

# EGM 6321 - Team 6 - Homework 1

Charles Cook

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# 1 Problem 1

## 1.1 Problem Statement

Derive the first and second derivative of  $f(s, t)_{s=Y^1(t)}$  with respect to  $t$  and improve on the existing solutions\*.

## 1.2 Solution

With  $f$  a function of  $s(t)$  and  $t$ , the chain rule must be invoked for the total derivative with respect to  $t$ .

$$\frac{d}{dt}f(s, t) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \overset{1}{\cancel{\frac{\partial s}{\partial t}}}$$

Substituting for  $f$  evaluated at  $s$ ,  $f(s, t) = f(Y^1(t), t)$ ,  $s = Y^1(t)$  and using the notation  $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}Y^1(t) = \dot{Y}^1(t)$ .

$$\frac{d}{dt}f(Y^1(t), t) = \frac{\partial}{\partial s}f(Y^1(t), t)\dot{Y}^1(t) + \frac{\partial}{\partial t}f(Y^1(t), t)$$

For the second derivative define

$$g(s, t) := \frac{d}{dt}f(s, t)$$

Then again by chain rule

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^2}{dt^2}f(s, t) &= \frac{d}{dt}g(s, t) = \frac{\partial g}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial g}{\partial t} \overset{1}{\cancel{\frac{\partial s}{\partial t}}} \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \right) \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial s^2} \left( \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} \overset{0}{\cancel{\frac{\partial s}{\partial t}}} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial s \partial t} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t \partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t^2} \end{aligned}$$

Assuming real and continuous functions so that the order of the partial derivatives may be changed (Schwarz's theorem<sup>†</sup>)

$$= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial s^2} \left( \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} \right)^2 + 2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial s \partial t} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t^2}$$

Substituting for  $f$  evaluated at  $s$ ,  $f(s, t) = f(Y^1(t), t)$ ,  $s = Y^1(t)$  and using the notation  $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}Y^1(t) = \dot{Y}^1(t)$ .

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2}f(Y^1(t), t) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial s}(Y^1, t)\ddot{Y}^1 + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial s^2}(\dot{Y}^1)^2 + 2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial s \partial t}\dot{Y}^1 + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial t^2}$$

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\*As assigned in Lecture 2

<sup>†</sup>Schwarz's theorem

## 2 Problem 2

### 2.1 Problem Statement

Perform a dimensional analysis of<sup>‡</sup>.

$$c_o(Y^1, t) = -F^1 [1 - \bar{R}U_{,ss}^2(Y^1, t)] - F^2 u_{,s}^2 - \frac{T}{R} + M [[1 - \bar{R}u_{,ss}^2] [u_{,tt}^1 - \bar{R}u_{,stt}^2] + u_{,s}^2 u_{,tt}^2]$$

### 2.2 Solution

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<sup>‡</sup>As assigned in Lecture 2

### 3 Problem 3

#### 3.1 Problem Statement

Show  $c_3(Y^1, t)\ddot{Y}^1$  is nonlinear with respect to  $Y^1$ .<sup>§</sup>

#### 3.2 Solution

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<sup>§</sup>As assigned in Lecture 4

## 4 Problem 4

Boundary value problem,  $y(a) = \alpha$ ,  $y(b) = \beta$ , find  $c, d$  in terms of  $\alpha, \beta$ <sup>¶</sup>.

### 4.1 Problem Statement

### 4.2 Solution

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<sup>¶</sup>As assigned in Lecture 5

## 5 Problem 5

Verify  $L_2(y_H^1) = L_2(y_H^2) = 0$ <sup>||</sup>.

### 5.1 Problem Statement

### 5.2 Solution

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<sup>||</sup>As assigned in Lecture 6