The New-Orleans Bee.

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Official Journal of the State, GENERAL & THIRD MUNICIPALITY COUNCILS.

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.
NO. 91 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, tri-weekly, one year in advance, - 10

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The announcement of Candidates for political offices will be charged double the price of other advertisements.

BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.

CARDS.

TO PLANTERS, DRUGGISTS, PHYSICIANS, &c. The subscribers are constantly supplied with a large and well assorted stock of fresh medicines of the best quality, which together with paints, oils, turpentine, &c. they offer to country dealers and planters upon the most reasonable terms. JARVIS & ANDREWS, 29 Common st and 1 Canal st New

CHANGE OF RESIDENCE. DR. TABLE & BOHY, now absent for the purpose of improving their professional knowledge, inform the public that their office will be opened on the 1st October next, will be transferred to No. 68, corner of Royal the street. jy21

DR. JOSEPH A. HALL is our legally authorized agent and attorney in fact, during our temporary absence from this city. NORCROSS & PORDICK. jy28-cp 16 de 16 de 126 Gravier st

H. DE GOEK & RIFFLARD, Importers of French, English, & German Dry Goods, AND DEALERS IN DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES AND ALL KINDS OF NEGRO WOOLENS AND COTTONS, For Plantations. H. De Goek, Paris. J. Riffard, New Orleans. New Orleans, No. 35, Chartres street.

OCEAN INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE 74, CANAL STREET. Cash Capital, $300,000. Insures against Fire, Marine, and River Risks. WM. A. GADQUET, President. Chas. Bayon, Sec'y. jy 28

LINDLEY AND RUSSELL, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, 96 Tchoupitoulas street.

JAMES RANKIN, FRANCIS D. DARRIN, GEO. FOSTER. HARROD, DARLING & Co, Commission and Forwarding Merchants. 4 and 6 Magazine st. Boatmen and New Orleans Regular Line of Packets, No. 40 Common street, New Orleans.

BENNETT, HERAN & CO. Commission Merchants, No. 96 Camp street, New Orleans. MEMBERS OF THE FIRM: James Bennett. David Heran. Jonas Long.

GEORGE BEDFORD, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT No. 67 Common street, New Orleans. jy 18

FORDICK & BROTHER, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, 26 & 28 Camp street, New Orleans.

T. & S. TOBY & BOGERT, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, No 18 Common Street, New Orleans. THOMAS TOBY. SAMUEL TOBY. GEORGE C. BOGERT

NORCROSS & FORDICK, Commission & Forwarding Merchants. Agents of the Boston Sugar Refinery. HAN NORCROSS, New Orleans, Sept. 1, 1840. WM. H. FORDICK. 46 Gravier st

PRET & MORTON, (FORMERLY PRET AND MORTON), WHOLESALE DRY-GOODS DEALERS, No. 17, Chartres Street, New-Orleans.

ISAAC BRIDGE, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, and Agent for the Sale of Robertson & Rich's Improved Salamander Iron Safes, and Amos Stevens' Patent Balances, 78 Magazine street.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON, COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 81 Canal street, New Orleans.

A DVANCES will be made by the undersigned on consignments of flour, grain, pork, &c. to his friends in New York. GEO. E. CLIFFORD, 47 Poydras st

PORK.—To brin prime, at Bennett's inspection, for sale by MAUNEL WHITE & Co, 102 Gravier st.

FURNACE TILE.—1,000 best quality, for sale cheap, by LYALL & DAVIDSON, 164 Camp st

ENGLISH BISCUIT TILE.—12,000, for sale by LYALL & DAVIDSON, 164 Camp st

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA, at short days sight, for sale by J FRATS, 27 Toulouse st

BACON SIDES.—40 tierces in store for sale by JOHN & GREW & Co, 24 Poydras st

EXCHANGE ON LONDON.—For sale by LEVI M GALE, 92 Common st

BLANKETS.—Superior French blankets, for sale by SCHMIDT & CO, 88 Bienville st

COFFEE.—In store and for sale by FRICK & FROST, 50 Poydras st

BORDEAUX WINE in store and for sale by WM FRERN & Co, 56 Customhouse st

BRIGHT COFFEE in store and for sale by WM FRERN & Co, 56 Customhouse st

CHEESE.—100 bags cheese in store and for sale by P REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

SHAKES.—Large of various qualities in store and for sale by P REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

CLARETTE.—200 boxes French Clarette, for sale by P REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

LETTER PAPER.—96 bales French for sale by P REYNAUD 16 Bienville st

WOOL.—100 lbs domestic wool for sale by P REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

WINE.—25 box white wine (Sauterne) for sale by P REYNAUD, 16 Bienville st

BEEF.—Ten bbls fresh good beef, received and for sale by A L ADDISON & Co, 60 Tchoupitoulas st

BACON.—Hams and shoulders, in store and for sale by MULLIN & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

COFFEE.—100 bags Havana coffee, in store and for sale by A DURAND, 7 Conti st

CHEESE.—100 boxes Gorgonzola cheese, for sale by A DURAND, 7 Conti st

WINE.—50 cases white wine, for sale by A DURAND, 7 Conti st

CLARETTE.—Superior claretto, for sale by A DURAND, 7 Conti st

CHAMPAGNE.—Superior champagne wine, for sale by A DURAND, 7 Conti st

BORDEAUX.—Superior Bordeaux wine, for sale by A DURAND, 7 Conti st

BACON.—Hams, Shoulders and Sides, for sale by HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 96 Camp st

BACKING AND TWINE.—A assortment to suit purchasers by HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 96 Camp st

LARD.—Prime leaf, in tierces, for sale by HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 96 Camp st

Steam Packets.

Steamer JOAN OF ARC FOR ST LOUIS. This splendid and fast passenger steamer, Capt S B Massie, is now receiving freight, and will positively leave for the above and intermediate ports on Wednesday 23d inst, at 4 o'clock P M. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, on board or to JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents, 54 Poydras st.

FOR THE PARISH OF PLAQUEMINE AND BALIZE, The GOV. TELL, Captain Augustin Larose, will leave for the above ports every Wednesday at 10 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board, opposite St Louis street, or to JACQUES LAROSE, 71 Old Levee

N. B.—Mr. Jacques Larose having purchased from Mr Marcel Jourdan his share and interest in the Gov. Tell, will in future remain alone charged with the management of said boat.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. Semi-weekly packet for the Coast.—DONALDSONVILLE, PLAQUEMINE, BATON ROUGE, FORT HUDSON, WATERLOO and BAYOU SARA.—The splendid double cabin steamer BRILLIANT, Capt Hart, will leave New Orleans for the above places every Wednesday and Sunday, at 10 o'clock, A M, and Bayou Sara every Monday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A M, and arrive in New Orleans early next morning.

On Wednesday trips will go to Point Coupee and Tunica as usual.

The rate of passage is reduced to the same as charged by all the packets running the Coast.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to W H AVERY, 80 Gravier st

NEW ORLEANS AND BALIZE PACKET. The steamer FAMIE, Capt Joseph Martin, will leave this port for the Balize and all intermediate landings, every Saturday morning, at 6 o'clock precisely. For freight or passage, apply on board opposite St Louis street, or to DUDOUYT & TEULADE, 28 Toulouse st.

CARD.—Passenger steamer JOAN OF ARC, Capt Massie, for ST. LOUIS and intermediate ports.—This splendid boat will leave as above this day at 4 o'clock P M. Passengers are requested to be on board at the hour. JNO R SHAW & Co, Agents.

The brig WILLIAM H B Johnson, master, from Balize, is now discharging cypress. Steamboat and small municipality. Consignees are particularly requested to take out their permits within three days, otherwise their goods will be sent to the public store. New Orleans, 23d of August, 1843. M M LUCAS, 50 Bienville st

The barque KILBY, Capt G. W. Muir, from New York, is now discharging opposite the Mint. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee. FOBILL F & BR, 1, on Camp st.

NOTICE.—Messrs. Noetts & Stothart are alone authorized to receive letters for, or attend to any unsettled business of the late firm of Foot & North, during the absence of the New Orleans partner, Mr H North. New Orleans, 20th May, 1843. FOOT & NORTH, in liquidation.

The subscribers have this day associated with them in the Commission and Forwarding Business, Mr. James L. Carmile, and the business will in future be conducted under the style and firm of HARTWELL, RIDDER & CARMAN. A. C. L. Hartwell. Thomas H. Ridder. jy 3

HARTWELL, RIDDER & CARMAN, General Commission and Forwarding Merchants, No. 44 Poydras street.

FLOUR.—20 bbls fresh ground, just received and for sale by A L ADDISON & Co, 60 Tchoupitoulas st

FRESH THOMASTON LIME.—500 bbls from Thomaston steam lime landing and for sale by GEORGE BEDFORD, 67 Common st

NEGRO CLOTH.—6 cases black mixed Kersey, for negro clothing, for sale by ISAAC BRIDGE 78 Magazine st

WOOL HATS.—20 cases white and black wool hats, round and square crown, for sale by ISAAC BRIDGE, 78 Magazine st

STARCH.—60 boxes Proctor's starch, in store and for sale by HARTWELL, RIDDER & CARMAN, 44 Poydras st

ORANGE FLOWER WATER.—25 doz Triple orange flower water, for sale by VALETON BROTHERS, 22 St Charles st, under the Verandah.

JEANS & SHIRTINGS.—25 bales superior quality of Kentucky manufacture, for sale by WORSLEY & FORSHAM, 76 Tchoupitoulas st

BAGGING & ROPE.—100 pieces and rolls each, for sale by WORSLEY & FORSHAM, 76 Tchoupitoulas st

CANTON FLANNELS.—30 cases superior Canton flannel, just received and for sale by HARROD, DARLING & Co, 40 Common st

HAMILTON SHIRTINGS.—20 bales of Inch Hamilton Company shirtings for sale by HARROD, DARLING & Co, 40 Common st

EMPTY BOTTLES bought at the corner of Royal and Customhouse streets at the highest price, to be taken at demand. jy19

ASYATH.—30 boxes Swiss Abyath, for sale low to close a consignment. by GH MIESEGAES, 94 Old Levee

APPLES, &c.—16 bbls apples, 50 boxes cheese, for sale by BLANCHARD, ELMER & Co, 24 Bienville st

RECTIFIED WHISKEY.—100 qrts in store and for sale by WORSLEY & FORMAN, 76 Tchoupitoulas st

GOODS for the Mexican Market.—80 bales 27 and 30 inch brown drills, Berwick Mills manufacture, in store, for sale by WOOD & SIMMONS, 90 Magazine st. m19

MACKEREL.—Spare Mackerel, No 3, now landing from ship Atlas, and for sale by J F BERCIER & Co, 84 Old Levee.

WHALE OIL.—10 bbls. bleached Oil, per ship Atlas, for sale by J F BERCIER & Co, 84 Old Levee.

TEAS.—200 packages Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson and Youchong, for sale by ROSCROSS & FORDICK, 46 Gravier st

SALT.—3,000 sacks coarse and fine Liverpool salt in store and for sale by GEORGE HARRISON, 67 Tchoupitoulas st

CIDER.—70 bbls superior Newark cider, landing from ship Auburn, and for sale by GEORGE HARRISON, 67 Tchoupitoulas st

CHEESE.—100 boxes Goshen cheese, a prime article, in store and for sale by GEORGE HARRISON, 67 Tchoupitoulas st

GUNNY BAGS.—70 bundles Gunnies, medium size, for sale low to close consignment, by JOHN A MERRITT & Co, 48 Camp st

GENUINE SCOTCH ALE and London porter for sale at wholesale and retail by VALETON BROTHERS, 22 St Charles st

HAVANA SWEETMEATS.—20 barrels for sale by the subscribers. VALETON BROTHERS, 22 St Charles st

BACON.—30 casks middlings and shoulders, just received per steamboat Boston Valley, for sale by A MERRITT & Co 48 Camp st

COD FISH.—In drums and boxes in due order, for sale by HARROD, DARLING & Co, 40 Common st

STRAW WRAPPING PAPER.—800 reams superior quality, for sale by HARROD, DARLING & Co, 40 Common st

MARBLE.—250 feet slab marble, for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 92 Gravier st, corner Magazine and Lafayette st

SPANISH CHOCOLATE.—10 cases ended Spanish chocolate, for sale by ISAAC BRIDGE 78 Magazine st

FLOUR.—100 bbls superfine flour in store and for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUSE & Co, 11 and 13 St Louis st

OX CART WHEELS, of all sizes from 3 to 5 inch tread, for sale low by J D DENEGRE, No 116 Customhouse st

SALT.—100 sacks coarse salt, landing from ship Winner Castle, from Liverpool, apply to LEVI M GALE, 92 Common st

WAX.—4,000 lbs superior Beeswax, landing from steamboat Missouri, for sale by MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 46 Old Levee.

LOG WOOD.—2000 quintals landing and for sale by A. CAPDEVIELLE & GUCULU, 46 Old Levee st

BEANS.—50 bbls superior white beans, now landing and in store, for sale by FRICK & FROST, 50 Poydras st

COPAL VARNISH.—10 bbls superior Copal Varnish in store and for sale by J A MERRITT & Co, 48 Camp st

FERM OIL.—100 gallons winter strained Maughed sperm oil, in store and for sale low by G E CLIFFORD, 47 Poydras st

NAILS.—500 kegs iron nails, assorted sizes, in store and for sale by G E CLIFFORD, 47 Poydras st

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA, at short days sight, for sale by JOSEPH PRATS, 27 Toulouse st

PAPER.—400 reams, small and large size wrapping, 100 reams imitation Kentucky Kent, for sale by FROST & CO, 19 Magazine st

SHOT.—25 kegs shot, assorted numbers, landing from steamer Louisiana, for sale by MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 46 Old Levee

HATS.—A general assortment of black and drab Russia silk, cassimere and nap hats, for sale by FROST & CO, 19 Magazine st

HEMP.—Kentucky dew rotted for sale by SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH, 96 Poydras st

ALCOHOL.—110 bbs 85 to 90 above proof in store and for sale by HARTWELL & RIDDER, 44 Poydras st

RIO COFFEE.—Fine coffee of various qualities in store and for sale by GEO GREEN & BRO, 92 Gravier st.

UMBRELLAS.—30 cases silk and gingham umbrellas 30 to 36 inch leather, for sale by ISAAC BRIDGE, 78 Magazine st

FLOUR.—175 barrels fully inspected superfine St Louis flour, in store and for sale by S & J P WHITNEY & Co, 70 Camp st.

BEEF ON FRANCE.—A small bill on Havre at sight, for sale by MERLE, BEYLLE & Co, 46 Old Levee

BLEACHED SHEETING.—5 cases heavy 4-4 bleached sheeting, landing from ship Lorenzo, for sale by ISAAC BRIDGE, 78 Magazine st

JALAP IN POWDER.—25 lbs for sale cheap at the new Lock Depot, No 300 Royal street, by PAUL TRASSORESTI.

LARD.—Strictly prime, in bags and bbls, for sale by HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 96 Camp st.

FLOUR.—Fresh, for sale by HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 96 Camp st.

BACON.—Hams, Shoulders and Sides, for sale by HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 96 Camp st

BACKING AND TWINE.—A assortment to suit purchasers by HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 96 Camp st

LARD.—Prime leaf, in tierces, for sale by HEWITT, HERAN & Co, 96 Camp st

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

HENRY CLAY.

NEW-ORLEANS WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 23, 1843.

CLAY CLUB ROOM. (25 Exchange Place.) August 14th, 1843.

The EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE of the DEMOCRATIC WHIG PARTY in this city for the sale of REAL ESTATE, respectfully give notice to such persons as may feel the importance of voting at our next MUNICIPAL, STATE and PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS, and have not the PROPERTY QUALIFICATIONS required by law, that we are now prepared, on the most reasonable terms, to place them in the lawful possession of that inestimable privilege, by their making IMMEDIATE APPLICATION to the Secretary at our office as above, between the hours of 9 and 3.

By order of the Committee

(Signed) S. W. DALTON, Chairman.

J. Charles Gurney, Secretary.

☞ The mortal remains of JOHN CHARLES DE ST ROMES, were yesterday consigned to the tomb, amid demonstrations of universal respect and sorrow, such as rarely befal individuals whose lot has been cast in the walks of private life. Not only did the military turn out in large numbers, to pay the last and tribute to the memory of their late companion in arms, and to testify their sympathy at the demise of a veteran of Orleans; but the concourse of private citizens, spontaneously assembled to accompany his earthly relics to their final resting place, was such as we have seldom witnessed. It was a gathering of all parties, sects and conditions of men, united for the common purpose of testifying their grief at the loss of a citizen and a soldier—a brave, benevolent and honest man, on whose unsullied name slander had never dared to imprint a stigma, and whose virtues had conferred upon him the enviable distinction of living and dying without a foe. The profound regret experienced at his death, and the deep and pervading sympathy which this event has excited in every circle, must be fraught with some solace to his afflicted family. Let us hope that the consolations of a religion, which assures us that the good man will enjoy unalloyed happiness in another and a better world, may infuse the balm of a pure and holier consolation in the bosoms of those he has left behind.

LOCOFOCO OPINION OF MR. VAN BUREN.

The Globe, Pennsylvanian, and other presses favorable to Mr. Van Buren, attempt to impose silence on the Calhoun faction of the party, and to persuade us that if the latter seek, in the slightest, to disparage the political and private virtues of the Sage of Lindenwold, or to call in question that overwhelming popularity which his last presidential campaign exhibited. At the same time, however, that the Van Buren organs endeavored to gag Calhounism, or at least overawe it, they indulge with the most offensive freedom in comments on the consistency of the great South Carolinian, and in churlish comparisons between his present position and the political attitude assumed by him a few years since. We published, the other day, an extract from the Bangor Democrat (V. B.) in which Mr. Calhoun was lashed for his vacillation with a severity at least equal to that displayed by the whig press. But it seems that Calhoun is not the meek and modest thing to which Van Buren men would fain reduce it—it has been long trampled upon, and now it turns and stings the heel of its aggressor. Since we have shown a Van Buren's opinion of Calhoun, it is but just that we present the reverse of the picture, and exhibit a Calhounite's views of Van Buren.

The Rhode Island Chronicle, an able journal, contains an elaborate and well written article on Mr. Van Buren, his prospects, the rewards he has received from the Democracy, and the extent of his present claims upon the party. It begins by virtually admitting that Van Buren was deservedly beaten in 1840. Its language is as follows:

"It must, after a sober and careful review of the past be admitted by all candid men that Mr. Van Buren's administration was in many respects an unfortunate one. It was unfortunate in the LOSS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND THE PEOPLE OF MANY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS BY THE VARIOUS SPECULATIONS of his officers. It was unfortunate in being identified with the QUIXOTIC ATTEMPTS TO ESTABLISH AN ABSOLUTE METALLIC CURRENCY, TO THE EXCLUSION OF ALL THE FORMS OF CREDIT FOR THE BUSINESS OPERATIONS OF THE PEOPLE, AS WELL AS IN ITS RECOMMENDATION OF THE OBNOXIOUS 200,000 MILITIA BILL. And it was unfortunate in its extravagant expenditures, amounting to nearly THIRTY-SEVEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS ANNUALLY.

Notwithstanding all this, we have said and sung relative to the warmth and enthusiasm with which the last Presidential canvass was conducted, no sensible man can doubt that there exists, and fully discussed before the Grand Inquest of the Nation, and a decided quite decisive enough given by the people, in relation to them."

Very just and sensible, Mr. Chronicle. This is a candid and unanswerable reply to the contemptible slanders and miserable lamentations of locofocoism in relation to the canvass of 1840. It is an acknowledgement full of value, and the only circumstance to be regretted, is that it is only extorted, drawn out piece meal as it were from the locofocos themselves, when they perceive that Van's nomination again will effect their certain and disgraceful discomfiture. They must needs tell truth in order to avoid, if possible, a second application of the bastinado they received three years ago.

On the subject of Mr. Van Buren's public services and claims upon the "party," the Chronicle is not a whit less frank and explicit. It answers the argument that it is due to Mr. V. B. to be again nominated to the Presidency, by showing that he has filled the following offices and received the sums of money below stated from the people of the United States for his public services:—

Rec'd for 7 years' service as U. S. Senator, [illegible]
Rec'd for 4 years' service as Sec'y of State, $10,000
Rec'd for 6 months' service as Minister to England, 13,000
Rec'd for 4 years' service as Vice President, 24,000
Rec'd for 4 years' service as President, 100,000
Amounting to, $170,000

"This very large sum of one hundred and seventy six thousand dollars, Mr. Van Buren has already received from the public Treasury, besides sundry benefits of an inconsiderable amount, said to have been derived by him from his office of National Harbor-master, and certain points upon the Lakes where Mr. Van Buren happened to own large tracts of Real Estate."

The Chronicle is right again. One hundred and seventy-six thousand dollars, for twenty years' service, to say nothing of the honor and dignity of holding the most elevated and responsible stations, ought to satisfy any reasonable man. But let us get at the winding up, the grand finale to the Chronicle's article. Let us see what that journal thinks of Mr. Van Buren's connection with and claims on the (so called) Democratic party.

"At the most trying period of the existence of the Democratic Party in this country (says the Chronicle) during the last war with Great Britain—Mr. VAN BUREN OPPOSED THE REGULAR PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY, THE ELECTION OF JAMES MADISON, and ranged himself in the External Party in the support of the Will Clinton, the PEACE PARTY candidate. In 1828 and '29 he likewise STRENUOUSLY OPPOSED THE ELECTION OF GENL. JACKSON TO THE PRESIDENCY. Since John Quincy Adams refused to appoint his Minister to England in 1828, he has, it is true, whether induced by interest or principle it is not for us to determine, been reunited with the Democratic party, with commendable consistency. For this consistency of action with, and support of the party, Mr. Van Buren has received from the democracy of the State of New York and the Union, the offices of U. S. Senator, Secretary of State, Minister to England, Vice President and President of the United States, from which he received the princely fortune of $170,000!!!"

The Chronicle has made out a pretty strong case against Van—almost as strong as the whigs did in 1840. Remember good reader, the above is not "Federal whig slander,"—it is good, wholesome, authentic, Democratic Locofoco authority. We quote from an avowed locofoco journal. We have shown exactly the opinions which the two great divisions of that interesting party entertain for each other's candidates. We have presented them as specimens of that fraternal harmony, that magnanimous concert of action and unity of purpose which bind them together as a band of brothers.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.

Report for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock last evening.

Admitted	31
Discharged	26
Died of Yellow Fever	6
Deaths " " Yellow Fever	2
Yellow Fever patients remaining in Hospital	53

Mortality at Sea.—The brig Aurora, arrived at Wilmington, N. C., last week from Cienfuegos, had five different captains during her voyage. She cleared in March for the West Indies, but encountering a gale off Frying Pan, returned to port, when the Captain then in charge left her. Another took his place, who died in a short time in the West Indies. Another and another still, successively died, and also were brought home in charge of the mate of a Boston vessel.

☞ Nothing later from North Carolina. The whigs gained one election of Mitchell (w) in the 4th district. The latter on the unlucky third field in charge. Whatever be the result, the popular vote must be from hundreds [illegible]

[FOR THE BEE.]

THE NEW YORK HERALD AND THE SUGAR DUTY.

It is an axiom of political economy that all theories not based upon facts are of the domain of ignorance and folly.

In a late number of the New York Herald, a statement of imports of sugar into the United States from 1829 to 1842 is published, with the following remarks:—

"Down to 1841 our immense trade had grown up and the produce of the 1 mied States was taken largely in exchange for the sugar of Cuba. In the September of that year the duty was suddenly and suddenly raised from 30 to 61 per cent for the protection of a few planters in Louisiana, whose utmost capacity to raise sugar would not supply one-tenth part of the consumption. The only operation then left by Congress for the planter to diminish the supply, so as to raise the price to the planters at the expense not only of all consumers of sugar, but of all those connected with the growing trade of Cuba."

The above lines contains two distinct propositions, to wit:

1st. That down to 1841 an immense trade had grown up, and the produce of the United States was taken largely in exchange for the sugar of Cuba, &c.

2d. That in the September, 1842, the duty was suddenly and suddenly raised from 30 to 61 for the protection of a few planters of Louisiana, whose utmost capacity to raise sugar would not supply one tenth of the consumption.

To compare one thing with another, both must be stated—for the growth of the trade a statement of imports from 1829 to 1841 is given—but the Herald takes very good care not to give the imports for 1842, which was the only way to prove the decline of the trade, by the sudden and violent increase of duty.

The second proposition is not better sustained, and evidently above gross ignorance or bad faith.

The Herald states the utmost capacity of Louisiana to raise sugar at one-tenth of the consumption.

The present crop has exceeded 150,000 hhds, but taking the statistics accompanying the federal census, the crop of Louisiana for 1840 was stated at 125,000 hhds or 125,000,000 lbs, which multiplied by ten gives according to the Herald for the consumption of the United States, 1,250,000,000, or three times the consumption of Great Britain, or six times the consumption of France, (see McCulloch's Dictionary pages 1089 and 1093) or two times the consumption of the United States, (see report of Mr. Saltonstall from the committee on commerce for 1842.

Again, the few planters for whose benefit, says the Herald, the tariff is raised, number nearly 600 families who employ upwards of 1000 overseers and engineers, and about 40,000 laborers, and Louisiana, the bold section of the Herald notwithstanding, has power and cause land enough to produce sugar for a few years sufficient not only for the consumption of the United States, but also for exportation.

Let the Herald answer the following plain questions:

1st. Is not the sugar duty a revenue duty in England, France, Holland, and the whole of Germany.

2nd. If the duty on sugar were to be taken off, would it not be necessary to lay it, so as to produce the same amount of revenue from that commodity, on some other article of imports, and if so, what difference can it make to the people?

3d. Is a revenue duty, does the Herald really believe that a duty of twenty per cent ad valorem or one cent per pound, would produce more income to the Government than a duty of two and a half cents? If so, let them prove it by comparing the imports of September 1841, to September 1842, with those from September 1842, to September 1843.

4th. Does the Herald know that by public documents laid before Congress in 1842, it was shown that our imports at home from the West Indies amounted to $19,477,412, our exports to those Islands hardly reached $9,487,152?

5th. Does the Herald know the loss that there would be for our shippers and our merchants, in importing 250,000,000 pound of sugars from Louisiana instead of Cuba to the West Indies, for the general consumption of the nation.

A SUGAR PLANTER.

FINAL RESULT IN TENNESSEE.

Conjecture, and in many instances, official return from Tennessee, show that Jones (w.) is elected governor by a majority of 4,140 votes. The whigs have elected five members of congress, and have perhaps lost Mr. Cambreleng in the King district by from 70 to 80 votes, as he was nearly 1,000 votes behind the ticket. The legislature has a whig majority in both branches. The senate stands—whigs 14, locofocos 11; the house, whigs 40, locofocos 35. This secures the election of whig senators and a whig majority in the senate of the United States.

Kentucky.—The whigs in Kentucky have, so far, lost several congressional districts by their local feuds, and by running a multiplicity of candidates. The Louisville district has elected Thompson (w) by about 600 majority. In the Lexington district Davis (w) is doubtless chosen. In the tenth district, Tibbatts (l. i.) is elected by about 900 majority, in the Flaming district, French (l. i.) has probably succeeded by 100 votes. Stone (l. f.) is elected in the Bardstown district by the folly of two whigs running. Linn Boyd (l. f.) is chosen in the Richmond district without formal opposition. The whigs have carried five or six districts out of nine. The legislature is doubtless whig.

Indiana.—Returns from 39 counties show a locofoco gain of about 4000 since 1840, when Bigger (w) was elected by nearly 9000 majority. The success of the locofoco ticket is rendered probable by these returns.—For the House the whigs have chosen thus far seven members and the locos six; for the Senate the whigs have carried two and the locos four members. For Congress the locos have elected Henley and Owen, and the whigs Caleb B. Smith, in the Wayne District. In the Lawrenceburg District the run is close between Smith (l. f.) and Watson (w).

☞ Our old friend and correspondent Donald McLeod, Esq., has taken the editorial charge of that sterling whig journal, the Nashville Banner. Under his supervision, it will, we predict, exhibit uncommon vigor, spirit and industry.

☞ Another Disgraceful Riot has occurred at Philadelphia between the members of the Good Will and Fairmount Engine Companies. A number of persons were shockingly beaten with clubs and stones. It took place on Sunday the 13th inst.

☞ The Law and Order Convention met on the 16th inst, in Providence, and nominated for Congress from the Eastern District, Henry G. Cranston, of Newport, for many years a member of the House of Representatives and Speaker of the House. He is a brother of the late member, a good Whig.

☞ A Postscript in the Pittsburg Advertiser, says that the night before, a fire broke out in the Nail Factory attached to the Rolling Mill of the Messrs Shorenberger, on the Bank of the Alleghany River, in the Fifth Ward, which, owing to the scarcity of water, was entirely consumed; together with a small warehouse adjoining.

☞ Among the distinguished strangers at present sojourning in the city of New York are Gen. Almonte, Minister from Mexico, and his family; Gen. Alvarez, Minister from Buenos Ayres; the Chevalier Huskman, Charge d'Affaires from Austria; Admiral Sir Charles Adam, of the British Navy, and his family.

The minister from France, M. Pageot, with his family, is passing the season at Newport, R. I.

An affair of honor came off at the mouth of Salt River, some twenty miles below this city, on yesterday morning the 11th inst., between Messrs Leighton and Harris of Elizabethtown, Ky. The parties fired at ten paces, with pistols. Mr. English receiving the ball of the adversary in the fleshy part of the thigh, his own pistol missing fire. The wound was unexamined when we went press latal. The difficulty grew out of circumstances too delicate for newspaper repetition. Louisville Advertiser.

"Echo answers Where."—The Mississippian has the following perfectly characteristic and naive unerring and interrogatory. We defy any body to read it, and not laugh.—Sensonnet Republican.

"We believe he (Tyler) has thousands and tens of thousands of friends in the country, and we wish to know who they are, and where they are?"

The counties of Nash and Edgecomb, North Carolina, contain 5,694 white persons over 20 years of age; of whom 2,651 can read and write. In 1839, the legislature set to establish common schools was passed. Edgecomb has rejected it by a vote of 1,207 to 165.

At the late election for a Representative to Congress in the district to which these counties belong, the votes are reported as follows:—

	In Edgecomb.	In Nash.	Total.
For the Whig candidate,	106	71	177
For the "Democratic" (L. F.) do.	1,342	812	2,154

These simple facts need no illustration. They satisfactorily explain one another.—National Intelligencer.

☞ The following ticket for Church-wardens will be supported by a majority of the vestry:—

E. A. CANON.
M. S. CUCULLU.
JH. PILIE.
FR. COQUET.

Commercial.

NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY NIGHT, August 22, 1843.

We have no comments to make on the business of the past few days; the transactions have been extremely limited, with scarcely a change to notice in prices.

The weather continues warm, and highly favorable to the growing crops. The river is 11 feet below high-water mark, and still falling.

The Yellow Fever is gradually increasing.

COTTON—Arrived since the 16th inst. of Louisiana and Mississippi, 143 bales (of which 15 of the new crop)—Tennessee and North Alabama, 907; together, 1,050 bales.—Cleared, in the same time, for Bremen, 60 bales—Marseilles, do—New York, 312—Boston, 81; together, 453 bales; making a reduction in stock of 6 bales; and leaving on hand, exclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 6,9 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand this morning,	116
Received last three days,	143
Cleared last three days,	453
Stock on hand this evening,	6,900

The transactions in Cotton since our review of Friday last, have been exceedingly limited, into having barely reached 150 bales, the principal portion of which was taken for the north. As regards prices, the market is very steady, and our previous quotations are not only well supported, but in some instances higher prices have been paid. Amongst the receipts it will be noticed that 15 bales are put down as new Cotton, but there is some doubt as regards the identity of at least a portion of these arrivals, which appear to be mixed up with old cotton. Thus far the quality of the new crop is by no means satisfactory, but this may be accounted for from the anxiety evinced by planters to place their cotton in market, and more with a view of obtaining notoriety than from any other motive. Thus far fine picking is done hastily, regardless alike whether the bolls are properly matured, or the cotton well ginned both of which contribute to impart a poor appearance to the new cotton of this season. The weather is now highly propitious for the gathering of the staple, and the receipts of a fortnight hence will no doubt indicate a much better quality. One bale of new Cotton, for this date is quoted at nine cents but, for the New-York market, at 1c. ⅌ lb., but this is rather a fancy purchase, and cannot be taken as any criterion of its intrinsic value.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.

Louisiana and Mississippi.		Tennessee and N. Ala.	
Inferior	4 ⅌ lb.	Ordinary	4 ⅌ lb.
Ordinary	4	Middling	4½
Middling	4½	Middling Fair	5
Fair	5	Fair	5½
Middling Fair	5½	Fine	6
Fine	6	Superfine	6½
Superfine	6½	Fine Fair	7
Fine Fair	7	Superfine Fair	7½
Superfine Fair	7½		

TOBACCO—The stock of Tobacco is at present so small, that there is scarcely any market. The sales of the past few days do not exceed 75 hhds. In prices there is no change, and we quote inferior and common leaf, 3 @ 3½, 4 @ 4½, and 5 @ 6; Seconds and Firsts; fair leaf, 6½, 7, and 8; fine parcels, 9 @ 9½, 10 @ 10½, and 11 @ 12; fine, 13, 14 @ 15; fine parcels, 16 @ 17, 18 @ 19, and 20; and in some instances a fraction more.

Arrived, since the 9th instant, 186 hhds.—Cleared, in the same time, for Marseilles, 176 hhds—Bremen, 100—New-York, 2 4—Boston, 496—Richmond, 164; together, 2,000 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

1842 crop, 1 stock on hand,	4,424
Received last three days,	1,96
" previously,	67,919
Cleared last three days,	2,000
" previously,	66,500
Stock on hand this evening, August 22,	1,835

SUGAR—Since our last the sales have been very limited, but the market continues steady, and former prices are well supported. We quote 5 @ 6½c. for inferior to choice Muscovado, and Molasses remains unchanged, and we quote at 3 @ 3½c ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—The market has slightly improved since our last, and we quote Ohio $4 00 @ $4 12½ ⅌ bbl, with limited sales; St Louis brands are a fraction higher.

WESTERN PRODUCE—No change has occurred in the Provisions market since our last report; the business doing is merely in retail.