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::::::::::::::::::
cordic.scfix.cpp
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//***** ****
// Test of SystemC Fixed Point CORDIC
//
// Licensing:
// This code is distributed under GNU LGPL license.
//
// Modified:
// 2012.07.12
//
// Author:
// Based on John Burkardt's CORDIC C++ Implementation
//
// Modifications by Young W. Lim
//
//*****
//***** ****

#define SC_INCLUDE_FX

#include <systemc.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>

#include "cordic.hpp"

// #define BTEST
// #define DEBUG

using namespace std;

int sc_main(int argc, char * argv[]) {

    double pi      = 3.141592653589793;
    double K       = 1.646760258121;
    int nIter     = NITER;

    double x, y, z;
    double theta, eacos, easin;

#ifndef BTEST
    //-----
    // printf ("\nGrinding on [K, 0, 0]\n");
    // Circular (X0C, 0L, 0L);
    //-----
    theta = 0.0;
    x = 1 / K;
    y = 0.0;
    z = theta;
    cout << "-----\n";
    cout << z * 180. / pi << " deg (" << z << " rad ) \n";
    cout << "xi =" << x << " yi =" << y << " zi=" << z << "\n";

    cordic(&x, &y, &z, nIter);

    cout << "xo =" << x << " yo =" << y << " zo=" << z << "\n";

    eacos = (cos(theta) - x) / cos(theta);
    easin = (sin(theta) - y) / sin(theta);
    cout << "cos=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << cos(theta) ;
    cout << " xo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << x ;
    cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << eacos << endl;
    cout << "sin=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << sin(theta) ;
    cout << " yo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << y ;

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cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << easin << endl;

//-----
// printf ("\nGrinding on [K, 0, pi/6] -> [0.86602540, 0.50000000, 0]\n");
// Circular (X0C, 0L, HalfPi / 3L);
//-----
theta = pi / 6.0;
x = 1 / K;
y = 0.0;
z = theta;
cout << "-" << endl;
cout << theta * 180. / pi << " deg (" << theta << " rad ) \n";
cout << "xi =" << x << " yi =" << y << " zi=" << z << "\n";

cordic(&x, &y, &z, nIter);

cout << "xo =" << x << " yo =" << y << " zo=" << z << "\n";

eacos = (cos(theta) - x) / cos(theta);
easin = (sin(theta) - y) / sin(theta);
cout << "cos=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << cos(theta) ;
cout << " xo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << x ;
cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << eacos << endl;
cout << "sin=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << sin(theta) ;
cout << " yo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << y ;
cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << easin << endl;

//-----
// printf ("\nGrinding on [K, 0, pi/4] -> [0.70710678, 0.70710678, 0]\n");
// Circular (X0C, 0L, HalfPi / 2L);
//-----
theta = pi / 4.0;
x = 1 / K;
y = 0.0;
z = theta;
cout << "-" << endl;
cout << z * 180. / pi << " deg (" << z << " rad ) \n";
cout << "xi =" << x << " yi =" << y << " zi=" << z << "\n";

cordic(&x, &y, &z, nIter);

cout << "xo =" << x << " yo =" << y << " zo=" << z << "\n";

eacos = (cos(theta) - x) / cos(theta);
easin = (sin(theta) - y) / sin(theta);
cout << "cos=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << cos(theta) ;
cout << " xo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << x ;
cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << eacos << endl;
cout << "sin=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << sin(theta) ;
cout << " yo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << y ;
cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << easin << endl;

//-----
// printf ("\nGrinding on [K, 0, pi/3] -> [0.50000000, 0.86602540, 0]\n");
// Circular (X0C, 0L, 2L * (HalfPi / 3L));
//-----
theta = pi / 3.0;
x = 1 / K;
y = 0.0;
z = theta;
cout << "-" << endl;
cout << z * 180. / pi << " deg (" << z << " rad ) \n";
cout << "xi =" << x << " yi =" << y << " zi=" << z << "\n";

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cordic(&x, &y, &z, nIter);

cout << "xo =" << x << " yo =" << y << " zo=" << z << "\n";

eacos = (cos(theta) - x) / cos(theta);
easin = (sin(theta) - y) / sin(theta);

cout << "cos=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << cos(theta) ;
cout << " xo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << x ;
cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << eacos << endl;
cout << "sin=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << sin(theta) ;
cout << " yo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << y ;
cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << easin << endl;

cout << endl << endl << endl;

#endif

// Test CORDIC error on the uniform scale
// theta increment by pi / (2^nIter)

double msecos = 0.;
double msesin = 0.;
int no = 0;

for (theta = -pi / 2; theta < +pi / 2; theta += pi / (1 << nIter) ) {
    x = 1 / K;
    y = 0.0;
    z = theta;

    cordic(&x, &y, &z, nIter);
    no++;

    eacos = (cos(theta) - x) / cos(theta);
    easin = (sin(theta) - y) / sin(theta);

#ifdef DEBUG
    cout << "-----";
    cout << no << " / " << (1 << nIter) << endl;
    cout << "rad=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << theta << endl;
    cout << "cos=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << cos(theta) ;
    cout << " xo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << x ;
    cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << eacos << endl;
    cout << "sin=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << sin(theta) ;
    cout << " yo=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << y ;
    cout << " ea=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << easin << endl;
#endif
    msecos += (cos(theta) - x) * (cos(theta) - x);
    msesin += (sin(theta) - y) * (sin(theta) - y);

}

msecos /= no;
msesin /= no;

cout << endl << endl << endl;

cout << "nIter= " << nIter << endl;
#ifdef FIXPT
cout << "WL= " << WL << endl;
cout << "IWL= " << IWL << endl;
#endif

cout << "msecos=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << msecos << endl;
cout << "msesin=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << msesin << endl;
cout << "rmscos=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << sqrt(msecos) << endl;
cout << "rmssin=" << setw(16) << setprecision(8) << sqrt(msesin) << endl;

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return (0);

}

::::::::::::::::::
cordic.cpp
::::::::::::::::::
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <cmath>
#include <ctime>

using namespace std;

#include "cordic.hpp"

#define SC_INCLUDE_FX

#include <systemc.h>

sc_fxttype_params param1(WL, IWL);
sc_fxttype_context c1(param1);

//*****80

void cordic ( double *x, double *y, double *z, int n )

//*****80
// CORDIC returns the sine and cosine using the CORDIC method.
//
// Licensing:
//
// This code is distributed under the GNU LGPL license.
//
// Modified:
//
// 2012.04.17
//
// Author:
//
// Based on MATLAB code in a Wikipedia article.
//
// Modifications by John Burkardt
//
// Further modified by Young W. Lim
//
// Parameters:
//
// Input:
//   *x: x coord of an init vector
//   *y: y coord of an init vector
//   *z: angle (-90 <= angle <= +90)
//   n: number of iteration
//     A value of 10 is low. Good accuracy is achieved
//     with 20 or more iterations.
//
// Output:
//   *xo: x coord of a final vector
//   *yo: y coord of a final vector
//   *zo: angle residue
//
// Local Parameters:
//
// Local, real ANGLES(60) = arctan ( (1/2)^(0:59) );

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// Local, real KPROD(33), KPROD(j) = product ( 0 <= i <= j ) K(i),
// K(i) = 1 / sqrt ( 1 + (1/2)^(2i) ).  

//  

//  

{  

#define ANGLES_LENGTH 60  

#define KPROD_LENGTH 33  

  

#ifndef FIXPT
// sc_fixed<WL, IWL> angle;
// sc_fixed<WL, IWL> angles[ANGLES_LENGTH] = {  

  

sc_fix angle;
sc_fix angles[ANGLES_LENGTH] = {  

#else
double angle;
double angles[ANGLES_LENGTH] = {  

#endif
7.8539816339744830962E-01,
4.6364760900080611621E-01,
2.4497866312686415417E-01,
1.2435499454676143503E-01,
6.2418809995957348474E-02,
3.1239833430268276254E-02,
1.5623728620476830803E-02,
7.8123410601011112965E-03,
3.9062301319669718276E-03,
1.9531225164788186851E-03,
9.7656218955931943040E-04,
4.8828121119489827547E-04,
2.4414062014936176402E-04,
1.2207031189367020424E-04,
6.1035156174208775022E-05,
3.0517578115526096862E-05,
1.5258789061315762107E-05,
7.6293945311019702634E-06,
3.8146972656064962829E-06,
1.9073486328101870354E-06,
9.5367431640596087942E-07,
4.7683715820308885993E-07,
2.3841857910155798249E-07,
1.1920928955078068531E-07,
5.9604644775390554414E-08,
2.9802322387695303677E-08,
1.4901161193847655147E-08,
7.4505805969238279871E-09,
3.7252902984619140453E-09,
1.8626451492309570291E-09,
9.3132257461547851536E-10,
4.6566128730773925778E-10,
2.3283064365386962890E-10,
1.1641532182693481445E-10,
5.8207660913467407226E-11,
2.9103830456733703613E-11,
1.4551915228366851807E-11,
7.2759576141834259033E-12,
3.6379788070917129517E-12,
1.8189894035458564758E-12,
9.0949470177292823792E-13,
4.5474735088646411896E-13,
2.2737367544323205948E-13,
1.1368683772161602974E-13,
5.6843418860808014870E-14,
2.8421709430404007435E-14,
1.4210854715202003717E-14,
7.1054273576010018587E-15,
3.5527136788005009294E-15,
1.7763568394002504647E-15,

```

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8.8817841970012523234E-16,
4.4408920985006261617E-16,
2.2204460492503130808E-16,
1.1102230246251565404E-16,
5.5511151231257827021E-17,
2.7755575615628913511E-17,
1.3877787807814456755E-17,
6.9388939039072283776E-18,
3.4694469519536141888E-18,
1.7347234759768070944E-18 };

int j;

#ifndef FIXPT
// sc_fixed <WL, IWL> factor;
// sc_fixed <WL, IWL> kprod[KPROD_LENGTH] = {

sc_fix factor;
sc_fix kprod[KPROD_LENGTH] = {
#else
double factor;
double kprod[KPROD_LENGTH] = {
#endif
0.70710678118654752440,
0.63245553203367586640,
0.61357199107789634961,
0.60883391251775242102,
0.60764825625616820093,
0.60735177014129595905,
0.60727764409352599905,
0.60725911229889273006,
0.60725447933256232972,
0.60725332108987516334,
0.60725303152913433540,
0.60725295913894481363,
0.60725294104139716351,
0.60725293651701023413,
0.60725293538591350073,
0.60725293510313931731,
0.60725293503244577146,
0.60725293501477238499,
0.60725293501035403837,
0.60725293500924945172,
0.60725293500897330506,
0.60725293500890426839,
0.60725293500888700922,
0.60725293500888269443,
0.60725293500888161574,
0.60725293500888134606,
0.60725293500888127864,
0.60725293500888126179,
0.60725293500888125757,
0.60725293500888125652,
0.60725293500888125626,
0.60725293500888125619,
0.60725293500888125617 };

#ifndef FIXPT
// sc_fixed<WL, IWL> pi = 3.141592653589793;
// sc_fix<WL, IWL> poweroftwo;
// sc_fix<WL, IWL> sigma;
// sc_fix<WL, IWL> sign_factor;
// sc_fix<WL, IWL> theta;
//
// sc_fix<WL, IWL> xn, yn;

sc_fix pi = 3.141592653589793;
sc_fix poweroftwo;
sc_fix sigma;

```

```

sc_fix sign_factor;
sc_fix theta;

sc_fix xn, yn;
#else
double pi = 3.141592653589793;
double poweroftwo;
double sigma;
double sign_factor;
double theta;

double xn, yn;
#endif

//
// Initialize loop variables:
//
theta = *z;

xn = *x;
yn = *y;

poweroftwo = 1.0;
angle = angles[0];

//
// Iterations
//
for ( j = 1; j <= n; j++ )
{
    if ( theta < 0.0 )
    {
        sigma = -1.0;
    }
    else
    {
        sigma = 1.0;
    }

    factor = sigma * poweroftwo;

    *x = xn - factor * yn;
    *y = factor * xn + yn;

    xn = *x;
    yn = *y;
}

//
// Update the remaining angle.
//
theta = theta - sigma * angle;

poweroftwo = poweroftwo / 2.0;

//
// Update the angle from table, or eventually by just dividing by two.
//
if ( ANGLES_LENGTH < j + 1 )
{
    angle = angle / 2.0;
}
else
{
    angle = angles[j];
}

*z = theta;
}
//
// Adjust length of output vector to be [cos(beta), sin(beta)]

```

```
//  
// KPROD is essentially constant after a certain point, so if N is  
// large, just take the last available value.  
//  
// if ( 0 < n )  
// {  
//     *c = *c * kprod [ i4_min ( n, KPROD_LENGTH ) - 1 ];  
//     *s = *s * kprod [ i4_min ( n, KPROD_LENGTH ) - 1 ];  
// }  
//  
// Adjust for possible sign change because angle was originally  
// not in quadrant 1 or 4.  
//  
// *c = sign_factor * *c;  
// *s = sign_factor * *s;  
  
return;  
# undef ANGLES_LENGTH  
# undef KPROD_LENGTH  
}
```