—no libels daily journal "to indeed the principle and sustain the administration of John Tyler," the Major coolly concludes what he has to say as follows:

"In conformity with this opinion, entertained nearly unanimously by the early friends of President Tyler, he is respectfully entreated to take an early occasion, and in a manner most satisfactory to himself, to announce to the American people *that he is not a candidate for a re-election to his present office*; and thus prevent the patronage of the government from coming in conflict with the just rights of the People, separating the President from worthy men, who are bent on differentiating him, and leaving to his own patriotism and capacity the free discharge of his high functions for the remainder of his term in a manner best calculated to benefit the country and perpetuate his character pure and unsullied."

A few upper lip has been given to a young man in Hartford, who was deprived of one by an accident, when a boy. This nice surgical operation was performed by Dr. Ellsworth. The Hartford Courier says the new one is handsomely formed:—

"It seems, the material load been taken from the cheeks on each side; and although the operation was severe and lengthy, yet, as yet, no pain is felt, and no unpleasant or near ache—no inflammation extending to send the outer side of the nostrils; and upon the red edging of the lip, nicely can pucerity detect the point of a pin—so well has the surgeon been skilled. The lip is really a handsome one, quite equal to the best one of human lip, and better than any we have ever seen. No one would for a moment suspect that it had travelled from the cheeks to the place, which it occupies, as well as the original, except perhaps that it has not quite as free and easy motion, although enough for all common purposes."

Here is something too good to be lost—from the last Camden *Journal*.

LOCKS WITHOUT KEYS.—The head of the Post-office Department has gone a step too far, for the greater security of the mails. Our citizens have been not a little astonished for the last week or two, by the mail locks coming to our post-fice secured under a lock—a patent invention, we presume—for which our postmaster has paid its keys, so that the contents of the letter bags are not come-at-able. This is a shameful mismanagement on the part of some one. We know not where to blame but will take advantage of the newspaper bag, and forward this paragraph to the fountain head, in the evil may be remedied. The mails are irregular enough, in all conscience, without this further annoyance.

PROMPT GENIUS.—While the fire was raging at the Dutch Church on Tuesday last, an incident occurred that is worth recording. When the engines arrived the long-ut ladder that could be obtained was placed against the wall, which lacked some three or four feet of reaching the gutter. The flames were burning out, and it was saw that unless some one was placed on the roof with a pipe, nothing could avert the impending destruction.—At this critical juncture, a stout chimney-sweep, who happened to be present, darted up the ladder, calling upon the firemen to follow him. When he reached the top, he planted himself firmly, and holding on to the gutter made his body a spiace to the ladder, and directed the man nearest to him to climb over his back and shoulders to the roof. This was done, and thus the fire kept in check until other ladders were spliced and arrangements completed to subdue the raging element.—*Poughkeepsie Eagle.*

A BANDITTI.—The Boston Times learns that there exists in the vicinity of Albany, in the Patroon's woods, on the Shaker road, a regularly organized band of miscreants, who are linked together in a secret society by the most fearful and binding oaths. The day-time is passed by these ruffians in playing cards, dicing, drinking and with lewd female associates, nor do they emerge from their covert until long after night-fall, and they safly forth to rob the unprotected traveller, and thus procure the means to maintain the onerous expense of their shameless and debauched existence. The police, it appears, are afraid to interfere, well knowing that they would be met by an armed and sanguinary resistance.

DROWNED.—We learn that Mr. HORACE B. DICKINSON, the captain of the diving-bell boats, now over the waters of the Hudson, about 81 miles below this city, was drowned on Friday night last. We understand that whilst attempting to remove the driftwood which had lodged against the cable attached to the anchor, a skiff in which Mr. D. and three others were in, was upset. The others succeeded in gaining the boat and were saved. The body had not been found at the last accounts. Mr. D. was about 40 years of age, and leaves a wife and one child to mourn his loss. He was from Hampshire county, Mass.—*St. Louis Gazette.*

A YOUNG MURDERER.—A negro boy belonging to Mr. Hen. Speed of this county, was killed, yesterday by another of his negro boys, 9 years of age. These boys were at work in the wheat-field and had started some rabbits, which occasioned a quarrel between them, when the small boy stabbed the larger one to the heart, and he died immediately. The young murderer is now lodged in jail.—*Charlottesville Jeffersonian.*

TAN-LE-QUAH, June 18, 1843.—*Grand Indian Council.*—About 4,000 persons meet here daily, 2,000 of whom are fed at the public tables, the others quarter at private houses here and in the neighborhood. The Council comprises 112 individuals, representing 10 tribes, as follows, viz:—Cherokee, 17; Creek and Seminole, 62; Chickasaw, 12; Osage, 9; Delaware, 24; Shawnee, 18; Kickapoo, 4; Iowa, 5; Pottawottomie, 21; Chippewa, 4; Choctaw, 6; Wea-ates, 1; Peankashaw, 2; Wea, 6; Seneca, 10; Peoria, 6; Ottawa, 4.
[*Arkansas Intelligencer.*

[*From the New York True Sun, July 13.*]

ALLSTON, THE PAINTER AND POET.

We yesterday announced the death of Washington Allston. Upon his complaining of illness on Sunday last, his wife left the room where he was sitting, to prepare some medicine for his relief; when she returned he lifeless companion was no more. We learn from Dunlap, and our co-temporaries of the press, that he was sixty-four years of age, and a native of South Carolina. He received his education at Cambridge, and there he formed his last. His present domicile at the age of seven years were uncommonly clear. It is observable that almost all eminent painters have been remarkable for the early development of their tastes, and of the rapid improvement of their powers, in their science and poetry. Indeed, Mr. Allston was a poet from his youth up. His disposition displayed itself in a love for everything imaginative. He would build a minuet castle, or invent a romantic story, sketch a morning or a tourney, or write a "useful ballad." His collegiate course was principally diversified by the cultivation of his precious faculties, and a precious intimacy with the celebrated Richard Henry Dana, commenced. In company with this valued friend, he went to England, sacrificing a small paternal estate to meet his expenses, and relinquishing any pecuniary aid from those who were able, on such a romantic story, to have made a student at the Royal Academy. His first drawing, of the Gladiator, procured for him the right to visit Somerset House, and a numerous coterie of a school as a student of the Academy. His rising reputation soon drew the notice of West, Reynolds, Gainsboro, Fussell, and other eminent artists, and at once placed him in a circle of profession, eminently congenial to his feelings and gratifying to his ambition. He always acknowledged with deep sensibility the obligations he was under to Sir Benjamin West. From London he went to Paris, and visited the Louvre, the Museum of painters, where he revelled in intellectual delight. From Paris he went to Italy, and remained four years at Rome.—His residence in that country was a period to least—At that time he became intimate with Coleridge, who was warmly attached to him, and indeed has left it and him the record of his admiration. In 1809, he returned to the United States, with a reputation which secured him the name of the American Titian, and shortly after married Miss Channing, a sister of the celebrated Dr. Channing, with whom while one lived, he enjoyed continued domestic happiness.

In 1811 he returned to England, taking with him his wife, and a pupil, who has since become an eminent painter himself, and is now President of the National Academy. We allude to Mr. Stone. Losing his wife shortly after, he married a lady of fortune, and temporarily to lose the use of his senses. It was the shock from which for a long period he did not entirely recover.

1813 he published a volume of poetry, called the "Sylph of the Seasons," which appeared in the London press.

In 1817 he resisted Paris and painted among others, a sweet picture of great beauty, called "Cliche." In 1818 he came home again and settled down for life at Cambridge. 1830 he married his second wife, Miss Dana, a sister of the poet, a very lovely and intellectual person. His last work was a picture of the prophet Jeremiah, in the Belshazzar's Feast, a sublime production; which will immortalize his name. The following is a list of his principal works:

"The dead man restored to life, by Elisha; the "Angel liberating Peter from Prison," recently exhibited in this city, "Jacob's Dream" now in possession of the Earl of Egremont; "Elijah in the Desert" purchased by Mr. Latouchere, of the British Parliament; the Angel Uriel in the Sun," belonging to the Marquis of Stafford; "Spanish Girl," "Spanish Peasants," "Italian Vision of the bloody hand;" "Gabriel setting the guard of the Heavenly Host;" "Anne Page and Slender;" "Beatrice," &c.

The last picture was sold to the Philadelphia Academy for the sum of $3,500, less than half its real value in the opinion of connoisseurs. One of his favorite productions, "Rebecca at the Well," is in the possession of Robert Sullivan, Esq. of Boston. Mr. Allston's superiority as an artist was fully equalled by his worth as a man. We hope his favorite pupil, Mr. Morse, will become his biographer. We know of none so well qualified as to perform this last service of friendship.

New-York	July 14	Liverpool	June 19
Boston	July 14	Liverpool	June 3
Philadelphia	July 15	Paris	June 17
Washington	July 15	Paris	June 17
Charleston	July 15	Mexico	June 17
Mobile	July 21	Tampico	July
New-Orleans	July 27	Tampico	July
Louisville	July 14	Houston	June 23
Havana	July 12	Galveston	July 15

☞ NOTICE.—The superior light draught U. S. Mail Passenger steamer MOUNT VERNON, S. S. Parmelee, for Convention and Gimmanie, having been detained on her passage from Mobile, on the 12th inst. 48 hours, passengers are requested to be on board early, on Friday morning.
HARTWELL, KIDDER & CARMAN,
Agents, 41 Poydras st.

☞ The packet ship UNION, Capt. J. L. Russell, from New York, is discharging cargo opposite the regular market of Tuesday, and is prepared to attend to the receipt of the goods on the levee.
FOSDICK & BRO, 66 Camp st

NURSE WANTED—A white nurse to take care of a child 4 months old—Inquire at 42 Camp st.
FOSDICK & BRO, 66 Camp st

WANTED, a NURSE, to take care of a child 3 months old. A Frenchwoman preferred. Apply to
FOSDICK & BRO, 66 Camp st

WANTED—Two Negro Men, to drive carts—Apply immediately to
No 132 Gravier st. Basin.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

GENERAL COUNCIL.

AN ORDINANCE.

Relative to Milk Carts in the City of New Orleans.

Article 1st. Be it ordained, That from and after the 1st August next, no milk cart, or other vehicle, for the conveyance of the three municipalities, shall pass the same, or be paid by owners of drays, carts, &c. in the Municipalities, unless the same shall have the name of the owner, or the number of the cart, &c. in conspicuous letters on the outsides of drays, carts, &c. in the Municipalities, in case they do not comply, pay the existing ordinance regulating drays, carts, &c.

Article 2d. Be it further ordained, That what is in the ordinance is inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance, is hereby repealed.

[Signed] C. ROSELIUS, President.

Approved, 12th July, 1843.

[Signed] WM. FERRET, Mayor.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

GENERAL COUNCIL.

AN ORDINANCE

Relative to Flatboats, Barges, Keelboats, Rafts, &c.

Article 1st. The following Levee dues shall be exacted on all barges, keelboats, pirogues, and other craft, &c.

On each barge measuring 70 feet or more in length, 12 cts.

On all barges, keelboats or boats measuring less than 70 feet long and not exceeding 35 feet in length, 8 cts.

On each coming pirogue, 4 cts.

On each other craft measuring 40 feet, more or less, to carry sugar, molasses, wood, or any other description of merchandise, there shall be levied on each ship a duty of 25 cts. per ton.

Article 2d. That in case of any flatboats, barges, boats, pirogues, &c. removing from the Municipality where they have been, to any other Municipality, or from any Municipality to the Municipality to which they remove, the following dues shall be exacted per diem for every day they shall remain in the Municipality.

Article 3d. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances contrary to the provisions of the present ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed.

C. ROSELIUS, President.

Approved 10th June, 1843.

WM. FERRET, Mayor.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA—The Session of this Institution annually commences on the 1st of October, and continues for the 39th of the following. The schools of the University, with their respective Professors, are:

1. Ancient Languages—Dr Gessner Harrison.
2. Modern Languages—Dr Charles Bonnycastle.
3. Mathematics—Mr Edward B. Courtenay.
4. Natural Philosophy—Mr Wm B. Rogers.
5. Chemistry and Natural Philosophy—Dr Rob. E. Rogers.
6. Medicine—Dr Henry Howard.
7. Anatomy and Surgery—Dr James L. Cabell.
8. Moral Philosophy—Mr George Tucker.
9. Law—Judge Henry St. G. Tucker.

Judge Tucker is Chairman of the Faculty.

The fees for attend ance upon the schools are, $225 00

For all other necessary expenses this sum is sufficient, 125 00

The sum of $350 has been found, for several year, past, to be the total average amount of the expenses of resident Students, from the books of the Proctor, with whom they are required to deposit all their funds.

For further particulars, see one of the printed catalogues, or the Washington Globe and the Charleston Mercury, in both of which papers a standing advertisement will be found.
WILLIS H. WOODLEY,
Proctor and Patron U of Va.

LEECHES.

THIRTY THOUSAND LEECHES arrived by the brig Mobile, from Bordeaux, and for sale by Delamide & Co. street, corner Chartres alley, No. 95, at a picayune a bitt and twenty-five cents for the larger.

Orders for the country executed with the greatest promptitude.
J R BOUBIRAN

BATTALION OF ARTILLERY.

The members composing the BATTALION OF ARTILLERY are requested to attend a meeting of that corps, to be held at the Arsenal on Wednesday, the 31st of August next, at 6 o'clock, P. M. on business interesting to the corps of Artillery.
D. AUGUSTIN,
Captain First Company.

TEAS—100 chests Imperial teas; 20 do Gilb do Hyson; 150 13 lb do Gunpowder, Imperial and Y Hyson, 75 half do of Young Hyson do, various qualities; 15 do do Souchong; 20 do do Pinchong teas, just received and for sale by
WOOD & SIMMONS, 80 Magazine st

LARD—350 pigs landing ex steamer Harry of the West, for sale by
A L ADDISON & Co, 69 Tchoupitoulas st.

BRANDY—A few pipes Cognac of the brand of Fellevoisin, 73 half do of Cherry Hyson do, various qualities.
BLANCHARD, KIMER & Co, 24 Bienville st

NEGRO BLANKETS—An invoice of heavy three point negro blankets for sale by
TOOLE & BARRIERE, No. 20 Chartres st

FLOUR—416 bbls St. Louis "City Mills" flour landing from steamboat Knipes, for sale by
A L ADDISON & Co, 69 Tchoupitoulas st.

SHEATHING COPPER AND BLOCK TIN—An assortment in store, and for sale by
A L AD