

Determinant (5A)

Copyright (c) 2012 Young W. Lim.

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.2 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with no Invariant Sections, no Front-Cover Texts, and no Back-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".

Please send corrections (or suggestions) to youngwlim@hotmail.com.

This document was produced by using OpenOffice and Octave.

Determinant

Determinant of order 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 \\ b_1 & b_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 \\ b_1 & b_2 \end{vmatrix} = a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1$$

Determinant of order 3

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} + & - & + \\ - & + & - \\ + & - & + \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & & \\ b_2 & b_3 & \\ c_2 & c_3 & \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} & a_2 & \\ b_1 & & b_3 \\ c_1 & & c_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} & & a_3 \\ & b_2 & \\ b_1 & b_2 & \\ c_1 & c_2 & \end{bmatrix}$$

Determinant

Determinant of order 3

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} + & - & + \\ - & + & - \\ + & - & + \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & & \\ b_2 & \cancel{b_3} & \\ c_2 & c_3 & \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} & a_2 & \\ b_1 & \cancel{a_3} & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_3 & \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} & & a_3 \\ b_1 & \cancel{b_2} & \\ c_1 & c_2 & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = + a_1 \begin{vmatrix} b_2 & b_3 \\ c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} - a_2 \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} + a_3 \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & b_2 \\ c_1 & c_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

Determinant

Determinant of order 3

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= a_{11} \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} - a_{12} \begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} + a_{13} \begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \\
 &= a_{11}(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32}) \\
 &\quad - a_{12}(a_{21}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{31}) \\
 &\quad + a_{13}(a_{21}a_{32} - a_{22}a_{31})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{11} \\ a_{21} \\ a_{31} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{12} \\ a_{22} \\ a_{32} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{13} \\ a_{23} \\ a_{33} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{11} \\ a_{21} \\ a_{31} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{12} \\ a_{22} \\ a_{32} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{13} \\ a_{23} \\ a_{33} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{11} \\ a_{21} \\ a_{31} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{12} \\ a_{22} \\ a_{32} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{13} \\ a_{23} \\ a_{33} \end{matrix}$$

Minor

The **minor** of entry a_{ij}

M_{ij}

The determinant of the submatrix
that remains after **deleting** i-th row and j-th column

Minor

The **minor** of entry a_{ij}

M_{ij}

The determinant of the submatrix
that remains after **deleting** i-th row and j-th column

Given matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

A diagram illustrating the formation of a submatrix. A 3x3 matrix is shown with its first row and first column highlighted in red. A 2x2 submatrix is formed by removing these highlighted rows and columns, resulting in the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$.

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Sub-matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Minor

$$M_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$n \times n$

$(n-1) \times (n-1)$

Cofactor

The **cofactor** of entry a_{ij}

$$C_{ij} = (-1)^{i+j} M_{ij}$$

The **minor** of entry a_{ij}

$$M_{ij}$$

The determinant of the submatrix
that remains after **deleting** i-th row and j-th column

Given matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n$

Sub-matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$(n-1) \times (n-1)$

Minor

$$M_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

Cofactor

$$C_{11} = (-1)^{1+1} \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & +1 \\ -1 & +1 & -1 \\ +1 & -1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (-1)^{1+1} & (-1)^{1+2} & (-1)^{1+3} \\ (-1)^{2+1} & (-1)^{2+2} & (-1)^{2+3} \\ (-1)^{3+1} & (-1)^{3+2} & (-1)^{3+3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (-1)^2 & (-1)^3 & (-1)^4 \\ (-1)^3 & (-1)^4 & (-1)^5 \\ (-1)^4 & (-1)^5 & (-1)^6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Minor Example (1)

Given matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Sub-matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Minor

$$M_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{11} = +M_{11}$$

$$M_{12} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{12} = -M_{12}$$

$$M_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{13} = +M_{13}$$

Minor Example (2)

Given matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & & \\ & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Sub-matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Minor

$$M_{21} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{21} = -M_{21}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & & a_{13} \\ & + & \\ a_{31} & & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_{22} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{22} = +M_{22}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \\ & - & \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_{23} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{23} = -M_{23}$$

Minor Example (2)

Given matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{22} & a_{23} \end{bmatrix}$$

Sub-matrix

Minor / Cofactor

$$M_{31} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{22} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{31} = +M_{31}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_{32} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{32} = -M_{32}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_{33} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_{33} = +M_{33}$$

Determinant

The **determinant** of an $n \times n$ matrix \mathbf{A} $\det(\mathbf{A})$

Cofactor expansion along the i-th row

Cofactor expansion along the j-th column

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= a_{11} C_{11} + a_{12} C_{12} + a_{13} C_{13} \\ &= a_{21} C_{21} + a_{22} C_{22} + a_{23} C_{23} \\ &= a_{31} C_{31} + a_{32} C_{32} + a_{33} C_{33} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= a_{11} C_{11} + a_{21} C_{21} + a_{31} C_{31} \\ &= a_{12} C_{12} + a_{22} C_{22} + a_{32} C_{32} \\ &= a_{13} C_{13} + a_{23} C_{23} + a_{33} C_{33} \end{aligned}$$

Adjoint

The **cofactor** of entry a_{ij}

$$C_{ij} = (-1)^{i+j} M_{ij}$$

The **minor** of entry a_{ij}

$$M_{ij}$$

The determinant of the submatrix
that remains after **deleting** i-th row and j-th column

Given matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n$

$$\begin{array}{lll} a_{11} \Leftrightarrow C_{11} & a_{12} \Leftrightarrow C_{12} & a_{13} \Leftrightarrow C_{13} \\ a_{21} \Leftrightarrow C_{21} & a_{22} \Leftrightarrow C_{22} & a_{23} \Leftrightarrow C_{23} \\ a_{31} \Leftrightarrow C_{31} & a_{32} \Leftrightarrow C_{32} & a_{33} \Leftrightarrow C_{33} \end{array}$$

Matrix of Cofactors

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} & C_{23} \\ C_{31} & C_{32} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n$

transpose 

Adjoint

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n$

Inverse Matrix

The **cofactor** of entry a_{ij} $C_{ij} = (-1)^{i+j} M_{ij}$

The **minor** of entry a_{ij} M_{ij}

The determinant of the submatrix
that remains after **deleting** i-th row and j-th column

Given matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n$

Matrix of Cofactors

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} & C_{23} \\ C_{31} & C_{32} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n$

transpose 

Adjoint

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det(A)} adj(A) = \frac{1}{\det(A)} \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{21} & C_{31} \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{32} \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

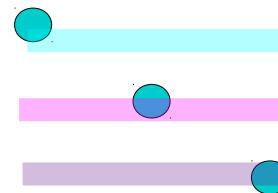
Matrix Transpose

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

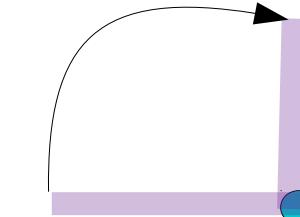
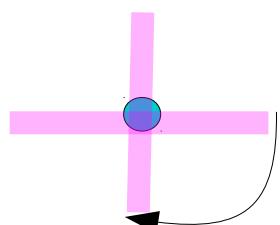
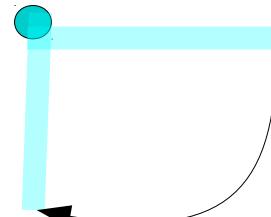
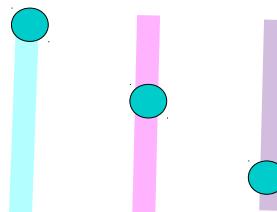
$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{21} & a_{31} \\ a_{12} & a_{22} & a_{32} \\ a_{13} & a_{23} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = \det(A^T)$$

$[a_{ij}]$



$[a_{ji}]$



Cofactor Expansion and Determinant

$A \quad n \times n$ zero row zero col
has $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ or $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\Rightarrow \det(A) = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\det(A) &= a_{i_1} C_{i_1} + a_{i_2} C_{i_2} + a_{i_3} C_{i_3} && \text{i-th row cofactor expansion} \\ &= a_{1j} C_{1j} + a_{2j} C_{2j} + a_{3j} C_{3j} && \text{j-th column cofactor expansion} \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$A \quad n \times n$ $A^T \quad n \times n$
 $\begin{bmatrix} * & * & * \end{bmatrix}$ i-th row $\begin{bmatrix} * \\ * \\ * \end{bmatrix}$ i-th col $\Rightarrow \det(A^T) = \det(A) = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\det(A) &= a_{i_1} C_{i_1} + a_{i_2} C_{i_2} + a_{i_3} C_{i_3} && \text{i-th row cofactor expansion of } A \\ &= a_{1i} C_{1i} + a_{2i} C_{2i} + a_{3i} C_{3i} && \text{i-th column cofactor expansion of } A^T\end{aligned}$$

Elementary Matrix and Determinant (1)

Interchange two rows

$$\begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{i} \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{j}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B}) = -\det(\mathbf{A})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

Multiply a row by a nonzero constant

$$\times c \quad \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{i} \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B}) = c \det(\mathbf{A})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} c a_{11} & c a_{12} & c a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = c \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

Add a multiple of one row to another

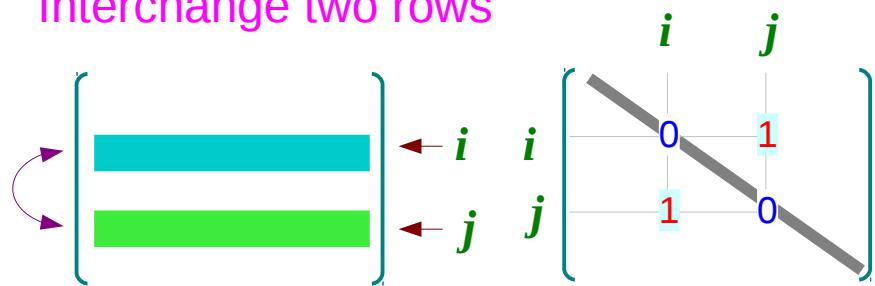
$$\times c \quad \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{i} \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix} \xleftarrow{j}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B}) = \det(\mathbf{A})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} + c a_{21} & a_{12} + c a_{22} & a_{13} + c a_{23} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

Elementary Matrix and Determinant (2)

Interchange two rows



$$\det(\mathbf{B}) = -\det(\mathbf{A})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{A})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{B}) &= b_{21} C_{21} + b_{22} C_{22} + b_{23} C_{23} \\ &= -a_{11} M_{21} + a_{12} M_{22} - a_{13} M_{23} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{A})$$

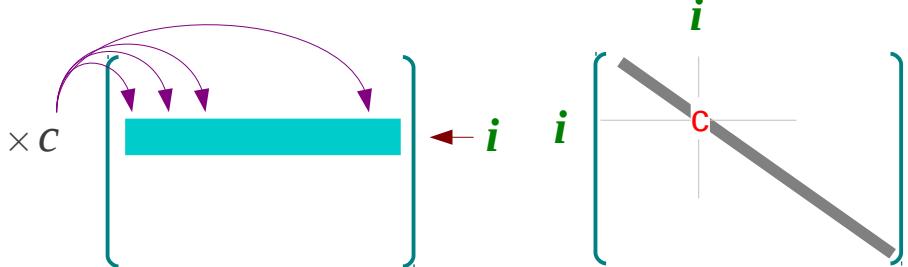
$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= a_{11} C_{11} + a_{12} C_{12} + a_{13} C_{13} \\ &= a_{11} M_{11} - a_{12} M_{12} + a_{13} M_{13} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix}$$

Elementary Matrix and Determinant (3)

Multiply a row by a nonzero constant



$$\det(\mathbf{B}) = c \det(\mathbf{A})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} c a_{11} & c a_{12} & c a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = c \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} c a_{11} & c a_{12} & c a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B}) = b_{11} C_{11} + b_{12} C_{12} + b_{13} C_{13}$$

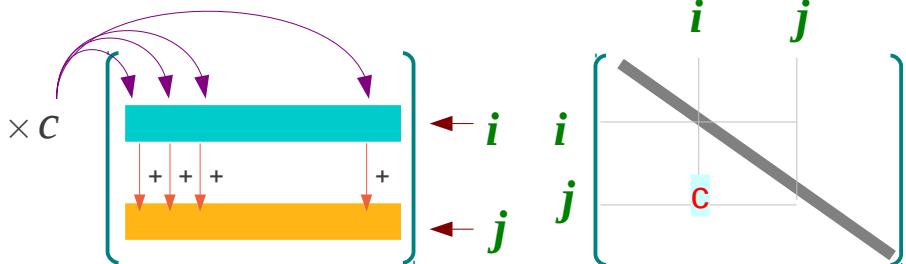
$$= c \cdot a_{11} C_{11} + c \cdot a_{12} C_{12} + c \cdot a_{13} C_{13}$$

$$= c (a_{11} C_{11} + a_{12} C_{12} + a_{13} C_{13})$$

$$= c \cdot \det(\mathbf{A})$$

Elementary Matrix and Determinant (4)

Add a multiple of one row to another



$$\det(\mathbf{B}) = \det(\mathbf{A})$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} + ca_{21} & a_{12} + ca_{22} & a_{13} + ca_{23} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B})$$

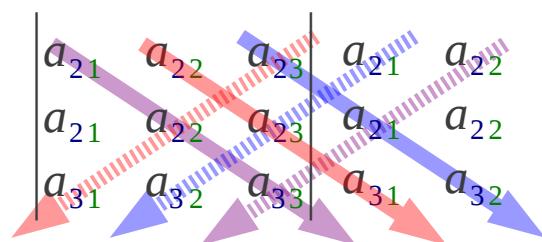
$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} + ca_{21} & a_{12} + ca_{22} & a_{13} + ca_{23} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{B}) = b_{11} C_{11} + b_{12} C_{12} + b_{13} C_{13}$$

$$= (a_{11} + ca_{21})C_{11} + (a_{12} + ca_{22})C_{12} + (a_{13} + ca_{23})C_{13}$$

$$= (a_{11}C_{11} + a_{12}C_{12} + a_{13}C_{13}) \rightarrow \det(\mathbf{A})$$

$$+ c(a_{21}C_{11} + a_{22}C_{12} + a_{23}C_{13}) \rightarrow 0$$



$$(a_{21}C_{11} + a_{22}C_{12} + a_{23}C_{13}) = 0$$

Determinant of Diagonal Matrix

Lower Triangular Matrix

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & 0 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{11} & 0 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{matrix} \quad \det(A) = a_{11} a_{22} a_{33}$$

Upper Triangular Matrix

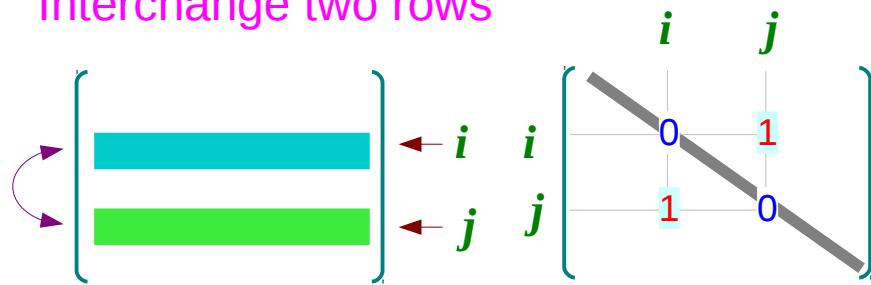
$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ 0 & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ 0 & a_{22} \\ 0 & 0 \end{matrix} \quad \det(A) = a_{11} a_{22} a_{33}$$

Diagonal Triangular Matrix

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_{22} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ 0 & a_{22} \\ 0 & 0 \end{matrix} \quad \det(A) = a_{11} a_{22} a_{33}$$

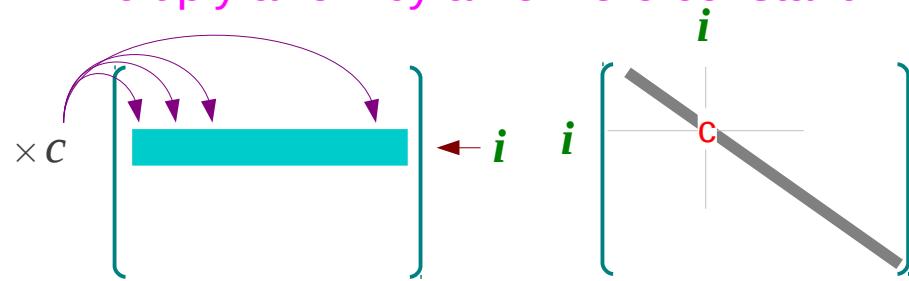
Determinant of an Elementary Matrix

Interchange two rows



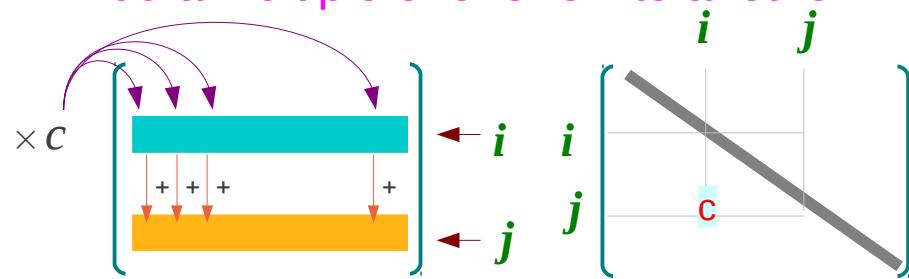
$$\det(E_k) = -1$$

Multiply a row by a nonzero constant



$$\det(E_k) = c$$

Add a multiple of one row to another



$$\det(E_k) = 1$$

Properties of Determinants

$$\det(kA) = k^n \det(A)$$

$$\det(A+B) \neq \det(A)+\det(B)$$

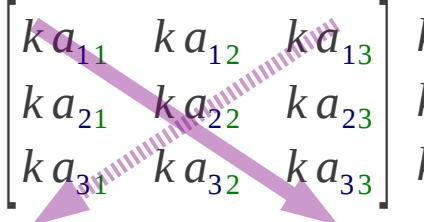
$$\det(AB) = \det(A)\det(B)$$

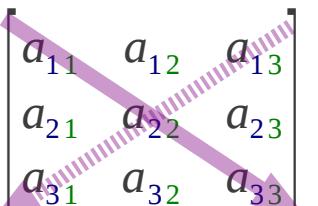
Proof of $\det(kA) = k^n \det(A)$

$$\det(kA) = k^n \det(A)$$

$$\det(A+B) \neq \det(A)+\det(B)$$

$$\det(AB) = \det(A)\det(B)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} ka_{11} & ka_{12} & ka_{13} \\ ka_{21} & ka_{22} & ka_{23} \\ ka_{31} & ka_{32} & ka_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{ll} ka_{11} & ka_{12} \\ ka_{21} & ka_{22} \\ ka_{31} & ka_{32} \end{array}$$


$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{ll} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{array}$$


Proof of $\det(A+B) \neq \det(A) + \det(B)$

$$\det(kA) = k^n \det(A)$$

$$\det(A+B) \neq \det(A) + \det(B)$$

$$\det(AB) = \det(A)\det(B)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11}+b_{11} & a_{12}+b_{12} & a_{13}+b_{13} \\ a_{21}+b_{21} & a_{22}+b_{22} & a_{23}+b_{23} \\ a_{31}+b_{31} & a_{32}+b_{32} & a_{33}+b_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} a_{11}+b_{11} \quad a_{12}+b_{12} \\ a_{21}+b_{21} \quad a_{22}+b_{22} \\ a_{31}+b_{31} \quad a_{32}+b_{32} \end{array}$$

$$A \quad n \times n \quad B \quad n \times n$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \$ \$ \$ \\ \$ \$ \$ \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \# \# \# \\ \# \# \# \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = A + B$$



$$\det(C) = \det(A) + \det(B)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11}+b_{11} & a_{12}+b_{12} & a_{13}+b_{13} \\ 2a_{21} & 2a_{22} & 2a_{23} \\ 2a_{31} & 2a_{32} & 2a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} a_{11}+b_{11} \quad a_{12}+b_{12} \\ 2a_{21} \quad 2a_{22} \\ 2a_{31} \quad 2a_{32} \end{array}$$

Proof of $\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$ (1)

E_k (Elementary Matrices)

$$E_k \begin{bmatrix} i & j \\ i & j \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E_k \begin{bmatrix} i & j \\ i & j \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E_k \begin{bmatrix} i & j \\ i & j \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\det(E_k B) = \det(E_k) \det(B)$$

$A \quad n \times n$: invertible

$$AA^{-1} = A^{-1}A = I$$



$$\det(A) \neq 0$$

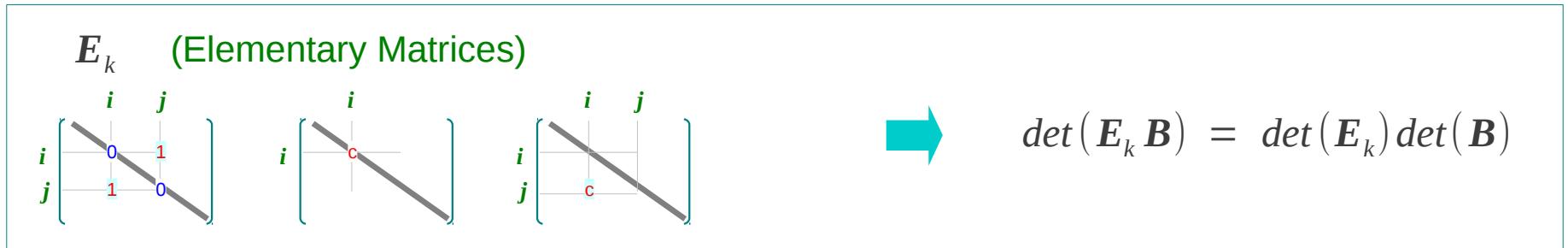
$A \quad n \times n$: invertible

$$AA^{-1} = A^{-1}A = I$$



$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

Proof of $\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$ (2)



$$\det(E_k B) = c \cdot \det(B)$$

$$\det(E_k) = c$$

$$\det(E_k B) = \det(E_k) \det(B)$$

$$\det(E_k B) = -\det(B)$$

$$\det(E_k) = -1$$

$$\det(E_k B) = \det(E_k) \det(B)$$

$$\det(E_k B) = \det(B)$$

$$\det(E_k) = 1$$

$$\det(E_k B) = \det(E_k) \det(B)$$

Proof of $\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$ (3)

A $n \times n$: invertible

$$AA^{-1} = A^{-1}A = I$$



$$\det(A) \neq 0$$

$$E_r \cdots E_2 E_1 A = R$$

Reduced Row Echelon Form

$$\underbrace{\det(E_r) \cdots \det(E_2) \det(E_1)}_{\text{non-zero}} \det(A) = \det(R)$$

A $n \times n$: invertible



$$R = I \quad \det(R) = 1 (\neq 0)$$

$$\det(A) \neq 0$$



$$\det(R) \neq 0$$

No zero row $R = I$

A $n \times n$: invertible

Proof of $\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$ (4)

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) + \det(B)$$

A $n \times n$: not invertible \rightarrow AB $n \times n$: not invertible

$$\det(A) = 0$$

$$\det(AB) = 0$$

A $n \times n$: invertible \rightarrow $A = E_r \cdots E_2 E_1$
 $AB = E_r \cdots E_2 E_1 B$

$$\det(AB) = \det(E_r) \cdots \det(E_2) \det(E_1) \det(B)$$

$$\det(AB) = \boxed{\det(E_r \cdots E_2 E_1) \det(B)}$$

$$\det(AB) = \boxed{\det(A) \det(B)}$$

Proof of $\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$ (5)

A $n \times n$: invertible

$$AA^{-1} = A^{-1}A = I$$



$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

$$AA^{-1} = I$$

$$\det(AA^{-1}) = \det(I)$$

$$\det(A)\det(A^{-1}) = 1$$

Equivalent Statements

A : invertible

$$\begin{bmatrix} A \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A^{-1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I_n \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{[cyan square]} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{[green square]} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{[green square]} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{[cyan square]} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{[blue 1, red 0 diagonal]} \\ \text{[blue 0, red 1 diagonal]} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ax = 0$$

only the trivial solution

$$\begin{bmatrix} A \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{[cyan square]} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{[orange bar]} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{[blue 0, blue 0, blue 0]} \end{bmatrix}$$

A the RREF is I_n
(Reduced Row Echelon Form)

$$\begin{bmatrix} A \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Elem Row Op}} \begin{bmatrix} I_n \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{[cyan square]} \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{[yellow arrow]}} \begin{bmatrix} \text{[blue 1, red 0 diagonal]} \\ \text{[blue 0, red 1 diagonal]} \end{bmatrix}$$

A can be written as a product of E_k
(Elementary Matrices)

$$\begin{bmatrix} i & j \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} i & j \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} i & j \end{bmatrix}$$

References

- [1] <http://en.wikipedia.org/>
- [2] Anton & Busby, "Contemporary Linear Algebra"
- [3] Anton & Rorres, "Elementary Linear Algebra"